"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Increasingly cloudy Wednesday, showers by night or on Thursday, wind southerly.
☞For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,912. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1912.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. } Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

BRYAN SENDS $1,000 FOR WILSON FUND

Biggest Single Check Received—He Goes Campaigning in Mid-September.

MORGENTHAU FOR TREASURER

Ex-Lieut. Gov. Ellison of Virginia and Gen. Sadler Discuss Battle Flags—Lewis Nixon Predicts Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

SEA GIRT, N. J., July 30.—The Democratic National campaign fund was increased to-day by the largest single check that has yet arrived at the office of Gov. Woodrow Wilson in the Little White House, where all campaign money is personally inspected by the Presidential candidate before it is accepted for his use. The signer of the check was William J. Bryan. The amount was $1,000, and with the check Mr. Bryan sent a long personal letter.

Gov. Wilson was delighted with the contribution. He passed it with as much satisfaction as he has shown over any incident of his campaign. Shortly before he opened the letter containing Mr. Bryan's check Gov. Wilson was in conference with Michael Francis Doyle, a former secretary of Mr. Bryan, who came to tell him about Mr. Bryan's plans.

It will be mid-September, according to Mr. Doyle, before Mr. Bryan can take the trail of the Bull Moose candidate, but he has planned to give a full month after that to speaking tours wherever they will do the most good. Throughout August Mr. Bryan has lecture dates on the Chautauqua circuit, and in the first two weeks of September he has made plans for a real vacation.

The vacation is to carry the Peerless Leader far into the wilds of the Rocky Mountains, armed with the favorite weapon of Grover Cleveland. While he is in the mountains Bryan will coax trout to his fly with all his skill, but he will do no rifle practice in preparation for his scheduled Bull Moose hunt. His family will accompany him to the mountains, and Bryan will take rods and reels enough for all.

Morgenthau for Treasurer.

Gov. Wilson was in communication with the headquarters of the Campaign Committee in New York for a few minutes over the long-distance telephone. It is understood that he learned that the committee has dropped the consideration of Herman Ridder for Treasurer of the campaign, and is centreing is interest in Henry Morgenthau as the most likely man for the place. Formal announcement that Morgenthau has been chosen is expected within a few days.

A delegation of negro voters from Jersey City, who are members of the United Negro Democratic Club, called upon Gov. Wilson with a request that he express himself upon the question of equal justice for all races. Gov. Wilson congratulated the negro visitors because they did not segregate their own racial problems and asked only for equal consideration.

"I was born in Virginia," he said, "and I appreciate and sympathize with the aim of the American negro in his ambition for equal rights. Before the campaign has progressed very far, you will find that my attitude is to treat all races and classes alike."

The visitors cheered Gov. Wilson for several minutes before departing.

From Ollie James word was received that he had invited the twenty-three Democratic Governors now in office to come to Sea Girt to hear the candidate's speech of acceptance on Aug. 7.

Gov. Wilson completed the dictation of his 6,000-word speech to a stenographer.

Young Republicans for Wilson.

Gov. Wilson heard much political news to-day that gave him cause for satisfaction. From A. Mitchell Palmer he heard that hundreds of young Republicans were coming into the Wilson movement in Pennsylvania because they were disgusted with the Flynn plan, which made Taft their second choice for President. From former Lieut. Gov. Ellison of Virginia the Governor learned that 100 Virginia newspapers were engaged in organizing Woodrow Wilson contribution clubs and were taking in an average of $500 a week each. Lewis Nixo brought word that he was for Gov. Wilson because in sixty years of rule the Republicans had practically driven every United States merchant steamship off the seas, and he saw in a Wilson victory a chance for a merchant marine.

Gov. Wilson's day included a two-hour automobile ride to Trenton in the morning, during which he remained awake and bossed the speed rate, and a seventy-minute ride back to Sea Girt in the evening, during which he slept while the chauffeur made his own speed regulations.

Gov. Wilson's first visit of the day after he arrived at Trenton was with Senator Ellison Durant Smith of South Carolina. Senator Smith is much interested in cotton. Senator Smith remarked that the Democrats of his section weren't by any means the free traders they used to be.

War Veterans Meet.

While ex-Lieut. Gov. Ellison, who fought through the civil war as a rebel artilleryman, was looking over the battle flags of the New Jersey civil war regiments that bedeck the Jersey State House corridors, Adjt. Gen. Wilbur F. Sadler, Jr., commanding the National Guard of New Jersey, passed along.

"Haven't I met you somewhere before, Sir?" said Sadler.

The rebel veteran looked over the younger soldier for a few seconds and remarked: "Yes, I have met you. You are the man who handed to me in the State House at Richmond the flag of the Fifteenth Georgia Infantry. You gave me the flag with the compliments of the State of New Jersey and you told me to hunt up the survivors of the Fifteenth Georgia and hand them back their flag, which the New Jersey troops had taken away from them at the battle of Spottsylvania.

"I haven't seen you since, General, and I have now to report that I went with the flag to Georgia, called a meeting of the survivors of the Virginia campaign, and asked all those who had served in the Fifteenth Georgia Infantry to stand up. Three gray men arose.

"I unfurled their old battleflag and never said a word. One of them recognized it. Then another, and the three went out for other companions of the war days, and finally the flag was identified beyond all possibility of a dispute. The regiment has it now."

The two men planned for the presentation to the Confederate Veterans of Virginia of a flag which is New Jersey's most prized trophy of the rebellion. To make the presentation, Gen. Sadler will take to Virginia an entire regiment of the New Jersey National Guard, and he hopes to have Gov. Wilson make the speech of presentation that will carry back to the people of Virginia the flag under which Stonewall Jackson was shot to death by one of his own soldiers.

Nixon Predicts Victory.

Lewis Nixon rehearsed for Gov. Wilson the political situation in New York.

"We will let the Bull Moosers and the Taft people wrangle it out," he said afterward, "while Wilson wins, and it will be a great day for our merchant vessels when he does win. Sixty years of Republican rule has driven every one of our ships off the ocean."

PEARY ON MIKKELSEN.

His Story Shows What Man Can Endure—Praise for The Times.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

EAGLE ISLAND Me., July 30.—Mikkelsen's most interesting narrative in Monday's TIMES at hand this morning shows what man may endure when spurred by the resolve to accomplish a certain object. I congratulate THE TIMES on its enterprise in publishing Mikkelsen's original narrative. The original first hand narratives of present day polar exploration which THE TIMES has presented and is presenting direct from the hands of those who have done the work will be of incalculable value to present and future students of polar exploration.

ROBERT E. PEARY.

NEW MONROE DOCTRINE PLAN

Senators Proposed Restriction, Which Would Affect Japanese.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Although all fear of Japanese aggression at Magdalena Bay is past, a sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations decided to-day to take steps against the occupation of any important harbor in the Western hemisphere by any persons who might in the end turn it over to a foreign power.

A resolution, which has been considered by Senators Lodge, Root, Hitchcock, and Rayner, will be reported to a full committee on Thursday, recommending an extension of the Monroe Doctrine which would make impossible such incidents as the recent furore over alleged Japanese designs.

Mr. Lodge, who was seriously alarmed by the reports that Japan sought to gain a hold on Magdalena Bay, introduced a resolution several months ago directing the committee to take up the matter. To-day's action by the sub-committee is the result.

Mr. Lodge was of the opinion then and still believes that the fishing concessions granted to a Japanese syndicate on the coast north and south of Magdalena Bay and extending inland for fifteen miles was not altogether designed for catching fish. His idea was that the syndicate would be used as a screen, behind which on the desert coast concealed batteries could be erected and the harbor put in a condition of defense. Then when the time came that Japan should decide to go to war with the United States the innocent looking colonists at the bay would simply don their uniforms, man their guns, and run up the flag of the rising sun.

The military authorities agree that Magdalena Bay, if fortified, would be of tremendous military importance to Japan as a base of operations against our Pacific Coast.

Mr. Lodge favors a resolution on the subject which shall be unmistakable in its reference to the Magdalena Bay incident. Senator Root urges more diplomatic language, which will cover all such concessions and be not so pointed as to affront Japan. Mr. Hitchcock also favors the less definite language.

It is thought likely that a carefully phrased resolution will be presented by the full committee to the Senate, where it will be adopted with practically no opposition.

KING GIVES YACHT CUP.

New Trophy Will Be Raced for During N. Y. Y. C. Cruise.

It was announced yesterday at the New York Yacht Club that word had been received from England to the effect that his Majesty King George V. has presented to the club a cup to be raced for in the place of the one presented by his late Majesty King Edward VII. This latter trophy was known as the "King's Cup" and was raced for annually during the club's cruise off Newport.

The King Edward VII. Cup is to be kept as a memorial of the late King and the new one will replace it in the annual competition. Commodore Blair has ordered that the race for the new King's Cup be held during this year's cruise on August 15. It is understood that the conditions governing the sailing for the new cup will be the same as those of the old one, the chief provision being that the trophy will be held by the club and to be sailed for annually.

The event is open to any yacht whose owner belongs to a yacht club in the United States and is in good standing, for both sloops and schooners. If a sloop, the contesting boat must not be less than fifty feet, and if a schooner, sixty feet on the water line.

MAGAZINE JUST FOR POETS.

Artistic Chicagoans Subscribe to Start Exclusive Literary Publication.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 30.—While there is no truth in the rumor that 100 wealthy Chicagoans of literary and artistic aspirations will subscribe $5,000 each to a half-million-dollar fund to endow a magazine for the benefit of indigent and zealous poets, it was learned to-night that through the efforts of Miss Harriet Monroe, one of Chicago's woman writers, a magazine to be devoted exclusively to the poetic art is to be established. Miss Monroe is to be its editor. Offices will be established in the Fine Arts Building. The first issue will appear in November.

An Advisory Literary Committee, composed of Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor, Henry B. Fuller, and Edith Wyatt, has assisted Miss Monroe to realize her ambition. One hundred prominent Chicago residents have pledged $50 a year for five years, guaranteeing the publication's expenses for the period.

Society has come to Miss Monroe's aid, and is taking pleasure in launching the publication, in the belief that the art of poetry will be carefully nourished.

GAUDY TIES FOR MR. TAFT.

Elaborate Neckwear Gift for His Work on Russian Passports.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Half a dozen gorgeous vari-colored neckties have taken their place in the Presidential wardrobe. The ties are patriotically and artistically designed in red, white and blue, and came to the President as a token of appreciation from a Russian-American.

In a letter accompanying the gift, the donor says the ties, which he calls "treaty ties," symbolize the work of the President in the settlement of the Russian passport question.

MOTHER IN AN AEROPLANE.

Mrs. Peoli Flies with Her Son at Hempstead, L. I.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., July 30.—Cecil Peoli took his mother, Mrs. Cassandra Peoli, who is 50 years old, for an aeroplane ride here to-day.

He carried her to an altitude of 3,000 feet. Then he took up her friend, Mrs. William Heina.

Angostura Bitters lends a delicious flavor to lemonade, soda water, and all Summer drinks.—Adv.

KILL BETRAYER OF 'DAGO FRANK'

Four Gun Fighters Break Into Verrella's Resort and Murder Him as He Plays at Cards.

POLICE SOON GET TWO

Catch Wounded Italian as He Hobbles Away and Will Soon Have the Others.

THE PRISONERS CONFESS ALL

Tried to Escape in the Crowd, but Policeman Had Little Trouble in Picking Them Out.

James Verrella, proprietor of the Dante Café at 163 West Thirty-fourth Street, was murdered on the third floor of his resort early yesterday morning. Investigation showed that he was shot down in revenge for his betrayal of "Dago Frank" Cirocisi, a member of the party which killed Herman Rosenthal.

Since the arrest of "Dago Frank" last Thursday night in a flat in Harlem it had been whispered that Verrella was the man who told the police where he could be found. William Lorenzo, one of the men under arrest for killing Verrella, is a well-known gunfighter. He is believed to have been delegated with his companion, Albert Contento, to kill Verrella for betraying "Dago Frank."

The Dante Café had been the rendezvous of "Dago Frank" ever since Verrella took charge of it last May. The saloon on the ground floor had been for months the meeting place for young Italian gamblers and criminals. "Dago Frank," who was one of the best-known figures among the frequenters of the place, was on intimate terms with Verrella. He considered Verrella his best friend, and took him entirely into his confidence. Verrella had been acquainted with every movement of "Dago Frank" since the murder of Rosenthal. Many of the young Italians who made the place their headquarters were quite as well informed as to the hiding place of Frank.

Sought Frank at Cafe.

When the word went out that the police wanted "Dago Frank" detectives began to haunt the Danté Café. One of these was Upton, who was for four years a member of the Italian squad under Petrosino and Vachiris, and who talks Italian as fluently as he does English. Upton and others, familiar with the habits of Italian criminals, were quick to get on the trail of "Dago Frank." Within a few days he was found at 523 West 134th Street in a room where he lay in a stupor from smoking opium. The arrest was made by Upton and Policemen McKenna and Cassassa.

Friends of "Dago Frank" and gangsters interested in silencing informers immediately cried treachery. The information that caused the arrest of the young Italian gangster was traced to Verrella, and he became a marked man.

Verrella, who had been in fear for a day or two after the arrest of "Dago Frank," had begun to feel safe by yesterday morning, when four days had passed since Frank had been landed in the Tombs. Yesterday morning at 1:30 o'clock he was sitting in the cardroom, adjoining his bedroom on the third floor of his resort, playing cards with his clerk, John Pizza. The second floor of the Dante Café was in full swing. This was formerly the drawing room of a private house, and had been converted into a Tenderloin café by gaudy wall decorations and bright lights. Nearly a score of gayly dressed women were dining in the place with their men companions. The outside doors of the saloon on the first floor had been closed.

James J. Cain, manager of the Dante Café, who as a policeman gained notoriety a few years ago when he arrested Caruso in the monkey house at the Central Park Zoo, stood on watch on the sidewalk outside the door leading upstairs, inspecting those who entered to make sure that none of the guests was of the kind that might make trouble for the house.

Gather for the Murder.

Four men came along Thirty-fourth Street from Seventh Avenue. Two of them were Italians. Two of the men, whose faces were familiar to Cain, led the way into the place, and one of them stopped to speak to Cain.

"How are you, Captain?" he said.

"Good evening," replied Cain.

The four men went upstairs, took a table in the dining room, and ordered four glasses of beer. The Italian who paid for the drinks took the change and shoved 20 cents toward the waiter. When the waiter started to pick it up the Italian leaned toward him and said:

"Touch that and I'll kill you."

As the waiter moved away he added:

"Show me the way upstairs."

The two Italians went upstairs to the third floor, where Verrella and his clerk sat. The visitors broke into the room, both with revolvers drawn.

"You will squeal, you ——!" shouted one, firing at close range at Verrella. The other also fired. Verrella jumped up to wrestle with his assailants, but after taking a step or two he put his hands to his chest, staggered, and caught hold of a half-open folding door leading into the adjoining room. He supported himself for a moment and then slipped to the floor, dead with a bullet in his heart.

Jack Pizza got up from the table when the first shot was fired and ran into the hall to the head of the stairs after the two Italians, who were running down. They stopped when they saw Pizza and began shooting at him. He pitched forward in a heap when two bullets took effect, one in the left ankle and the other in the left knee.

When the last shot was fired at Pizza one of the Italians turned with a scream, hit in the thigh by a bullet from the weapon of his companion, who stood below him on the stairs. Then both ran down the stairs, the wounded man hobbling from the pain of his wound in his efforts to escape.

At the first shot the two men who had accompanied the Italians ran to the rear room on the second floor, which opens upon the roof of an adjoining building. By climbing down a pipe they reached the ground and escaped. Those in the dining room were terror stricken at the shots and ran into the rear room and down the steps. Some of them passed the limping Italian on the stairs, but no effort was made to stop him.

Policemen Quickly Act.

The shooting was heard by Detective Trojan and Policeman Carrette of the West Thirtieth Street Police Station. They arrived as the crowd began to gather on the sidewalk. The wounded Italian, who was hurt too seriously to run away, attempted to stagger off in the excitement. Concealing his limp as well as he could, he slowly crossed the street and walked toward Seventh Avenue. The two policemen at once noticed that only one man was departing from the scene of the shooting, while dozens from all directions were running toward it. Keeping the Italian under watch they saw him slip something under a newsstand near Thirty-fourth Street and Seventh Avenue. Then the two detectives ran after him. The wounded man made an effort to escape, but fell to the sidewalk on his face, too weak from the loss of blood to move further.

The other Italian also sought safety by mingling with the crowd instead of inviting pursuit by running. Detective Trojan recognized him as a gunman, and arrested him as a suspicious character. Later both men confessed their part in the shooting.

The Italian who was wounded was taken to Bellevue Hospital. He said he was Albert Contento of 210 West Tenth Street, an Italian, 20 years old. Because of Contento's wound Detective Trojan made no effort to take him to Police Headquarters and look up his record.

The other Italian is well known as a gunfighter. He said he was William Lorenzo of 205 West Twenty-seventh Street. He has served a term of several years for murder, besides a number of short sentences on Blackwell's Island for assaults and petty crimes. He was formerly a newsboy. In the time that he has spent out of jail Lorenzo has been the associate of criminals and gunfighters, and is so well known as a dangerous man that he was arrested and held yesterday morning on no evidence except that of his record up to the time he was induced to confess.

The two other men who were with the Italians were well known in the Tenderloin. Both were gamblers. One was a morphine fiend. Ex-Policeman Cain remembered that they had frequented the Dante Café, although he did not recall their names. Detective Trojan said last night that he had learned all about the pair, and would have no trouble in arresting them.

The first supposition of the police was that the two Italians had gone upstairs to hold up the game of "twenty-one," which was usually in progress there. The investigation soon showed that there had been no attempt at robbery. In the absence of any other motive the police worked on the theory of revenge, and soon discovered that the arrest of "Dago Frank" had been commonly attributed by his friends to the treachery of Verrella. Contento, the wounded Italian, has not been questioned. Detective Trojan had a long talk with Lorenzo. Trojan refused last night to tell what Lorenzo had said, beyond the fact that he had confessed.

Gardner Once Owned Cafe.

The Café Dante was formerly owned by ex-State Senator Frank H. Gardner, now under arrest on a charge of conspiracy to defraud, in connection with the will of Samuel W. Haslett. After his arrest, Gardner turned the café over to George W. Garrison, his head bartender, and later it was sold to Verella, who had been a dealer in ostrich feathers.

Verrella employed ex-Detective James J. Cain as manager. Cain, who had retired from the department on a pension on the ground of physical disability, had by long experience as a detective, gained a thorough knowledge of the Tenderloin. He reopened the Café Dante last May, and ostrich feathers worth $5 each were given to all the women guests. The café soon became known as a gathering place for gamblers and others in their walk of life. The saloon on the first floor catered chiefly to friends and countrymen of Verrella. Verrella was also known to be a friend of many members of the Police Department. His discretion and loyalty to the interests of his patrons had never been questioned before the arrest of "Dago Frank" was traced to him.

Verrella was only 32 years old. He left a wife and a little daughter, who are now traveling in Italy. His death left his brother, Ernest, in charge of the resort. Detective Trojan found the saloon still running yesterday morning after the shooting, and arrested the brother on a charge of violating the Excise law.

NO STANDING IN 43D ST.

Citizen, Told to Move On, Asks if Another Murder Is Afoot.

A group of men were in conversation outside of the Hotel Metropole early last evening when a policeman bustled up officiously and ordered them to move on, exclaiming:

"You've stood around here long enough now. Come on, get a move on. What do you think this is?"

The group broke up, its members moving slowly toward Broadway at this behest of the policeman, but one of the number lingered behind. Through his mind was running a recollection of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, and the charges printed afterward that the police had cleared the street just before the shooting.

"What's coming off?" he asked the policeman. "Are you getting ready for another murder?"

Then he left abruptly. Behind him was a policeman, scowling angrily.

$36.00 TO CHICAGO AND RETURN. Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets sold August 1, 2, and 3, good returning to reach New York on or before August 22. See Ticket Agent.—Adv.

$2,400,000 GRAFT A YEAR PAID TO POLICE; MERCY FOR BECKER IF HE'LL TELL ALL

His Only Chance to Escape Chair Is to Expose the 'System,' Says Whitman.

WHERE THE SPOILS WENT.

$600,000 to a Civilian Employe of the Department for a Well-Known State Senator.

TWO INSPECTORS, $1,200,000

To Share with Policeman and Politicians—Becker Handled the Fourth $600,000.

BECKER TOLD THIS TO ROSE

Who Is Now Preparing an Itemized Statement of Amounts Collected by Him.

WEBBER MAKING A LIST, TOO

It Will Contain Names of His Gambler Friends and Sums Paid to Police by Them.

VALLON MAY ADD TO TALE

As a Graft Collector He Is Expected to Aid Whitman—All Three Transferred to West Side Prison.

The price that the underworld pays for police protection in New York aggregates $2,400,000 a year, according to the confession of Jack Rose, the agent of Lieut. Charles A. Becker, made to District Attorney Whitman.

Rose, in his sworn statement, says that Becker himself is his authority for this estimate of the sum that the gambling and other vicious elements pay annually in order to keep in the good graces of those whose duty it is to put them out of business.

This was one of the startling developments brought to light yesterday by the investigation of the Rosenthal murder. Another development had to do solely with Becker, the former head of the Strong-Arm Squad, indicted as the instigator of the murder of Rosenthal.

Becker, according to the District Attorney, can save himself from the electric chair by revealing all he knows about "the system," which stands behind this collection of graft, in which, Rose says in his confession, Becker was one of the principal cogs.

Rose says that Becker knows all about "the system"; that he knows who the men "higher up" are; that he knows who the men are who divide and distribute the blood money, and he, Rose says, can tell enough to make possible the eradication of the scandalous alliance between vice and crime and the police that has so long existed.

Will Becker Confess?

Becker knows that all the strength of the District Attorney's office will be used to send him to the electric chair, and to make of him an everlasting example. He has only one chance to escape, and that is to turn informant himself, and tell down to the minutest detail all that he knows about "the system." His confession, if he makes one, must not only be complete but it must be one that will stand the test of rigid investigation, one that will make possible the accomplishment of the task that Mr. Whitman has set himself to do—namely, the purging of the Police Department of the evil influences that have brought down on it the disgrace of the Rosenthal revelations.

Will Becker accept the opportunity to escape the death house at Sing Sing? Those who know the man best do not believe that he will do so. They are of the opinion that he will fight to the limit of his strength, and, if he loses, go on to the end protesting his innocence.

It was recalled yesterday, however, that only a few days ago the gamblers and others who know "Bridgey" Webber, Jack Rose, and Harry Vallon were saying the very same thing about these men. Yet when these three saw the handwriting on the wall, so to speak, all of them broke down and told Mr. Whitman what they knew about the murder of Herman Rosenthal, and gave to him the information which made possible the indictment of Lieut. Becker for first degree murder.

Jack Rose has told all that he knows about the Rosenthal murder plot, and how it was carried out. He has told much about the gambling world and its relations with certain police officials. And he is ready to tell more.

Graft Divided by Four.

Yesterday the bald-headed gambler was busy with pencil and paper writing out a list of those who, to his personal knowledge, had paid for protection and the amount that each was assessed by "the system" for the privilege of "doing business." He will make a tabulation by months and by years, and he is expected to show how hundreds of thousands of dirty dollars filtered through a system of complex channels into the pockets of those who promised protection and in many instances provided protection.

In his confession Rose named three men in addition to Becker, who, he said Becker told him, were intrusted with the division of the graft money extorted from gamblers, disorderly houses, and other forms of vice, that could not long exist without protection of some sort. Becker, according to Rose, said that the graft money was divided into four equal parts, and that one part was given to each of these men to distribute, some of it in the Police Department and some to others who are politically powerful in this city.

The annual levy, Rose said, totaled about $2,400,000, according to Becker, and was divided into four parts of about $600,000 each.

One part, according to the Rose confession, went to an Inspector of Police occupying one of the most important position in that department. He was not a District Inspector, and his power was such that he could put any lawbreaker out of business if he wanted to. This man, Becker gave Rose to understand, divided the fourth part of the graft with which he was intrusted with men every one of whom was a member of the force and over all of whom he exercised command.

Says Becker Himself Got $600,000.

A second $600,000, Becker told him, went to an Inspector who commanded one of the most important districts in the city. Not only policemen were "in on the graft," but some politicians as well, were understood to have shared in the division of his quarter share of the spoils.

The third $600,000, according to Rose, went to a man who was not of the force, but who was a confidential subordinate of a high police official and who was said to represent a State Senator of powerful influence in politics in this city.

The fourth $600,000 Becker himself distributed, according to Rose, and much of Becker's allotment went to a select few of the leading gamblers, among them Rose, who acted as collectors for "the system."

When Rose made these startling allegations those in the confidence of District Attorney Whitman found it almost impossible to credit the story. The gambler, however, swore that what he said was information imparted to him by Becker, and he pointed out that his own activities as a collector for Becker offered strong proof that the total was not exaggerated.

Rose said that Becker always had been liberal with him, and that when the "going was good" he always had all the money that he could use.

"Becker was generous," said Rose, "but I was a—fool gambler, and I always lost mine. I never was a winner with the pasteboards, anyhow."

Webber Corroborates Rose.

The gambler told the story of the huge sums paid for protection in a way which indicated that he did not realize how really startling was the information he was imparting. He told in detail of his own work as a collector for Becker, and readily agreed to compile as nearly correct itemized statements as possible of his own work. He promised to give the names of those from whom he had collected tribute, the amounts they paid and the approximate dates of the collections. He agreed to tell all that he knew about how the money was handled. All of the money he collected, he said, was turned over to Becker.

"Bridgey" Webber, whose confession, with Harry Vallon's, corroborated that of Rose, swore that he neved had acted as a collector, but had always paid "protection" money. He promised to make out a list of those transactions, and also to tell as much as he knew about the amounts his gambler acquaintances and others whose callings were illegal, had paid to the police for "protection." His information was corroborative of the revelations made by Rose.

In his sworn statement Rose said that for a long time and up to the time of the Rosenthal murder he had been collecting money for Becker, "some of it very large amounts."

Vallon, too, is said to have acted as graft collector for a police official other than Becker, and eventually, it is believed, he will come forward with evidence which will still further corroborate the statements of Rose and Webber.

Information was said to have reached Mr. Whitman that a former high city official was "up to his knees," as it was put yesterday, in the gambling disclosures. Rose did not mention the name of this former official in his confession.

Links Lacking in the Chain.

At the present moment Mr. Whitman probably has not sufficient evidence to cause the arrest of any of the men mentioned by Rose and others who have revealed to the District Attorney the police connection with the underworld. The trail is, however, a broad and plain one, and the outlook is hopeful, so far as the ends of justice are concerned.

It is even said that some of those assessed for large sums by "the system" made payment on several occasions by check, and that these checks are still in existence. For instance, one of the best known gamblers in New York is said to have given a check for $2,500 to a policeman, who not only accepted it but presented it to a superior, who cashed it for him.

Strange as it may seem, the police who were "in on the graft" are said even to have gone so far as to accept promissory notes when the gamblers levied on happened to be short of ready cash. It is said that some of these canceled checks and notes may come into the possession of Mr. Whitman, and if he does have that good luck he will have a club such as no other District Attorney ever had in his fight against the criminals on the force.

The investigation of graft by the District Attorney will not be a hurried one. He will proceed cautiously, and will take advantage of every opening. The Grand Jury probably will be in session for the rest of the Summer, and Mr. Whitman will not take a vacation, but will remain at his post and direct the investigation in person.

Grand Jury to Hear Policemen.

Probably every Inspector and a majority of the Captains in the Police Department will be summoned to appear before the Grand Jury. Among the police to be summoned will be several of those who were under Becker when he was at the head of the Strong Arm Squad.

Two of these men will receive a request to-day or to-morrow to waive immunity and testify, and if either of them refuses Mr. Waldo will be asked to suspend them and order them to appear. If any policeman balks at the opportunity of appearing before the Grand Jury, it is said, Mr. Whitman promptly will put the matter up to the Police Commissioner, who, it is believed, will just as promptly issue orders to the policemen in question to waive immunity and testify.

Lieut. Daniel Costigan and Lieut. Dominick Reilly, both of whom are at the head of raiding squads, are due to appear before the Grand Jury to-day. Costigan testified last week, and was reported to have made statements reflecting on the Police Department, which statements, however, he has since denied in an affidavit. He probably will be asked about that affidavit when he appears before the Grand Jury to-day. Lieut. Reilly has not yet testified before the Grand Jury. Detectives White and Steinert, both of whom were under Becker when he was in command of the Strong Arm Squad, are down as Grand Jury witnesses, and may get their invitations to-day.

Whitman's Attitude Toward Becker.

Becker was to have testified yesterday. He will not go before the Grand Jury now unless, in order to save himself, he decides to confess and tell all that he knows about the situation in the Police Department.

Becker remained silent yesterday so far as Mr. Whitman was concerned. Neither he nor his attorney made any advances with reference to a conference of any sort with the County Prosecutor. It is up to Becker to make the advances if he decides to talk business with Mr. Whitman, and the only business that Mr. Whitman will lend an ear to is a statement from Becker that he is ready to make a clean breast of all he knows about "the system."

"Becker," said a man close to the District Attorney, yesterday, "has just one chance, and that is to tell the truth, and enough of it to make possible the destruction of the connection between certain members of the force and the criminal world. Mr. Whitman has the goods on Becker, and he knows it, and if Becker wants to get something less than the electric chair he will have to come across, so to speak, with the information that Mr. Whitman believes he can deliver. The conditions in the Police Department were never worse than now, and what the District Attorney most desires is to get the men who are behind 'the system.' Becker can give the information that will make that possible, and therein lies his sole chance of mercy.

The chain of evidence against Becker is said to be practically complete. The District Attorney has other witnesses to corroborate the murder conspiracy testimony of Rose, Webber, and Vallon. The names of these witnesses are being carefully guarded, and they are unknown to all except the District Attorney and a few of his assistants.

Hired Assassins Got Little Money.

The confessions of Rose, Webber, and Vallon all point to the shocking fact that there are in New York men who may be properly classed as professional murderers—men who will do murder for even a small sum of money. Rose says he does not know what the remuneration was in the Rosenthal case, and the inference is that "Bridgey" Webber, the financial backer of the crime, handled that part of the conspiracy. The amount, however, according to the best information in the possession of the District Attorney, was $2,000, but the actual murderers did not get all of the money by any means. Certain gang leaders who are believed to have suggested "Dago Frank" Cirosici, "Whitey" Lewis, "Lefty" Louie, and "Gyp the Blood" as the mankillers best fitted to do the job, are believed to have received a considerable part of the money.

Rose said that all of the murderers belonged to "Big Jack" Zelig's gang, and had the conspirators escaped detection, the reward for the gang leader was to have been an interest in two illegal resorts in the lower part of the city, while every effort was to have been made to have Zelig acquitted of the charge of carrying concealed weapons, an indictment for which offense is now hanging over him. In his confession Rose said that he gave "the tip to Zelig to get busy" and told him that everything was all right, as "Becker was in on the job."

As for the present whereabouts of three of the actual murderers, "Dago Frank" alone of them being in custody, Rose said that he had no information. He said that all four did escape in the gray automobile driven by Shapiro, but that he lost track of them after Rosenthal was murdered. Mr. Whitman, it was said yesterday, would not be surprised to learn that the murderers were right here in New York, and that they had not at any time been outside of the city limits.

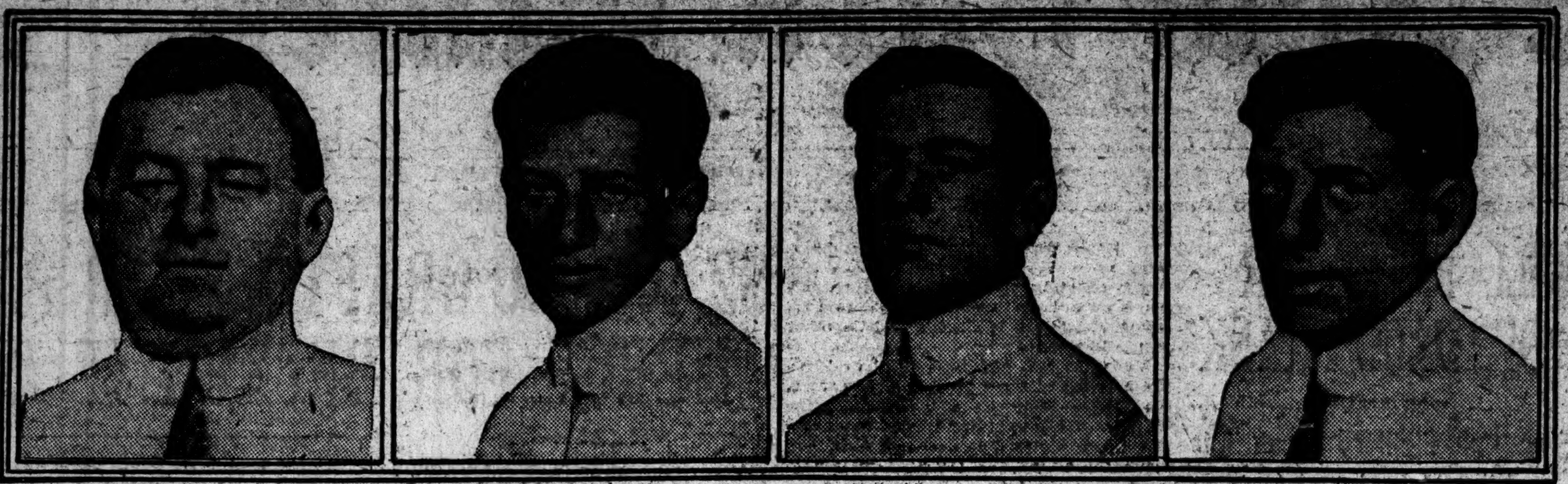
Made Careless by Becker's Backing.

Rose, in that part of his confession in which he referred to his conversation by telephone with Becker immediately following the murder, said that he did not use a booth, but that he talked with the Lieutenant from the main floor of the Times Building, using an open slot machine near the Broadway entrance to the building.

The District Attorney would like to get verifications of the telephone calls that figure in Rose's confession, but it is doubtful if the records are available. An effort, however, will be made to ascertain if records of the calls were made, and if so, they would be further corroboration of much that Rose has said.

Rose also made the interesting statement that, so far as he knew, no efforts were made to clear Forty-third Street in front of the Metropole before the murder was committed. It had been printed many times since the crime was committed that gangsters busied themselves keeping the

The Four Men Named as Rosenthal's Actual Slayers.



"Whitey" Lewis. "Gyp the Blood." "Lefty Louie." "Dago" Frank.

street clear in order to make possible a clean getaway for the murderers.

When Rose was asked why it was, in such a carefully planned murder, no one had taken the trouble to change the license number on the automobile used in the escape, he replied:

"We never thought about that. The fact is nobody thought it was necessary. Becker said he could protect those in on the job, and we believed him, and the result was we did not think or care about the number. We had absolute confidence in Becker."

Called Himself Prince of Police.

In one of the moments when Becker was busy reassuring the panic-stricken wretches who say they committed murder by his order, Becker, according to Rose, in boasting of his alleged power in the Police Department, said:

"Quit worrying! Don't you know that I am a prince in the department?"

There has been much talk as to whether the "Dago Frank" now in the Tombs is really the "Dago Frank" of the murder party. It can be stated positively that he is the "Dago Frank" of the Rose confession.

Rose, Vallon, and Webber were not returned to their cells in the Tombs yesterday, but were transferred to the West Side Prison in Fifty-third Street, where they will remain until Mr. Whitman needs them.

Attempt to Bribe Witness Krese.

Louis Krese, the waiter who identified Jack Sullivan, accompanied by a man whose identity he declined to divulge, called on District Attorney Whitman during the day. While they were there Mr. Whitman summoned to his office Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith, who has been conducting the prosecution of gambling cases. The Assistant District Attorney, Krese, and the latter's companion left Mr. Whitman's office a few minutes later and went to Smith's office on the floor above.

Following his identification of Sullivan, Krese informed District Attorney Whitman, it was learned, that he would produce witnesses who would corroborate his story relative to seeing Sullivan in the vicinity of the Metropole on the night of the murder. His companion was supposed to be one of these witnesses.

Later it became known that one of the things Krese's witness testified to was that $2,000 had been offered to Krese to leave New York after he had given his damaging testimony against Webber and Jack Sullivan.

Charles G. F. Wahle, former City Magistrate, called upon District Attorney Whitman during the afternoon and stated that his client, "Big Jack" Zelig, now out on $10,000 bail on a charge of carrying concealed weapons as a second offender, will be produced in court at any time he is wanted, and will assist the prosecution in any way possible.

Valerian O'Farrell, formerly a Detective Lieutenant in the Police Department and the man who supplied Magistrate Corrigan with the figures on which he based his assertion that the police force, under the restrictions made by Mayor Gaynor, was unable to cope with the gambling situation, called on District Attorney Whitman yesterday. He has retired from the Police Department, and, it is said, is in a position to furnish evidence of a startling character to aid Mr. Whitman in his investigation. Mr. Whitman was busy at the time, and it was arranged that O'Farrell should return to-morrow for a conference with the District Attorney.

"HAD TO FIX THE BOSSES."

Attendant at Rosenthal's Says That Was Becker's Excuse for Grafting.

Long and repeated rings at the curtained door of the Rosenthal house at 104 West Forty-fifth Street last night were finally answered by a slightly round-shouldered, thick-set man of middle-age, with bald temples and close-cropped mustache, who blinked through his eyeglasses mildly at a reporter who sought to enter.

"What do you want," he demanded.

The reporter explained that he desired to see Mrs. Rosenthal, the widow of the murdered gambler.

"She's sick and can't see anybody," declared the man earnestly. He was in his shirtsleeves and appeared to be very much at home. "What did you want with her?" he added.

The reporter explained that he desired to learn the names and whereabouts of some of the former employes in the house who might be able to throw some light upon the relations which existed between the dead gambler and Lieut. Becker, now under arrest charged with his murder.

"She couldn't tell you their names, and if she could she wouldn't," was the retort. "Even if you found any of them they would not say anything that would get their names in the paper. No one wants to be advertised nowadays as a professional gambler."

The reporter replied that "Toady" Lefkin, the former doorman for the house, had not been inclined to be reticent when questioned a week ago about what he knew.

"Well, I know just as much about this house as Lefkin ever did," retorter the man, who declined to give his name. "I have been associated with Herman Rosenthal for twenty years, and I know all about his affairs. What did you want to know?"

The reporter said that he was anxious to find out whether or not Lieut. Becker had ever visited the Rosenthal house on occasions previous to the raid made by his squad.

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Broadway and 57th Street
Works: Allentown Pa; Plainfield N J
Sales and Service Stations in all large cities
New Jersey Branch (with complete facilities) 556 Ferry Street, Newark

"Do you think he was a sucker?" was the reply. "Of course, he didn't. I don't believe that he was ever inside the place until the night that he raided the house. I'd certainly know if he ever came here, and I never saw him in the house. I've known him to telephone here as often as two or three times a week to make engagements to meet Herman, but he always transacted any business which he did with him personally somewhere on the outside. Jack Rose used to collect Becker's percentage of the 'sugar,' and about all that Becker ever wanted with Herman was to check up on Rose to make sure that he was not double-crossing him or else to put the screws on for more money. Every one in the house knew that Rose was keeping tabs on the play for Becker."

"How long was Rose here?" demanded the reporter.

"He came in about three months after the place was opened and stayed right up until the raid," was the reply. "You know, this was the second time that Herman had this house, although none of the newspapers seem to have mentioned that fact."

"How long ago did he operate here before?" asked the reporter.

"Oh, it was quite a while ago," was the answer. "It was long before Lieut. Becker had anything to do with gambling."

"To whom did Rosenthal pay tribute then?" asked the reporter.

"I am not going to say anything about that. We don't want to get any one in the Police Department in bad except Becker. When Herman was running here before he got what he paid for, and that was a better deal than Becker gave him. Mrs. Rosenthal wouldn't want me to say anything against any one besides Becker."

"Did Rosenthal have to pay Lieut. Becker more for protection than he had previously paid to other sources when he had this house before?" asked the reporter.

"Well, you see, it was this way," answered his informant. "At first Becker was Herman's partner, and the split was on a percentage basis. Becker had staked Herman, I understand, and so there was no kick coming. Later he began to tell Herman that he had to have money to fix some of the 'bosses,' or he would be compelled to close the house up. Herman gave up at first, and then he began to suspect that Becker was trying to work him for a bigger divvy, and he stalled. That was the time that Becker demanded payment on the mortgage which he held and got ready to stand from under. It was right afterward that Becker raided the place and a policeman was stationed in the house to make sure we stayed closed."

"What police officials did Becker tell Rosenthal had to be 'fixed'?" asked the reporter.

"I don't remember that I ever heard their names," was the reply. "Rosenthal tolds the 'boys' in the house that Becker wanted sugar for the 'bosses.' That is all that I ever heard. He told them that one week when he was unable to pay them off owing to Becker's exorbitant demands. He often used to complain when business was slow and there was no play that Becker was trying to ruin him, and that he would have to go out of business. We all knew about that."

EXPECTS BECKER TO CONFESS.

If He Does, Says Lawyer Sullivan, the Police Force Will Collapse.

James M. Sullivan, counsel for Jack Rose, explained in part yesterday the substance of his client's confession, which resulted in the hurried indictment of Police Lieut. Charles A. Becker for murder. Mr. Sullivan said he was pledged by Mr. Whitman not to divulge the full particulars of the murder plot as related by Rose, nor to reveal such parts of his client's story as pointed to relations between "men higher up" in the Police Department and the gamblers of this city. That four high police officials had been implicated in the circumstantial tale related by Becker's gambler associate Mr. Sullivan did not attempt to deny.

"I have only praise for the manner in which District Attorney Whitman has pursued this inquiry," said Mr. Sullivan last night. "He is the best judge of the value of the evidence at his disposal, and I venture the prediction that he will be able to force a confession from Becker within the next two days which will make the entire police structure of the city collapse like a house of cards. There is more than one man in the Police Department to-day who is wearing his honors with extreme uneasiness."

Mr. Sullivan was emphatic in the statement that he had absolutely no criticism to make of Deputy Commissioner Dougherty's conduct of the police investigation of the slaying of Rosenthal.

"What did Rose mean by saying that he had hesitated to make a clean breast of the story earlier through fear of Dougherty?" Mr. Sullivan was asked.

"That was the result of a firm conviction on the part of Rose and his associates that Becker was very close to Dougherty, and that belief was engendered by Becker himself. I have been to the bottom of this case with my client, and I can say that there is absolutely no ground for such a belief. Mr. Dougherty, in my opinion, has worked zealously from the beginning in this matter, and his labors have been directed without fear or favor."

Mr. Sullivan declared that he could not reveal the identity of any police officials whose names have been dragged into the case in connection with the alleged graft extorted from gambling houses in this city.

"It would be manifestly improper for me to do so," he said. "None of them has been named, so far as I know, in the proceedings before the Grand Jury, nor are they in any way connected with the murder of Herman Rosenthal. They have been implicated simply in the investigation of gambling conditions in this city, and may be able to clear themselves. Personally, I think that they will be afforded an opportunity to do so by being asked to appear before the Grand Jury when District Attorney Whitman is ready. We can look for the appearance of some eminent counsel in the case when this happens."

The lawyer then indicated the manner in which Becker had been able to maintain an ascendency over his associates in the underworld by declaring that in the course of his story Rose had told the District Attorney that "Big Jack" Zelig, who is alleged to have procured the "gunmen" for the murder of Rosenthal, had been "framed up" two months previously by a couple of plain-clothes men from Becker's Strong-Arm Squad.

"Rose says," continued Mr. Sullivan, "that a gun was slipped into Zelig's pocket after he had incurred the temporary displeasure of Becker, and he was arrested as a second offender on the charge of carrying concealed weapons. This lesson was sufficient to convince all who knew Becker and Zelig of the extent of the Police Lieutenant's power."

Mr. Sullivan said, further, that Sam Schepps, who he admitted was one of the five passengers in the automobile used by the actual murderers of Rosenthal, was in communication with his friends in this city, and would surrender himself to District Attorney Whitman within the next forty-eight hours. He intimated that Schepps would be used as a witness for the State, and immunity from punishment would be granted him.

"Schepps did not take part in the shooting," Mr. Sullivan declared, "and it is most unlikely that he will be indicted. There is no desire, so far as I know, to prosecute him if he comes forward willingly."

The four men who did the shooting, Mr. Sullivan stated, were known to District Attorney Whitman, and he intimated that one of them was already in custody in the Tombs.

"Do you mean 'Dago Frank'?" he was asked.

"I am not going to say anything further," Mr. Sullivan said, with decision. "That is one part of the story which I am bound by Mr. Whitman not to reveal. The men who are still at large and who are wanted are known to every one. Their names have been published correctly in all of the newspapers. They are 'Whitey' Lewis, 'Lefty Louie,' and Harry Horowitz, otherwise known as 'Gyp the Blood.'"

Mr. Sullivan made it clear that the reason for his client's sudden confession was due to the belief on his part that Rose was about to be "jobbed" by "Bridgey" Webber and Harry Vallon. He had all along urged Rose to make a clean breast to the District Attorney, he declared, and succeeded only when his client became convinced that Webber, on the advice of his counsel, was ready to forestall him.

Mr. Sullivan added that he had been informed by District Attorney Whitman that the statements made by Webber and Vallon corroborated the story told by Rose upon practically all material points. He explained that he was familiar with the general nature of the stories told by Webber and Vallon, having been present at a conference with District Attorney Whitman in which Rose and his two former associates, with their counsel, participated, but that the three prisoners had been separately examined by the District Attorney.

Mr. Sullivan threw an interesting light upon the reasons which led him to suspect a "plant" had been concocted to make Rose a victim.

"Charles Plitt, Becker's associate and friend," declared Mr. Sullivan, "had been busy for three days prior to his arrest on Monday night trying to force a change of counsel on Rose; trying in every way to induce my client to accept another lawyer to represent him.

"This was done after it had become known through the newspapers that I was urging Rose to confess. Rose has known me for a great many years, and he knew that I was conscientiously trying to serve his interests. I put it up to him by demanding to know whose interests he thought a lawyer obtained by Plitt would represent.

"I want to say for Rose that a false sense of loyalty made him very obstinate and hard to handle, but it began to dawn on him that the formation was being whipped into shape behind him and that the purpose was to push him over the line to the electric chair. He was left without means for himself or his family, and the ones who ought to have been the first to come to his assistance ran away and did the ostrich trick. It was only when this came home to him that he was amenable to reason."

Mr. Sullivan was then questioned regarding the timidity displayed by his client in not wanting to go back to the Tombs on Monday night after he had made his confession. He replied that Rose was not afraid of the officials of the Tombs, but that he was in dread of some of the other inmates.

"Do you think that any of the inmates were planted there by the police?" the lawyer was asked.

"I wouldn't go so far as to say that," was the reply, "but I do believe that Rose had very good grounds for being frightened, and he evidently convinced Mr. Whitman of that fact also, because, as you know, the District Attorney gave orders that he should be kept a prisoner over night, with Vallon and Webber, in his own private office in the Criminal Court Building. I do not recall that such a thing ever happened before."

MRS. BECKER VISITS PRISON.

Cheered by Her Husband's Assertion of Innocence—Not a Suicide.

Lieut. Charles Becker spent the day quietly in the Tombs. The reports which came from him to the outside of the prison were that he had composed himself after the first shock of his indictment, and arraignment on the murder charge and had slept soundly all night.

With the morning, it was reported, Becker had regained completely his self-mastery, and the iron nerve which had stood him in such good stead throughout his stormy police career. He ate a hearty breakfast.

About noon, Mrs. Becker, who is about to become a mother, visited him. She looked troubled as she entered the prison, but as she came out she looked as though she had been reassured. She paused but a moment to tell newspaper men that her husband had ordered her not to talk, but that she felt obliged to express her confidence in his innocence.

John W. Hart, Becker's counsel, was with him a great deal of the time. It was reported that the subject of trial counsel for the imprisoned Lieutenant was being discussed. Among the names mentioned as possible trial counsel were ex-District Attorney William Travers Jerome, James W. Osborne, John F. McIntyre, and De Lancey Nicoll. Mr. Hart refused to make any statement whatever. Becker's only statement for publication was:

"This is a terrible plight for an innocent man."

Considerable excitement was caused about the Tombs and the Criminal Court Building shortly after noon by a report that Becker had committed suicide. In a few minutes the street before the prison was black with people, who had come from blocks around to inquire as to the truth of the report.

Warden John J. Hanley put a stop to the rumor by informing reporters who called at the prison that at the moment Becker was devouring a large double porterhouse steak.

A friend of Becker's, who is a reporter on an afternoon newspaper, said that Becker had told him early last week that he believed Webber, Rose, and Vallon would "make him the goat" to save themselves. This was taken by some to indicate the probable line of the imprisoned police Lieutenant's defense.

NOT "GYP THE BLOOD."

Syracuse Police Thought They Had a Rosenthal Murderer.

The police of Syracuse arrested a man yesterday that they thought was "Gyp the Blood," one of the three men the police of this city are looking for in connection with the killing of Herman Rosenthal. The prisoner said his name was Harry Lewis. A woman named Jeanette Howard told the Syracuse police that Lewis was a gambler from this city, but refused to say anything further. A black-jack and a bottle labeled "poison" were found in Lewis's grip at his hotel.

Word of the arrest was telegraphed to this city, and later word came that the prisoner did not resemble "Gyp the Blood," whose right name is Harry Horawitz.

WOMAN AIDS FILE AT POLICE TRIAL

Accused Bluecoat Was Almost Broken-Hearted at Murderers' Escape, Says Singer.

HOW THE CAR GOT AWAY

Several Witnesses Declare That Policeman Did All He Could—Dillon Reserves Decision.

Policeman William J. File, who was suspended by Inspector Schmittberger on a charge of not having taken proper measures for the arrest of the men who killed Herman Rosenthal, was arraigned for trial yesterday before Deputy Commissioner Dillon. File is attached to the East Sixty-seventh Street Police Station. On the night of the murder he was in the dining room of the Metropole. Miss Sadie Sherman, a singer, was one of the party at his table. There are two specifications to the charge. They are to the effect that he failed to take prompt and effective measures to arrest the men who killed Rosenthal, and that he failed to report the murder immediately to his commanding officer.

The trial occupied the greater part of the day. When it was over Commissioner Dillon said he would reserve his decision. File's general reputation is good. When he appeared at Headquarters he said that he was willing to be tried at once. He said that if he was guilty it could only have been for one of two reasons—that he was with the men who committed the murder or that he was a coward.

"I did my full duty," he said. "Even the witnesses who will be called for the prosecution will be compelled to admit this. I was right at the side of Rosenthal when the smoke of the revolvers was still drifting over his body."

Miss Sherman came down from New Haven, Conn., to testify in File's behalf. File's counsel was Moses Sachs. During the hearing some new color was added to the murder of Rosenthal. The first witness was John J. Hickey. He said that there were five men in the Rosenthal party. One of these men was "Moe" Brown and another was a man known as "Butch." Hickey said that after the shooting he saw File running out of the restaurant entrance without a hat and with a big revolver in his hand. He glanced at Rosenthal's body and then asked where the men had gone. The driver of a taxicab pointed east, where a big gray automobile was about 150 feet away and was going slowly toward Sixth Avenue. File ran toward the auto with his revolver raised. The witness said:

File Springs Into Auto.

"File came back to the taxicab, and told the driver to go after them. The chauffeur started to turn his taxi, when another policeman came running up and ordered him not to start the machine. File got out of the taxi, and climbed up on the seat with the chauffeur and started off."

The witness explained that the second policeman seemed to think the murderers were in the taxi. Asked how the men got into the gray car the witness said they ran east ten or fifteen feet on the sidewalk, then jumped into the middle of the street, and climbed on board while it was moving. When the last man was on board it gathered speed very quickly. Hickey said that all the men were not in the car when File appeared, and that File did not fire his revolver.

Under cross-examination the witness said that File did not lose any time, but did all he could. He raised his revolver to shoot, but there were some people in the way.

The next witness was Christian M. Walker, a steamfitter, who lives at 400 East Twentieth Street. This witness did not see the killing of Rosenthal. In answer to questions by Commissioner Dillon he said that he did not see any cars in the street except the gray auto, and that the street was not very well lighted. Then the witness said:

"The five of us were standing in front of the restaurant door of the Metropole, and Rosenthal bought two papers. There was an article in one about District Attorney Whitman believing Rosenthal's story, and Rosenthal handed the paper to me and said, 'Read that, Bob.' Then Rosenthal bought five or six more papers and handed them around to the rest of the fellows. I walked over to the edge of the curbing and got under an arc light and was reading the article when I heard the shots fired."

Rosenthal Not Called Out.

"Did you see the messenger that told Rosenthal some one wanted to see him outside?" he was asked.

"There was no messenger."

"Why did Rosenthal leave the hotel?"

"Why, the whole five of us decided to go home, and we just got up and went out together. Then Rosenthal bought the papers."

Edward Barnard, a waiter, of 205 East Thirty-fifth Street, was called next. He said he was employed in the Metropole restaurant. He was standing in the door of the restaurant when the shots were fired, and File came running out and pushed him against the wall, telling him at the same time to get out of the way.

Then came several employes of the Metropole, all of whom corroborated the testimony of Hickey and Walker. John Horan, the driver of the taxi that pursued the fleeing auto with the murderers, told briefly the story of the fruitless chase. This ended the case for the prosecution, and Mr. Sachs asked that the charge against his client be dismissed. But Commissioner Dillon wanted to learn all the facts about the murder that he could, and the motion was denied. Miss Sherman was called. She said she was seated at a table in the Metropole less than fifty feet from the Forty-third Street entrance. Policeman File came in, and some of the persons at her table recognized him and invited him to a seat.

While they were talking a loud report was heard, and File jumped to his feet and darted out of the dining room door, reaching for a revolver in his hip pocket as he ran. Miss Sherman followed him to the door and saw him running down Sixth Avenue. She did not see the gray car. Then Miss Sherman asked permission to make this statement:

File Almost Broken-Hearted.

"I just wanted to say that when Officer File came back to the hotel he was almost broken-hearted. He said:

"'It would have been the greatest thing in the world for me if I could have caught those men. You don't know how it would have helped me in the department.'"

Then came to the witness chair Lou Harrison, the actor; two reporters, Charles Meegan and Frank Iago, and Frank De Baum of 119 West Forty-ninth Street. Their testimony revealed nothing new and Policeman File took the chair. He said he was off duty. He had not been feeling well. He told about joining the party in the hotel restaurant. He saw Rosenthal come in with four men and take a table about twelve feet from where he was sitting. Rosenthal bought some papers and, returning, handed one to Charles O'Day.

"A short time before 2 o'clock," said File, "I saw 'Bridgey' Webber come in, look around the restaurant in a nervous manner, and then go out. Then Rosenthal and his party went out. A few minutes later I heard a shot. I thought it was a tire blow-out, but then there came three automatic shots, and I jumped up and ran to the door."

File told of seeing the body of Rosenthal lying in the doorway and how he ran to the street, asking which way the men had gone. He saw a car moving slowly toward Sixth Avenue. One man was running beside it and another was just climbing on the running board. He did not know that these men had committed any crime, but he resolved to shoot. Some people got in the way and he waited. Then he told of seeing the taxi and ran to it, crying to the driver to turn his engine over and get after the fellows who were running away.

He had seen a policeman rapping his stick on the sidewalk and this policeman came up and got into the taxi with him. Just behind him come Lieut. Frye, who was told by File to look after the body. Then File told of the chase and how the gray car got away from him because of obstructions in the street.

In reference to the various numbers of the car which the police had given, File said that he tried to get the correct number, and asked every policeman he saw what the number of the car was. Lieut. Frye asked a fixed post man in Madison Avenue and he said it was "4318." After the chase had been given up File said he returned to the Metropole and did what he could to get some trace of the murderers. This ended the hearing.

TELL OF THREATS IN THE TOMBS

So Rose, Webber, and Vallon Are Moved to the West Side Prison.

Jack Rose, Louis "Bridgey" Webber, and Harry Vallon, whose confessions resulted in an extraordinary night session of the Grand Jury on Monday and the indictment of Lieut. Charles Becker as the instigator of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, spent most of yesterday in the District Attorney's office.

The three men had been kept in Mr. Whitman's office over night because of their expressed fear that they would be beaten and perhaps killed in the Tombs. They begged Mr. Whitman to have them locked up somewhere else.

After making arrangements with Commissioner Whitney of the Department of Correction, Mr. Whitman had the three informers taken to the West Side Prison on West Fifty-third Street, in the rear of the West Fifty-fourth Street Court. The removal was effected late yesterday afternoon in a covered van of the department, which was closely guarded.

Webber, Rose, and Vallon told Mr. Whitman that since their incarceration the city prison had been filled with police stool pigeons, who had continually shouted at them when all prisoners were locked in their cells, and who had come up and talked to them during exercise time, when all prisoners on a tier are freed.

Say Stool Pigeons Made Threats.

The police stool pigeons, they said, had offered them advice about their testimony, and had made threats of dire punishment if they should confess. One of the threats made was that they would be blackjacked.

District Attorney Whitman did not share the fear of the prisoners that they would suffer if kept in the Tombs, but he decided it would be better to relieve their fears by confining them elsewhere.

An attendant of the Tombs, who was seen by a TIMES reporter yesterday, said that Vallon, Webber, and Rose were wise in asking for a removal. He declined to explain why he thought they would come to harm, but declared:

"It's just as well that they don't see some of the other prisoners."

Others familiar with life in the Tombs said that unpopular prisoners had been kept awake all night on occasion, and that nothing was calculated to make a prisoner so unpopular as turning State's evidence. A desire to maintain order in the Tombs was offered as the motive for Commissioner Whitney's speedy acquiescence in District Attorney Whitman's request that the men be transferred.

Webber, who had passed a hysterical and sleepless night in the District Attorney's office, braced up during the day and ate heartily when meals for the prisoners were taken into the private office of one of the Assistant District Attorneys.

Mrs. Webber in Merry Mood.

Mrs. Webber went to the Criminal Court Building early in the afternoon to see her husband, and was admitted for an hour's interview. She was accompanied by Edward Reardon, formerly county detective under the administration of William Travers Jerome as District Attorney. She wore a black silk dress, cut Empire, with a narrow black panel and a Robespierre collar, a large black straw hat with bird of paradise feathers, heavy jet earrings, silk stockings and pumps with oxidized buckles. She had a number of rings on her fingers.

Mrs. Webber came from the interview with her husband in a jolly mood. She was much amused when reporters wanted her to tell what fee she had paid to Max D. Steuer to take her husband's case, and insisted she had forgotten. She said her husband had shared part of the lunch to which the District Attorney had "staked" him with her.

Rose spent a great deal of his time just before going to the West Side prison compiling a list of gambling resorts and the amount of protection money each had paid to him as Becker's graft collector. He will put the completed list in Mr. Whitman's hands to-day.

The removal of Rose, Vallon, and Webber to the West Side prison left as the Rosenthal murder prisoners in the Tombs Lieut. Charles Becker, "Dago Frank" Cirocisi, named as one of the actual slayers of Rosenthal, and Jacob A. Reich, familiarly called "Jack Sullivan, King of the Newsboys."

Special Guard Protects Them.

The Night Warden at the West Side Prison said that the three men, on arriving at the prison late yesterday afternoon, sent out for coffee and rolls. Later they sent out for a full meal. He said they were treated as ordinary prisoners, but confined in separate cells.

He would not deny that a special guard is patrolling the tier in which they are lodged, but scoffed at the idea of an attack on the jail or any attempt to injure the prisoners.

A messenger arrived at the jail during the evening with a suit case, containing clothing for "Bridgey" Webber, and the prisoner sent a note to a friend by the messenger, who was instructed to bring back $50. The friend called at the prison. When admittance was denied to him he sent in a note to Vallon. This was answered.

The Warden said no visitors, excepting counsel, would be allowed unless they showed an order signed by the District Attorney.

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HEADS OF POLICE BLAME INSPECTORS

Any Grafting in the Department Must Have Been Known to Them, Headquarters Says.

SOME IN FOR A GRILLING

Waldo Declares He Would Welcome a Thorough Inquiry as Wholesome for the Discipline of the Force.

Police Commissioner Waldo would not talk for publication yesterday. He arrived at Police Headquarters in the morning, but gave reporters little time to ask questions. To all of them he said:

"I have nothing to say."

He stayed in his private office for a few hours, and then went downtown for a talk with the Mayor. He returned to Headquarters in the early afternoon, and refused to make a statement. Later in the day he said that the more the police were investigated the better it would be for the efficiency of the department.

While the big stone building that harbors the Police Department was deserted throughout the day by the heads of the department and there was an air of gloom over the force, the officials declared they were striving mightily to capture all of the men in any way concerned in the murder of Rosenthal.

It is believed at Police Headquarters that three men, together with "Dago Frank," who is a prisoner, fired the shots that actually killed Rosenthal. The other three are "Whitey" Lewis, "Gyp the Blood," and "Lefty Louie." Neither Commissioner Waldo nor Deputy Commissioner Dougherty has any faith in the word of any of the gamblers under arrest nor in any of the statements made by Rosenthal.

One of the high officials in the Police Department said yesterday that any time spent in showing Rosenthal to have been a perjurer would be wasted because of his general bad character. The system of raiding gambling houses was explained in some detail by an important police official to show that no policeman, no matter how high his rank, could protect any unlawful resort. The statement said:

"The vice squad that was under the control of Lieut. Becker consisted of some 125 men. A raid was made by some of these men under orders from Becker, who reported the result of his work directly to Commissioner Waldo. If the raid was accompanied by arrests and the prisoners were set free, this was considered a bad sign, and the place was watched in order that another raid might be made that would end in the punishment of the men running the game. If nothing came of this espionage, Becker was forced to explain. If a gambling house was reported and Becker was ordered to raid it and he reported no evidence, the Inspector of the district was ordered to look after it. The Captain of the precinct was also sometimes ordered to take a hand.

"So there were three sets of men on the job of clearing up illegal resorts," this official said. "Every gambler in the city knew this. They all knew that no one man could protect them unless there was collusion between the Lieutenant, the Inspector and the Captain. What would happen then? Why, the gambler who was looking for protection would demand some kind of a guarantee that the money he paid would produce the protection he was after. If any gambler thought Becker alone could protect him he was a green gambler, and Rosenthal was not green, whatever else may be said of him.

"But no matter how many men were working, and no matter what their duties were, the Police Inspectors were not relieved of their responsibility. It was for them to see that the police work in their districts was well and effectively done. If they knew of a gambling-house, and it was their business to know of it, it was also their business to see that the gamblers were driven out. It would be Becker, perhaps, who was assigned the job, but, if Becker didn't do it, the Inspector would know of his failure.

"The fact is that Becker closed up more gambling houses and kept them closed than either of the two other raiding Lieutenants. The police officials are inquiring into the situation, and before the inquiry stops some of the Inspectors will have to explain what they were doing all the time gamblers were doing business in their districts."

To Investigate Inspectors.

There were other intimations in the day that some of the police Inspectors were in for a grilling. It seemed plain as a result of developments at Headquarters that if Becker had been taking money from gamblers, he shared it with some other members of the force, and the intimation was that the men who got a share of it were of higher rank than he.

The detective bureau had nothing whatever to do with raiding illegal resorts. Every one of the 500 members of this bureau was said to be glad of this, and several of them declared yesterday that the only man who was really at the head of the resort raids was Commissioner Waldo. Deputy Commissioner Dougherty was one of the men who made this statement. Inspector Hughes was another. But the Commissioner, it was said, felt that he was only the head of the raiding squad under Becker in the sense that he was the head of all of the other branches of the department.

That a general effort was being made by influential police officials to put the whole case up to the Inspectors became plain as the day advanced. A report came from the District Attorney's office that the same opinion prevailed there, and that efforts were making to get hold of some of the men who had been taking protection money from the gamblers.

It was said that none of the gamblers in any way connected with the present scandal would ever be able to do business in this city again, and that the only way they could escape imprisonment was by making a clean breast of everything they knew.

Attention was called yesterday to the report of the Detective Bureau for the first half of this year, which showed an increase of arrests for various crimes and an increase of convictions. One of the Deputy Commissioners said:

"If there have been any policemen who have been taking money for permitting any lawbreaker to escape punishment I hope he will be caught. Every one of us is working as hard as possible to ferret out cases of this kind. We know that the entire public suspects all of us, and that the only way we can clear our skirts of suspicion is by bringing the guilty men to justice. There are many good, clean policemen, but it would be hard, under the present stress of excitement, to convince the public of this. We all feel our position keenly."

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GAYNOR STILL WITH WALDO.

But Mayor Yields on Petition to Call Aldermen Together

Mayor Gaynor arrived at his office at the City Hall from St. James, L. I., yesterday for the first time since last Friday. He had been informed of the latest developments in the Rosenthal case, the arrest and indictment of Lieut. Becker, but he refused to comment upon the situation in any way. Police Commissioner Waldo called upon him soon after he arrived, and was closeted with him for half an hour. When the Commissioner departed he declared that he had nothing to say. This is what the Mayor said after Commissioner Waldo went away:

"I can only repeat, as heretofore, that I hope everything will proceed in order, and that all of those concerned in the murder will be convicted. No, Sir, I do not condemn Mr. Waldo. He has done faithful and good work in office, and will continue to do so. That one under him has deceived him is nothing to condemn him for. That has often happened to others, and will continue to happen."

The Mayor did make one important concession regarding the murder and the consequent investigation. He changed his mind about not issuing a call for a special meeting of the Aldermen to take up the investigation. Alderman Curran had been insisting upon such a call, and even threatened to mandamus the Mayor to make him order a special meeting of the board.

Mr. Curran arrived at the Mayor's office yesterday with a petition signed by sixteen members of the board, and refused to be put off.

After he had waited half an hour the Mayor sent out word that he would issue a call for a special meeting of the Board, and Curran went away satisfied. Under the law such a call must be advertised for three successive days in The City Record before the board meets. The Mayor did not say when he would have the board meet, but it was understood that the notice would be published on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday mornings of this week, and that the board would meet next Tuesday morning.

"The astounding developments in the Rosenthal-Police situation strengthens the attitude of the Aldermen in demanding an investigation," said Alderman Curran. "We are in a position now more than ever to insist that that investigation shall take place whether it embarrasses the Mayor or not. The public will not be satisfied until all the facts are unearthed, and the responsibility put directly where it belongs. The revelations attending the murder of Rosenthal are the most scandalous ever unfolded in this community, and the Aldermen are simply demanding in the interest of the community that the facts be made known."

REICH ALSO TO TELL OF GRAFT.

Murder Suspect's Lawyer Says His Testimony Will Be Sensational.

Jacob A. Reich, better known as Jack Sullivan, King of the Newsboys, is to be the next person to tell things to Mr. Whitman, according to his lawyer. Reich is now in the Tombs, charged with murder, after having been identified in the Coroner's Court as one of the men near the Metropole when Herman Rosenthal was assassinated. Sullivan rode uptown with Lieut. Becker on the night of the murder after spending the afternoon and evening with him, and, after being dropped from the motor car at Broadway and Forty-second Street, went to "Bridgey" Webber's place, where the actual assassins had gathered.

Sullivan is now represented by ex-Assistant District Attorney H. T. Marshall, who represented Webber and Vallon before Mrs. Webber retained Max D. Steuer. Mr. Marshall succeeded ex-Special Deputy Attorney General Benjamin Reass, who will now start out on a trip to the Pacific Coast, which was postponed because of the murder of Rosenthal.

According to Mr. Marshall, Jack Sullivan can tell a story which will shock the community, and which will implicate members of the police force higher in rank than Lieut. Becker in partnership with revolting forms of vice. Two or three high uniformed officers may be implicated, according to Mr. Marshall.

Mr. Marshall visited District Attorney Whitman yesterday to arrange for immunity for his client. Mr. Whitman was reluctant to grant immunity to Sullivan until he was informed of the extent and corroborative possibilities of his story.

After being disappointed in an effort to arrange matters in his client's behalf with Mr. Whitman, Mr. Marshall said that Sullivan would not appear before the Grand Jury, nor impart his knowledge to the police, but would wait until he got on the witness stand to tell his story.

It has been common talk in the Tenderloin for more than a week that Jack Sullivan was a collector of graft in the Tenderloin from disorderly houses, cafés of bad reputation, improper hotels, and saloons violating the excise law. Sullivan represented himself as the collector not only for Lieut. Becker, but for other and higher police officers and for agents of societies for the suppression of the social evil and the illicit liquor traffic.

CIVIC BODIES FIND POLICE ARE LAX

Demoralization Now Approximates That of Ten Years Ago, George Haven Putnam Says.

HEADQUARTERS IS TO BLAME

Relaxation of These "Higher Up" Soon Spreads Throughout the Force, Another Authority Declares.

Inquiries yesterday among those who have devoted much time to the police situation in this city brought out the opinion that for some time there has been much laxity on the part of the police in their supervision of gambling, disorderly resorts, and violations of the excise law. The impression is strong among students of municipal affairs that there has been much grafting going on, though there is a difference of opinion as to how far it is systematized or how far it is merely the taking by police officials of every grade of such pickings as fall in their way.

It is admitted that there are weak spots at Police Headquarters, and no surprise was expressed over the reports that have been afloat since the Rosenthal murder that two or three of the Inspectors and other persons outside the uniformed force, but able to wield a good deal of influence in the Police Department, had had their share of the graft. At the same time it is recognized that the graft problem is very involved, and that no one can tell what the end will be until some one on the "inside" confesses. Civic investigators realize that the person who pays for "protection" may often believe that it is destined to go much higher than it really reaches.

George Haven Putnam, who has kept more or less in touch with the police situation since he took the lead in the investigation of conditions which led to the dismissal of District Attorney Asa Bird Gardiner, declared yesterday that he had a strong impression that the department had in the last few months become thoroughly demoralized.

"I am not," he said, "in a position to bring forward legal evidence of the fact, but through Grand Jury service and in other ways I have been able to form a general opinion. It seems to me that things have been drifting of late toward the condition they were in ten years ago. At that time we found that more than $2,000,000 a year was paid for the privilege of all kinds of lawbreaking, not only gambling but for the breach of these stringent laws which are passed at Albany, but can never be enforced to the letter.

"We found then that the graft went up from the Roundsman through the Captain to the Inspector, and that a considerable part of it was paid into the Tammany general fund. Some of it came to the District Captains. It seems to me that much the same system has been worked again of late."

"How far is the ordinary policeman one meets on the street affected by this system?" Mr. Putnam was asked.

"Just as soon as there is demoralization at Headquarters every part of the force is more or less affected," he replied. "Under Mayor McClellan a man was appointed to high place in the uniformed ranks who had not come out of previous investigations unbesmirched. As soon as I heard of that I knew that the general morale of the force would suffer. I believe it has, and yet we are met with the curious contradiction that the body of men who are accused of graft with apparently a good deal of justice, are the very men who perform acts of great heroism and determined bravery. They are a splendid body of men, but they have grown quickly demoralized by the laxity of some of their superiors."

At the offices of the Citizens' Union J. O. Hammitt, the Secretary, said yesterday that though the organization had not gone recently deeply into the graft and vice situation in this city, it had received so many complaints in the last six months and so much information that seemed to bear all the marks of accuracy that it had little doubt that of late there had been a general let-up in the police severity toward disorderly resorts. Some of these complaints had come in the form of anonymous letters, but others had been authenticated by a signature, and perhaps most had been brought to the office of the union by persons who had taken the trouble to call in order to register their complaints.

Mr. Hammitt showed yesterday a letter in which the writer, who gave his name and address, sent a long list of houses, which he asserted were used for illegal purposes. He had marked those which he believed were gambling houses, and the detail into which he entered suggested that he had good grounds on which to enter a complaint.

For some time now an investigation has been afoot as to the disorderly house situation, and it has been suggested that one interesting line of inquiry would be the political affiliations of those who make their living in the underworld. The Citizens' Union is about to examine the list of the district committees of both parties to see with what political organizations the men who have figured in the Rosenthal murder stories are connected. They have been handy men on Election Day, and may be useful in many different ways.

One man who has given a great deal of attention to the police situation of the city remarked last night that too great stress should not be put upon raids. The fact that a certain police official had made a sensational raid on a gambling or disorderly house might actually show that he was protecting it at a price, he said. It was generally conceded that that was Becker's way of doing business, and that he found it advisable to show marked activity every now and then against the very men whose money he was taking in order to cover his own policy.

"The only way to close a house," this investigator said, "is to go after it persistently. That was Commissioner Bingham's method, and it worked. One disorderly resort he raided eighteen times in nine months. Even if the courts let the prisoners off with small fines, it discouraged them, and moreover it had the great advantage of putting the responsibility of the houses staying open up to the courts.

"That is where it really belongs," this authority said. "The first duty of the police is to protect life and property. They cannot be everywhere, and they can only give a certain amount of time to the suppression of gambling and other social evils. If they get the evidence and raid a place and continue to do so every time it opens up again, it is the courts alone that can stop it."

When the police situation was brought yesterday afternoon before F. H. Whitin, General Secretary of the Committee of Fourteen, which has given special attention to the excise law, he said that it was his opinion that the town was "open," though he was not ready with evidence to back up his statement.

Asked as to what had appeared in the committee's investigations with regard to graft among those "higher up" and the precinct police, he replied:

"You may say this: There can be no good enforcement of the law without the existence of some graft. Just as soon as the Police Commissioner declares that he will enforce the laws strictly there will always be found some police Captains who will be willing to shut their eyes for a consideration. The best evidence of this is the present excise situation. There is no graft in that line now, because every saloon is running on Sundays wide open. If the law is not to be enforced, why should a saloon keeper pay protection money which is not needed?"

Mr. Whitin put down this condition to the policy of Mayor Gaynor with regard to the procuring of evidence. The Police Department has relapsed into a condition of inactivity with regard to Raines law hotels ever since the Mayor refused to pay the bills for the cost of getting evidence.

The disorderly resorts also, in Mr. Whitin's opinion, offer somewhat less opportunity for the graft hunter. They have changed in character with changed conditions in the city, the larger houses are fewer in number. The social evil is carried on in a quieter and less ostentatious way, and the police themselves have not the same chance of finding out the holes and corners in which it flourishes as they used to do. This is not to say there is less of it, but it is less obvious and is carried on in a shifting fashion through furnished apartments.

Mr. Whitin praised highly the work of the Night Court for keeping the streets clean, and declared that by the workings of the Page law and the use of the finger-print identification system much of the vice that once flaunted itself publicly has been checked.

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DOUGHERTY ASKS FAIR PLAY.

Insists That He Is Really Responsible for Rose's Confession.

Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty was very much affected yesterday when he talked to a reporter of THE TIMES about the arrest of Lieut. Becker and the statement of Jack Rose that he was afraid Dougherty was Becker's friend.

"Just see what the newspapers are saying," cried Mr. Dougherty, "and the insinuations they are making. A person ignorant of the true facts easily might be led to think that I was mixed up in the scandal and was trying to help some of the guilty ones to escape instead of doing all I could to clear the whole thing." Dougherty's lips trembled and he walked a few paces along the corridor. When he had regained control of himself, he said:

"Everything that has happened since the killing of Rosenthal was started by me. I ordered the arrest of Libby and Shapiro, and I was the first to learn from Shapiro that it was Rose who hired the car in which the men who killed Rosenthal got away. It was I who learned that it was driven to "Bridgey" Webber's. It was I who found out the names of the men who rode in the car with Rose."

Mr. Dougherty said that the work he did made it possible for District Attorney Whitman to gather enough additional facts together to wring from three of the prisoners the confessions that led to Becker's arrest.

Had Urged That Rose Confess.

"The two men who rode in the car with Rose," said Mr. Dougherty, "were Vallon and Schepps. I talked with J. M. Sullivan, the counsel for Rose, and urged him to induce Rose to tell everything he knew about the murder of Rosenthal. Sullivan did not think it would be good policy to have Rose tell what he knew, because a good many men in the Police Department might be implicated. The intimation was that I might get caught as well as some of the other Commissioners. I rejected such a suggestion and urged Sullivan, still more forcibly, to have Rose tell the whole story as far as he knew it.

"I believe that I convinced Sullivan it would be a good thing for the whole truth to come out, and so paved the way for the story Rose seems to have told. I have talked several times with the District Attorney and assured him that all of the power I had was at his disposal. I also have gone over the case with Inspector Hughes, and, in short, I have done, and am still doing, all I can to lay all of the facts before the public."

Mr. Dougherty declared that through Aaron J. Levy he brought about an agreement by which Shapiro was to testify, and that he had told District Attorney Whitman that if he kept hammering at Rose he could get a confession from him. He said that he had obtained the first incriminating statements from every one of the prisoners, and that it was upon the evidence he discovered that the prisoners were held in the first instance.

"You must remember," said Mr. Dougherty, "that the District Attorney could offer immunity, and that I could not. You must also remember that if the District Attorney wants a man produced before him he has only to send for him and force him to appear, if necessary. The police cannot do this. A warrant must be procured before we can get a man before us, unless he comes of his own accord.

Not Responsible for Vice Squads.

"I have 500 men in the detective branch of the department. These men are supposed to catch criminals, and to do what they can to prevent the commission of crime. I am in no way responsible for the suppression of gambling houses or of any other unlawful resorts. Another branch of the department has charge of that work.

"On Sunday, July 21, I had a conference with Commissioner Waldo, and I told the Commissioner that I thought both Webber and Paul should be arrested. They were arrested that night. The next day I asked the District Attorney if he thought there was evidence enough to warrant the arrest of Becker, and after going over the case we both concluded that there was not enough evidence at that time."

Mr. Dougherty was asked if he knew Lieut. Becker. He replied:

"I knew him by sight, but we never had any business together. I had no authority over him. He reported directly to the Commissioner. As I said before, I had nothing to do with the vice squad; that was under Becker's control. It was absolutely no concern of mine. It appears from what Rose has said that Becker told him that I was interested in Becker's welfare in some way. There is going to be an investigation into this whole thing, and then it will appear to the satisfaction of all fair-minded men that I had nothing whatever to do with Becker or with his work."

Mr. Dougherty said that as soon as he heard of the murder of Rosenthal he hurried to the scene and was at the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station just forty-five minutes afterward.

"The case was absolutely dry when I got there," he said, meaning that all trace of the murderers had disappeared.

Mr. Dougherty was asked if he knew the 500 men under him well enough to have absolute confidence in every one of them.

"I know what you want to ask," he replied. "You want to know if I am doing everything in my power to arrest the three men who got away and who are said to be the men who actually fired the shots that killed Rosenthal. I reply that I have the fullest confidence in every one of them. And I also reply that we are doing everything in our power to arrest the three men. They are 'Whitey' Lewis, Harry Horowitz, and 'Lefty' Louie. We have good descriptions of these men, and we are after them. I believe we will get them. My men want to get them. They feel that they are on trial as well as all of the other members of the department.

"I am doing everything in my power, but some of the newspapers keep up their slurring comments. I don't think it is fair."

Mr. Dougherty would not say what methods he was using to capture the three men who have been mentioned, or whether there was any truth in the reports that the police really have the names of seven or eight other gamblers who left town hurriedly directly after the shooting of Rosenthal.

"To say anything about that," he replied, "might defeat the ends of justice."

WANTS POLICE HEAD TO BE INDEPENDENT

That Is the Only Way to Bring Discipline to the Force, Former High Official Says.

MAYOR IS NOW DICTATOR

Gamblers Opened Up When Gaynor Went Into Office, Knowing His Peculiar Views on Police Prerogatives.

A remedy for conditions in the Police Department such as led up to the arrest of Lieut. Becker and the charge that he had forced the murder of Rosenthal, was outlined yesterday by a former high police official. This man would not say that his remedy was a complete cure for graft in the department, but he said he thought it would go far toward bettering conditions. In the first place, this man said, there must be a real head of the department with full authority—not, as at present, where the Commissioner must go to the Mayor before he can act, and so leave the Mayor the actual Commissioner of Police, with the bearer of the title simply one who carries out orders. This condition was not a healthy one, this man said, and he added that it had brought about chaos in the department, as results had shown. All the underworld knew, he said, that the Mayor was the actual head of the department, and his views were known to be reflected at Police Headquarters.

Conditions as to gambling in this city were good in the last months of McClellan's administration, he declared, but as soon as Gaynor was elected, word went about that the Mayor was in favor of a very liberal policy, and that the police would be hampered. So the gamblers prepared to open up, and it was no secret that they carried out their programme.

Another thing this former official advocated was the appointment of a Police Commissioner to serve for a stated term, and who could not be removed at the will of the Mayor, but could only be ousted from office through an appeal to the courts, as in the case of the Magistrates and Judges of Special Sessions, who, though appointed by the Mayor, cannot be removed from office by him. With this done the Commissioner would not have to run to the City Hall for orders. He could map out a campaign for the good of the city and follow it out without regard to what the Mayor or the politicians might think. Such a Commissioner, this official thought, would be the real head of his department, and both the men under him and those of the underworld would know he was the head.

Doing away with the present system of handling gambling offenses through a "vice squad," as constituted to-day, would also do much to better conditions. Far better, he thought, was the old method under which the Inspectors were responsible for their districts and men in them. Then, as a check, he suggested there could be a squad of trusted men to obtain evidence and make raids, but every such raid should mean that the Inspector in whose district gambling was found should be brought up on charges.

All this, of course, he said, was predicated on the supposition that the Commissioner could act fearlessly. This official was asked whether he did not think such a plan would simply scatter graft so that more men could "stand in" with the police. He replied that this might be true to a certain extent, but he declared that even that was preferable to putting into the hands of one man such power as Becker exercised.

The public had no idea how strong the temptations were for a man in Becker's position, he said. It is not a case of looking for money, he said, but money comes to the man. It is more than the ordinary man can stand, and in saying this he said he did not mean to infer that the majority of the police were dishonest. Conditions in the department, he added, were bound to be bad with no actual leader for the men, and with a Mayor with peculiar views on the subject of the police.

Former Police Commissioner William F. Baker, who succeeded Gen. Bingham as head of the Police Department, denied yesterday that he had authorized the interview with him which apepared in an afternoon paper. "I have carefully refrained from saying anything about the Police Department since I retired," he said, "and I am not going to say anything now. When I have something to say I shall write it and edit it myself so that it will express my views and nothing else."

QUESTIONS FOR THE MAYOR.

Dr. Buchler Compares His Former Views on "Foreigners" With His Last.

The Rev. Dr. Samuel Buchler, rabbi of the People's Synagogue of the Educational Alliance, has written a letter to Mayor Gaynor, in which he says:

"You will greatly oblige the foreign population of New York, especially the great mass of Jews of the lower east side, whom I have the honor to represent as their minister, by replying to the following questions:

"Where in the world were the foreigners a few months ago, when, defending yourself against the grave charges of Magistrate Corrigan that the city was wide open, you told him that we had the best police system on earth?

"Did you not make hundreds of thousands of votes during your Mayoralty campaign when, addressing a delegation of Jewish ministers, you declared that foreigners were useful citizens and had no equals in the history of mankind for decency and honesty?

"Did you not utter words of high praise and commendation a few months ago when you were a guest of honor at the fiftieth anniversary of the Roumanian Hebrew Congregation by declaring that those foreigners were the type of citizens you liked to come in contact with?

"Did you mean it, Honorable Mayor, when a few months ago to a foreign missionary applying to you for a certain number of religious sermons to be delivered to the east side Jews, you refused him, declaring that those 'foreigners' of the east side did not need to be taught the gospel of the Christian missionaries, as they were able to take care of themselves very well?

"Was it mere phraseology when you spoke with high esteem and consideration of 'foreigners,' or was it merely phraseology when you assailed them to-day?

"By the way, let this remind you, Honorable Mayor, that the police force here and elsewhere are composed of men adequate to the population of the city. Consequently our police force consists of a body of foreigners. Are those 'foreign' policemen criminals also, and lawbreakers, and gamblers? If so, why not remove them immediately?"

BOTTLE FELLS BLUECOAT.

Policeman Seriously Injured by Missile Hurled From Tenement Roof.

A telephone message to Police Headquarters that a policeman had been killed in front of 19 Broome Street last night sent the reserves, under Lieut. Driscoll, from the Clinton Street Station to the scene. They found Policeman William B. Walsh of that station lying in the gutter unconscious.

His head and face were cut, and by him were the splinters of a milk bottle, which had been thrown from the roof of the tenement. An ambulance call was sent in, but before an ambulance surgeon arrived Walsh was placed in the automobile patrol wagon and rushed to Gouverneur Hospital, where Dr. Graham found that there was a possibility that his skull had been fractured. Walsh was still unconscious when placed on the operating table. His condition is serious.

The police were unable to learn much about the affair, but they blame a gang known as the Mangin Guerrillas. The police have had some trouble with it, and this is not the first time that missiles have been thrown at policemen from the roofs of tenements. Detectives were assigned to the case and are searching for the man who threw the bottle.

ANGERED BY GOETHALS STORY

Washington Officials Declare That There Is No Truth in It.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Great indignation was expressed on all sides among army officers and War Department officials to-day at the report cabled from Paris as coming from a newspaper correspondent at Panama to the effect that an intrigue was in progress with the object of Col. Goethals's removal from his position as Chief Engineer of the Panama Canal.

"You may say it as strongly as you please for me," said Secretary Stimson, "that there is not and never has been any foundation for such a statement. Col. Goethals is performing a most responsible duty in a manner that is satisfactory in the smallest detail. I have never heard a word about him since I have come here that was not in praise of his excellent service. Instead of being removed, I believe he will continue in the work at Panama until the project is fully completed, and that he will receive a distinctively great reward for his faithful and successful accomplishment of what he was set to do."

"There is not a word of truth in any such report," said Major Gen. Wood when the Paris report was called to his attention. "It is curious how such things start. When I was Governor General of Cuba I had two or three such reports for breakfast every day. I used to wonder how they could be thought up. Col. Goethals has done his duty with singular fidelity, and it would be impossible to hear any suggestion here or anywhere in the army that he should be recalled and any one else put in his place. We all hope that he may enjoy good health and continue to the end of the work at Panama, and, in common with every one else, I expect that he will be splendidly rewarded for his services when the time comes for that."

REALTY SWINDLE ALLEGED.

Nevins Brothers Arrested Charged with Selling Fake Properties.

George, John A., and Thomas Nevins, brothers, were arrested yesterday in their offices, that of George, at 505 Fifth Avenue, and that of the other brothers at 81 Fourth Avenue, by Detective McConville of the District Attorney's office on the complaint of James Cunningham of 418 West Thirty-eighth Street. Cunningham charged the brothers with grand larceny and false representation.

The story which he told in the District Attorney's office and which resulted in McConville obtaining warrants for the brothers from Magistrate Corrigan in the West Side Police Court, was that in response to an advertisement he had called on George Nevins at 164 East Fifty-third Street, where Nevins posed as a man named Gruber some time ago. Nevins took him to Bergenfield, N. J., where he showed him a house, the duplicate of which Nevins offered to build on two plots of ground in return for $808, of which $50 was to be paid down and the balance paid at the rate of $5 a month.

Cunningham said he signed a contract which John Nevins read to him, and paid over his $50, and afterward paid $15 at the rate of $5 a month. Then he met a friend, Michael McLoughlin of 264 West 154th Street, and was amazed to have McLoughlin complain to him of a real estate deal in Bergenfield which had turned out badly for him. He learned that McLoughlin had had dealings with the Nevins brothers and he and McLoughlin visited Bergenfield to see how their houses were coming on. They discovered that the houses had not even been started, and when examining the sample house again discovered that the pump in front of it was simply stuck in the ground and did not touch water, that the gas pipes were not connected, and that there was no sewer connection.

Cunningham called on the Nevinses, demanding his money back, and he refused to take half of it, which they offered. Then he went to the District Attorney's office.

TELL OF COLLISION IN RIVER.

Passengers from the Empress of Britain Sail from Here.

A special train from Quebec brought to New York yesterday 285 first and second class passengers from the disabled Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Britain, which put back to port after sinking the new steel collier Helvetia on Saturday afternoon in a dense fog off Fame Point in the St. Lawrence River. The passengers came to book passage on boats sailing from this port.

The North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse delayed her sailing from 10 A. M. to 1:40 P. M. and took about 70 of the passengers. On the Cunard liner Caronia, which leaves at 10 A. M. to-day for Liverpool, accommodation was found for 65, and the remainder will leave to-morrow on the White Star liner Baltic for Liverpool.

The story of the accident was told yesterday by Gilbert Allom of London, who was accompanied by his brother Hugh. He said: "The fog was so thick when the boats crashed that we could hardly see the Helvetia, although she was locked hard and fast with our ship by the force of the impact. Four boats were lowered in less than five minutes to pick up the crew of the sinking collier, which included the Captain, his wife and granddaughter and 17 Chinamen. There was no panic on the Empress of Britain. The women behaved splendidly. Two fainted and one of them was a survivor of the Titanic disaster. The crew seemed to be more excited than the passengers, and about twenty of the stewards ran along the corridors shouting 'To the boats!' when the order had been given for the seamen to stand to quarters.

"Our bow was jammed 27 feet into the collier and remained there fully thirty minutes till all the men in the water had been rescued. When the Empress of Britain backed away from her, leaving a big hole amidships, she sank in less than five minutes, and the only lives lost was that of a parrot and cat."

COLONEL WRITES ON THEFT.

"Stealing Is Stealing," He Tells Party Leader in Tennessee.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 30.—"Stealing is stealing, and to steal a nomination is as bad as to steal a purse," is one of the expressions of ex-President Roosevelt in a letter to State Treasurer Taylor on the question of putting out a second Republican candidate for Governor at the convention Friday. Declaring that the movement is a third party affair to give recognition to ex-Democrats and Republicans alike, men of the progressive persuasion, the Colonel says:

"Gov. Hooper, as I understand it, with the Republican organization have indorsed, or will indorse, the fraudulent Chicago Convention and support its nominee.

"In my judgment no honest man, whether Republican or Democrat, can support Mr. Taft and claim any right to the suffrage of other honest men. Any man who fails to come out against the fraudulent Republican convention at Chicago has forefeited all right to the support of the rank and file of the Republican Party and decent citizens generally."

KILLED BY FALL FROM CAR.

Mrs. Logan of Red Bank Thrown from Seat on Sharp Curve.

GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass., July 30.—Mrs. Lillie Logan, wife of the Rev. J. W. Logan, a Presbyterian minister of Red Bank, N. J., was instantly killed here to-day by falling from her seat in an electric car. Mrs. Logan fell to the ground while the car was rounding a sharp curve.

The Rev. Mr. Logan and his wife were spending their vacation here.

FOSDICK RESIGNS; TO HELP WHITMAN

Commissioner of Accounts Had Ferreted Out Graft in Many City Departments.

LATELY WORKING ON POLICE

Reported That Mayor Was Offended by Some Facts He Unearthed, but Official Letters Are Very Cordial.

Raymond B. Fosdick, who has been Commissioner of Accounts under the Gaynor administration, sent his resignation to the Mayor yesterday, to take effect Sept. 1. As soon as this became known, the City Hall was filled with rumors of a disagreement between the Mayor and his subordinate. These reports had it Mr. Fosdick had unearthed conditions about the Police Department which were offensive to the Mayor. The very fact that the resignation came on the heels of one of the biggest scandals the Police Department has ever known lent color to the rumors.

Commissioner Fosdick has been investigating various ends of so-called police graft since he has been in office, and even at present he is working on a report that will deal with the charge that the police doormen raised a large corruption fund to have themselves made eligible, through legislative enactment, to serve as patrolmen. The Commissioner has been greatly interested in the recent developments following the Rosenthal murder, and it is known that he has agreed to consult with the District Attorney and give him any information in his possession gained through his long familiarity with police conditions regarding gambling as it exists at present and protection money that is paid to policemen. The District Attorney and Commissioner Fosdick have gone over the present situation, and if he can be of any service to the District Attorney in his search for the slayers of Rosenthal, Mr. Fosdick will not be backward in giving this information.

The correspondence between the Mayor and his Commissioner seemed to show, however, that the utmost cordiality exists between the two. This is Mr. Fosdick's resignation, sent in on Monday:

Office of the Commissioner of Accounts,
280 Broadway.
July 29, 1912.

Hon. William J. Gaynor, Mayor.

Sir: I beg to tender my resignation as Commissioner of Accounts, to take effect Sept. 1, 1912. A business opportunity has developed in the West which I am not able to neglect, and I cannot satisfactorily fill both positions.

It is hardly necessary for me to say that I am giving up my present work with a great deal of reluctance, particularly in view of that fact that I will not have time to bring to a successful conclusion certain constructive plans, already inaugurated, which it will take the balance of your administration to complete. I refer especially to our newly-established Bureau of Efficiency. I have several reports in process of preparation, however, dealing with various investigations, which I hope to be able to file with your Honor before the end of August.

May I take this opportunity to express my appreciation of the courtesy and support which you have extended to this office in connection with our work.

With best wishes for the success of your administration, I am, very truly yours,
RAYMOND B. FOSDICK,
Commissioner of Accounts.

Business Calls, Says Fosdick.

Mr. Fosdick himself set all rumors at rest by saying that he resigned only because the place of Vice President and Treasurer of the Lozier Automobile Company of Detroit, Mich., had been offered him. The Mayor's letter accepting the resignation was especially flattering to the Commissioner. It read:

Office of the Mayor, July 30, 1912.

Dear Mr. Fosdick: I cannot fully express to you the regret I have that you must resign your office of Commissioner of Accounts. I congratulate you on the private business offer which induces you to resign, but that does not lessen my regret that the public is to lose your services. No head of a department whom I appointed has filled his place with more intelligence, industry, honesty, and fidelity than you have done. I hold all the heads of departments in the highest esteem for the services which they have rendered to the city, but none in higher esteem than I hold you. I trust you will do your best to help me to fill the office with some one who will in some degree measure up to yourself. Sincerely yours,
W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.
Raymond B. Fosdick, Esq., Commissioner of Accounts, 280 Broadway, New York.

There has been friction beneath the surface between the Mayor and Commissioner Fosdick ever since the latter took office, although of late the utmost quiet has reigned.

Mr. Fosdick succeeded John Purroy Mitchel when the latter was elected President of the Board of Aldermen. He took office in January, 1910, and started at once to investigate conditions in the various city departments. Fosdick has easily been one of the most indefatigable incumbents of the office. He found much that needed the searchlight, and he turned it on relentlessly. He had assisted Commissioner of Accounts Mitchel while he was an Assistant Corporation Counsel, to which office he was appointed by Mayor McClellan.

When Mr. Mitchel fell out with the Mayor over vice conditions the Mayor was not at all pleased with the fact that his Commissioner sided in a measure with Mr. Mitchel, and it was said at that time that the Mayor would have removed him only for the fact that Mr. Mitchel and the other reformers elected on the same ticket might remove Joseph Haag, the Secretary of the Board of Estimate, and appoint Mr. Fosdick in his place. This place pays $7,500 a year, while the Commissioner of Accounts draws only $5,000 a year. As Secretary of the Board of Estimate, moreover, Mr. Fosdick could have been a severe thorn in the flesh of the Mayor.

Has Done Much Cleaning Up.

In his two and a half years in office Mr. Fosdick has done much to clean up the city government. He investigated the Bureau of Sewers and had the cost of cleaning sewers reduced from $4 a cubic yard to $1, at the same time greatly increasing the efficiency of the bureau. His investigation of the municipal ferries resulted in the decrease of more than $150,000 in the cost of ferry management. He was responsible for the exposure of the Fourth of July fireworks graft, which saved the city some $20,000. The regulation of taxicabs, loan sharks, professional bondsmen, and moving picture shows is among the reforms he has accomplished.

Commissioner Fosdick was graduated from Princeton in 1905. He studied political economy and law and served in the office of the Commissioner of Accounts before he was appointed Assistant Corporation Counsel. While in the former office he had charge of the investigation of the Haffen administration of the Bronx.

Commissioner Fosdick said that in view of the suggestion of the Mayor that he suggest the name of his successor he would recommend to the Mayor the appointment of Harry N. Rice, now chief accountant in the Commissioner of Accounts office, as his successor. Mr. Rice lives at 189 Maple Street, Brooklyn.

Young's Hats

Suitable styles for old and young—but STYLE—first, last and always.

FOSDICK'S NEW WORK.

New York Capital in Auto Company He Will Help Run.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., July 30.—The Lozier Motor Company has been reorganized, with New York capital a powerful factor. Raymond B. Fosdick, Commissioner of Accounts of New York; E. P. Earle, and H. A. Kahler, also of New York, are the new Directors. H. A. Lozier is succeeded as President by Harry M. Jewett, President of the Paige Detroit Motor Company, and head of the big coal firm of Jewett, Bigelow & Brookes. He will remain in active management of the Paige Company also.

With the reorganization comes a change in policy providing for the production of a new model car in addition to the $5,000 fifty horse power car to which the company has heretofore confined its business. The new car will be of less horse power, but of equal quality. It will be on the market within a fortnight, it is said.

Mr. Fosdick was elected Vice President and Treasurer. A number of Detroit's wealthiest men are on the Lozier board, including E. D. Stair and George G. Booth.

RACE RIOT AT LITTLE FERRY.

Whites Are Attacked by 75 Negroes After Stabbing of Young Man.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., July 30.—A race riot in which the white residents of Little Ferry opposed 75 colored men employed in the brick yards of Treviranus & Gardner started to-night when a colored man, known only as "Yellow," slashed Frederick Treptow, 19, under the heart with a razor. The white friends of the wounded man started after the negro, who retreated to the kiln shed. When the white men started to follow "Yellow," his negro fellow workmen pelted them with bricks from out of the darkness.

Mayor Schultz sent out a general alarm and telephoned to the Sheriff's office and to the police headquarters in Hackensack for assistance. Under Sheriff Heath told the Mayor to swear in his own deputies, and soon about 25 young men, fully armed, were on duty at the brick yards. The entire town was soon on the streets and the brick yard was surrounded. The negroes refused to give up "Yellow," but none of them were allowed to escape. It is feared there will be bloodshed before morning. Mayor Schultz and the Councilmen of the borough are among those doing patrol duty.

Dr. A. A. Swayze of Hackensack after a hasty examination of Treptow's wound had him removed to the Hackensack Hospital. The young man, who recently left the navy on account of his father's death, was weakened by the loss of blood and may die. No one seems to know what started the fight, but it is said "Yellow" was crazed by cocaine.

CRITICISE DAILY PAPERS.

Editors at Newspaper Conference Say Exact Truth Is Not Told.

MADISON, Wis., July 30.—The newspaper-reading public is not getting all the truth it is entitled to. This was the emphatic declaration of William H. Ellis, editor of The Searchlight, at Gray's Lake, Ill., to-day, in a speech before the National Newspaper Conference. He said that reporters who were assigned to a subject with which they were unfamiliar could not be expected to give an entirely accurate exposition, but, he added, that they did not intentionally deceive.

Mr. Ellis criticised the editorial custom of skillfully handling facts when a different wording would give a more illuminating and therefore more truthful interpretation.

"You've got to make a story or the people won't read it," he declared. He said that papers which filled their pages with entertainment features fell into the habit of overstating the case, and their news value inevitably fell in the public mind. Turning to the "headline artist" as a teller of the truth, Mr. Ellis found ground for criticism.

Livy S. Richard, editor of The Boston Common, declared that "the whole basis of the present insurrection against the controlled press is a democratic impulse toward freedom." He cited instances which he said showed that some newspapers had been influenced by outside control and had not printed all the news. In conclusion he advocated a public newspaper.

HELD ON POISON CHARGE.

Woman Magazine Writer and Husband Accused of Killing Servant.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., July 30.—Annetta Halliday, a magazine writer, in private life Mme. Alexander Antona of Detroit, is held by the police, with her husband and nephew, Angelo Vella, suspected of causing the death of Elizabeth Fleming, formerly a servant in the family, who had saved considerably money and willed it to the Antona family.

Alexander Antona says he is an Italian Count, his full name being Count Allesandra Giuseppe Valerio Antona. In Detroit he carries on a business. They deny all charges.

The complaint is the result of an investigation at the instance of the dead woman's brother, Dr. Fleming of Frazersburg, Ohio. Miss Fleming was 63 years old, and died July 4. The body was cremated the next day, despite the fact, it is alleged, that she often had expressed a horror of cremation, and had purchased a cemetery lot in which her body was to rest.

Annetta Halliday is at the head of the literary department of the Ganopal School of Art here, teaching the German, French, and Italian languages and short story writing. Two hours before Miss Fleming died, the witnesses examined to-day in the Prosecutor's office declared, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Antona took her a glass of milk. Miss Fleming came to Detroit Jan. 1 and went to work for the Antonas. On July 1 she was taken ill. Dr. E. P. Mills, who attended her, says she had a cancerous growth, but that he did not think it serious. The body was cremated before cause of death was ascertained.

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THE RIDGWAY COMPANY, Publishers

FOUR KILLED IN HOTEL FIRE.

C. E. Perkins, Wife, and Daughter of Flushing Die of Burns at Fairlee, Vt.

FAIRLEE, Vt., July 30.—Fire that destroyed the Danforth House here to-day caused the death of four persons and the injury of two others, one probably fatally.

Miss Effie Perkins of Flushing, L. I., and Miss Florence Albee of Springfield, Mass., were burned to death.

Miss Perkins's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Perkins, were so badly injured that they died within a short time.

Miss Bernice Bean of Springfield, Mass., who jumped from a third-story window, is believed to have been fatally hurt.

Miss Alice Perkins was seriously burned.

Trapped by the flames in their apartments on the lake side of the hotel, Mr. Perkins, his wife, and daughter, Alice, jumped from a second-story window into the water. With difficulty they were rescued from drowning. Suffering from burns and the shock of their experience, they were taken to the Mary Hitchcock Hospital, at Hanover, N. H., where Mr. and Mrs. Perkins died a few hours later.

The fire was discovered at 6:30 A. M. There were about thirty guests in the house at the time, and nearly all of them were asleep. The blaze is believed to have originated in the pine decorations surrounding the fireplace in the hotel office. The flames spread quickly to all parts of the house, and those who did escape without injury were unable to save any property except the clothes they wore.

Charles E. Perkins and wife and daughter, Miss Effie Perkins, lived at 192 Franklin Place, Flushing. Miss Perkins was about 20 years old and taught school in Manhattan. Six weeks ago the Perkins family closed their home in Flushing and went to Vermont on their usual Summer vacation. Mr. Perkins was in business in Manhattan.

FIREMEN ROUT SOCIALIST.

Turn Stream of Water on Women Speakers and Audience.

TALLAPOOSA, Ga., July 30.—In the midst of a Socialistic lecture here last night Mrs. Cates Richard O'Hare of St. Louis was drenched with water and her audience dispersed by the Fire Department.

Standing in an automobile, Mrs. O'Hare was delivering a bitter denunciation against the employment of children in cotton mills. Mayor C. W. Pearce ordered the Marshal to place the woman under arrest, but it is said that official refused to carry out the order.

In the excitement some one turned in a fire alarm. The firemen responded and the meeting ended abruptly when a powerful stream of water was directed into the centre of the throng.

Old Michigan's wonderful batter
Eats TOASTIES, 'tis said, once a day,
For he knows they are healthful and wholesome
And furnish him strength for the fray.

His rivals have wondered and marvelled
To see him so much on the job,
Not knowing his strength and endurance
Is due to the corn in TY COBB.

Written by J. F. MAGEE,
2410 Washington St., Two Rivers, Wis.

One of the 50 Jingles for which the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich., paid $1000.00 in May.

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Graham Avenue cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Avenue cor. Rockaway Ave.

$1,000,000 IN GEMS WAS ROBBERS' AIM

Gang Who Stole Jewels of Princess at Ostend Hotel Missed Great Spoil.

CAUGHT BY FRENCH SLEUTH

Three Patrons of the Hotel Were Quickly Arrested, One Being a Notorious Track Swindler.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 30.—According to The Matin's story of the theft of the jewels of the Princess of Thurn and Taxis, in connection wherewith, it is stated, "Kid" McCoy is held in London, a mere chance prevented the haul from being bigger, as the thieves intended to take treasure worth between $1,000,000 and $1,500,000.

The fact that a number of the gang were quickly arrested was due to the fortuitous presence of a French detective. When the Princess's maid informed the hotel manager of the theft he remembered that one of the cleverest detectives on M. Hamard's staff had just arrived at the hotel.

The detective's investigations led him to suspect three "gentlemen" from London, who occupied rooms next to the Princess's apartments.

The manager could not believe them guilty. He said that one was a wealthy man from London, who came there only the day before with his son. The detective, not being satisfied, began an inquiry, and learned that a third traveler from London, immediately on his arrival, had a long conversation with the other two, after which he pretended not to know them. He had come the evening before, and he also seemed to be a gentleman of means.

The detective obtained a full description of the third traveler, and this satisfied him.

"I want to be introduced to him," he said.

The manager smiled and thought it would only be losing time. However, he took the detective into a drawing room where the third gentleman was having a game of cards. As soon as the detective saw the "wealthy Londoner," he said:

"It is just as I thought. That man has been sentenced in England for swindling at the race track. He has also been expelled from France for a similar offense."

The French detective went further into details and read out to the manager and chief detectives of Bruges, who were now present, a number of other exploits of the "wealthy Londoner." They then went to the room of the first travelers and found a letter which plainly showed that the "father and son" were in correspondence with the other man. All three formed, in fact, a gang of smart hotel thieves.

They had taken rooms near those of the Princess, to carry out a carefully laid plan for a big scoop, their object being to carry off the jewel case with all the treasures belonging to the Princess. One necklace alone was said to be worth $400,000, but whether they were disturbed or not they were able to lay their hands on only a few jewels lying on the dressing table.

MOTOR PARTY'S ESCAPE.

Mr. and Mrs. Steinert and Their Sons in an Accident in England.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 30.—Following the automobile smash last week of which Justice Gerard was a victim, comes word of a similar accident, in which Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Steinert and their three sons had a narrow escape.

They were touring in Western England in a large Daimler touring car which was formerly the property of King Edward. While descending Porlock Hill, Somersetshire, a dangerous declivity owing to a sharp turn at the base, at a high rate of speed, the chauffeur saw two men in the road, and in order to avoid running into them, turned the machine into the embankment.

Mr. Steinert, who was seated beside the chauffeur, was thrown out, but suffered nothing worse than an injury to his right arm. The car was smashed, but those inside it were uninjured beyond suffering from shock. The party returned to London by rail, and are going to Paris on Thursday.

Mr. Steinert is a pianoforte manufacturer of Boston.

CROMWELL LETTER, $1,550.

Big Prices for Autographs in London—Byron Letter Brings $1,275.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 30.—One of the most important sales of autographs in years was held to-day at Sotheby's and high prices were paid for letters of celebrities.

A holograph letter, written by Oliver Cromwell to Sir William Springe and Maurice Barrowe, relating to a critical period of the civil war, was sold for $1,550. The letter is undated, but was written from Cambridge about the end of January, 1643. It is addressed to "My noble friends, Sir Willm. Springe, Knight, and Maurice Barrowe, Esq." Cromwell had recently been recalled from the Army of Essex, had just established himself at Cambridge, and was busily occupied in raising horsemen to resist a threatened inroad by Lord Capel. He writes:

> I have beene nowe two dayes att Cambridge in expectation to heere the fruite of your endeavors in Suffolke, towards the publike Assistance, beleive itt you will here of a storme in few dayes, you have noe infantrie, att all considerable. Hasten your horses, a few howers may undoe you neglected. I beseech you bee carefull what captaines of horse you chuse, what men bee mounted, a few honest men are better than numbers, some tyme they must have for exercise. If you choose Godly honest men to bee captaines of horse, honest men will followe them and they will bee carefull to mount such, the Kings is exceedinge stronge in the west. If you bee able to foyle a force att the first cominge of itt, you will have reputation, and that is of great advantage in our affaires. God hath given itt to our handfull, let us endeavor to keep itt. I had rather have a plaine russett coated captaine that knowes what hee fights for, and loves what hee knowes, than that wch you call a gentleman and is nothinge else. I honor a gentleman that is soe indeed, etc.

Cromwell then speaks of the 3,000 men to be furnished by the Eastern association and begs them to be careful on the line of march and in joining with the main body.

Several Burns autographs were sold for high prices. A letter to John Clark of Lockerwoods, inclosing a sonnet on the death of Robert Riddell, fetched $950. A set of verses on "A Scotch Bard Gone to the West Indies" brought $760, and a poem on the death of Lord President Robert Dundas of Arniston fetched $425.

A letter by Byron to Capt. Roberts on Shelley's death was sold for $1,275.

A document signed by Mary Queen of Scots on April 30, 1586, brought $1,025.

A holograph letter by Queen Elizabeth, relating to the town of Le Havre, was sold for $1,075.

A letter from Thomas Randolph, Queen Elizabeth's ambassador in Scotland, to the Earl of Leicester, informing the latter of Queen Mary's intention to wed Lord Darnley, brought $1,500. Randolph says:

> * * * To marry thys Q. wth a papyste is toe throwe all. To joyne her with hym that ether for title or privat quarrell maye mayke dyscention is as vyle as that. To forsake the Q. my mystres frendeshipe and to allie her self with any other is worse thought of all. To have a sounde man in judgemente, a constante man in religion, a wyse man to governe is so harde to fynde, that blessed shalbe that nation that may have hym. Thys Q. is determyned not to remayne in this state, what movethe her yr L. knoweth.

He goes on to say that many of the Queen's friends, though not all, wish her to marry Lord Darnley.

THE RISE OF TIMES SQUARE.

J. J. Coogan Spreading Its Fame in London—His Own Plans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 30.—James J. Coogan, owner of the Polo Grounds, Manhattan Field, and Coogan's Bluff, has arrived in London. He comes here to try to induce Mrs. George Cornwallis-West to select Manhattan Field as the site for the Shakespearean Exposition now at Earl's Court, which is to visit America later. Mr. Coogan also hopes to interest the International Olympic Committee in the proposal to hold the 1920 games on the New York Polo Grounds.

Speaking of New York real estate, Mr. Coogan said to-day:

"It has held its own very well, in some instances marking considerable advances, and in others being, so to speak, stationary. Take Broadway, for instance, from Fourteenth to Chambers Street, which belongs principally to old New York families. There are many vacant properties, simply because the owners have not kept abreast of the demand for the erection of buildings for commercial requirements. Consequently a good many business people have gone northward, but the owners are now beginning to realize conditions, and buildings commensurate with the value of the land are going up.

"On the other hand, Times Square has become the centre of the town, and values there during the last five years have been enhanced beyond those in any other section of the city. Bronx territory, has received rather a setback owing to overbuilding, many houses being of the cheaper class which is not readily tenanted."

Mr. Coogan, who is accompanied by his wife and daughter, will go to Trouville shortly.

VIGIL BY PRINCES AT EMPEROR'S BIER

Japan's People Show Marked Restraint and Dignity Under Their Burden of Sorrow.

YEAR'S MOURNING ORDERED

The New Emperor Decrees That His Era Shall Be Known as Taisei, ("Great Righteousness.")

TOKIO, July 30.—While the death of the Emperor, Mutsuhito, has caused profound and widespread grief, there has been little effect on normal conditions. The absence of demonstrations of any kind has been noteworthy, and aside from the closed banks and commercial houses, the crêpe-bound flags at every entrance and signs of mourning by foreigners and natives alike, the Nation moved along on its accustomed business, showing remarkable restraint and dignity under the weight of a great sorrow.

Thousands of prominent personages called during the day at the Palace, which was surrounded by infantry. The callers included the entire Diplomatic Corps.

A special chamber, simply furnished, in the Palace was arranged for the reception of the coffin containing the body of the dead Emperor. There the coffin reposes on a raised dais, covered with a white cloth. It was surrounded throughout the day by members of the royal family. The Emperor and Empress, the Dowager Empress and the imperial princes and princesses, formed the sole guard and kept vigil, which will be maintained throughout the private lying in state, prior to the funeral. This is expected to take place about September 1, although the date has not been determined.

The Emperor, Yoshihito, was occupied much of today with affairs of State. The orders issued include the suspension of the official administrative offices for five days, the retention of mourning flags until after the day of the funeral, and the establishment of a special bureau for the funeral arrangements of which an imperial Prince is the director.

The Home Department has issued instructions for one year's mourning, but it is understood that full mourning will be limited to fifty days in order to prevent dislocation of business.

By official decree the era of the new Emperor is to be known as Taisei, ("Great Righteousness.") That of Mutsuhito was known as Meiji, ("Intelligent Administration.")

A salute of twenty-one guns for the new Emperor will be fired to-morrow, and the following day one of sixty guns, enumerating the years of the dead Emperor.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—President Taft, accompanied by his aid, Major T. L. Rhoades, called at the Japanese Embassy to-day and expressed in person to Ambassador Chinda his deep regret at the death of Emperor Mutsuhito.

The President to-day received this cable message from Yoshihito, the new Emperor of Japan:

> I am deeply touched by your sympathetic message and offer you my sincere thanks.

From the Empress Dowager Haruko the President received this message:

> I am deeply touched by your kind message. Pray accept my sincere thanks for the heartfelt sympathy so cordially expressed by you and Mrs. Taft on this sorrowful occasion.

After President Taft had returned to the White House from the Japanese Embassy Ambassador Chinda repaid his call.

Viscount Uchida, Minister for Foreign Affairs for Japan, has telegraphed from Tokio this reply to Secretary Knox's expression of sympathy:

> I am deeply touched by the personal sympathy shown by you in the hour of our profound grief and beg to express to you my most sincere thanks for your message.

ENGLISH COURT MOURNING.

The King Orders a Three Weeks' Observance.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 30.—King George has commanded the Court to go into mourning for three weeks for the Mikado.

A CHANCE TO EARN $500.

Ringrose Offers It for Name of Tramp or Burglar District Leader.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 30.—In answer to a correspondent of The Daily Mail, declaring that the district leaders of New York were originally tramps, who afterward became pickpockets, bank burglars, saloon keepers, hotel proprietors, and finally Tammany Hall statesmen, Hyacinte Ringrose, a New York lawyer and native Englishman, writes a letterto that newspaper, wherein he says:

"I will donate 100 guineas to the London Hospital if your correspondent can name one such district leader now living in New York City."

Passengers on the Oceanic.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 30.—Among those booked to sail on the White Star liner Oceanic to-morrow are Miss Mittell Brune, the actress; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burton, Major and Mrs. S. Comfort, Mr. and Mrs. Melville Ferguson and family, Mrs. Hammersley, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Harrison, Will Irwin, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Jackson, Col. E. W. Jones, Mrs. R. C. Lehman, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Logie, Mrs. Matthew Scott, head of the Daughters of the American Revolution; Mrs. Lewis Stephenson and daughters, Charles A. Strauss, Mr. and Mrs. George M. Trimble, and Mrs. L. D. Williams.

FOR A BRITISH EMPIRE TEAM.

Doyle Would Let Colored Men Compete in the Olympic Games.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 30.—Following his letter in The Times to-day giving his views as to what should be done by Britons in order to win the next Olympic Games, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle returns to the subject to-night in an interview.

"We must make new arrangements for Berlin," he says, "and must adopt modern businesslike methods. It is impossible to allow things to go on as at present, and, although I do not wish to pose for a moment as an authority on the matter, I would like to offer a few suggestions.

"I would like to suggest, for instance, that a British Empire team, including all the colonies and dependencies of the empire, be got together for the next games. In this way Australia, India, South Africa, and any other place might run its own team, but if it won a point it would be scored for the union jack. I would also include representatives of the dark races in the empire team. It is unfair to allow them to represent the empire on the battlefield and not in sport.

"The work of organization should commence at once. Professional coaches should be appointed immediately, such as Alec Nelson, who has a reputation behind him, although I would have no objection to our going to America or to any other country, providing we could get men who could teach us something.

"I might mention that I have a nephew, quite a youth, who has already thrown a cricket ball nearly 100 yards. I am going to give him a chance with the discus and javelin, allowing him to practice in a field at my place."

AN AEROPLANE DICTAGRAPH.

It Enables the Airman to Record His Observations Vocally.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 30.—The dictagraph is the latest scientific invention to be applied to the aeroplane.

In order to reduce the dead weight of the small, swift monoplanes used by the French Army for reconnaissance work, there is no provision for carrying a passenger or observer, who would be of invaluable assistance in keeping a record of observations made during a flight.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns that experiments are about to be made with a special apparatus fastened to the airman's back, with a talking tube brought around under his arm within easy distance of his mouth. The airman, who cannot write, as his hands are occupied with the levers, will speak his observations into the tube, and they will be recorded on the sensitive disk of the apparatus fastened to his back. A simple mechanism enables him to change the disk without inconvenience.

ASQUITH GOING TO CANADA.

He and Churchill to Make the Voyage on a Battleship.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, July 31.—The Daily Mail says it is understood that Premier Asquith and First Lord of the Admiralty Churchill have accepted an invitation to visit Canada. They will make the voyage in a battleship.

The date of the visit has not yet been fixed.

DENIES SINGLE TAX PLAN.

Premier Asquith Makes a Statement in the House of Commons.

LONDON, July 30.—Premier Asquith denied in the House of Commons this afternoon that the Government proposed to frame a measure for a single tax on land.

$800 for Henri Fabre.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Wednesday, July 31.—According to the Matin, the Academy of Sciences has decided to award the Grenier Prize of $800 to Henri Fabre, the scientist-poet, whom the paper announced recently to be in dire need.

CAN'T PROVE MURDER OF MISS SNODGRASS

Tests with a Dummy in the Creek Leave Authorities Still Uncertain.

WILL EXAMINE FOR POISON

Sister Is Convinced That She Took Her Own Life While Temporarily Deranged.

The body of Miss Dorcas I. Snodgrass, the nurse, who was found dead last Sunday in Dubois Creek, near Catskill, N. Y., after she had disappeared from her home in Mount Vernon, reached this city yesterday, and will be shipped for burial to Martinsburg, West Va. Since the discovery of the body an investigation has been carried on in Catskill by the authorities of Greene County, but last night it was still undetermined whether Miss Snodgrass had met with an accident, had taken her own life, or had been murdered.

The physicians who performed an autopsy at Catskill Monday night decided that Miss Snodgrass's death resulted from "an unascertainable cause." They found no abrasions or other evidence of violence, and the autopsy disclosed no motive for the murder of the girl.

Miss Snodgrass's body was found in Dubois Creek at a spot where every riverman of this neighborhood is convinced the tide could not have carried it. District Attorney Wilbur attempted to settle this point yesterday by placing a dummy in the creek inside the sandbar at the creek entrance, and within an hour and a half this dummy had floated part way upstream toward the point where Miss Snodgrass's body was found. This showed that a body could float up the creek, but it did not prove that Miss Snodgrass's body could have floated over the bar from the river, and rivermen scout the belief that this actually occurred.

They are satisfied that Miss Snodgrass either committed suicide where her body was found or that the body was dropped into the creek from a boat after the girl had been killed elsewhere. On the theory that Miss Snodgrass was murdered Chief of Police Hubbard and Sheriff Post are investigating stories of a mysterious yacht that is said to have dropped anchor overnight off Dubois Landing ten days ago. Suspicion was directed against the craft because it approached the landing after dark, showed no lights, and left at 4 o'clock the next morning.

But while the Greene County authorities are striving to show that Miss Snodgrass was murdered, the girl's sister, Mrs. J. Leland Creider of Mount Vernon, continues to believe that Miss Snodgrass committed suicide, probably while temporarily deranged. Mrs. Creider said last night:

"I think now that Dorcas must have boarded the wrong train at the Grand Central Station, intending to return to Mount Vernon, and in her condition found out that she was going in the wrong direction when it was too late. What she did after that I cannot imagine. There can be no truth in the theory that Dorcas was lured away by any one. She would not be caught in any trap. I will not believe any such thing has happened to her. I am sure that her death was due to herself alone."

MISS DANBY STILL GONE.

Police Have Traced Her Movements Up to July 20.

No trace has yet been found of Miss Amelia Danby, the sixteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Danby of 70 South Fourth Avenue, Mount Vernon, who has been missing since July 13. Though the missing girl and Dorcas I. Snodgrass became very friendly while Miss Danby was a patient in the Mount Vernon Hospital last September, Police Lieutenant George Atwell, who is seeking her, does not connect the two disappearances.

Since learning last Tuesday that Miss Danby spent the 13th with Mrs. Margaret Devery of 239th Street, the Bronx, and said she intended to run away from hime, Lieut. Atwell has traced her up to the 20th, when she met Josephine Neubaum of 240th Street, who was arrested on the 25th as a runaway girl and committed to the House of the Good Shepard. Miss Neubaum told Atwell she met Miss Danby at Third Avenue and 146th Street on the 20th, and that Miss Danby had said she, too, had run away from home, but had decided to go back. Lieut. Atwell learned also that she was seen at Clason's Point the same day.

Mrs. Danby received many letters yesterday from people in the Bronx saying that the writers had seen a girl answering to the description of her daughter.

"No Beer but This for My Table at Home!"
That is the Decision of Most Good Judges, for
Imperial Gold Label Beer
Bottled only by the Brewers, Beadleston & Woerz, New York. Order from any dealer.
Is Thoroughly Wholesome as Well as Refreshing!

A Mistake—Not Ours is the cause of this
Shirt Sale
of 7,500 Beautiful Shirts
90c

WE ordered 2,500 of these shirts for our four stores.
Maker thought we meant 2,500 shirts for EACH store.
He made up and delivered 10,000 shirts.
We refused to accept the extra 7,500.
It's too late in the season for him to find another buyer.
So he let us have the shirts at less than they cost him.
He loses MORE than we profit.
And you get a remarkably good $1.50 and $2.00 value for 90c.

FANCY NEGLIGEES. Madras, Percale, many highly mercerized fabrics. An almost unlimited assortment of patterns and color combinations. Stiff laundered cuffs and soft French double cuffs. All shirts coat style. All sizes and sleeve lengths.

SUITS which were sold up to last Friday at $25.00, $22.50 & $20.00, now $17

Smith Gray & Co.
Under Same Control and Ownership Since 1845.
Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH ST.
WILL BEGIN, TOMORROW, AUGUST 1st, THEIR
Final Clearance Sales
OFFERING
Plain and Fancy Tailored Suits of Silk, Cloth and Linen;
Street, Motoring and Sport Coats;
Gowns, Dresses and Wraps;
Blouses and Millinery
At Mere Fractions of Former Prices
(Full Details in tonight's papers)
No sale goods sent on approval, reserved or exchanged.
Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

B. Altman & Co.
HAVE ARRANGED FOR THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY),
A SALE OF WOMEN'S SILK GLOVES
MOUSQUETAIRE, 16-BUTTON LENGTH, IN BLACK OR WHITE, AT THE SPECIAL PRICE OF
65c. PER PAIR
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York

Better than medicine is the hot bath before and after the day's work
If you have a modern GAS WATER HEATER, you will have all the hot water needed for the morning shave; the night-time needs of the sick-room, or for laundry or kitchen use, and have it instantly.
WE SELL WATER HEATERS ON EASY TERMS
Consolidated Gas Company of New York
Geo. B. Cortelyou, President.

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"
THE BIG STORE
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
BOTH SIDES OF 6th AVE.
18th & 19th STS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. NEW YORK
IN NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTER
Big Sales Today
Sure to Interest Thousands of "Times" Readers.
Value-giving in all departments of both of our magnificently-stocked buildings that emphasize The Big Store as an economy center.

MAIN BUILDING—Devoted to Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, Etc.
SILK PARASOLS at $1, $1.50 and $1.95; former selling prices $1.95 to $6.
BOYS' WASH SUITS at 79c, 95c and $1.50; former selling prices $1.50 to $3.50.
HANDKERCHIEFS—A sale of thousands of samples:
FOR WOMEN—Values to 15c, at.......7c
Initialed handkerchiefs.......6 for 27c
FOR MEN—Plain white cambric; ¼- or ½-inch hems......6 for 25c
Of Pure Irish Linen; openwork initial; regularly 6 for 75c; today.......6 for 50c
MEN'S AND WOMEN'S $3 and $3.50 FOOT-MOULD LOW SHOES, $1.85

The Greenhut Building
10 Acres Devoted to Furniture and Housefurnishings
Former Records Being Broken In Our
MIDSUMMER FURNITURE SALE
Nearly $400,000 worth now offered at special prices. We can print only random items here and there, but the whole list is here in the store for you to choose from. If you want furniture, buy it now—there'll not be another sale like this before next February.
$60 THREE-PIECE PARLOR SUITES, at.......$37.50
$35 OVAL LIBRARY TABLE.......$22
$28 COLONIAL LIBRARY TABLE.......$13.50
$57.50 QUARTERED OAK BUFFET.......$45.00
$37.50 QUARTERED OAK CHINA CLOSETS.......$30.50
$7.50 "ARTS AND CRAFTS" ROCKERS; genuine Spanish leather, spring cushion seat; at.......$5.75
(Arm Chairs to Match at same price.)
$10 MAHOGANY FINISHED PARLOR ROCKERS.......$6
$15 IMITATION LEATHER COUCH.......$9.50
Also Associate Sales of Floor Coverings, Framed Pictures and Oil Paintings, Portieres and Lace Curtains, China and Glassware, Lamps and Lighting Fixtures, Housewares in General.
Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

What Newspaper
are you in the habit of reading regularly? No doubt it took you some time to "get the habit." You believe in that particular paper.
If, like yourself thousands of other people have formed the habit, that paper is very apt to be the best advertising medium in the community. A large percentage of regular readers is a great thing for a newspaper. It is also a great thing for the advertisers who use that paper. It means confidence, good will, and the maximum of cumulative effect for the advertiser.
The Baltimore Sun
is that kind of a newspaper. Most of its readers are regular readers.
Circulation, 120,000 Net Paid
During the past year THE SUN'S increase in circulation has been remarkable. Get full information before making up your Fall list.
W. S. BIRD
1 Madison Ave., New York
GUY S. OSBORN
Tribune Building, Chicago

DIXON OFF TO STAGE CHICAGO CONVENTION

John M. Parker, a Southern Democrat, Likely to be the Permanent Chairman.

ROOSEVELT GOES SUNDAY

To Sound His "Declaration of Faith" on Monday—Prendergast for Nominating Role.

After a conference with Col. Roosevelt lasting for two hours his campaign manager, United States Senator Joseph M. Dixon, departed for Chicago yesterday afternoon to begin the staging of the Bull Moose convention, which opens in that city next Monday.

Before departing Senator Dixon said that in all probability John M. Parker, a Democrat, of Louisiana, who has the distinction of having been defeated for the Gubernatorial nomination once, would be Permanent Chairman of the convention. The Colonel himself will sound the keynote of the Bull Moose campaign in a speech he intends to deliver.

Controller Prendergast of New York will nominate Col. Roosevelt. Seconding speeches are to be made by Gov. Hiram Johnson of California, Judge Ben Lindsey of Colorado, and ex-Gov. Garven of Rhode Island.

The National Progressive Committee is scheduled to meet in Chicago on Saturday, and a large part of the Bull Moose working staff will leave for the convention city to-day. Among the men who will depart are Henry F. Cochems of Wisconsin, the La Follette man, who recently has come out for the Colonel and become an attaché of his headquarters at the Manhattan Hotel, and O. K. Davis, press agent of the Progressives.

Provisional State Chairman William H. Hotchkiss announced yesterday that he had appointed Henry G. Merriam of Malone Provisional County Chairman of Franklin County. This leaves only two such posts in the State, in Orleans and Columbia Counties, unnamed.

"This is not a campaign; it is a revolution," said Mr. Hotchkiss. "We will beat Taft three to one in this State.

Mr. Hotchkiss yesterday told the newspaper men that he had every reason to believe that a report to the effect that Republican State Chairman Barnes and Tammany Leader Murphy had got together on nominations for the Court of Appeals was true. There are two Republican Judges, Vann and Haight, to be retired this year, while two Democratic Judges, Chief Judge Cullen and Gray, are to be retired next year. According to the newspaper report, Barnes and Murphy had reached an agreement covering both years on the basis of one Democrat and one Republican to be made the nominee of both parties each year. Mr. Hotchkiss said he looked upon such a deal as immoral, and declared that the National Progressive Party would give the people a chance to say whom they wanted nominated and elected for the Court of Appeals places. The National Progressive Party, Mr. Hotchkiss said, would place two candidates of its own in the field.

Mr. Barnes, when asked about the Hotchkiss statement, got quite worked up, and said:

"Mr. Hotchkiss may be able to reflect Mr. Roosevelt's mind, but he is not in a position to reflect mine. Half a million Republicans will vote at the primaries on Sept. 17 for delegates to the State Convention, and that State Convention will nominate successors to Judges Vann and Haight. I hope the convention will nominate men of such character and ability that if the Democratic party refuses to indorse them the Democratic candidates will be defeated."

TO HEAR KANSAS CASE HERE.

Justices White and Pitney to Review Roosevelt-Taft Controversy.

Justice Pitney of the United States Supreme Court, having on motion of Representative Marlin E. Olmsted of Pennsylvania granted a writ of error in the Kansas electoral case, the matter will be removed to this city, and the hearing has been set for to-morrow. Justice Pitney, who is at Morristown, N. J., has directed Marshal Henkel to make arrangements for the use of a courtroom in the Federal Building.

It is expected that Chief Justice White will sit with Justice Pitney at the argument in the Roosevelt-Taft ballot controversy. Representative Olmsted, who obtained the writ of error, is counsel for the Taft faction.

The Kansas electoral case involves an agreement between the Roosevelt and Taft forces in the Republican organization of that State for the purpose of preserving the status quo. It is similar to the proposal made in Pennsylvania by which the names of the Republican electors would be placed in two columns on the ballot—one Roosevelt column and one Taft column—with the proviso that if a majority of the votes are cast in the Taft column the electors should be bound to vote for Taft, and vice versa. By this arrangement the necessity of running a third ticket and a split in the Republican Party in Kansas, where Roosevelt sentiment runs strong, would be averted. The agreement is being attacked as not binding on the ground, among others, that it was entered into on a Sunday.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., July 30.—Justice Mahlon Pitney received a telegram today from Gov. W. R. Stubbs of Kansas, in which the sender asked that Justice Pitney hurry the decision in the application for a writ of error in the Kansas election fight so that the printing of the ballots might not be delayed beyond Friday of this week. The primary day in Kansas is next Tuesday. The telegram, dated from Topeka, Kan., was as follows:

> Answering your wire of yesterday, I beg to say that there are eighteen Republican candidates for Presidential Electors in Kansas, who, according to two court decisions, have a right to have their names placed on the ballot. A decision of the Federal court to strike off the names of eight of these men would take away the right of the Republicans of our State to choose their own Electors by primary election, as provided by the laws of our State.
>
> Our State primary is to be held on Aug. 6, and as our printers are not equipped with the up-to-date methods of your Eastern men, they are not able to work as fast, and for that reason I ask that when the case comes up before you on Thursday that you act as quickly as possible, as a delay of a day now would work great hardship on the voters. It will be a physical impossibility to have the ballots printed in time for use on Tuesday, unless we are able to get a prompt decision from your Honor. The failure of the printer to get the ballots on time would deprive the Republicans of our State the right to nominate Presidential Electors, as well as Electors of Governor and all other State and district officers to be voted for at the November election.
>
> I send this with great reluctance, but I feel it my duty to the voters of my State to see that every effort is made to expedite matters, so that they will have the opportunity to go the primaries on Tuesday next and vote for the Electors they select.
>
> W. R. STUBBS,
> Governor of Kansas.

Justice Pitney replied that he would do his best to expedite a decision on the case.

MAY BOLT THE BULL MOOSE.

Illinois Delegates Clash Over a Third Party State Ticket.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The Bull Moose Convention is not going to be as peaceful as predicted nor run as smoothly or with the precision of a well-oiled machine, according to a number of delegates who arrived to-day to attend the Roosevelt State Convention on Saturday. Many of the Moose men of Illinois are dissatisfied with the dictum that, casting all friendship and political affiliations aside, a third State ticket in Illinois must be nominated.

The fight will be carried to the floor of the convention, and the antagonists of a third State ticket, if defeated there, threaten to bolt the Roosevelt forces. More than a third of the delegates are reported ready to walk out of the convention unless the third ticket men capitulate.

Powerful organization influences are in the field laboring with delegates to prevent what they declare will be a "big blunder." The message they bring to Chicago is that Col. Roosevelt will lose more than half of his present following vention unless the third State ticket men capitulate.

More than 300 delegates to the State Convention are now out against a new State ticket, and they are declared to be ready to walk out to emphasize the futility of involving the Roosevelt-Taft fight with State issues.

ORGANIZE IN MISSOURI.

Platform Declares for Woman's Suffrage and the Recall.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 30.—The Progressive Party in Missouri was organized here to-day in a State convention. Eighty counties were represented at the meeting.

The delegates at large are Col. W. R. Nelson of Kansas City, Judge A. D. Norton of St. Louis, Col. H. H. Gregg of Joplin, and Col. John F. Meyers of Sheridan County.

The delegates were instructed to vote at the National Convention for the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt for President.

The platform advocated woman suffrage, the initiative, referendum and recall "to the end that the people may control," and "also such progressive measures as will guarantee the latter government for the cities and break the power of those political manipulators who seek to control for their financial gain and selfish interests municipal affairs."

TAFT WINS IN BROOKLYN.

Roosevelt Men Beaten—The Chicago Ticket Indorsed.

The Roosevelt faction in the Brooklyn Union League Club, the leading Republican club of that borough, were beaten last night in their efforts to prevent an indorsement by the organization of the Taft-Sherman ticket. Although the Bull Moose members were led by ex-Lieut. Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff and Controller William A. Prendergast, the club pledged its support to the Republican National candidates by an overwhelming vote.

Last night the club met as a whole to consider the matter. There were present 232 members, while the proxies of 66 others were voted. After a lively debate the club, by 266 to 32, voted to indorse the Chicago ticket.

D. S. Barry the Taft Literary Head.

It was announced last night at the headquarters of the Republican National Committee in the Times Building that David S. Barry, Washington correspondent of the Providence Journal, would be at the head of the literary bureau during the Taft campaign.

Money Saved—Pusey for Good Printing. Pusey Press, 136 W. 42d. Tel. 5447 Bryant.—Adv.

MORE PROGRESSIVES THAN CHICAGO VOTES

Connecticut Solves the Problem by Sending Seven Times the Number of Delegates.

OLD-LINE LEADERS ASSAILED

Roraback, Republican Chairman, Denounced as a Railroad Lobbyist, but the Convention Later Recants.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 30.—Believers in the Progressive movement in politics from all over the State met in mass convention here this afternoon, and choose forty-nine delegates to the Chicago Convention of the Progressive Party, instructed them for Col. Theodore Roosevelt for the Presidency, decided to have the party legally enrolled as a political body in Connecticut bearing the name to be chosen at Chicago, voted that a State ticket should be placed in the field, and adopted a platform in which equal suffrage was the noticeable plank, owing to a contest which developed over it.

The State delegation will have seven votes in the Chicago Convention, but so many wished to make the trip that the Provisional State Committee recommended twenty-eight delegates, with a quarter of a vote each. As names were ratified the list was increased by multiples of seven until forty-nine was reached, giving each delegate a seventh of a vote.

The delegation was instructed to support the short ballot, direct primaries, popular election of United States Senators, the initiative, referendum, and recall, an independent Federal commission plan for regulating industrial corporations, a protective tariff which shall protect both industry and employes, while destroying monopolies which have increased the cost of living, a parcels post, woman suffrage, and a workingmen's compensation law.

The sensation of the session was this resolution, put in by F. E. Guffy of West Hartford, prominent in the State Grange:

> We demand that the Consolidated Railroad Company recall from the position of Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee its chief lobbyist, Henry J. Roraback.

This went through with a cheer.

Then a delegate in the rear of the theatre suggested that Charles W. Comstock, Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, ought to be included in the resolution.

A motion to that effect was made. A spirited debate followed. The motion was defeated and then the resolution referring to Roraback was reconsidered and the motion expunged from the records

NAME MINNESOTA ELECTORS.

Roosevelt Men Avoid State Issues in Selecting Delegates.

ST. PAUL, July 30.—The third party in Minnesota was organized here to-day. The convention steered clear of State politics, confining itself to speechmaking, lauding Col. Roosevelt, adopting resolutions, and choosing delegates to the national convention at Chicago and Presidential Electors.

Of the Presidential Electors nominated last May by the Roosevelt majority in the State Republican Convention all but one have resigned. Three of them, however, declined to become electors on the new ticket.

33 WEST VIRGINIA DELEGATES.

17 Extra Ones Chosen to the Progressive Convention.

CHARLESTON, West Va., July 30.—The National Progressive Party, in State Convention to-day, selected seventeen delegates, in addition to the sixteen that represented the State at the Republican National Convention in June, to go to Chicago on Aug. 5 and represent West Virginia in the Progressive convention.

Resolutions adopted declared the nomination of President Taft at Chicago was not a legal nomination; that it was secured by stolen votes, and that Taft's nomination showed "malignant contempt for the will of the people."

The platform indorses the initiative, referendum, and recall; condemns the mine guard system now in vogue, especially in this State; favors public ownership of the telephone and telegraph, selection of United States Senators by direct vote, female suffrage, and indorses the administration of Gov. Glasscock.

RACE QUESTION WORRIES HIM.

Colonel Dodges Issue When Negro Delegation Calls on Him.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 30.—Col. Roosevelt spent the day in New York, but had few political visitors. He finally decided to-night to start for Chicago on Sunday and will make his first appearance at the convention of the Progressives next Monday afternoon, the day he is scheduled to place before the people his "declaration of faith."

The differences that have arisen in some of the Southern States between the "lily white" faction and the negroes were brought prominently to the attention of Col. Roosevelt by a visit of a delegation of negroes who called at The Outlook office to find out just how he stood on the race question. Col. Roosevelt did not have a word to say except to talk kindly to the colored men. He said afterward that he had little or nothing to do with the selection of delegates to the Bull Moose Convention and in the Southern States that would be left to the men who signed the call for the convention.

During his primary campaign Col. Roosevelt made several addresses before audiences of colored men, and just what he will do now in this emergency is a matter which is being carefully watched by his opponents. The question is one that is worrying the Colonel and his managers to no little extent, as they see the danger in it and want the Chicago Convention carried on without the race question being made an issue in any form.

In speaking of the coming convention Col. Roosevelt said:

"I have received many letters from all parts of the country suggesting that some regular old-line Democrat take a prominent part in our convention. Many of these letters have mentioned the name of John M. Parker of New Orleans. Senator Dixon has also received many letters suggesting that Mr. Parker be made temporary Chairman. I see absolutely no objection to this idea."

Another visitor received by Col. Roosevelt to-day was Congressman Warburton of Washington. He said to the Colonel that there was no misunderstanding the Roosevelt strength in the State of Washington. The Congressman would not make any definite comment upon the third party, but said that he would have a public statement to make upon the question in a few days.

SPLIT IN NEBRASKA.

Taft Delegates Bolt the State Convention—Two Tickets Certain.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 30.—Republicans of Nebraska split to-day, holding two conventions, selecting two State Central Committees, and paving the way for two State tickets to be voted for in November.

The break came after the Executive Committee of the old State Central Committee had seated a majority of the Progressive delegates whose seats had been contested by the followers of President Taft. This gave the Roosevelt Progressive faction control of the convention.

The Progressives selected Gov. Aldrich as Chairman. He ruled out of order a resolution declaring the test of Republicanism to be fealty to the National ticket.

The ruling caused an uproar and protests, and when Chairman Aldrich insisted on adhering to it more than 150 Taft delegates, more than half the Taft total strength in the convention, left the hall and the contesting Progressive delegates marched in and took their places.

The resolutions adopted by the Progressives are silent as to National and State candidates. Among other things the resolutions declare for "individual liberty, equality of opportunity, and the right of the whole people to dictate the policies of the Government."

When the split came the Taft adherents marched to the banquet hall of the Lincoln Hotel. E. L. McGilton of Omaha was made Chairman of the meeting. A new State Central Committee was selected, with Gen. G. H. Gulver as Chairman, and this committee was empowered to fill all vacancies on the State ticket, which means, according to those present, that a second set of Republican nominees will be put in the field by petition.

Resolutions were passed reaffirming devotion to the Republican Party.

ASSAILS HILLES BY WIRE.

Ninth Alabama Contest Statement a Deliberate Falsehood, Says Handley.

A telegram from Judge Oscar R. Hundley of Birmingham, Ala., to Col. Roosevelt, in which the Judge calls the statement of Chairman Charles D. Hilles of the Republican National Committee in regard to the Ninth Alabama District contest "a deliberate and unqualified falsehood," was given out at the Progressive headquarters last night. The telegram in part is as follows:

> The statement of Charles D. Hilles appearing in the press in reference to the Ninth Alabama District contest that the written resolution under the right of the Chairman to appoint to vacancies showed on its face that the specific authority was written in different writing and different colored pencil between the lines, is a deliberate and unqualified falsehood. Pending the hearing before the National Committee, counsel for Taft delegates stated by way of argument that he believed the resolution had been tampered with. I challenged him to make affidavit to this statement and he declined to do so. I also challenged him to produce one single witness who could swear that the statement was true and he failed to do this.

Judge Hundley then submits five affidavits from various delegates and officials to the effect that the men making the affidavits sustain in every word the original resolution adopted by the Congressional Convention in 1910 and submitted by Judge Hundley.

J. C. Sherman Is Foss's New Secretary.

BOSTON, July 30.—John C. Sherman of Brookline was appointed private secretary to Gov. Foss to-day. Mr. Sherman succeeds Dudley M. Holman who was recently appointed to the State Industrial Accident Board.

ESTABLISHED 1848
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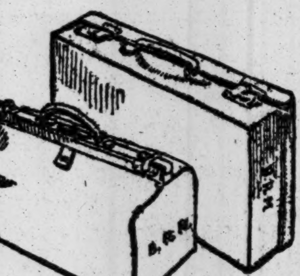
CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
ACTUAL MAKERS
89 Regent Street

Cross English Luggage



KIT BAG—Made of Tan Grained Oxhide—Lined with Cleanly Checked Linen—Lightest Bag Made for Its Capacity—1 Long Side Pocket—Clothes Lie Flat and Free From Wrinkles—Fastened with Brass Lock and 2 Clip Fasteners—
18 Inches $14.50
22 Inches $16.50

SUIT CASE—Tan Plain Oxhide—Check Linen Lined—Extremely Light in Weight—Handsewn Throughout—Fold-in Cover for Shirts—2 Brass Locks—
24 Inches
$26.00

Catalogue Sent Upon Request.

Second Floor
Stationery, Trunks and Motorities—Glass and Metal Novelties, Saddlery

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World's Greatest Leather Stores
210 Fifth Avenue 253 Broadway
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Pacific Coast and Return
$95.50
Lackawanna Railroad
Ticket Offices:
Broadway, Corner 42d St., 28th St., Howard St. and Wall St.

OLD CROW RYE
"Reg. U. S. Pat. Off."
GUARANTEED TO BE
PURE RYE WHISKEY
UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.
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Enlargements and Similar Articles.
A magnificent catalogue with 1,000 photographs of views. Price, $2.00.
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Lithographers and Printers,
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John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

MEN HAVE NOT BEEN FORGOTTEN IN THE SALE OF WHITE

In fact, they have been remembered bountifully with unexcelled values in shirts, pajamas, bathrobes and night shirts. Assortments large, styles the newest, prices the most moderate and the goods displayed on Main Floor Tables that are easy of access.

Another Shipment of
Soft Summer Shirts, 89c
Instead of $1.50 and $2.00
We were fortunate in obtaining 3000 of these shirts. There is nothing finer obtainable at this price. They are sheer and cool, with good style throughout. Made up in light and dark grounds with single, double and triple stripes and the popular Russian cords. All are cut coat style and all have soft double cuffs attached. Sizes 14 to 18. Sleeve lengths 34 and 35.

Japanese Silk Shirts, $3.24
Instead of $5.00
Only our finest custom shirts exceed these in finish and fabric. All the shirts are pure silk. They are in white only. Made with detachable negligee collar and soft double cuffs. Sizes 14 to 16.

Terry Robes, $2.49
Instead of $3.50
Specialty shops have featured these bath robes as "special" at a dollar more than they are offered for here. They are made of superior quality Terry cloth, cut full. In white grounds, with stripes, or jacquard woven figure effects.

Main Fl., 34th St., Rear.

Mercerized Pajamas, $1.19
Instead of $1.50 and $2.00
The mercerized fabrics used in making these very desirable sleeping garments are the best obtainable. They are patterned in white grounds and light blue, pink and gray, with trimmings of contrasting shades. Cut in military or surplice style. All sizes.

"Macy's Own" Nightshirts, 64c
Instead of $1.00
Made in our own workrooms, where only standard materials are used. Cut V neck. Trimmed with white or colors. Sizes from 15 to 20.

Cambric Nightshirts, 48c
Instead of 75c
Cut full and ample with V neck. Finished with one or two rows of either turkey red, indigo blue or plain white feather stitch trimming.

"That's good, Smith; I won't come in today—I'll call you tomorrow."

"Commuting By Telephone"

THAT is the way a friend characterizes a plan followed last year by a number of New York business men and which is being followed by more business men this year.

Formerly, during the summer season, the business man commuted *by train* from his country home to his office at least *five times* a week. It was thought necessary to do so in order to be sure everything was well at the office. Today, however, a business that is properly systemized can be *supervised by telephone* almost as efficiently as in person; and the busy man can enjoy his summer vacation, can get the best out of country life, and yet not neglect his affairs in town. He "commutes by telephone" several days each week.

"Commuting by telephone" means that in less than half an hour you can reach the office, hear the reports of yesterday's business, read the mail and lay out the work for the day. The rest of the day can be devoted to recreation and pleasure.

All parts of vacation land, the mountains, and the seashore, are within easy "commuting distance" by Bell Telephone.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

GIMBEL BROTHERS
Take Pleasure in Announcing
The AUGUST FURNITURE SALE
Beginning Tomorrow, Thursday, August First

¶ This great House Furnishing Movement depends, for its success, only upon the inspection and judgment of the housekeepers of New York City and vicinage. If they come and SEE and COMPARE the Furniture presented at GIMBELS, they will decide that AUGUST is the TIME to buy Furniture and that GIMBELS is the PLACE.

¶ As all our preparations are now made, we have arranged our Furniture floors for

TODAY, Wednesday, A Day of INSPECTION And COMPARISON

¶ The Furniture will not be on sale until Thursday morning, but all the tickets will be marked with August prices, and selections may be made and orders placed for delivery on Thursday, or any time later, at your convenience, when your home is ready to receive the Furniture.

TODAY—LAST DAY
Of the GIMBEL July Clearance Sale

Only today remains of a month of wonderful economies. It is your LAST CHANCE to share in the store-wide savings produced by this drastic clearance event.

If you haven't visited GIMBELS during this month of stirring offerings, don't fail to be in at the finish today.

If you *have* shared in the fine opportunities, you will be SURE to come when you know that some of the very best bargains of the month—the last small lots to be gotten out of the way before inventory—will be here today. DON'T MISS THEM!

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

Woolworth Building
Broadway, Park Place
to Barclay Street.

Highest in the World.
IN NEW YORK'S GREAT CIVIC, FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL CENTRES.

"Woolworth Building" tells your story—your progressiveness—the high character of your business. It is the safest and most perfectly constructed office building in the world, with permanent light and air, and all up-to-date conveniences. Space divided to suit tenants

Information as to space and rates on request.

Several ground floor Broadway stores available for high-class businesses.

EDWARD J. HOGAN, Agent,
3 Park Row, Opp. Astor House
Telephone, 5279 Cort.

O stands for Opportunities in Savings.

Men's Summer mixture suits.

Men's Summer serges.

Both at markdown prices.

$15, $20, $25.

All sizes, 32 to 54 chest.

Likewise boys—

Summer mixtures and serges.

Hundreds of higher priced suits now included among those at $6.50, $8.50 and $10.50.

Also small boys—

Washable Russian and sailor suits.

$1.50 instead of $1.75 to $3.50.

$2.50 instead of $3.00 to $5.00.

Boys' shirts.

85c. instead of $1.

$1.15 instead of $1.50.

$1.35 instead of $2.00 and $2.50.

Boys' stockings—

15c. instead of 25c.

Boys' scarfs—

25c. instead of 50c.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

GILBEY'S LONDON DRY GIN

GILBEY'S
EXTRA PURE
LONDON
Dry Gin
is made in London, England, and shipped to America in bottles only.

For Sale by
ACKER, MERRALL & CONDIT CO.
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WINE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION
and All High-class Cafes and Wine Merchants.

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Made to Draw
Cooking Odors
Carried Out of the House
Payment Conditional on Success
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211 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Heating—Ventilating—Air Filtration

Gives Relief from
GOUT, RHEUMATISM, RHEUMATIC GOUT, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO
EADE'S GOUT PILLS
Helps all pain in the head, face and limbs
At all Druggists, or from Sole Agents
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Avoid substitutes so-called "VICHY" offered by unscrupulous dealers

Use Elsinore
THE "QUALITY" TYPEWRITER PAPER.
Guarantee satisfaction.
Try "ElsinoreBond" To day

WARNED BY KNOX, OROZCO IS DEFIANT

Mexican Rebel Leader Says He Will Disarm All Foreigners in the Insurrecto Zone.

BUT PROMISES PROTECTION

Washington Urges Madero to Push Chihuahua Campaign and Crush the Guerrillas.

JUAREZ, July 30.—"We intend to disarm every foreigner living in the zones dominated by the revolutionary party, if it will enable us to gain the means to unseat Madero," declared Gen. Pascual Orozco, Commander in Chief of the Mexican rebels, in answer to the warning transmitted to him by Secretary Knox regarding the raids on American properties. While the rebel leader's remarks were not directed officially to Mr. Knox, they were meant as a reply to the points conveyed in the message from Washington.

Gen. Orozco went on to qualify his statement in part:

"At the same time we will afford the homes and families of foreigners every protection, regardless of their sympathies or affiliations. We do not contemplate killing any one except in open warfare.

"Reports are current that our soldiers entered the houses of foreigners in Colonia Dublan and Colonia Juarez and heaped indignities upon women and children. These charges I deny in the strongest manner possible. Gen. Salazar requested representatives of the Mormons in these places to meet him, which was done, and Gen. Salazar demanded all arms and ammunition in the colonies, demands which the colonists acceded to without resistance. There was no violence, no indignity offered any one, nor will there be any unless foreigners bring it upon themselves."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Secretary Knox sent two messages to Mexico Sunday, one to the Madero Government and one to Gen. Orozco, the rebel leader, both aiming to end the present intolerable situation there.

The Madero Government was informed of the reports of the persecution of Americans in Mexico and the flight of a large number to El Paso for safety, and was asked to send soldiers into the region infested by rebels and protect the Americans there.

To Gen. Orozco warning was given that if he and his associates did not desist from the course now being pursued by them, they would have to take the consequences. The dispatch was sterner in tone than those sent previously, but the State Department and the President are at loss to see what means can be used to compel the guerrilla chieftain to heed the warning except by taking steps that would be equivalent to a declaration of war.

President Madero has promised to send more troops to Northern Mexico, and advices received at the War Department today indicate that by forced marches the Mexican regulars are striving to close in on Gen. Salazar and Gen. Orozco from the west and south with the object of crushing them once for all.

MORMONS LOSE MILLIONS.

Must Abandon Farms and Improvements in Flight from Mexico.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 30.—Seven to eight million dollars is the valuation placed by the presiding Bishop of the Mormon Church upon property of the Mormon settlers which they will be compelled to abandon on leaving Mexico.

"The Mormons possess large tracts of the finest agricultural land in the country," stated the presiding officer.

"The farms have been improved and stocked with tools and machinery, residences have been built and irrigation systems completed. The four settlements comprise between seven and eight hundred families, and a conservative estimate places the average individual property of each family including improvements, water rights, and stock at $10,000."

Meeting houses and other buildings of the Church in Mexico are said to be worth $145,000.

ONE-DAY MOTOR CAR TOUR.

Good Roads Favor Tourists to Ridgefield, Conn.

Many interesting one-day motor car tours have been laid out by the Bureau of Tours of the Automobile Club of America. While a trip of 115 miles for a day's outing is not very difficult on any of the roads in the vicinity of New York, a trip to Ridgefield, Conn., is particularly easy. It carries the tourist up the Long Island Sound shore, over the Boston Post Road to Stamford, and then turns to the left, leaving the shore and crossing the Connecticut line into the extreme northeast corner of New York and immediately back into Connecticut at the quaint old town of Ridgefield.

Starting from Columbus Circle, the tour runs by way of Central Park West and Jerome Avenue to Pelham Parkway. The route then lies over the White Plains Road to the old Boston Post Road, a distance of twelve miles from the start. Pelham is next reached, and in succession New Rochelle, Larchmont, Rye, Port Chester, Greenwich, and Stamford.

The trip to this point affords abundant changes of interesting scenery. After passing through the main street at Stamford the main highway carries the tourist to New Canaan, a distance of 40.9 miles. Ridgefield is reached after traveling eleven miles further, where the road branches off to the right, and straight on past the church and cemetery to Wilton. Good roads favor the tourist through this section and continue to Norwalk, one of the prettiest sections of Connecticut.

After passing the mill pond at Norwalk, the trolley road leads to Darien, where the tourist bears to the right on East Main Street into Stamford. At this point two-thirds of the journey has been covered, and the road leads straight on to West Main Street to the trolley, which is followed down the hill and into Greenwich and Port Chester. There are several good stretches of roads by which the autoist may return to New York, but the most attractive is through Port Chester, past the band stand, under the railroad, and through to Rye. The right fork at the small park leads to the main thoroughfare to Mamaroneck and on to Larchmont, New Rochelle, and Pelham. The same road can be traversed on the return from this point to Columbus Circle as on the outward journey, or a cut can be made at 110th Street to Riverside Drive, instead of traversing Central Park West.

SEEK DIVORCEE WHO REWED.

Mrs. Smith Married a Few Days After Decree, Which Law Forbids.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 30.—Robert A. Walsh, the Sheridan, Wyo., banker, and his bride, who was Mrs. Charlotte Silsbee Drexel Smith, a society woman recently of Colorado Springs and formerly of Chicago, are being sought by officers of Laramie County on a charge of violating a State law relating to the remarriage of divorced persons.

The law which they are said to have violated provides that no divorced person can be remarried until a year from the date the divorce was obtained. The law holds witnesses equally guilty. The penalty is a fine of not more than $1,000 and a prison sentence of not more than one year.

Taft May Address Waters Meeting.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—President Taft tentatively accepted to-day an invitation of the Atlantic Deeper Waters Association to address its annual meeting in New London, Conn., Sept. 5.

EMMET NOW DEFENDS DIX.

Insurance Superintendent Calls Attacks on Governor Slanderous.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 30.—William Temple Emmet, State Superintendent of Insurance, made the following statement today:

"I shall be surprised if some of those whose names are being used in connection with the so-called Empire State Democracy will countenance such blackguard resolutions as were put forth last night over the name of that organization. Neither the regular Democratic organization nor Gov. Dix need fear any ill effects from such shameful misrepresentation, however.

"When the record which has been made by the Democratic Party during the past two years has been fully presented, as it will be, to the people of New York, it will be seen that we have had here, under Democratic rule, a safe, strong, honorable administration of State affairs, absolutely free from scandal and marked throughout by successful performance of the pledges of our party made to the people of the State in 1910.

"To Gov. Dix and his administrative assistants, and to the Democratic members of the Legislature will come, I believe, before the campaign has gone very far, satisfactory evidence of the fact that their efforts to serve the people honorably have been appreciated, despite all the slanderous attacks of disappointed factionists who, if they cannot rule the party, would like to ruin it."

SEVERE TEST FOR AIRMEN.

Exacting Requirements to Secure Master's Licenses.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The first details of the requirements to be exacted of American aviators in qualifying them for the new superior brevet or master's license being arranged by the Aero Club of America became known here to-day. They are declared by aviation experts here to be more exacting than requirements of European aviators for similar licenses.

First tests in America for the master's licenses, it was announced in a letter received by the Aero Club of Illinois from Major Samuel Reber, U. S. A., of the National Contest Committee, will be held on the Cicero Field here Sept. 10 to 20.

Following are the requirements for the new license, as tentatively decided upon: Applicant must be 21 years old, must make a cross-country flight of fifty miles, around a point twenty-five miles away; must fly to a height of at least 2,500 feet, shut off his motor there and glide to a point not more than 100 meters (328 feet) from a previously indicated spot, and must have taken a physical examination showing him to be sound.

Other tests will be held in New York Oct. 10 to 20. Nine Chicago aviators, filing first applications to take the tests, brought the first test trials here.

NEW AUTO LICENSE PLATES.

State Orders Change and Hopes to Stop Revenue Loss.

ALBANY, July 30.—Next year's automobile license number plates, a contract for 90,500 pairs of which has been closed by Secretary of State Lazansky, will be somewhat different from those in use at present.

The background will be of dark purple with raised letters in white. The figures "1913" will appear on each plate, and the word "Commercial" will be inscribed on those intended for commercial motor vehicles. Certain motorists, it is said, have used plates issued for commercial vehicles on high-powered pleasure cars, thereby causing a loss to the State. The cost of a license for a commercial vehicle is but $5, while other cars are taxed from $5 to $25 a year, according to horse power. Manufacturers' plates will continue to bear the letter "M."

Thousands of this year's plates have been chipped and marred because of the brittleness of the enamel, causing many complaints. The 1913 plates are to be made of baked enamel, which, it is said, will not crack.

DEMAND SHOW-DOWN OF ROOSEVELT PLANS

Congressmen Want to Know if Third Party Is to Have Nominees for Their Seats.

FIRST TEST IN PENNSYLVANIA

Delegation Hopes Flinn Will Persuade Colonel to Indorse Them—If Not They'll Aid Taft.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—If Republicans in Congress can prevent it, Col. Roosevelt will not be allowed to remain much longer without declaring outright his intentions as to the scope of his new party in regard to particular State tickets. Several dispatches have pointed out how the party dangers arising from the Colonel's Bull Moose movement have driven the various Republicans together in self-defense. To-day the Republican delegation from Pennsylvania adopted a more aggressive policy, and it is probable that delegations from other States will follow suit.

This plan was expressed in a resolution adopted in a delegation caucus this afternoon, declaring that at the next meeting of the delegation Henry G. Wasson, State Chairman of Pennsylvania, would be invited to attend. That politely phrased invitation means that the State Chairman, who is a lieutenant of Boss Flinn and to that extent a Roosevelt man, will be called upon to tell the Republican Congressmen whether the third party is with them or against them.

If Mr. Wasson replies that the Colonel, following out his boast that he would set up a full-fledged party in the primary States, will also have Bull Moose Congressional candidates in Pennsylvania, then the Congressmen with one accord will set themselves to work for President Taft as the easiest method of warring on the Colonel. The same plan will be taken up in the so-called Progressive States, where already the talk of a third ticket has caused uneasiness among those men ordinarily friendly to the Colonel.

Pennsylvania Republican.

What the Congressmen hope for is that by the time the next meeting is called Boss Flinn will have made the Colonel recede from his position in regard to Pennsylvania. The Pittsburgh boss wants even the Roosevelt and Taft Electors to be in many cases identical, so as to avoid splitting the party in the State. His idea is that the Electors should vote for the candidates in whose column they received the most party votes. Such a system involves, too, the declaration of peace with the regular party nominees for Congress. The Colonel at first indignantly repudiated any such compromise and President Taft had already rejected it. But recently Boss Flinn has seemed to make headway in his effort to win the Colonel over to the gentler method.

To-night's action of the Congressional delegation is expected to strengthen the Pittsburgh Boss's hand in his next conference with Col. Roosevelt. He will then be able to tell the Colonel that, unless he compromises, the entire Congressional delegation will be forced to fight him. If he does compromise, on the other hand, many of them will, at least, be willing not to take sides, and some may even use their influence for him.

The conference was held in the office of Representative Lafean late this afternoon for the purpose of discussing ways and means of sending a regular Republican delegation to Congress in the coming elections. The situation in the Keystone State, as involved by the Roosevelt faction troubles, was thoroughly canvassed, and the proposal to dissociate the Republican Congressional campaign from the National campaign was considered. After the conference, Representative J. Hampton Moore issued the following statement:

"The Pennsylvania Republican delegation held a meeting this afternoon in the office of D. F. Lafean of York and decided to appoint a committee of three to formulate a plan of organization for a vigorous campaign in Pennsylvania for the election of Republican Congressional nominees in line with the State's well-known policy of sustaining and upbuilding industries. This committee is to report its plan at a meeting to be called by the Chair. The motion providing for the appointment of the committee was made by Mr. Crago of Waynesboro. Mr. Butler of Westchester moved that all Republican nominees, including those who are not now members of Congress, as well as the four nominees for Congress at large, be invited to attend the next meeting, and this was agreed to. On motion of Mr. Speer of Oil City it was also decided to invite the Republican State Chairman, Mr. Wasson, to attend. The next meeting is to be held at the call of the Chair."

Mr. Lafean was appointed Chairman, and Mr. Moore Secretary, of the delegation.

Pyrene
FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

Subway cars are protected from fire with PYRENE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS—look for them next time you ride. Your home, your place of business, your motor boat, car and garage should be similarly protected. PYRENE was made standard by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company after a most exhaustive investigation of its fire fighting qualities.

Brass and Nickel Plated Pyrene Fire Extinguishers are Included in the Lists of Approved Fire Appliances Issued by the National Board of Fire Underwriters.

Price $7 in solid brass, highly finished; $8 full nickel plated.
Size 3 in. in diameter; 14 in. long.
Weight 5 lbs. filled; Always ready for use.

Write for illustrated booklet.

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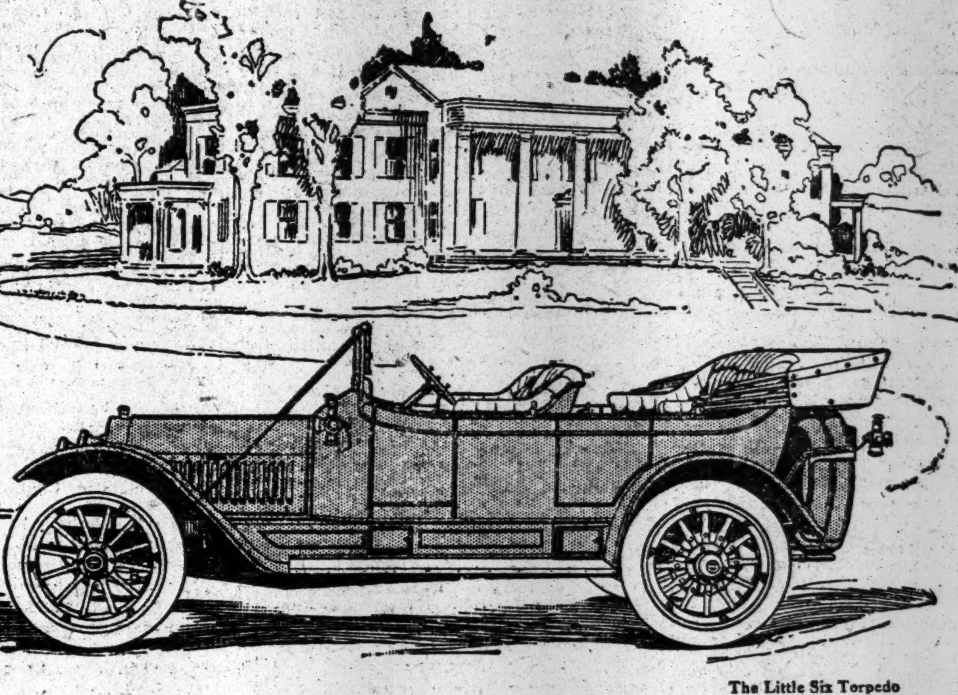

The Little Six Torpedo

The Little Six with 60 Horsepower

Long Stroke Motor

The 1913 Locomobile Little Six is the most talked of car in America today. Come and see it and realize why this is so. There is no car of any make on the road that comes near it for easy riding, beautiful lines, comfort and refinement of detail.

Get a demonstration and let your own sense of values have full play. You have only to ride once in a Little Six to be won over for all time. All its points of superiority are exclusive. And back of all is the reliability and sound worth that have made the Locomobile world famous.

The Locomobile Company of America
Broadway & 76th Street
New York

THE BEST BUILT CAR Locomobile IN AMERICA

General Offices and Works,
Bridgeport, Conn.
BRANCHES—New York, Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Washington, Baltimore, Atlanta, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Oakland.

WEEK-END AUTO TOURS

The Greatest Rendezvous for Motorists in This Country.
THE HOTEL NASSAU
LONG BEACH, LONG ISLAND
FIREPROOF 25 Miles from New York EUROPEAN PLAN
Management Merry & Boomer—Phone 100 Long Beach.

FORT WILLIAM HENRY HOTEL
LAKE GEORGE, WARREN COUNTY, N. Y.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR. Conducted on European Plan.
NEW CONCRETE GARAGE. EVERY FACILITY FOR THE AUTOMOBILIST.
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LAKE CHAMPLAIN, CLINTON CO., N. Y.
Conducted on American and European Plans.
Separate entrance to automobile foyer, with private dressing rooms. New concrete garage. Full length 18-hole golf course and attractive club for exclusive use of guests.
BOTH HOTELS ON EMPIRE TOURS.
Hotels are new and of absolutely fireproof construction. Modern in all their equipment, affording guests every comfort, convenience and safety.
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"SWEPT BY OCEAN BREEZES"
A pleasant motor run—an invigorating plunge in the surf—a famous "Oriental Dinner" served out of doors to the accompaniment of music by a world-famed orchestra—and the fatigue of the hot day is forgotten.
ORIENTAL HOTEL
NOW OPEN. EUROPEAN PLAN.
IDEAL AUTO ROADS DIRECT TO THE HOTEL ENTRANCE.
Excellent garage and parking accommodations.
Booking Office, 243 5th Ave., Florida East Coast Hotel Co.
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MATHEWSON HALTS CHICAGO'S ADVANCE

Giants Win by Score of 10 to 4, Getting One Game of the Series.

THE SCORE.

New York..1 4 1 0 0 0 1 3 ..—10
Chicago ...0 0 1 3 0 0 0 0 0—4

NEW YORK.	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Snodgrass, lf	5	2	2	0	0	1	0	1
Doyle, 2b	3	0	0	1	0	2	2	0
Becker, cf	3	1	0	2	0	5	0	0
Merkle, 1b	4	0	0	0	1	9	2	1
Murray, rf	4	1	2	0	0	1	0	0
Herzog, 3b	3	2	1	1	0	1	2	0
Meyers, c	3	2	2	0	0	4	0	1
*Shafer	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wilson, c	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Fletcher, ss	3	2	1	0	0	2	5	1
Mathewson, p	4	0	1	0	1	1	0	0
Total	32	10	9	4	2	‡26	12	4

CHICAGO.	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Sheckard, lf	3	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
Schulte, rf	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Tinker, ss	4	0	1	0	0	3	4	0
Zim'rman, 3b	4	0	1	0	0	0	2	2
Leach, cf	4	0	0	0	1	2	0	0
Saier, 1b	4	1	1	0	1	11	1	0
Evers, 2b	4	2	2	0	0	2	3	1
Archer, c	3	1	1	0	1	3	1	0
Lavender, p	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
†Miller	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Smith, p	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Total	32	4	8	1	4	24	12	4

*Ran for Meyers in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Lavender in the third inning.
‡Lavender out, hit by batted ball.

Two-base hits—Snodgrass, (2,) Herzog. Home run—Murray. Sacrifice flies—Doyle, Schulte. Stolen bases—Doyle, Becker, Snodgrass. First base on errors—New York, 1; Chicago, 2. Left on bases—New York, 5; Chicago, 3. Double plays—Fletcher and Merkle; Doyle and Merkle; Fletcher, Doyle, and Merkle. Struck out—By Mathewson, 4; by Smith, 2. Bases on balls—Off Lavender, 1; off Smith, 3; off Mathewson, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Lavender, (Fletcher;) by Smith, (Meyers.) Passed ball—Archer. Hits—Off Lavender, 4 in 2 innings, (at bat, 10;) off Smith, 5 in 6 innings, (at bat, 22.) Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Bush. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

The Giants managed to get one victory out of the series of four games with Chicago by defeating Chance's men at the Polo Grounds yesterday in a loosely played contest, by a score of 10 to 4. The game, which was witnessed by a crowd of about 8,000 people, did not come up to the high standard set by the clubs in the other games of the series. Eight errors marred the clash, all of the Giants' coming in one inning, the fourth, which would have proved disastrous if the New Yorks had not been blessed with a comfortable lead at the time, or if the Chicagos had been playing up to their usual form.

The Giants at last tamed Lavender and drove him from the pitcher's box in the second inning, after Murray led the assault on the Georgian with a terrific home run smash into the right field grand stand. Lavender failed to show the skill and mystery which has featured his pitching when he twice subdued Marquard. Smith relieved Lavender, and the Giant batsmen reached him for safe hits and runs in the seventh and eighth.

Mathewson pitched for the Giants, and was in top form. He again showed his mastery of the situation in tight pinches, and even in the third inning, when the enemy sent forth three singles and "Matty" gave a base on balls, he held the Chicagos to a single run. In the fourth inning the Giant defense cracked badly, and Mathewson was compelled to push through the inning with little or no help. At other times, however, the Giants played well in the field, executed three double plays, and made the Chicagos look slow in comparison.

The game lacked the sharp playing and exciting situations of most of the battles between the two teams, and there was an absence of enthusiasm when the Giants went to the front with the victory without much effort. Chicago, however, is more than satisfied with its showing. Three out of four was more than they looked for from a club which is so far in the lead in the league race.

The Giants got into the run column in the first inning. Snodgrass, who played left field instead of Devore, opened with a two-base hit along the left field foul line, and went to third on a passed ball. As Doyle was being tossed out at first by Evers, Snodgrass scored. Becker went out, Saier to Lavender, and Tinker threw Merkle out at first.

Murray signaled the downfall of Lavender in the second inning when he hit a home run into the grand stand. This drive seemed to unnerve the pitcher, and he was shaky after that. He walked Herzog and Meyers, rolled a sharp grounder to Zimmerman, who threw to second to force Herzog, but the latter beat the throw. Zimmerman made a loud protest against Umpire Bush's decision, but the decision looked fair enough from the stand. Lavender got very wild, and hit Fletcher, filling the bases.

Mathewson then made himself a batting as well as a pitching hero by smashing a single to right field, which scored Herzog and Meyers and sent Fletcher to third base. Snodgrass forced Mathewson at second, Fletcher scoring, but when Evers tried to make a double play he threw wild to first, and Snodgrass went to second. Doyle fouled to Archer, and Evers threw Becker out at first base.

Chicago did not begin to count until the third inning. Evers singled to left, and Archer flied out to Becker. Miller, batting for Lavender, beat out an infield hit in the direction of first. Sheckard walked, filling the bases. Evers scored when Schulte hit a sacrifice fly to Becker for the second out.

Tinker then hit a hard grounder through short which bounded in such a way as to hit Miller on the back, an accidental out which spoiled the best chance the Chicagos had during the game. The Giants added another in their half of the third, on Herzog's double and a single by Meyers.

In the fourth the Giants made a collection of four errors which made it appear as if the whole team had been taken with an attack of fumbling and wild throwing. Zimmerman was safe on Merkle's muff of a thrown ball, and Leach hit into a double play. Saier was safe, when Fletcher threw wide to Merkle and pulled him off the bag. Evers singled to left and Archer hit safely to right, scoring Saier, and Evers going to third. Meyers threw to third to get Evers napping, but the ball went over Herzog's head to left field, Evers scoring. Archer also scored when Snodgrass fumbled the ball in left field. Smith was thrown out at first for the third out. That ended Chicago scoring, Mathewson holding them safe all the rest of the journey.

New York added another in the seventh, when, with one out, Becker walked, stole second, and scored on Murray's single. Meyers was hit by Smith in the eighth and had to retire from the game, Shafer running for him. Fletcher singled, and went to second on Zimmerman's bad throw, while Shafer advanced to third. Mathewson struck out, and Snodgrass doubled to centre, scoring Shafer and Fletcher. Doyle's sacrifice fly scored Snodgrass, after he stole third.

Fourteen Innings at Boston.

BOSTON, July 30.—Boston won from St. Louis to-day, 7 to 6, in a game that went fourteen innings. The locals apparently had it won easily in the regulation time until Donnelly, who had pitched well, slipped up in fielding, and St. Louis scored three runs and tied the score in the ninth. Tyler, who succeeded Donnelly, held the Cardinals safe, while Boston, in the fourteenth, won out on Sweeney's single off Willis, a sacrifice, and Kling's single off Sallee. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'D'ld, 3b	7	1	1	2	4
C'pbell, cf	7	0	1	1	0
Sw'ney, 2b	7	1	5	4	5
J'kson, lf	5	1	2	4	0
Titus, rf	4	0	1	3	0
Devlin, 1b	6	1	1	18	0
O'R'ke, ss	3	0	0	2	3
B'dwell, ss	3	0	0	0	1
Rariden, c	3	2	2	7	2
D'nelly, p	1	1	0	0	2
Tyler, p	3	0	1	0	3
*Kling	1	0	1	0	0
Total	50	7	15	42	19

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'gins, 2b	6	1	2	4	1
Magee, lf	7	1	2	6	0
Mowrey, 3b	6	2	1	1	4
K'tchy, 1b	7	0	1	16	0
Evans, rf	5	0	1	2	1
Hauser, ss	5	1	0	4	4
Oakes, cf	7	0	1	1	0
Wingo, c	5	0	2	6	3
Bres'h'n, c	0	0	0	0	0
Harmon, p	3	0	1	0	4
Geyer, p	2	0	0	0	1
Willis, p	0	0	0	0	0
Sallee, p	0	0	0	0	0
†Ellis	1	1	1	0	0
‡Bliss	1	0	0	0	0
Total	55	6	12	§40	18

*Batted for Titus in fourteenth inning.
†Batted for Harmon in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Geyer in fourteenth inning.
§One out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Sweeney, O'Rourke, Rariden, Donnelly, Huggins, Magee, Harmon.

Boston ..0 2 0 0 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1—7
St. L....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0—6

Two-base hits—McDonald, Jackson, Magee, Campbell, Rariden. Three-base hit—Devlin. Hits—Off Donnelly, 10 in eight and a third innings; off Tyler, 2 in five and two-thirds innings; off Harmon, 8 in eight innings; off Geyer, 5 in five innings; off Willis, 1 in one-third inning; off Sallee, 1. Sacrifice hits—Donnelly, (2,) Jackson. Stolen base—Devlin. Double plays—Sweeney, O'Rourke, and Devlin; Huggins and Konetchy. Left on bases—Boston, 12; St. Louis, 14. First base on balls—Off Donnelly, 5; off Tyler, 2; off Harmon, 3; off Geyer, 3. First base on errors—Boston, 2; St. Louis, 2. Struck out—By Donnelly, 5; by Tyler, 2; by Harmon, 2; by Geyer, 2. Passed ball—Wingo. Wild pitch—Donnelly. Umpires—Messrs. Owens and Brennan. Time of game—Three hours and nineteen minutes.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 10; Chicago, 4.
Pittsburgh, 3; Philadelphia, 2. (10 innings.)
Cincinnati, 5; Brooklyn, 4. (11 innings.)
Boston, 7; St. Louis, 6. (14 innings.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 5; New York, 1.
Detroit, 7; Philadelphia, 6.
Chicago, 6; Boston, 5.
Washington-Cleveland, (Rain.)

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City, 6; Montreal, 5.
Newark, 7; Toronto, 3.
Buffalo, 2; Baltimore, 0.
Rochester, 6; Providence, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	PC.
New York	66	24	.733
Chicago	56	34	.622
Pittsburgh	51	37	.580
Philadelphia	44	42	.512
Cincinnati	45	48	.484
St. Louis	40	54	.426
Brooklyn	35	58	.376
Boston	25	65	.278

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	PC.
Boston	66	30	.687
Washington	60	36	.625
Philadelphia	55	41	.573
Chicago	48	45	.516
Detroit	47	50	.485
Cleveland	45	52	.464
New York	30	61	.330
St. Louis	29	65	.309

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	PC.
Rochester	56	43	.566
Toronto	54	43	.557
Newark	50	47	.517
Baltimore	51	42	.549
Jersey City	51	50	.505
Buffalo	44	50	.468
Providence	42	54	.438
Montreal	39	58	.402

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati at New York.
Chicago at Brooklyn.
Pittsburgh at Boston.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Boston at St. Louis.
Washington at Detroit.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Montreal, 2 games.
Newark at Toronto, 2 games.
Providence at Rochester.
Baltimore at Buffalo.

CINCINNATIS SEE LIGHT.

After Seven Defeats They Beat Brooklyn in Eleven Innings.

After losing seven games in a row, Cincinnati tasted victory yesterday in the final game of the four-game series at Washington Park, defeating Brooklyn in a hard-fought eleven-inning battle, 5 to 4. Pitcher Benton, who succeeded Suggs for the visitors, started the losing streak on it way to destruction with a drive against the right field fence after two were out in the first half of the eleventh inning, and Marsans furnished the finale with a hit to centre, on which Benton scored the winning run. In the final half of this inning Brooklyn got a runner on the bases with one out, but he did not get beyond first base.

Both teams used two pitchers during the struggle, the sixth inning being the distance limit which the first pair traveled. Suggs opened for the visitors and kept Brooklyn's eight hits well scattered during the six innings that he occupied the mound, but was benched to let Bescher start his team toward a run in the seventh inning. Benton, who had made two poor starts in the same series, succeeded Suggs, and he pitched good ball during the remainder of the game, holding Brooklyn to three scattered hits.

Ragon was Dahlen's first choice, and he was touched up freely, although fine fielding kept down the size of his opponents' hit column. With runners on first and third bases and the score tied in the sixth inning, Ragon was taken out of the game, and Daubert was sent in as a pinch hitter. Daubert scored a run with his sacrifice fly to Bates. Stack finished the game, and in two different innings Cincinnati bunched two hits for a run.

Wheat's hitting was the principal factor in Brooklyn's scoring. In the third inning Wheat scored Brooklyn's first run with a drive over the right field fence for a home run. In the fifth inning, with Northen on third base and Smith on second, after an error by Esmond and Smith's double, Wheat hit almost to the right field fence, scoring both runners. Wheat was thrown out by Mitchell when he tried to get two bases on the hit. The last Brooklyn run came in the sixth inning. Hummel doubled to left and reached third when Grant fumbled Fisher's bunt. After Miller had struck out, Daubert was sent in to bat for Ragon, and his long fly to Bates sent Hummel home. Brooklyn was retired runless, with the bases full in the first inning, and lost several other fine chances to score through inability to deliver a timely hit. Ten Brooklynites were left on bases.

Cincinnati got a run in the fourth inning on successive singles by Grant and Egan, Esmond's sacrifice hit, and McLean's long fly to Wheat. A pass to Bates, Hoblitzel's first triple, and Mitchell's long fly to Moran added two more Cincinnati runs in the fifth inning. In the seventh inning Bates reached first base on a fielder's choice after Bescher's single and Hoblitzel's second triple sent him home. Benton's double and a single by Marsans accounted for the winning run in the eleventh inning.

Manager Dahlen was sent off the coaching lines by Umpire Eason in the eighth inning, following an argument on a decision at third base, when Cutshaw was called out on an attempted steal. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'rs'ns, lf	5	0	1	2	0
Bates, cf	3	2	1	1	0
Hob'zel, 1b	5	1	3	9	0
Mitch'l, rf	4	0	1	2	1
Grant, 3b	5	1	1	3	3
Egan, 2b	5	0	2	6	2
Esmond, ss	3	0	0	1	2
M'D'ld, ss	1	0	0	0	0
McLean, c	4	0	0	9	3
Suggs, p	2	0	0	0	0
Benton, p	2	1	1	0	6
*Bescher	1	1	1	0	0
Total	40	5	11	33	17

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, cf	5	0	2	4	0
Northen, rf	6	1	0	2	0
Smith, 3b	4	1	2	5	8
Wheat, lf	5	1	2	3	0
C'tsh'w, 2b	4	0	1	2	4
Hum'el, 1b	4	1	1	9	1
Fisher, ss	4	0	0	4	1
Miller, c	5	0	0	4	1
Ragon, p	1	0	0	0	1
†Stack, p	1	0	0	0	1
†Daubert	0	0	0	0	0
‡Phelps	1	0	1	0	0
Total	40	4	11	33	15

*Batted for Suggs in seventh inning.
†Batted for Ragon in sixth inning.
‡Batted for Stack in eleventh inning.

Errors—Egan, Grant, (2,) Esmond, (2.)

Cincinnati ....0 0 0 1 2 0 1 0 0 0 1—5
Brooklyn ....0 0 1 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0—4

Two-base hits—Benton, Moran, Smith, (2,) Hummel. Three-base hits—Hoblitzel, (2.) Home run—Wheat. Sacrifice hits—Esmond, Moran, Hummel, Fisher, Ragon. Sacrifice flies—Mitchell, McLean, Daubert. Stolen base—Egan. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 5. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 9; Brooklyn, 10. Struck out—By Suggs, 4; by Benton, 4; by Ragon, 3; by Stack, 1. Bases on balls—Off Suggs, 1; off Benton, 1; off Ragon, 3; off Stack, 1. Hits—Off Suggs, 8 in six innings, (at bat 22;) off Benton, 3 in five innings, (at bat, 18;) off Ragon, 6 in six innings, (at bat 20;) off Stack, 5 in five innings, (at bat 20.) Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes.

HITS AND PASSES WIN FOR ST. LOUIS

Yankees Lose Final Game of Series, but Break Even with Westerners.

THE SCORE.

St. Louis....3 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 .—5
New York...0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

ST. LOUIS.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Shotten, cf	3	1	1	1	0	0
Austin, 3b	2	0	1	1	2	1
Pratt, 2b	2	2	2	4	3	0
Kutina, 1b	4	1	2	8	0	0
Williams, rf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Hallinan, ss	3	0	0	3	3	1
Hogan, lf	4	0	2	1	0	0
Snell, c	4	0	2	6	0	0
Mitchell, p	3	1	0	0	1	0
Total	29	5	11	27	9	2

NEW YORK.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, lf	4	0	2	3	0	0
Chase, 1b	5	0	1	9	0	0
Sterrett, cf	5	0	0	3	0	0
Zinn, rf	3	0	0	3	1	0
Simmons, 2b	4	0	1	0	0	0
Paddock, 3b	4	1	2	4	2	1
Martin, ss	2	0	0	1	2	0
Sweeney, c	4	0	1	1	3	1
Davis, p	3	0	1	0	2	0
*McConnell	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	1	8	24	10	2

*Batted for Davis in ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Kutina, Shotten, Daniels, Snell. Sacrifice hits—Austin (2,) Pratt. Double plays—Paddock, (unassisted;) Austin and Kutina. Stolen bases—Williams, Mitchell, Hogan, Daniels, Austin, Chase. Hit by pitchers—By Mitchell, Martin; by Davis, Hallinan. Bases on balls—Off Mitchell, 3; off Davis, 4. Struck out—By Mitchell, 4; by Davis, 1. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; New York, 11. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and O'Brien.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 30.—A lead of three runs piled up by the Browns in the first inning to-day proved too great for the Yankees to overcome and they dropped the last game of the present series 5 to 1. Mitchell and Davis opened as the opposing pitchers, and although Davis did excellent work after the first effort he was unable to get away with the game and his teammates seemed to lose heart with a three-run lead staring them in the face and failed to connect with the ball in a fashion that would produce runs.

The Yankees gave Mitchell a few scares ere the encounter was over, but he had fair fielding behind him, enabling him to pull out of the holes.

The New Yorks went five innings before they got to Mitchell in the run line, and that inning, the sixth, was the only one in which the Easterners managed to cross the plate and then to the tune of but one run.

In the sixth Paddock hit a single to left field, too deep to be handled, and Martin was out with a pop fly to Pratt. Hallinan was in a generous mood and dropped Sweeney's roller, and after he was through playing with it he could not catch the runner at first. Davis's easy roller went through Pratt like a greased pig and Paddock came home. Daniels's long fly dropped into the waiting glove of Pratt, and Davis a minute later was caught napping off first.

The active session by St. Louis that started the game and decided it and netted three runs began after Shotten had drawn a base on balls. Austin sacrificed and Chase knocked down Pratt's ripper, but could not beat him to the bag, while Shotten scampered on to third. Kutina doubled between Sterrett and Daniels and Shotten and Pratt came home. Williams was safe at first when Paddock's throw drew Chase off the bag. Kutina stayed on second, not taking any chances on stealing. Hallinan batted a high one to Sterrett, and Kutina went on to third after the catch. Hogan singled to right and Kutina scored, while Williams took third. Hogan stole on the next ball. Snell ended the affair with a fly to Daniels.

St. Louis broke into the scoring column again in the second inning, and in the seventh put one more run over the plate, making the total of five.

In the second Mitchell was "passed" and a minute later stole second. He was forced to make a long slide to hit the bag and managed to land safely between Simmons's legs. Shotten also drew a base on balls and Austin sacrificed. Pratt sent a sacrifice fly to Daniels and Mitchell scored. A pretty throw by Paddock nailed Kutina.

In the seventh Pratt beat out a hit which bounded over Davis's head and continued on to third when Sweeney threw low to Chase. Kutina got a stinging single through Davis and Pratt scored. Williams singled to right and Kutina was cut down trying to take third on Zinn's throw to Paddock. This throw was a real baseball play and checked the scoring in fine fashion. Williams got to second on the play, but it did him no good, for Hallinan lined to Starrett and Martin easily threw out Hogan.

Champions Lose in Detroit.

DETROIT, July 30.—Detroit won out in the ninth inning to-day, 7 to 6, when Dubuc walked, Jones sacrificed, Bush singled, Cobb and Crawford were purposely passed, and Louden sent Bush home with the winning run on a long sacrifice fly. Both pitchers were hit hard. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jones, lf	4	1	1	2	0
Bush, ss	4	2	2	1	2
Cobb, cf	4	2	3	1	0
C'ford, rf	3	0	2	1	0
Louden, 2b	4	0	0	2	4
Mor'ty, 1b	4	0	0	10	1
Deal, 3b	4	1	1	0	2
Stanage, c	4	0	1	8	3
Dubuc, p	3	0	0	2	3
†Bashang	0	1	0	0	0
Total	34	7	10	27	15

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mag'rt, lf	4	3	3	6	0
Lord, rf	4	2	4	2	0
Collins, 2b	1	0	1	2	0
Baker, 3b	4	0	1	1	3
McInnes, 1b	5	1	2	9	1
Strunk, cf	4	0	2	2	0
Barry, ss	2	0	0	0	3
Lapp, c	3	0	0	3	0
Houck, p	4	0	0	1	1
Total	31	6	13	*26	8

*Two out when winning run was scored.
†Ran for Dubuc in the ninth inning.

Errors—Baker, Jones, Cobb.

Detroit ....0 0 3 1 0 0 1 0 2—7
Philadelphia ....0 0 1 1 2 0 2 0 0—6

Two-base hits—Baker, Cobb. Three-base hits—Crawford, Stanage. Sacrifice flies—Collins, (2,) Louden. Sacrifice hits—Collins, Barry, Strunk, Houck, Jones. Stolen bases—Cobb, (2,) Jones, Bush. Double plays—Collins and Baker; Louden and Moriarty; Dubuc, Stanage, and Moriarty. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 10; Detroit, 8. First base on balls—Off Houck, 5; off Dubuc, 6. First base on errors—Detroit, 1. Struck out—By Houck, 2; by Dubuc, 3. Passed ball—Stanage. Wild pitches—Dubuc, Houck. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Hart. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes.

Callahan Returns, Chicago Wins.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Callahan celebrated his return to the game to-day by batting the locals to a victory in the final game of the series with Boston, 6 to 5. Callahan received word from President Johnson that his suspension had ceased, and he donned a uniform and drove in the first two runs with a triple. He counted the winning run by scoring on a triple after making a single. Brilliant fielding behind Walsh prevented the visitors from tieing the score. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rath, 2b	4	1	2	2	1
Zeider, 1b	2	1	0	10	0
Collins, cf	4	1	1	1	0
Lord, 3b	4	1	1	1	3
Cal'han, lf	3	1	3	4	0
Bodie, rf	3	0	1	2	0
Weaver, ss	4	0	0	2	3
Kuhn, c	4	0	1	6	1
Walsh, p	4	1	1	0	3
Total	30	6	10	27	11

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	5	0	0	0	0
Yerkes, 2b	5	1	1	0	2
Sp'ker, cf	4	1	2	3	0
Lewis, lf	4	1	1	3	0
G'dner, 3b	4	1	1	1	0
Stahl, 1b	4	0	1	10	1
Wagner, ss	4	1	1	2	4
Car'gan, c	2	0	0	4	0
N'm'ker, c	2	0	1	0	0
Hall, p	1	0	0	0	2
Pape, p	0	0	0	0	0
Bedient, p	0	0	0	0	0
*H'ksen	1	0	0	0	0
†Engle	1	0	0	0	0
‡Ball	1	0	0	0	0
Total	37	5	10	24	10

*Batted for Hall in fifth inning.
†Batted for Pape in seventh inning.
‡Batted for Bedient in ninth inning.

Error—Weaver.

Chicago ....2 0 1 2 1 0 0 0 .—6
Boston ....0 0 0 0 2 0 3 0 0—5

Two-base hits—Wagner, Rath, Gardner. Three-base hits—Callahan, Bodie. Hits—Off Hall, 6 in 4 innings; off Pape, 3 in 2 innings; off Bedient, 1 in two innings. Sacrifice flies—Callahan, Engle. Sacrifice hits—Zeider, Lord. Stolen base—Bodie. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Boston, 6. Bases on balls—Off Hall, 4. Struck out—By Walsh, 5; by Hall, 3; by Bedient, 1. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Sheridan.

DENVER CYCLIST LOST.

Thomas of Philadelphia Beats Albright in Fast Time at Brighton.

Johnny Albright, the Denver motor cyclist, had his colors lowered last night at the Brighton Beach Motordrome when Harry Thomas of Philadelphia beat him in the best of three heats, this marking the first defeat of the Denver lad at this track. Thomas is the fifth Philadelphian to attempt the feat and the first to succeed.

The match race at four miles between Thomas and Albright was the first real thriller of the night. In the first heat the latter went away a length to the good, but before they had ridden a lap the positions were reversed and Thomas led to the second lap from home. Albright got into the van, but Thomas was not to be denied, and he rode high on the bank and around his man, being in the lead at the bell. Throughout the last lap a great battle ensued, the men fighting it out right up to the line, where Albright got the verdict by six inches in the fast time of 2:50 1-5.

Thomas turned the tables on the Denver lad in the second heat, leading from end to end and finally winning by three lengths in 2:51 2-5. The last heat showed Thomas in front at the end, after Albright had looked all over the winner at the bell lap. Thomas came around his man on the backstretch, and just managed to get up, winning by three parts of a wheel in 2:50 1-5. Summary:

Three-Mile Race, Amateur Handicap.—First Heat—Won by Reggie Lyons, Bronx, (two laps;) John Constant, New York, (scratch,) second; James French, Brooklyn, (scratch,) third. Time—2:19 3-5. Second Heat—Won by John Constant, New York, (scratch;) Reggie Lyons, Bronx, (one lap,) second; James French, Brooklyn, (scratch,) third. Time—2:18 4-5. Third Heat—Won by John Constant, New York, (scratch;) Reggie Lyons, (one lap,) second. Time—2:18.

Four-Mile Match Race.—Johnny Albright, Denver, vs. Harry Thomas, Philadelphia. First Heat—Won by Albright. Time—2:50 1-5. Won by six inches. Second Heat—Won by Thomas. Time—2:51 2-5. Won by three lengths. Third Heat—Won by Thomas. Time—2:50 1-5.

Five-Mile Race, Professional.—First Heat—Won by W. H. Wray, New York; Law. Fleckenstein, Salt Lake City, second. Time—3:53 2-5. Second Heat—Won by Ferdie Mercier, Brooklyn; W. H. Wray, New York, second; Law. Fleckenstein, Salt Lake City, third. Time—3:50. Third Heat—Won by W. H. Wray, New York; Ferdie Mercier, Brooklyn, second; F. A. King, Salt Lake City, third. Time—3:53 2-5.

One-Mile Time Trial.—Arthur Chapple, New York. Time—0:41.

Ten-Mile Race, Handicap.—Won by W. H. Wray; Ferdie Mercier, second; Law. Fleckenstein, third. Time—7:13.

Section of Berkshire Route Closed.

A portion of this route in the Harlem Valley, between Patterson and Pawling is under construction. It will probably take a month to compete this work. The touring department of the Automobile Club of America advises motorists to use the following detour during this construction work:

Outskirts of Patterson. Just before entering the town cross bridge and leave State road by turning sharp left at salmon-colored house on left. Turn right at slate-colored house on right 4, take right fork 2.7, turn right 3.2, turn left 3.9, straight on and rejoin the main route at 4.6 Pawling.

This detour has been thoroughly sign-posted by the A. C. A. There is another detour available at present, which is on the right of the main route, but it is not advisable to use this, as it is fully two miles longer and very hilly.

Marshall Loses Chess Game.

BRESLAU, July 30.—Play in the eleventh round of the international chess masters' tournament was of unusually high interest in consequence of the meeting between Dr. Tarrasch of Nuremberg and A. K. Rubinstein, the Russian champion. Dr. Tarrasch and Rubinstein did not reach a conclusion, and their game is pending after a very hard struggle occupying the entire two sessions of play. Dr. Tarrasch remained in the lead, but Teichmann, who defeated Brayer, equaled his total number of points. Schlechter, the Austrian champion, also passed Rubinstein, as well as Marshall, by administering defeat to the United States champion. The American dropped to a tie for fifth place with Duras, as the Bohemian, in addition to taking the adjourned game from Rubinstein, also secured his game scheduled in the eleventh round with Pielmann. In the other games, Prezepiorka won from Balla, Lewitzky defeated Treybal, and the games between Lowtzky and Mieses, Carls and Colm, and Barasy and Burn were drawn.

Capt. Castro Wins Rifle Title.

BAYONNE, France, July 30.—The championship of the world with a military rifle has been won by Capt. Castro of Spain, who scored 506 points in the international tournament now in progress here. Capt. E. W. Eddy of the Ohio team finished third with 496 points. The Americans, who are not satisfied with the behavior of their rifles, have decided not to compete in the international team match to-morrow. The tournament in 1913 will be held in Ohio.

Pittsburgh Wins Pitchers' Battle.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Pittsburgh won a ten-inning pitchers' battle between Adams and Rixey here to-day, 3 to 2. The winning run was scored on Mensor's single and Carey's double. Score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mensor, cf	3	2	1	7	0
Carey, lf	4	1	2	4	0
M'K'nie, 3b	5	0	1	1	4
Wagner, ss	3	0	0	5	1
J. M'ler, 1b	4	0	0	5	0
Wilson, rf	4	0	0	0	0
M'C'thy, 2b	4	0	0	4	3
Gibson, c	4	0	1	4	2
Adams, p	4	0	1	0	0
Total	35	3	6	30	10

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Pask't, cf	4	0	0	4	0
Lobert, 3b	4	0	1	2	0
Magee, lf	4	0	0	4	0
R. M'ler, rf	4	0	0	2	0
Lud'us, 1b	4	1	2	9	1
Knabe, 2b	3	1	0	2	2
Doolan, ss	3	0	0	0	4
Killifer, c	2	0	0	6	1
Rixey, p	3	0	1	1	3
*Cravath	1	0	0	0	0
†Walsh	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	2	4	30	11

*Batted for Doolan in the tenth inning.
†Batted for Killifer in the tenth inning.

Errors—J. Miller, Wilson, Paskert.

Pittsburgh ....0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1—3
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Gibson, Adams, Luderus, (2,) Carey. Stolen base—Carey. Sacrifice fly—Killifer. Double play—McCarthy and Wagner. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 7; Philadelphia, 2. First on balls—Off Adams, 1; off Rixey, 5. First on errors—Philadelphia, 2. Struck out—By Adams, 3; by Rixey, 4. Time of game—One hour and forty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Buffalo.

R.H.E.
Baltimore ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 8 0
Buffalo ....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 .—2 6 0

Batteries—Shawkey and Bergen; Jameson and Schang.

At Rochester.

R.H.E.
Providence .....1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2 11 1
Rochester ....1 3 0 1 1 0 0 0 .—6 13 0

Batteries—Sline and Smith; Holmes, Mitchell, and Blair.

At Toronto.

R.H.E.
Newark ....1 1 0 0 2 1 1 0 1—7 20 1
Toronto ....0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—3 6 2

Batteries—Lee and Higgins; Maxwell and Bemis.

At Montreal.

R.H.E.
Jersey City ....0 1 0 0 0 0 4 0 1—6 12 4
Montreal ....0 1 1 0 1 0 2 0 0—5 11 1

Batteries—Mason, Doescher, and Wells; Smith and Madden.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

Connecticut League.

At Bridgeport—New Haven, 6; Bridgeport, 5.
At Hartford—Hartford, 6; Waterbury, 3.
At Holyoke—Holyoke, 4; Springfield, 3.

New England League.

At Haverhill—Haverhill, 12; Fall River, 0.
At Worcester—Worcester, 3; Lynn, 1.
At Lowell—Lowell, 4; New Bedford, 1.
At Brockton — Brockton, 3; Lawrence, 1. Brockton, 10; Lawrence, 1.

American Association.

At Louisville—Kansas City, 9; Louisville, 5.
At Indianapolis—St. Paul, 2; Indianapolis, 1.
At Columbus—Columbus, 14; Milwaukee, 6.
At Toledo—Minneapolis-Toledo—Rain.

Tri-State League.

At York—York, 6; Trenton, 1.
At Allentown—Reading, 6; Allentown, 4.
At Wilmington—Wilmington, 2; Harrisburg, 1. Harrisburg, 6; Wilmington, 3.
At Atlantic City—Atlantic City, 7; Johnstown, 1. Atlantic City, 3; Johnstown, 0.

State League.

At Binghamton—Binghamton, 7; Albany, 3.
At Scranton—Utica, 2; Scranton, 0.
At Wilkesbarre—Syracuse, 10; Wilkesbarre, 4.
At Elmira—Troy, 2; Elmira, 1.

Virginia League.

At Petersburg—Richmond, 1; Petersburg, 0.
At Newport News — Norfolk, 7; Newport News, 2.
At Portsmouth—Roanoke, 4; Portsmouth, 3.

Southern League.

At Memphis—Memphis, 2; Birmingham, 1.
At Nashville—Montgomery, 16; Nashville, 4.
At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 3; Mobile, 7.
At Atlanta—Atlanta, 7; New Orleans, 2. New Orleans, 3; Atlanta, 0.

Pacific Coast League.

At San Francisco—Portland, 6; Oakland, 2.
At Los Angeles—San Francisco, 6; Vernon, 2.
At Sacramento—Los Angeles, 4; Sacramento, 3. (Eleven innings.)

HARNESS MEETING AT PARKWAY TRACK

Programme of Three Events Draws Big Crowd—Black Cat, Major, and Pete Land Money.

Devotees of light-harness horse racing turned out in force yesterday to witness the first of the four-day purse meeting at the Parkway track, Brooklyn, which furnished some of the best sport seen in this vicinity in many years.

The programme consisted of three events, a 2:30 trot and a 2:20 pace, each for purses of $1,000, and a 2:25 pace for $400. At the start of the racing it gave promise of being over in good time, as the first two events were captured in straight heats, but the final, which proved the feature of the afternoon, required six heats before the money winners could be decided, and it was well on to sunset before it was concluded.

The fields were large and made up of many well-known horses, and the meeting served as a reunion for horsemen from all parts of the East. The crowd was one of the largest that has attended an event of the kind in many years, and the upper and lower porches of the clubhouse were crowded with people, including many women, while the grand stand was taxed to its capacity.

Eighteen entries were received for the 2:25 pace, with three being scratched, leaving fifteen horses to contest the purse. After getting away to bad starts in the first three heats and being carried to bad breaks, it was finaly captured by the gray gelding Pete, owned by L. H. Chambers of Port Jefferson, N. Y., which came out in the last three heats and in capital form took down the honors.

The first event on the card, the 2.30 trot, went to Nat Ray, who drove the Canadian black mare Black Cat. Ray was formerly well known on the running tracks and considered one of the best steeplechase jockeys that ever sat in a saddle. The first heat of this event was won easily by Black Cat when the field got off to a poor start, but in the two following ones the margin of victory was close.

Joseph F. Gibbons of New York, behind the bay gelding Bright Axworthy, finished second. His charge in the second heat, when he was in a good position, went to a break, which caused the loss of much ground. In the third and final heat Gibbons put up a capital battle and made it hard for Black Cat.

In the 2:20 pace P. J. O'Connell drove Major, a brown gelding, to victory in straight heats, the winner appearing to be in a class by itself. The events for to-day are 2:16 trot, purse $1,000; 2:15 pace, purse $1,000, and 2:19 trot, purse $400. The summaries:

2:30 Class.—Trotting. Purse $1,000. Mile heats. Three in five.

Black Cat, blk. m., (N. Ray)........1 1 1
Bright Axworthy, b. g., (J. F. Gibbons)..4 10 2
Vibration, ch. g., (F. Howell)........2 5 6
Bessie Axworthy, b. m., (C. S. Hendrickson)........5 2 7
Brook Leonard, b. s., (J. Morris)........3 3 3
Todd Swift, br. s., (W. S. Edelmeyer)........6 4 5
Fan Patch, blk. m., (J. Packer)........9 7 4
Notice B., b. m., (W. Dickerson)........7 6 8
Mendell, b. g., (G. Munz)........8 12 9
Happy Dan, br. g., (W. H. Leese)........10 8 11
Nomis, b. g., (S. Walsh)........11 9 10
Harry B., b. g., (J. H. Phillips)........12 11 12
Alice J., b. m., (C. G. Hawn)........13 13 13
Time—2:20; 2:22; 2:19½.

2:30 Class, pacing. Purse $1,000. Mile heats, three in five.

Major, br. g., (P. J. O'Connell)........1 1 1
Dr. Wilkes, b. s., (J. Pitman)........9 2 2
Ophelia Direct, b. m., (J. Erskine)........2 9 5
Babe Dillon, b. m., (A. Fraser)........3 4 3
Marietta, blk. m., (E. Hollenbeck)........4 3 7
Arline, blk. m., (J. Burgess)........10 13 4
Montauk Dillon, b. m., (A. Whitney)........5 11 6
Amherst Boy, blk. s., (J. Lasher)........8 5 10
Belletta, br. m., (A. Leese)........6 7 12
June Frost, blk. m., (A. Brown)........11 6 9
Marion D., b. m., (G. Moore)........7 8 8
Argo Dillon, b. m., (A. Morris)........13 10 11
Akbar, b. g., (J. Cornwall)........12 12 13
Time—2:16; 2:15½; 2:16¾.

2:25 Class, Pacing.—Purse $400; mile heats, 3 in 5.

Pete, gr. g., (Kenner)........6 9 8 1 1 1
Ashline Nelson, b. g., (Schaffer)........4 1 1 4 3 4
Pilotalesa, b. m., (Burgess)........1 2 7 8 4 3
Elsie S., ch. m., (W. L. Rhodes)........3 8 2 3 2 2
Dr. Pointer, b. g., (E. Hollenbeck)........14 12 4 2
Spring, blk. m., (Brusie)........2 11 12 10
Elsie Janis, ch. m., (Middagh)........3 4 9 6
Lady Hughes, ch. m., (Brower)........8 10 5 5
Mamie C, gr. m., (W. E. Williams)........11 5 6 7
Teddy P., b. g., (R. Clark)........9 7 8 11
Sidney Direct, ch. g., (Moigel)........10 6 10 9
Alice Lako, blk. m., (O. H. Erskine)........7 8 11
Monbells, Jr., ch. g., (T. J. Smith)........13 13 dis.
Time—2:19¼; 2:19¼; 2:17½; 2:16½; 2:20½; 2:24½.

RECORDS FOR BRADEN DIRECT

Fast Time in Pacing Class at Cleveland Grand Circuit Meet.

CLEVELAND, July 30.—Promise of fast time at the North Randall track in the Grand Circuit races was fulfilled to-day. The large crowd in attendance saw records smashed, the chief performer being Braden Direct, the black colt of Baron Direct.

Entered in the 2:06 pacing for the Forest City $2,000 stake, with Egan holding the reins, Braden Direct won the second and third heats, after having finished ninth in the opener. He carried the hopes and money of a considerable contingent, too, being heavily backed. His best time was in the second heat, which he won in 2:03¾, which clipped three-fourths of a second from the stake record of 2:04½, made by Ginger in the first heat, and also reduced his own mark from 2:05½. Braden Direct also lowered the world's record for four-year-old pacers, 2:04, made by Online eighteen years ago.

Braden outpaced the 2:04 class, in which there were but four starters. First money in that class fell to Sir R., sent under the wire by Murphy in two straight heats. The bay son of The Stoic was followed in each heat by Don Densmore, Major Brino, and Peter the Second. The first heat was the most hair-raising of the meet, the four being neck and neck from start to finish. It was Sir R.'s first victory of the season, as heretofore he has been acting badly. The summaries:

2:20, Trotting.—Purse $1,000; 3 in 5, field divided; second division to race Thursday.

Eva Cord, b. m., (F. Jones)........1 1 1
Centerville, blk. h., (Cox)........2 5 2
Miss Davis, blk m., (Larell)........3 2 4
Ruth Randall, br. m., (Dagler)........4 3 6
Major Russell, b. g., (J. Benyon)........5 7 3
Constantino, ch. h., (H. Jones)........8 4 7
Lettie Lee, b. m., (D. White)........6 8 5
Andral, b. g., (Nuckols)........7 6 8
Baron Todd, br. h., (McDonald)........dis.
Waponee, b. h., (N. Grady)........dis.
Centerville and Miss Davis divided second and third money.
Time—2:13¼; 2:14; 2:11¾.

Three-Year-Old Sweepstakes, 2:15 Trotting.—Purse, $2,150; 2 in 3.

Adion, (formerly Dandy G.,) ch. g., (Dickerson)........9 1 1
Graham, Bellini, b. c., (James)........3 1 2 3
Brighton B, b. g., (Andrews)........1 2 7 2
Baldy McGregor, b. c., (Bagler)........4 3 7 4
Manrico, b. c., (Durfee)........2 5 5
Junior Watts, b. c., (Darnaly)........5 4 3
Brook King, blk. c., (Higgins)........7 6 6
Sox de Forest, b. c., (McDonald)........6 dis.
Santos Maid, br. f., (N. Grady)........8 dis.
Sienna, b. f., (Schlessinger)........Scratched
Time—2:11¾; 2:11¼; 2:12½; 2:13½.

2:06 Pacing—The Forest City Stake; purse, $2,000; 2 in 3.

Braden Direct, blk. c., (Egan)........9 1 1
Braham Baughman, b. h., (Cox)........2 2 3
Ginger, b. h., (Brown)........1 4 5
Gold Seal, ch. m., (Kerr)........3 5 2
Eddie Dillard, ch. h., (Snow)........5 6 6
Edward B., br. g., (Valentine)........4 7 7
Don Pronto, blk. h., (Dufee)........10 3 8
King Daphne, blk. c., (Dean)........7 10 4
Heir-at-Law First, blk. h., (Shackleton)........6 8 9
Judge Ward, b. g., (Hedrick)........8 11 dis.
Nutmoor, b. h., (Nickols)........11 9 dis.
Jim Logan, b. h., (Montgomery)........drawn.
Ginger and Gold Seal divided third and fourth money.
Time—2:05½; 2:03¾; 2:07¼.

2:04 Pacing—Purse, $1,000; 2 in 3.

Sir R., b. h., (Murphy)........1 1
Don Densmore, b. h., (Parker)........2 2
Major Brino, blk. g., (Hodson)........3 3
Peter the Second, b. h., (Valentine)........4 4
Time—2:05¾; 2:04½.

Van Cortlandt Cricketers Win.

An interesting and exciting cricket game was played at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday between teams representing the Van Cortlandt Park League and the Manhattan Cricket Association and resulted in a victory for the former by 11 runs, with totals of 71 to 60.

SPORTING EVENTS.

Baseball, Polo Gr'ds, To-day, 3:45 P. M. Giants vs. Cincinnati. Resd. Seats and Boxes at Club's office, 5th Av. Bldg., 9 to 11 A. M.

ROUND-ROBIN POLO.

Piping Rock Players Beat Meadow Brook Teams in Interesting Series.

Meadow Brook and Piping Rock followers of polo indulged in a round robin tournament at Westbury yesterday afternoon, in which the upholders of the "white" shield came out with banners flying. Three games of four periods each were played, and at the end of the twelfth period it was so dark that the players found themselves riding off their own men, so the play was stopped.

In the first match Piping Rock lined up against the Whites with R. Curling, Charles Appleton, F. L. Hopping, and Seward Carey playing Ripley, Cowdin, Tiiney, and Parks. The score was 4 to 2 in favor of the latter team. Then the Blues played the Whites with J. P. Grace, Watson Webb, S. A. W. Baltazzi, and Seward Carey, representing the Blues, and being beaten by a score of 6 to 4. Again Piping Rock with the same line attacked the Whites, the latter winning the game and round robin with a score of 5 to 4. At the end of the game Watson Webb's pony stumbled and threw his rider right at the goal post. Mr. Webb was not hurt.

A tournament game for a cup offered by Henry W. Bull has been scheduled for Thursday, Saturday, and Monday.

WEST LEADS IN TENNIS.

Hayes and Winston Defeat Clothier and Gardner in Close Game.

LAKE FOREST, Ill., July 30.—W. T. Hayes and J. P. Winston of Chicago today defeated W. J. Clothier of Philadelphia and G. P. Gardner of Boston in the semi-finals of the preliminary National doubles, 6-4, 5-7, 8-10, 6-4, 6-4, after a brilliant contest. M. E. McLoughlin of San Francisco and T. C. Bundy of Los Angeles defeated C. Y. Smith and Nat Thornton of Atlanta, Ga., 6-2, 6-1, 6-1, in whirlwind order.

McLoughlin and Bundy will play Hayes and Winston to-morrow in the final round on the Onwentsia Club courts to determine who shall play Raymond D. Little and Gustave Touchard at Newport Aug. 20 for the title.

In the match with McLoughlin and Bundy, Smith and Thornton held their opponents even for four games, but thereafter the result was never in doubt, the Southerners being outclassed.

The match between Hayes and Winston, and Clothier and Gardner was one of the hardest-fought ever seen on the local courses, sixty games being necessary to determine the contest.

Schoolboys Surprise Tennis Veterans.

Special to The New York Times.

CRAWFORD HOUSE, N. H., July 30.—Most of the matches in both the singles and doubles contests in the second day's play of the annual White Mountain tennis championship were won in straight sets.

J. G. Nelson and his teammate from Dartmouth furnished the best singles contest, when they appeared as opponents in the third round. The former was the steadier and outgeneraled rather than outplayed his opponent. In the second round of the doubles F. and J. E. Ritchie, two schoolboys from Montclair, N. J., furnished the surprise of the day by pushing R. M. Currier and L. H. Martin, two well-known Massachusetts veterans, to three full sets.

The feature singles match to-morrow should come out when Martin meets King Smith of the Seventh Regiment in the third round. As the winner of this match meets Nelson in the semi-finals it appears as though the result of the tourney hinged on this contest.

New York State Tennis Championship

Chairman and Referee Miles S. Charlock of the New York State lawn tennis championship meeting yesterday completed arrangements for the drawings in both the single and double events of this fixture, which will be held on the courts at Bay Ridge. The opening matches in the singles will begin to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, which will be the hour for starting the competitions each day, excepting Saturday, when the matches will begin at 2:30 o'clock.

Maurice E. McLoughlin, William A. Larned, Thomas C. Bundy, Gustave F. Touchard, Nathaniel W. Niles, Raymond D. Little, Karl H. Behr, and Walter Merrill Hall have entered.

Washburn Reaches Tennis Finals.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, July 30.—W. M. Washburn of New York won his way into the finals of the men's singles series of the Point Judith open tennis tournament to-day, defeating in the semi-final round Craig Biddle of Philadelphia in a fast five-set match. Fred C. Inman of New York and Hoffman C. Nickerson of Pittsfield, Mass., came through to the semi-final round. In the doubles E. A. Kennedy and A. E. Kennedy, Jr., of Philadelphia, W. M. and F. W. Washburn of New York, and J. D. E. Jones and S. Henshaw of Providence arrived at next to the last round.

Johnson to Retire from Ring.

In a statement given out at Chicago yesterday Jack Johnson announces that Labor Day will mark his formal retirement from the boxing game, after which time the other heavyweights can fight it out among themselves for the title. Inability to get the price which he demands for his services is named as the cause of Jack's retirement.

"I am sick and tired of dickering for bouts when they refuse to give me my price," said the champion. "I am going to throw up my hands and quit right here. I have plenty of money and a fine business, and I can't see why I should go to all the trouble of training again. You can say for me that Jack Johnson will never pull on the gloves again, no matter what inducements they offer. The other colored heavyweights—Langford, Jeannette, and McVey—can fight among themselves for the title. There is no white heavyweight who would stand any chance with any member of this trio."

Loughery Wins at Royale A. C.

Frank Loughery of Philadelphia defeated Johnny Dohan of Brooklyn in the ten-round feature bout at the Royale A. C. last night. The bout was marked by plenty of action all the way. Loughery landed the cleaner punches and also did the greater part of the aggressive work. Dohan came back occasionally with hard rights to the head and shook up his opponent. It was announced that both boys weighed 140 pounds, but they looked to be several pounds heavier. Neither was in distress at any stage, and both were strong at the finish.

In the four-round semi-final Joe Mooney outpointed Walter Nelson. Four other four-round bouts were also put on.

Good Card for St. Nicholas A. C.

Gunboat Smith, the big fighter from California, who recently beat Sailor White and knocked out Hugh McGann in two rounds, will box Andy Morris of Boston in the main feature of the St. Nicholas A. C. programme to-night. In the second ten-round contest Willie Jones of Brooklyn will face Young Wagner of the east side. In the first ten-round bout Tommy Coleman, the welterweight from Philadelphia, will engage Hock Bones, the welterweight champion of the South. In the six-round bouts Kid Carter of New Orleans will box Jack Golden of Newark and Biz Mackey of Cleveland will try conclusions with Ghetto of Harlem.

McFarland and Wolgast Matched.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 30.—Ad Wolgast and Packey McFarland have been matched to fight ten rounds at New York, Sept. 27. Papers will be signed at once, as McFarland is satisfied with Wolgast's offer to let him weigh in at 135 pounds at 3 P. M. on the day of the fight.

McClurg to Pilot Michicago.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Ogden T. McClurg, the Chicago Yacht Club skipper, who successfully handled the Michigao in three of her five trial races with the sloop Mavourneen, was selected last night by the International Race Committee to pilot the craft in her race with the Canadian yacht Patricia during the August pageant. The Patricia is expected to arrive here to-morrow. Morgan Barney of New York will officially measure the Patricia for the local club, while Designer Owen of the Patricia will apply the tape to the Michicago.

Street Signs with Providence.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 30.—President Van Dusen of the Providence International League Club announced to-day the unconditional release of Catcher Wilson and the purchasing of Pitcher Young from Topeka. Street of the New York Americans signed with the local club this afternoon.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

SAVE-THE-HORSE SPAVIN REMEDY

Druggists everywhere sell Save-The-Horse with a legal contract to cure or refund money.

WOMEN PLAY POLO AT NARRAGANSETT

Blackbirds Win One-Sided Game in Point Judith Tourney—Camden Defeats Deal.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., July 30.—Seven teams were in the one-day handicap at the Point Judith Polo Club to-day, and on account of darkness the finals for two sets of cups had to go over. The Kansas City team was in good form and luck, and reached the final with the Point Judith first team, while the consolation cups for beaten teams will be between the Bryn Mawr and Point Judith second teams.

In the contest between teams that included women the Misses Allen, daughters of Major Henry T. Allen of Washington led the Blackbirds and O'Day, and Lieut. Beard played the other positions, while Miss E. Randolph, Miss K. Smith, R. E. Strawbridge, Jr., and P. S. P. Randolph, Sr., made up the Narragansett set. The backs did not count any goals, but hit in the ball again. Miss J. Allen was very expert and had the stroke almost a shard and true as a man. She made 4 goals and O'Day gained another, so that the Blackbirds won by 5 to 1, the latter being kicked by a Narragansett pony.

The team will next meet the Aiken Four, which will include Miss Helen Hitchcock and Mrs. Hitchcock in a final game for the trophies.

In the series for the Army and Navy cups the Camden, S. C., team gave 4 goals to Deal and won by 13 to 6, although losing a goal by two fouls. The Deal outfit is made up of one-goal men, but they seem of the improving sort, while Camden has an excellent line up, which includes Rathborne and Park in front and behind, with Le Boutillier and Hunt in the middle place. Rathborne and Hunt were the heaviest goal earners, but the four were well in the game. The summaries:

ARMY AND NAVY CUPS.

CAMDEN.	H'cap.	DEAL.	H'cap.
1—J. C. Rathborne	2	1—J. B. Williams	1
2—T. Le Boutillier	2	2—J. H. Minnick	1
3—L. J. Hunt	3	3—J. E. Meyer	1
Back—James Park	1	Back—J. B. Ford	1
Total	8	Total	4

Camden—Earned goals, 14; less penalties for fouls, 1. Total—13. Deal—By handicap, 4; earned goals, 2. Total—6. Individual goals—Rathborne, (5,) Hunt, (4,) Park, (3,) Le Boutillier, (2,) Minnick, Ford. Referee—C. R. Beadleston.

WOMEN'S MATCH.

BLACKBIRDS.	NARRAGANSETT.
1—Miss D. Allen.	1—Miss Emily Randolph.
2—Miss J. Allen.	2—Miss K. Smith.
3—J. O'Day.	3—R. E. Strawbridge.
Back—Lieut. Beard.	Back—P. S. P. Randolph.

Blackbirds—Earned goals, 5. Narragansett—Earned, 1 goal. Individual goals—Miss J. Allen, (4,) J. O'Day, (1,) Narragansett pony, (1.) Referee—Godfrey Preece.

ONE-DAY HANDICAP—THREE PERIODS.

FIRST ROUND.

Point Judith First beat Wanderers, 3¾ to 2¾.
Meadow Brook Canaries, a bye.
Kansas City beat Bryn Mawr, 3 to 2.
Rovers beat Point Judith Second, 3 to 1.

SECOND ROUND.

Point Judith First beat Meadow Brook Canaries, 5 to 3¾.
Kansas City beat Rovers, 4 to 2¾.

CONSOLATION CUPS.

Bryn Mawr beat Wanderers.
Point Judith Second, a bye.

Queal to Race Wood.

Billy Queal, the American distance foot-racing champion, has accepted the challenge of A. E. Wood of England. Queal's only stipulation is that the distance be ten miles and the race to take place on any recognized track.

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1912.

THE MAYOR'S RESPONSIBILITY.

Mayor Gaynor will call upon the Aldermen to undertake a special inquiry into the charges made against the Police Department. Evidently the Mayor perceives that this is no time for writing letters to the Police Commissioner abusing the "corrupt" newspapers and casting slurs upon the work of District Attorney Whitman. The Rosenthal murder case is a serious matter for William J. Gaynor, it is exceedingly serious. In a brilliantly lighted street, in the heart of the city, a man is shot to death in circumstances which show that there was an organized plot, involving many men, to put him out of the way. He had given to the District Attorney information about corrupt conditions in the Police Department. Not far from the scene of the murder, upon their several posts, were half a dozen policemen. They did not catch the murderers, they did not get any information about the murderers, they did not even get the number of the motor car in which the murderers fled. The civilian who did get the number of the car was put under arrest, but a false number was entered in the police blotter. Several persons concerned in the instigation or in the perpetration of the murder are under arrest. Through the confessions of some of them a Police Lieutenant has been indicted for murder in the first degree. He is directly charged with having ordered and procured the killing of Rosenthal. Were these persons arrested as a result of police diligence and skill? Not at all. They were arrested because District Attorney Whitman worked his way into the heart of the mystery and laid bare the motives of the crime, the preparations for committing it, and the manner in which it was done.

This is a serious matter for Mayor Gaynor because the Police Department lies in the hollow of his hand. From top to bottom he can make it or unmake it. The Mayor is not chargeable, either for credit or discredit, with the work done in those departments whose heads were elected by the people at the time he was elected. For the Police Department he is immediately and entirely responsible. The Mayor holds, and has often expressed, certain views concerning the interference of the police with what he calls the liberty of the citizen. There is a widespread belief in this community that his peculiar views upon this subject have hampered the police and have emboldened violators of the laws. Now, if ever, is the time for Mr. Gaynor to correct that very damaging impression and set himself right before the people.

The charges made against Police Lieutenant Becker are not yet proved. But assuming that they are even in part true, the situation is appalling. If a band of thugs can be assembled by an officer of the Police Department, and if, from motives of self-protection or revenge, he can issue an order to these thugs to shoot down Rosenthal, the gambler, then no man who incurs the Police Lieutenant's displeasure would be safe. On his order, they would as readily murder any citizen in New York, the most eminent and blameless. This condition of things has grown up and been permitted to exist in the administration of William J. Gaynor. He will court the total destruction of his reputation if he permits it longer to exist. Mr. Gaynor is known throughout the country. He has been held in high esteem, he has been much praised. His name has been a good deal discussed in connection with higher offices, the Governorship of the State, the Presidency of the Nation. Votes were cast for him in the Baltimore Convention. But who will say that a man who cannot rule his own city is fit to rule his State, or the Nation?

No, Mr. Gaynor's work is here, and it is the most serious work he has undertaken in the whole course of his public career. Sinister rumors are current, which may be unfounded, but which certainly are subjects for inquiry, that the hideous corruption out of which the murder of Rosenthal resulted extends far beyond and much above the police officer now under indictment. In the circumstances, such rumors cannot be dismissed as idle tales, because the extraordinary paralysis which seemed to fall upon the department at the instant of the murder, and has since continued, tends to ripen into firm belief the vague impression of the people that these stories are true. If the police could not ferret out the murderers of Rosenthal, then it would appear that the business of murdering for hire is safe in this city. It will not do, Mr. Mayor, to let that impression prevail. It will ruin not merely the administration of the Police Department, it will ruin you and your administration.

AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL BRITISH LAW.

England has no written Constitution, but it has a body which discharges the function of our Supreme Court when it annuls a law in conflict with our Constitution. The cable reported a case of this kind yesterday, when the Privy Council annulled a statute of the Dominion Parliament. Quebec has a law passed by its provincial Legislature declaring that marriages must be celebrated in accordance with the Papal decree of "ne temere." Thus both the civil and the religious law of Quebec require that a Catholic priest must celebrate all marriages of Catholics. Naturally it follows that all marriages must be canonical. But the Dominion Parliament undertook to provide by law that marriages might be celebrated by any person competent for that purpose, and that neither canonical nor provincial law should invalidate such a marriage.

The Lord Chancellor's decision presents the finding of the Privy Council that such a statute is beyond the powers of the Dominion Parliament. We should say that such a law was "ultra vires," that it never was a law for lack of power to enact it. An instant's thought makes apparent the distinction, according to both American and British law, between declaring that such a statute never was law, being void from the beginning, and annulling a statute which meets constitutional requirements of validity. Neither our Supreme Court nor the British Privy Council would or could overrule a Legislature's valid acts. Either body is reluctant even to declare that Legislatures lack power to do what they assume to do. Yet upon occasion both bodies annul acts which it is begging the question to call laws. Doubtless Canada will acquiesce more calmly than some Americans who rage against the Supreme Court for annulling "laws," which never were such, being mere forms of word without authority to give them statutory effect.

REPEALING RECIPROCITY.

The Senate insists upon its fad for repealing reciprocity with Canada, and it is reported that the House will never consent. Nothing could be better. So long as both houses agree to disagree the reciprocity law will stand on our statute books, available for Canada's acceptance, and the people on both sides the border will continue to practice reciprocity just the same as they would even were the law to be repealed. Reciprocity may be promoted, but cannot be prevented. Our most prosperous railways are those with Canadian connections, and the most prosperous Canadian railways are those with American connections. Why should not this be so when the Canadians export grain and import American goods over roads with connections for this particular purpose? In 1911 26,000,000 bushels of Canadian grain, or 40 per cent. of all that went over the Canadian canals, took the route via Buffalo, and Canadian journals say that this year's proportion will be larger. If this is so in the crippled condition of the Erie Canal, there would seem to be no reason why the greater part of the Canadian grain should not go across the ocean by way of New York when our canals are ready to carry it. Only last week a new railway route into Canada was projected, and there are American railways whose branches across the border look like the teeth of a comb. At the same time the Canadian railways are stretching southward, as the Grand Trunk's entry into New England amply proves.

The traffic moving the other way is less to American liking, but it persists in moving just the same. For Canada's last fiscal year the emigration into Canada was 59,790 from Great Britain and 103,798 from the United States. The qualities of the respective figures appear from the Canadian official record that

> the wealth of the immigrants settling in the West during the five years ended March 31 was estimated as follows: British, cash, $37,546; effects, $18,773,000; United States, cash, $157,260,000; effects, $110,982,000.

Assuredly Canada's gain is our loss, but we do not know what we can do about this movement any more than what Canada can do about the perverse movement of the Canadian grain to market. It would be agreeable enough to repeal these movements of trade, but there is danger about it. Governments can do nothing more unpopular than to resist the natural movements of trade, and can do nothing wiser than to promote prosperity in ways which the people find out for themselves. Americans and Canadians alike know better what is for their interest than any officials on either side the border.

The Canadian party which fought this movement has aroused an opposition that makes its position precarious, and has aroused outspoken support of annexation, alike in Quebec and in the prairie provinces. It would have been truer loyalty to foster reciprocity than to arouse such sentiments, and perhaps to provoke a response on this side the border where previously there was none. This political movement in Canada warns the repealers of reciprocity on this side the border that unexpected and undesired results are likely to follow the repeal of a statute so thoroughly in accord with the spirit of the times.

NOBODY TO BLAME, AS USUAL.

Nobody is to blame. This is the sum of the preposterous report of Lord Mersey, presiding Judge of the court of inquiry, instituted by the British Board of Trade, on the loss of the Titanic. To be sure, the court finds that the collision was due to excessive speed, and that, although the Titanic was sufficiently and efficiently officered and manned, and complied with all the regulations of the British Merchant Shipping act regarding safety, yet an extra lookout should have been placed in the stem of the boat and a sharp watch kept by the officers on both sides of the bridge. But nobody is blamed because a sharp watch obviously was not kept. The speed of 22 knots was excessive, but Bruce Ismay's presence on board did not improperly influence Capt. Smith. The Captain's course in maintaining speed in face of ice warnings is described as "in accordance "with the long-existing custom due to "competition and to the desire of the "public for quick passages rather than "to the lack of judgment by navigators."

There is a bare hint here that the blame for the disaster rests with the public, presumably the American public. The Captain is not blamed, Mr. Ismay is not blamed, and his preservation of his own life when so many passengers were drowned is excused on the ground that "had he not done so he "would merely have added one more "life to the number lost."

The most lucid conclusion reached is that if the Titanic had been an unsinkable boat she would not have sunk. She might have been made safer by a water-tight deck, but Lord Mersey is not sure. She might have floated if she had been divided into longitudinal instead of transverse water-tight compartments. The Board of Trade is advised to investigate these and other plans to make ships safer, and the board is rebuked for not revising the shipping rules of 1894. But the high speed kept up in the icefield was due to nobody's negligence or ignorance, and the track followed was reasonably safe with proper vigilance.

Of course there are many recommendations as to the means of insuring safety in the future. But the outcome of the British Board of Trade's long inquiry into the greatest steamship disaster in history is substantially that it was unavoidable. The speed was too great, but it was the customary speed; the watch was ineffective, but nobody was to blame for that. The Captain did his best, which was just what other Captains would have done, Mr. Ismay ought not to have kept the Captain's copy of the wireless ice warning, but that made no difference, and as for the responsibility of the company for the safety of lives and property intrusted to it—well, judging from the telegraphed summaries of this long report, there is no company.

NO ALARM ABOUT MEXICO.

The fresh "suspension of constitutional guarantees" by the Mexican Government in the sections where Orozco plies his calling has obviously angered that outlaw, as similar action in the States near the capital has angered Zapata. Local authorities, martial law having been thus established, are authorized to deal summarily with outlaws and all who interfere with means of communication. Orozco's newest plan is to frighten American residents of his district. He has succeeded well enough to induce Secretary Knox to renew his protest to Madero against attacks upon American citizens. But Orozco's device to make Mexicans think American intervention is imminent will fail, in spite of the activities of the various juntas in El Paso, and the prompt acceptance of the bait by constituents of Senator Fall of New Mexico.

The war in Mexico is over, a fact which seems to grieve a few of our own citizens in the far Southwest who may have been hoping to get hold of a few cheap "concessions." Business is reviving in Mexico City and the other commercial centres, and both Orozco and Zapata have reached nearly the finish in their efforts to harass the Madero Government.

A STRANGE FREAK.

The story of the wealthy American at Scarborough, in England, who hired the local theatre last Saturday night so that he could be the solitary spectator of a performance of one of Bernard Shaw's plays is certainly "well found," as the saying is, but one would like to have the name and home address of the man, and something of his pathological history, before accepting it as gospel truth. There are very few Americans of the humbler sex who can cheerfully endure a Bernard Shaw play, even in the company of an otherwise nice girl whose advanced views are not sufficiently repellent to counteract her positive charm. There are still fewer who would ever go alone to a theatre where Bernard Shaw held the stage, not counting, of course, the intellectual "deadheads" who see a play not to enjoy it, but to tell other persons what they think about it.

The man at Scarborough was one man picked out of more than ten thousand. The mad King of Bavaria, to be sure, enjoyed a play in solitude, but he was a King and a madman, and his taste did not run to "paradox" and artificial wit, but to the higher ranges of poetry, to Wagner, Schiller, and Lessing. Moreover, royal personages like Ludwig are the products of many generations of gradual decay. A rich American, generally speaking, has just made his money in mines or patent medicines. He is still healthy, normal, and crude. He likes crowds. Five-sixths of a play's effect, it has been said, depends on the audience. A good melodrama with a good audience for melodrama is a joy to all who are present. Bernard Shaw, with nobody sitting next to you to laugh at his obvious conceits, and explain them to you in the manner of Shaw enthusiasts, would be a soporific. We fancy the solitary spectator, in spite of his wealth, paid for only one seat at the Scarborough Theatre, and just happened to be the only person in the house.

A CHANCE FOR TWO SHIPS.

Mr. Sulzer and his associates now have a chance, it seems, of inducing the House of Representatives to heed the will of the country and do their duty by the navy. The members of the majority have now come over to the idea of building one new battleship this year. With a little more urging they will consent to two. Mr. Sulzer has ample support from all parts of the country, and he has few equals in Congress as an effective advocate, especially in the committee rooms and in private argument.

The willingness of the men who were determined to have no battleships built this year to compromise on one indicates that they have heard from their constituencies. The people want two battleships built. They want our navy kept up to its proper standard, to be a fit navy for the defense of our coasts east and west, of the Panama Canal, and our island possessions.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

But, Then, Comparisons Are Odious.

Think of a dinosaur 85 feet long when he was in health and then think of a Bull Moose that is not more than 16 hands high, and one will have the difference between this country as it is under the beneficent guidance of its greatest leader and this country when it was in the grasp of the aborigines.

Oceans of Words, but Little Meaning.

When Woodrow Wilson begins to straighten out things at Washington it is to be hoped that he will take counsel with the lawyers and the courts as to the most effective way of dealing in the true progressive spirit with the forms of legal procedure. Only last week in the Supreme Court of New York one of the Justices was compelled to ask the Clerk what an application that had been made to the court really meant and where it should be placed on the calendar. The Justice did not know what to do with it, and the Clerk was as much obfuscated as the Justice, who had studied the case for months and could extract no light from the pleadings. It has been said that language is a convenient medium of concealing thought, and this use is nowhere abused so much as in the forms with which the issues at law are confused. It makes business for the lawyers, of course; but they could do as well, probably, by saying in clear and plain language the meaning they have in view instead of drowning both clients and courts in an ocean of words.

The Gaming Spirit Difficult to Control.

Ex-Judge Dittenhoefer believes in publicity as an effective means of suppressing the gambling evil. He would have the games played open and above board, on the first floor, and in the presence of the multitude; but it is doubtful that such a remedy would cure the disease. On the contrary, it might have the effect of spreading the plague and of encouraging those who have never ventured anything to take a hand. A better plan would be to break up the gambling habit in the family and church, the bridge party and the grab-bag being, in fact, the primary classes from which graduates in the higher art have not infrequently been turned out. Of course there is a vast difference between those who take chances at the bridge table or in a righteous raffle, but the suggestion at least is evil. All men are gamblers in the sense that they are always taking chances of one sort and another, and the best that can be hoped for, possibly, is that the worst forms of the sport can be controlled, if not destroyed. They never can be controlled so long as the police stand in with the houses.

Let the Roosters Set the Example.

Clearly the Mayor of the commune in the Pyrenees is right in his order prohibiting the dancing of the young people in his community on Sundays, on the ground that such an exercise is prejudicial to agriculture because it disturbs the domestic animals during the hours of repose to which they are entitled by both natural and divine law. It does not argue against the Pyrenean Préfect that the roosters appear to be utterly regardless of the hours of repose demanded by human beings, which by right ought to be protected; but the roosters are not expected to know this, and, besides, we ought to have a clearer sense of right and wrong than the domestic animals about us.

THE NAVAL BILL.

Is the Middle West Against Coast States?—For Smaller Ships.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The House has again rejected the plan for two battleships by the votes of members from the Middle West, who say that the sentiment of that section is against such "extravagance."

Does this mean that their section feels itself secure from foreign invasion, and cares not what happens to the eastern or western or southern coast regions? If so, what becomes of the oft-quoted saying that we are "one country"? Or is it because they have no shipbuilding plants to profit by a slice from the "pork barrel"? Both considerations, no doubt, played their part. And all the while England, Germany, and other powers are going ahead full speed in naval development. Truly, some legislators have microscopic souls. Let us remember them on the day when we are impotent to enforce the Monroe doctrine, to guard the Panama Canal, to protect ourselves against the doctrine, "might makes right."

CHARLES VEZIN.

New York, July 30, 1912.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read your recent editorial, "Crippling the Navy." In my opinion, you have not been fair to those Representatives who are strongly against the building of two warships this year. They should be praised for the good example they are setting. Building more warships means a bigger burden upon the American people. God knows food and taxes are high enough now without making them higher.

Is it wise to spend large sums of money on dreadnoughts which in a real war will be at the mercy o the submarine and the aeroplane? Let us have plenty of submarine boats, torpedo boats, and aeroplanes, but fewer dreadnoughts.

JOSEPH THOMAS MAHONEY.

Newport, R. I., July 27, 1912.

SQUARE DEAL FOR RAILROADS.

What Must Happen if Crippling Them by Regulation Continues.

I.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Allow me to compliment you upon the editorial in your to-day's issue entitled "Will the Policy of Starving the Railroads be Continued?" It is timely, intelligent, and convincing.

The public generally little realizes the harm that has been done and is being done to the country by the precarious condition our railroads have been placed in by thoughtless and ill-advised legislation during the past three years. The actions of the Inter-State Commerce Commission have so crippled every railroad in our country that it has been impossible for them to keep abreast of the times in the way of the numberless improvements it requires to allow them to give the public the service which the latter requires and demands. Railroad investments generally have been consequently rendered so uninviting and precarious that they cannot be disposed of to advantage, and the railroads have therefore been prevented from securing the proper income to carry on their operations.

What will be the result if this state of affairs continues? There can be but one. The rules of business are implacable and unchangeable, and any undertaking that does not increase its income as its operating expenses increase has but one fate, it goes "to the wall," and that is where our railroads are slowly drifting. Had some action not better be taken before our railroads, without whose invaluable services our country would be nothing, "are on the rocks"?

If the crops in our great West are as large as they are reported the various roads will be taxed to their utmost in moving them, and in that case the country this Fall will witness the worst congested state of traffic that we have ever known. Who will be the worst sufferers in that case? The shippers themselves, who will suffer a loss in the delay of delivering their merchandise amounting to many times more than the slight increase in freight rates which the railroads have asked but which the Inter-State Commission refused to allow.

The country generally is suffering from the financially crippled condition of this great industry in which eighteen billions of dollars is invested; the holders of these securities have seen their investments shrink one billion of dollars during the past three years, without any corresponding benefit to the community at large, and yet it does not seem to dawn upon the members of the commission that a continuance of this state of affairs will bring about a condition of finances that is most unpleasant to contemplate.

EDWIN W. ADAMS.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 29, 1912.

II.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I offer my congratulations to the readers of your paper for the editorial laid before them in this morning's issue. It is the first long-range gun I have seen fired for betterment that has struck the mathematical centre of the target, and I look upon it as the beginning of the reward due those who have remained optimistic during some of the legislation of the past few years.

The fight for a square deal has not been won, but the day dawns, and it is backed by much accomplished that will be permanent and helpful in our National life. The advantage of such a stimulating editorial is that it provokes others on similar lines, and the extent, therefore, of its good work is difficult to measure. A thoughtful press is about the greatest safeguard a people can be blessed with.

THEODORE THOMAS.

New York, July 29, 1912.

III.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You have done all the people of this country a service of inestimable value in your editorial article to-day on the policy of "Starving the Railroads."

It is a document of the kind which is only to be found in the pages of your valuable paper. Be sure, if you can, that it reaches Gov. Wilson's eye.

O. F. VON ARNIM.

Falmouth, Mass., July 29, 1912.

MAN'S REFUSAL TO MARRY

Based, He Thinks, on Wise Observation of Modern Young Women.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to two recent communications to The Times, the multiplication of boarding and lodging houses, restaurants, and bachelor apartments clearly indicates that in proportion to population men are not disposed to marry as early as common twenty-five or thirty years ago.

Prior to the extensive invasion of women into business at about that time they were by many men regarded as a semi-divine mystery. A closer association in daily and exacting relations disclosed them as human, with the tincture of faults common to both sexes differing only in slight degree. Both in proportion to incomes or expectation are extravagant, but the girls are not cunning enough to hide the demerits. They give more expression to yearnings and covetousness than men, and the latter bearing such in mind scarcely care to enlist themselves as vehicles for procurement. In general they disapprove of the present attire of the girls as indicative of "baiting" devices, and suspect in particular that the disorderly hats worn cover disordered minds. When they observe the price markings in store windows of hats, shirtwaists, furs, purses, &c., and compare them with the costs of their own items of attire they are seized with paroxysms of the purse.

In short, the very means adopted by the girls to attract the young fellows are those which "scare" them off. A kalsomined face is like a "whited sepulchre" of hope of reformation. Then in numerous instances among friends or relatives they have observed young wives enter into housekeeping intents with enthusiasm for novelty common to the sex, only to shortly abate, and followed under various pretexts by importunities for relinquishment and adoption of boarding or lodgings—the very condition that men in part marry in order to escape.

The man who yields then has merely the society of the wife in exchange for her support. This does not picture all young women, but enough to make the young men reluctant to take chances, having also in view the possible adoption of her relatives, the wedding and holiday gifts, and other entanglements. If many girls in the twenties could but have the minds of women in the forties, reconciled, per force, to things that are instead of fantastic hopes they would be more desirable as wives.

WELL-MATED.

New York, July 30, 1912.

NEW YORK'S FOREIGN BORN.

New Statistics for 1910 Show That It Has 14.4% of Nation's Number.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The following statements, pertinent to recent discussions of the volume and distribution of the foreign born throughout the country, in large cities, and in New York, will be of interest to your readers. They are based on special information, secured at its own expense, by the Population Research Bureau of the New York Federation of Churches in advance of the publication of the results of the thirteenth census.

For the first time since the year 1870 the number of foreign born living within the area of the thirteen States which rebeled against the aggressions of the British crown exceeds the number of foreign born living within the area added to the United States since the Revolutionary War.

In 1850, when the Federal authorities separately tabulated for the first time the foreign-born element in the population of the United States, the foreign born living within the original area of the Union were nearly two-thirds of the whole immigrant group, or, to be exact, 65.3 per cent. In 1860 the percentage had shrunk to 54.7, and in 1870 there had been a further shrinkage of 5 per cent., placing more than half, or, to be exact, 50.3 per cent. of the foreign born within the area added to the United States after the Revolution. The percentage within the added area was yet larger in 1880, and in 1890 reached 55.1 per cent. A study of the changes in percentages shows that the added area grew as long as land remained to be taken up. In 1900 the percentage living within the added area had shrunk to 51.4 per cent.

In 1900 a trifle above one-third of the foreign-born whites in the United States were domiciled in nineteen cities now having 250,000 population. In 1910 the percentage of the foreign-born whites of the Nation living in these same cities was 36.2, an increase of 2.4 per cent., representing 1,370,735 persons.

Of this increase 914,573, or over two-thirds, was in nine cities located within the area of the original thirteen States, and 33.3 per cent. in ten cities within the area added to the United States since the Revolutionary War.

Within 19 miles of New York's City Hall there are to-day more foreign born than were in the whole United States in the year 1850. In New York City alone the foreign-born whites number 1,927,703, and the foreign-born negroes and other colored 16,654 more, making a total of 1,944,357 foreign born. In Jersey City and Newark alone there are over 188,000 foreign-born whites, and in the 104 other suburban towns and cities within 19 miles of New York's City Hall there are probably 150,000 more, making an aggregate of at least 2,282,000, whereas the entire foreign group in the United States in 1850 numbered less than 2,245,000. Greater New York added to itself, 1900 to 1910, 666,785 foreign-born whites, or 21,000 more than the whole increase of foreign-born whites in Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Detroit, Los Angeles, Minneapolis, New Orleans, San Francisco, and Washington put together. The increase of foreign-born whites in New York City in the last decade was over one-third of the whole increase of the foreign born within the area of the original thirteen States in those ten years, and was more than one-half of the increase of the foreign born in all the area added to the United States since the Revolutionary War. The whole growth of immigrants west of the Mississippi River, 1900 to 1910, excepting only the State of Washington, was about 35,000 less than the increase of foreign-born whites in New York City alone. New York had, in 1900, 12.4 per cent. of all the foreign born in the United States, and, in 1910, it had 14.4 per cent. of all the Nation's foreign-born whites.

WALTER LAIDLAW,
Executive Secretary, The New York Federation of Churches.

New York, July 30, 1912.

EFFECTS OF FREE TRAINING.

Produces "a Proletariat of Professional Men," Says Writer.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It seems strange that Messrs. Gordon and Herman should both assume that another correspondent does not know that alumni of colleges very often and very properly make donations to their Alma Maters; yet to imply that because some alumni do that, therefore "the colleges are supported by their alumni" is to imply that two-for-a-quarter doctors and the herdes of shyster lawyers help in these contributions.

Nevertheless, Mr. Green's contention seems sound. Not more facilities are wanted, but less, for the creation of a still greater proletariat of professional men, many of whom must curse the day they were born quite as volubly as ever Job did. Neither of to-day's correspondents denies the superfluity of these unfortunates, who, it may be supposed, do not become lodge doctors from any reason but sternest necessity, nor indulge in legal practice of the same calibre save from the necessity of eating.

Maybe the solution of it all would be to "socialize" the medical profession, like the educators' profession. In this latter "profession" the State employs nearly all, and pays them wages three times as much on the average as they could earn independently. Do the same with the doctors and the lawyers. Most of the members of these two professions would gladly earn or collect the pay teachers get.

What's getting into people, anyway? Can't any one do for himself any more? Is the State to do everything? Is its success as now constituted so marked that all else should be put into its hands? I warmly oppose any extension of free education. Let those who are to benefit by it personally pay for it. It's humbug to say the State benefits.

JUNIUS II.

New York, July 30, 1912.

French Aphorism Like Lincoln's.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have encountered the following sentence from Rochefoucauld: "On peut etre peus fin qu'un autre, mais pas plus fim que tout les autres." This may, I think, be Anglicized into: "One may be shrewder than another, but one cannot be shrewder than all others." How does that compare with Mr. Lincoln's famous aphorism? And was our great President a plagiarist? Probably he never read Rochefoucauld, and evolved the same sentence as the French author in a homelier form.

C. E. CALLAHAN.

New York, July 10, 1912.

POETRY AND CRIME.

When a fellow's doing time
For most any sort of crime
And incarceration bothers him a lot,
All he has to do to-day
Is to pen a pretty lay
All about the sainted mother he forgot.

If he's kidnapped, robbed or killed,
If bright homes with woe he's filled,
Here's the open door, free road and right of way—
He has but to write a verse,
Doggerel or even worse,
Mentioning the little prayers he used to say.

With a poem as his plea
We shall doubtless shortly see
Many a felon leaving prison in his wake.
All a rascal needs to do
Is to make the Judge boo-hoo
With a line about the baby's patty cake.

Moral: If your virtues fail
And you're on the road to jail,
Call to aid at once some shy poetic Muse;
Better than the courts of law—
Strongest plea we ever saw—
Is the latest, work-the-Judge-by-poem, ruse.

LURANA SHELDON.

PARTY PRIMARY PLAN IS SADLY DEFICIENT

Figures From Eight States Testify That Voters Will Not Turn Out for Initial Contests.

Is the primary election system a good system? Is it not, in fact, a very bad system? It has proved to be a bad system in the one-party States, meaning the States of the South, for in these it has destroyed the right of individual judgment, elevated small men to office, greatly increased the cost of running for office, and therefore opened the way for the use of money in the selection of candidates, multiplied the machinery of elections, almost doubling the cost without improving the fitness and character of those chosen for public station.

Compare the men who now represent these one-party States in the official life of the States and the Nation with the men who were selected by the old convention or town meeting method of naming candidates, and there can be only one conclusion, if in these days the tree is to be judged by its fruit.

⁂

It is claimed for the primary system that it will give the voters greater opportunity to make themselves felt, to express their choice for those whom they would like to have as their representatives but the facts until now do not warrant this conclusion. Take the returns of the primaries held in eight of the States this year, for the purpose of illustration, and they show that while in these States at the last general election 4,077,574 votes were cast, in the primary elections the total vote aggregated only 2,625,775—that is to say, nearly one-half of all the voters did not take part in the primaries.

In California 199,996 votes were cast in the primaries for the Republican and Democratic candidates, as compared with 342,430 votes at the general election in 1908, 142,434 voters absenting themselves from the primaries.

In Illinois 721,702 votes were polled at the primaries; in 1908 the total vote for the Republican and Democratic candidates for President aggregated 1,080,724—absent from the primaries, 359,022 voters.

In Maryland 113,418 votes were cast at the primaries; in 1908 the vote of Maryland for the Republican and Democratic candidates for President was 232,421—absent from the primaries, 119,003.

In Massachusetts, 222,345 votes were polled at the primaries; in 1908 the vote was 421,509—absent from the primaries, 199,164.

In Nebraska 109,816 votes were cast at the primaries; in 1908 the vote was 258,096—absent from the primaries, 148,280.

In Ohio 550,000 votes were cast at the primaries; in 1908 the vote was 1,075,033—absent from the primaries, though two of the candidates for President were Ohio men, 525,033.

In Oregon 88,499 votes were cast at the primaries; in 1908 the vote was 100,579.

In Pennsylvania the vote polled at the primary was 620,000; in 1908 the vote was 1,194,557—absent from the primaries, 574,557.

In California the proportion of Republican votes cast at the primaries was 66 per cent.; of Democratic votes, 44 per cent. In Illinois the Republican percentage was 69 and the Democratic percentage 63. In Maryland the Republican percentage was 44, the Democratic percentage 54. In Massachusetts the Republican percentage was 64, the Democratic percentage 32. In Nebraska the Republican percentage was 47, the Democratic percentage 39. In Ohio the Republican percentage was 35, the Democratic percentage 69. In Oregon the Republican percentage was 113, the Democratic percentage 44, from which it would appear that a good many Democrats voted for the Republican candidates. In Pennsylvania the Republican percentage was 64, the Democratic percentage 32.

All of which proves that the primary does not bring out the full vote of the people in party contests appointed for the purpose of naming the candidates of the parties for the office of President; at best it can be regarded only as a means, and a not altogether satisfactory means, unless it be guarded by very strict legal provisions, of ascertaining the drift of party sentiment toward men rather than toward principles or policies.

⁂

In the one-party States the primary system has generally resulted in the nomination and election of men of second or third rate ability. The primary election is really the election, the general election being held only for the purpose of confirming the work done at the primary. In these States the primary is binding upon all who take part in it. The candidates are required to pledge themselves to abide by the result of the primary, and the voters of the party feel in honor bound to sustain the result.

The effect is that the voters who do not belong to the party in power have practically no means of making their strength felt, whether it be great or small. In these one-party States it has been the habit of some voters to vote with the dominant party at the general election for local and States officers, and for the candidates of the opposing party for President and Vice President. In State and local matters, they are Democrats; in National affairs, they are Republicans, with the result that they have little or no influence in either local or National politics.

Take the State of South Carolina, for example, as it appears to be the most terrible example of all. Two years ago Cole L. Blease was nominated for Governor at the Democratic primary election, not because a majority of the people of the State wanted him, but because at the second primary—there were three or four candidates at the first primary, and under the party law it was necessary for the two candidates receiving the larger number of votes at the first primary to run the race over at a second election—the race was between Blease and Featherstone, and the issue between them was the liquor issue which has brought so much disgrace on the State since the Dispensary law was passed eighteen years ago.

The voters of the State did not fancy either of the candidates; but, after the primaries had spoken, there was no possible chance of changing the result, the people submitting to the primary in good faith, and paying for it, as all the world knows, with more than compound interest in the loss of self-respect and in such confusion of administration and legislation as has not been known since the State was a Colony.

⁂

The cost of the primary elections is great. They are held with all the machinery that is employed at the general elections or the elections that ought to elect—managers and watchers and challengers and Boards of Supervision and local committees and general committees—few of the members of which work for nothing—and this expense must be borne by the men who are candidates for office. It is not possible in the circumstances, however well fitted a man may be for public office, for the poor but deserving man to aspire to official station without going in debt or standing in with those who may be interested sufficiently in his prospects or the public good to stake him for the race.

The result has been that the general character of the office holders in the one-party States has not been as high as it was under the old convention system, when the people who were interested really in their own affairs named their candidates for office, and almost invariably selected those who were best fitted by position in their several communities, by approved public service, by evidences of marked ability, for the service required of them.

⁂

If the people are to be encouraged to take a livelier and more intelligent interest in public affairs some better and surer way of enlisting their services must be found than the primary system, which multiplies politics, increases the cost of running the State, makes it possible to create machines, and in which, as the returns from the eight States named show, the voice of only half the people is heard.

J. C. H.

FINDS SPEED CAUSE OF TITANIC'S LOSS

British Court of Inquiry Makes Many Suggestions—Censures Board of Trade.

MR. ISMAY IS EXONERATED

Also Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon—Liner Californian Blamed—Senator Smith Gratified by Findings.

LONDON, July 30.—The judgment of the British Board of Trade Court of Inquiry into the disaster to the White Star liner Titanic was pronounced to-day by Lord Mersey, the Presiding Judge, before a large audience.

The court finds that the collision of the Titanic with the iceberg was due to the excessive speed at which the ship was navigated, that a proper watch was not kept, that the ship's boats were properly lowered, but that arrangements for manning them were insufficient; that the Leyland liner Californian might have reached the Titanic if she had attempted to do so; that the track followed was reasonably safe with proper vigilance, and that there was no discrimination against third-class passengers in the saving of life.

The court exonerates J. Bruce Ismay, Chairman and Managing Director of the White Star Line, and Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon, one of the passengers, from charges of improper conduct.

The judgment recommends more water-tight compartments in seagoing ships, the provision of lifeboats for all on board, and more efficient drills of the crew, as well as a better lookout.

Lord Mersey's judgment is a formal legal document giving the history of the voyage and of the disaster, while the findings and recommendations of the court extend to great length. Much of the judgment is highly technical, for which Lord Mersey's scientific colleagues are responsible.

No Attempt at Rhetoric.

While the judgment was being delivered no attempt at rhetoric was made. There was no argument and no direct reference to the inquiry by the committee of the United States Senate under the Chairmanship of Senator William Alden Smith.

The most important findings of the court were that the Titanic was sufficiently and efficiently officered and manned and complied with all the regulations of the British Merchant Shipping act regarding safety, but that the arrangements for manning and launching the lifeboats in an emergency were insufficient and that no drill had been held. The instructions for the voyage given prior to sailing were, in the opinion of the court, adequate, but "having regard to subsequent events they would have been better if reference had been made to the course to be adopted in the event of the vessel reaching the region of ice."

The outward and homeward southern tracks were, according to the judgment, reasonably safe for the time of year at which the disaster happened, provided great precaution and vigilance were used in crossing the ice region. Capt. E. S. Smith of the Titanic was not, said the court, fettered by orders to remain in the track, but naturally would keep near to the accepted route.

In view of the fact that on the night of the accident the moon was not shining, there was no wind, and very little swell on the sea, and especially in view of the high speed at which the Titanic was steaming, an extra lookout should, in the court's opinion, have been placed in the stem of the boat and a sharp watch kept by the officers on both sides of the bridge.

The court said it did not consider binoculars necessary as a rule. Searchlights, however, might be serviceable, but the evidence given before the court was insufficient to permit of a precise answer.

Titanic's Speed Excessive.

The speed of twenty-two knots was regarded by the court as excessive.

The seriousness of the disaster was realized by the officers within fifteen or twenty minutes of the crash, and proper discipline was maintained, according to the view of the court. The apparatus for lowering the boats was in good order, and the lowering was properly managed, but some of the lifeboats were undermanned and improperly equipped. Eight of the boats were not filled when they left the sinking vessel, because the passengers did not realize their danger, and the officers, who were uncertain of the strength and capacity of the small boats, had intended to complete their loading after they were launched.

The disproportion of the passengers of the different classes among those saved was due to the fact that many of those in the third class were foreigners, and to the position of their quarters. There was, in the court's opinion, no discrimination. Only a small proportion of the crew were saved, because the sailors attended to their duties until the last moment.

The Court's Recommendations.

The recommendations of the court are as follows:

The Board of Trade should investigate the practicability of providing seagoing ships, in addition to their water-tight transverse bulkheads, with a double skin carried above the water line or with a longitudinal vertical water-tight bulkhead on each side of the vessel, or with both.

The Board of Trade should also investigate regarding the question of providing a water-tight deck or decks stretching along the whole or part of the length of the ship at a convenient distance above the water line and should also investigate whether the openings should be water-tight doors or some other device.

The Board of Trade should also report generally on the increasing protection given by the subdivision of the vessel with the object of keeping the ship afloat with the greatest proportion of her length in free communication with the sea.

The court recommends that the Board of Trade be empowered to enforce its conclusions on the foregoing points and to require that the designs of ships should be submitted to it during the early stages of their construction. It should have at the same time power to direct changes.

Another recommendation is that the lifeboat and raft accommodations on seagoing vessels be based on the number of persons carried instead of on the tonnage of the ship, and that they be sufficient for all on board.

The court thinks that changes may be necessary in the size and type of boats carried by ships and in the methods of stowing and launching them. Possibly it may be necessary to reserve one or more of the decks for the carrying of boats and the drilling of the crew.

Advice as to Lifeboats.

The court recommends that each lifeboat be provided with signaling apparatus, with a compass, and with provisions and that the number each boat is intended to carry should be plainly marked.

The court also recommends a more searching inspection of the boats and more frequent drilling of the crew, enough of whom should be trained to man the boats.

Further recommendations are: Sight tests for ships' lookouts, a police system for control in cases of emergency, a continuous wireless service, and regulations for moderating speed or altering the vessel's course in the ice region.

The court suggests that an international conference be called to agree on a common rule for the subdivision of ships, also as to life saving apparatus wireless regulations, speed in the ice regions, and the use of searchlights.

Lord Mersey said it was not the business of the court to inquire into attacks on the moral conduct of Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon and J. Bruce Ismay, but silence on the part of the court might be misunderstood. He continued:

"The very gross charge against Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon that he bribed the boatmen to row away from drowning people is unfounded. I do not believe the men in the boat were deterred from making an attempt to rescue others by any act of Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon. At the same time, I think if he had encouraged the men to return to where the Titanic had foundered they probably would have made an effort to do so, and could have saved some lives.

Ismay Exonerated.

"The attack on J. Bruce Ismay," the Judge went on, "resolved itself into the suggestion that, occupying the position of Managing Director of the line, some moral duty was imposed upon him to wait on board until the vessel foundered. I do not agree. Mr. Ismay, after assisting many of the passengers, found the last boat on the starboard side of the Titanic actually being lowered. No other people were there at the time. There was room for him, and he jumped in. Had he not done so he would merely have added one more life to the number lost."

Regarding the wireless dispatch received on board the Titanic giving the warning that ice was in the vicinity, Lord Mersey said:

"It was irregular for the master of a vessel to part with the document and improper for Mr. Ismay to retain it." The Judge, however, said he was convinced that the incident had not influenced the navigation of the Titanic and that Capt. Smith's course in maintaining speed in face of ice warnings was in accordance with the long-existing custom, due to competition and to the desire of the public for quick passages rather than for the use of judgment by navigators. He added:

"In the circumstances I am unable to blame Capt. Smith. He had not the experience which his own misfortune afforded to those whom he left behind. Other skilled men would have done the same in the same position."

Lord Mersey said he did not believe Capt. Smith was improperly influenced by Mr. Ismay's presence on board the Titanic. He then praised the general conduct of the passengers and crew, but regretted that some of the boats, especially No. 1, had not attempted to save the drowning. He commended Capt. Rostron of the Cunard liner Carpathia very highly.

Blame for the Californian.

He said he was convinced that those on board the Californian had seen the Titanic's signals at a distance of eight or ten miles and could have reached her without serious risk and thus saved the lives of many or all. While not referring to the Captain of the Californian, Lord Mersey recommended that the attention of all masters of ships be drawn to the fact that it was a misdemeanor to fail to go to the rescue of a distressed vessel.

Lord Mersey expressed the opinion that the Titanic would have been safer with a water-tight deck, although there might be expert reasons against this. He thought she could have floated if divided into longitudinal instead of transverse water-tight compartments.

In conclusion, Lord Mersey severely blamed the Board of Trade for its failure to revise the shipping rules of 1894.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 30.—No official news concerning the disposition made of Capt. Lord, who was in command of the Leland liner Californian at the time of the Titanic disaster, has apparently reached this side.

On the East Boston water front, however, where the ships of the Leyland Line dock, and where men from the ships congregate, it is declared that Capt. Lord is not now in the service, and the belief is that he has been quietly dropped.

LONDON PRESS CRITICAL.

Not Quite Satisfied By the Report—Whitewashing Alleged.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, July 31.—The Mersey court's report on the Titanic disaster is not accepted as entirely satisfactory by some of the newspapers.

The Times, referring to the court's verdict that the loss of the Titanic was "due to a collision with an iceberg brought about by the excessive speed at which the ship was being navigated," says the statement as it stands is incorrect in fact and at variance with other statements in the report. The Times points out that no excess of speed in a ship can cause a collision unless a course is steered which brings her into collision with something. The collision of the Titanic with the iceberg was brought about by the course she steered not less than by excessive speed. A reduction of speed would not have saved the ship if a bad lookout were kept.

The Times otherwise has nothing but praise for the report, and expresses satisfaction that the "malicious attacks made on individuals are quietly put decisive* put down."

The Daily Mail says the first impression made upon the public by the verdict of the tribunal will be one of disappointment. "It carries reticence to the severest extreme, and where it makes comments they are doubly guarded." As to Lord Mersey's references to the behavior of Mr. Ismay, Sir Cosmo Duff Gordon, and the Captain of the Californian, The Daily Mail says:

"We hope that these three Englishmen are satisfied with the verdict."

The Daily Express says:

"On the whole, the report justifies our faith in British seamanship, but we are bound to say that in some directions a desire to spread whitewash is apparent, while certain criticisms conflict with other more comforting assurances. The recommendations offer a basis for determined action, nationally and internationally. We hope they will not be allowed to be a dead epitaph."

The Daily Telegraph says:

"The nation will welcome the official finding that Capt. Rostron and the crew of the Carpathia played heroes' parts, that the 'gross charge against Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon of having bribed men to row away from the wreck was unfounded,' that Mr. Ismay is held to have been guilty of no lapse from moral duty, that 'the officers did their work well, without any thought for themselves,' that 'the discipline among the passengers and crew during the lowering of the boats was good,' and that 'the third-class passengers were not unfairly treated' or discriminated against.

"The calm judgment of this court once for all establishes the right of the race to glory in the triumph of our humanity in an hour of dire trial."

In reference to Lord Mersey's indictment of the Captain of the Californian The Daily Telegraph adds:

"It stands on record for all time. It calls for no comment, for the condemnation is as unmitigated in its simple severity as it is unmerciful in its stern recital of the probable consequences of this fatal lapse from the high standard of conduct on the sea accepted by sailors everywhere as a commonplace duty which none would dare escape, even at personal peril.

"This portion of the report stands out as a thing apart, a horror which in days to come will wound the human instinct of the race whenever the story of the Titanic is recounted."

The legal correspondent of The Daily Telegraph, discussing the legal bearing of the Titanic report, says:

"It must be borne in mind that Lord Mersey's court was not in the ordinary sense a court of justice, and the result of its deliberations must not be regarded as a judgment. It follows that the report is not final and conclusive in regard to the various debatable matters with which it deals, and were it necessary to discuss any of them hereafter in a court of justice, they could be reargued as if there had never been any investigation into the why and wherefore of the Titanic disaster.

"At the same time it is quite clear that a court of justice or a jury would hesitate long before expressing dissent from the conclusions at which these eminent experts arrived.

"Technically speaking, the report is not the last word, but in practice it would probably be treated as if it were. It is difficult to suppose, for instance, that any court which had to inquire into the question of the responsibilty of the owners of the ship would disregard the expression of opinion of Lord Mersey and those who sat with him, and this particular point is one of vital importance, for if 'fault or privity' can be brought home to the owners of the Titanic, the limitation of liability laid down by the Merchant Shipping act—£15 per ton for loss of life, £8 per ton for loss or damage to goods—is wiped out and the damages of sufferers are left at large.

"The report having in effect acquitted them of all blame, it is not likely that any attempt will be made hereafter to establish the contrary."

SENATOR SMITH PLEASED.

Wires The Times His Views on British Titanic Findings.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Answering your telegram asking for comment on Lord Mersey's findings and recommendations in the Titanic disaster, I would say that I hesitate very much about expressing an opinion upon this inquiry. It has evidently been very thorough and painstaking, and speaks for itself.

The conclusions of the court quite generally accord with the findings of the Senate Committee. We are in perfect harmony as to the speed of the ship; as to the warnings of ice; as to the proximity of the steamship Californian to the ill-fated vessel. We quite agree that there was no discrimination against third-class passengers in the saving of life, and in the necessity for greater vigilance on the part of ships' officers, especially in the ice regions.

I am very much pleased with that part of the report calling for an abandonment of the old basis for life-saving equipment and rejoice that it is to be no longer based on the tonnage of the vessel, but rather upon its passenger capacity, in order that there may be enough lifeboats for all. The necessity for efficient drills of the crew and more care in the selection of sailors for the lookout must have good effect. The demand of the British Court for continuous wireless service—night and day—is in perfect harmony with the new American law recently passed by Congress and signed by the President.

Of course, it would be improper for me to comment on the personal conduct of Mr. Ismay or Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon. These are questions involving the conduct of British subjects and call for no comment upon my part.

The structural changes suggested go directly to the most important phase of the question and should call for the most careful and painstaking review by practical shipbuilders and masters, while the willingness of ocean transportation companies to conform to sensible and appropriate regulations is most encouraging.

The approval by the British court of the plan for an international convention to be held in the immediate future has already been anticipated here, and Congress has authorized the President to either convene such a convention in Washington or send delegates to Germany or England, should the convention be called there. I hope there may be no delay in this matter.

The Amelcan inquiry had but one object in view, and that was to obtain the truth regarding the circumstances leading up to this disaster and the lessons to be drawn therefrom. So far as I have been able to observe, the English Commission has been animated by the same purpose, and if we can come together in joint convention with a similar object in view much good will result from this sad and unfortunate event.

WILLIAM ALDEN SMITH.

MISS EDITH BROOKS TO WED.

New York Girl to Marry the Hon. A. R. S. Nutting in London Sept. 18.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 30.—The marriage of the Hon. A. R. S. Nutting, son of Sir J. G. Nutting of Dublin, and Miss Edith Allen Brooks, daughter of Walter Brooks of 18 East Seventieth Street, New York, is announced to take place at St. George's, Hanover Square, on Sept. 18.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Some of the Passengers Sailing To-day on the Caronia—The Arrivals.

Some of the passengers sailing to-day for Liverpool on the Caronia are:

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Anderson, George Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Banister, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bateman, Mrs. F. H. Bethell, Mr. and Mrs. William B. Bourn, E. P. Brown, Mrs. W. Browne, Arthur W. Butler, the Rev. James G. Buck, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Carnegie, J. H. Chester, Charles H. Conover, Mr. and Mrs. A. Aubett, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Davies, H. H. Day, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Donald, Mr. and Mrs. R. Dunlap, J. P. Dunn, Miss Mary E. Dunn, D. J. Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Fuller, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Gibson, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Gregg, Frank S. Guild, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence L. Hall, F. S. Ham, Mrs. Ethel E. Harris, Thomas Hodge, W. G. Hodge, Miss Frances E. Horton, Dr. and Mrs. Ernest Hubbard, Gilbert and Hugh Allom, H. M. Inman, W. G. Jones, Miss May L. Jones, Mrs. H. P. King, John Martin, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Moore, the Rev. W. Moran, Miss S. E. Moran, H. W. Munroe, John Munroe, Charles Oakes, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Randolph, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Reedy, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rody, Mrs. M. E. Russell, Miss R. A. Russell, G. H. Scales, Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Sheppard, Miss V. S. Simmonds, Melville Swart, Miss Marion E. Smith, Dr. and Mrs. A. W. Taves, J. A. Taylor, J. F. Taylor, Miss Marie Thorne, Henry L. Whitman, W. G. Wilkins, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Wilson, Miss Grace J. Wilson, Mrs. T. Woodward.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE (Bremen)—Mr. and Mrs. J. Sellers Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Barrows, C. S. Bartow, Dr. M. Linley Bates, Mrs. S. Bennett, Mrs. J. B. Bennett, W. H. Brain, C. M. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Browning, John J. Burton, the Rev. J. Butterworth, D. D., Miss M. J. Cass, Mr. and Mrs. H. Chickering, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Collins, E. H. Cooper, Theodore Crane, Miss Nelly Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Ellison, Miss M. G. Fealy, Mr. and Mrs. Max Fleischmann, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Fletcher, Miss Adele Fil[illegible] H. Flower, J. J. Gibbons, Dr. Charles P. Grayson, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Griffin, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Golden, W. P. Graham, A. T. Gray, Mrs. W. L. Green, C. R. Harris, Mrs. W. G. Henshaw, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Hill, G. A. Hind, Mrs. E. H. Johnson, J. M. Jowett, the Rev. W. L. Manning, D. D., Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Leggett, Miss Margaret Long, Miss M. W. Marvin, Mr. and Mrs. Norman R. Metcalf, W. B. Millar, Miss L. M. Millar, Stanley Mortimer, B. E. Murdock, Miss Blanche Howell, Mrs. H. C. Osborn, G. W. Palmer, C. H. Pearson, Prof. Leon Rains, W. C. Richardson, Mrs. A. V. Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Shaw, S. R. Stuart, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Taylor, G. C. Tyler, C. L. Victor, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Wertheim, Mr. and Mrs. St. John Wood, Thomas Young, C. S. Beisley, Mrs. S. S. Menken, Charles Rutherford, W. M. Sanford, J. H. Talbott, and C. M. Turner.

MAIN (Bremen)—Joseph Bass, Martin Balling, Miss Rosa Brown, Karl Fey, George Rechten, Miss Mary Glass, and Mrs. Charlotte Sievers.

ARTHUR BRISBANE WEDS MISS CARY

Editor Married to the Maid of Honor of a Ceremony He Attended on July 1.

NOT PREVIOUSLY ANNOUNCED

Gone to Boston For a Honeymoon—Only Eight in Wedding Party at Calvary Chapel.

Arthur Brisbane, editor of The Evening Journal, and Miss Phoebe Cary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Seward Cary of Buffalo, N. Y., were married yesterday in the chapel of the Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church, Fourth Avenue and Twenty-first Street, the Rev. Theodore Sedgwick performing the ceremony.

The first intimation that many of Mr. Brisbane's friends had of his coming marriage was when he visited the Marriage License Bureau at the City Hall yesterday forenoon with Miss Cary, who has been staying with her parents at 46 West Forty-sixth Street, and took out a license. Mr. Brisbane said, in reply to the usual questions, that he was an editor, and that he was born in Buffalo, his parents being Albert Brisbane and Sarah White. His town house is at 53 West Ninth Street, and he has a country place at Hempstead, L. I. No previous announcement had been made of their engagement.

It was on July 1 that Mr. Brisbane served as usher at a wedding in Buffalo where Miss Cary was maid of honor. This was the marriage of her sister, Miss Elinor Cary, to Courtland Smith, President of the American Press Association of New York. Their mother was Miss Emily Scatcherd.

The wedding yesterday, which took place shortly after noon, was a very quiet one, and there were only eight in the wedding party, including the parents of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. Seward Cary, her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Courtland Smith, and Miss Belton of Buffalo. The bride wore a traveling costume.

After a wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Brisbane left for Boston, where they will remain for several days, Mr. Brisbane's duties as editor being continued from that city.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. William P. Clyde, Jr., are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son at their home, Darent Hulme, Shoreham, County Kent, England, on July 26. Mr. Clyde is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William P. Clyde of 1 West Fifty-first Street, and his wife was Miss Dora J. Taylor, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Taylor of London. Their marriage took place abroad on July 27, 1911.

Mrs. J. Henry Alexandre is at Long Beach, L. I., for a few days with Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Onativia, who are staying at the Hotel Nassau.

Stanley Mortimer and Miss Edith Mortimer returned yesterday from Europe and are at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mrs. Rutherfurd Stuyvesant sailed from Europe on the Amerika on Monday for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Shane Leslie (Miss Marjorie Ide) are sailing for their future home in England shortly from Montreal, where they are visiting at present with Mr. and Mrs. W. Bourke Cockran.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Putnam are spending the Summer at Madison, Conn.

The Duchess de Chaulnes and her sister, Miss Marguerite Shonts, who are at Bar Harbor, will go to Newport for the Horse Show early in September.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Kohns are sailing for Europe to-morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Perot and Miss Perot of Yonkers are at the Cape May Hotel for a visit.

Miss Alice V. Thompson of 121 West 130th Street is visiting Miss Florence Thompson at Goshen, N. Y., and will join her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Thompson, at their cottage at Belmar, N. J., this week. Mrs. Ralph Horton (Miss Rita Thompson) will also visit her parents at Belmar.

Dr. Walter Lester Carr of 68 West Fifty-first Street is at Elk Lake in the Adirondacks.

The wedding of Miss Aileen Osborn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Church Osborn, to Vanderbilt Webb, son of Dr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt Webb, will take place on Wednesday, Sept. 11, at the country home of the bride's parents at Garrison, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Romeo Miglietta returned yesterday from Europe on the Bremen, and are at the Ritz, to remain until October. Mrs. Miglietta was formerly Mrs. Charles G. Gates, and their marriage took place early last Winter.

NEW YORK BROKER MARRIES.

David Crutchfield Weds Miss Dora H. Dixon in London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 30.—The marriage to-day at St. George's, Hanover Square, of David Crutchfield, a New York broker, and Miss Dora Hope Dixon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Galloway Dixon of Southport, was a quiet affair.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Norman Thicknesse, rector of St. George's. About a dozen persons were present, including the bride's parents. Frank F. Davis was the best man, and the witnesses were Mr. Davis, Rachel Dempsey, and Mr. and Mrs. Dixon.

The bridegroom described himself as a widower, 43 years of age; the bride as a spinster of 25 years. The latter wore a traveling dress, and immediately following the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Crutchfield left for the Continent.

MISS JANE LEWIS ENGAGED.

Her Marriage to Thaw Malin of Philadelphia Will Unite Old Families.

The engagement of Miss Jane Hone Lewis, the daughter of Mrs. Charles Edward Lewis of New York and Morristown, N. J., to Thaw Malin, son of John Malin of Philadelphia, is announced.

Miss Lewis made her début several years ago in this city. Her mother, before her marriage, was Miss Jane Perry Hone. Miss Lewis's family is well known in New York, and she is related to the Hones, De Rhams, Rodgers, Belmonts, Fosters, Howlands, and many others. Her uncle, John Hone of Gramercy Park, married a Miss Cadwalader of Philadelphia.

Mr. Malin is a member of the Union League Club of Philadelphia, and has two sisters, the Misses Rosalie and Katharine Malin. He is related to the Rodewalds, Thaws, Carnegies, and Fells of Philadelphia, as well as many other prominent families.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Mrs. G. A. Carstensen Gives a Tea.

Mrs. G. A. Carstensen, wife of the Rev. Mr. Carstensen, and her daughter, Miss Carstensen, gave a tea yesterday afternoon at their home at Riverdale. Miss Harrington, daughter of Rear Admiral Harrington, and Miss McKelvey poured. The callers included Mrs. George W. Perkins, Mrs. Edmund D. Randolph, Mrs. Stephen Dodge, Miss Grace Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Ayres, Rear Admiral Harrington and Mrs. Harrington of Yonkers, Mrs. Darwin P. Kingsley, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Butler, Mr. and Mrs. Fleming H. Revell, Mrs. Bashford Dean, Mrs. Welsh, and Mrs. John Jay McKelvey.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Van Baar on Honeymoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Van Baar, who were married on Monday, July 15, are spending their honeymoon at Mr. Van Baar's camp, Maple Lodge, at Blue Mountain Lake, N. Y. Mr. Van Baar is a bandmaster and musician and his bride was Miss Molly Quinn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James F. Quinn of 76 West Eighty-fifth Street, this city. They were married by the Rev. George E. Racette at the Church of St. Henry, Long Lake, N. Y.

TYLER BACK FROM EUROPE.

Says Loti Will Come Here for Production of "The Daughter of Heaven."

George C. Tyler of Liebler & Co. arrived in New York yesterday on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie after a Summer spent in Europe. He announced that Pierre Loti's visit to this country in connection with the production of his play, "The Daughter of Heaven," at the Century Theatre was conditional.

"Mr. Loti only consented to come to direct rehearsals after I had made several promises," said Mr. Tyler. "He is not to be interviewed by reporters; he is not to be snapshotted; he is not to be entertained; his address while in New York is not to be made public. He was not at all keen about coming, and I had to make these promises in order to induce him to undertake the journey.

"'The Daughter of Heaven' is the love story of a Ming Empress and a Manchu Emperor. For the rôle of the Emperor I have engaged Basil Gill, who has been leading man for Sir Herbert Tree. The part of the Empress will be filled by an actress whose name I will announce in a few days."

Mr. Tyler also said that he had a trunkful of manuscripts of plays which he intended to produce. These include vehicles for William Hodge, Viola Allen, and H. B. Warner. The original English company is to be brought to this country to present "The New Sin."

DR. W. L. MANNING ARRIVES.

Rector of Trinity Attended Conferences on "Faith and Order" Abroad.

The North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie arrived yesterday from Bremen with 389 first, 322 second, and 629 steerage passengers and mails. Among the passengers was the Rev. Dr. William L. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, who has been abroad in connection with the church movement he started at Cincinnati in October, 1910.

He first attended a conference at Lambeth Palace, London, with the Archbishops of Canterbury and York and the English Bishops, and then went to Edinburgh to another conference which was attended by the Primus of the Scotch Episcopal Church and the Scotch Bishops, and the third was at Armagh, where he met the primate of the Episcopal Church in Ireland.

"The three meetings," said Dr. Manning, "were most amicable and the subject discussed was 'Faith and Order in the Church.' There was no dissent, and there is every hope that a big international conference will be held to promote the movement within the next ten years. The ultimate object of the movement is to unify all the Christian Churches in the world, including the Greek Church. Since the movement was first started in October, 1910, there have been twenty conferences in this country, but this is the first one held abroad."

AMERICAN KILLED IN FRANCE.

Harvey W. Black of Alton, Ill., Victim of Motor Cycle Accident.

DOLE, France, July 30.—Harvey W. Black of Alton, Ill., was mortally injured in a motor-cycle accident near here to-day.

CARDINAL FISCHER IS DEAD.

Archbishop of Cologne Was a Leader in Christian Labor Unions.

BONN, Rhenish Prussia, July 30.—Cardinal Anthony Hubert Fischer, Archbishop of Cologne, died to-day after a long illness. He was born in 1840, and was created Cardinal in 1903.

As one of the leaders of the so-called Cologne movement, Cardinal Fischer visited Rome several months ago in a vain effort to induce the Pope to support Christian labor unions as against the "Berlin movement."

A serious crisis recently arose in the German Clerical Party through a declaration of the Pope giving his approval to the association of Catholic labor unions, numbering about 10,000 members. Most of the Catholic workingmen are organized in the Christian labor unions, with a membership of 360,000. Many Protestants are members of these organizations, and this is regarded by most of the clericals as essential to the best success. The association condemns the interdenominational character of the christian union, which view is supported by a wing of the Clerical Party called the "Berlin movement."

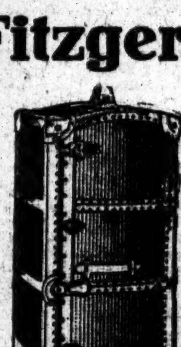
The Rev. Walter A. Purcell.

The Rev. Walter A. Purcell died Monday night at the rectory of St. Teresa's Catholic Church in Summit, N. J. Father Purcell was educated at St. Gabriel's Catholic School and later at Manhattan College. He began teaching at Seton Hall in 1879 and in 1880 entered the Seminary of the Immaculate Conception to study for the priesthood. After being ordained in 1884 he became assistant rector of St. Michael's Church, Jersey City, and later assistant rector of St. Aloysius Church, Newark, N. J. For a year he was Vice-President of Seton Hall. In 1893 Father Purcell was apointed rector of the Church of the Sacred Heart at Shady Hill, Bergen County and in 1905 was transferred to the rectorship of St. Teresa's

Frederick L. Schaefer.

Frederick L. Schaefer, veteran of the civil war and for many years pension agent and notary public, died suddenly of an attack of acute indigestion on Monday night at his home, 1,286 Lexington Avenue. He was born in New York in 1842 and entered the civil war at the age of 20 with the Thirty-eighth New York Volunteers. He was a member of Sumner Post 24, G. A. R., and the Veteran Zouaves Association. He is survived by five daughters and two sons.

Crouch & Fitzgerald



Wardrobe Trunks
For Ladies and Gentlemen
Trunks, Bags & Cases
Lightweight—Durable
154 Fifth Avenue N. W. Corner 20th Street
177 Broadway Above Cortlandt Street
723 Sixth Avenue Below 42d Street
Commercial Trunks

KENT'S
Rotary Knife Cleaners
Cleans and sharpens in five seconds.
LEWIS & CONGER
Agents for the United States
45th St. and 6th Ave., N. Y.

MORE WOMEN ALCOHOLICS.

Statement by Chief of Paris Insanity Bureau at Eugenics Congress.

LONDON, July 30.—The first International Eugenics Congress, which began its deliberations here on July 24, ended to-day with a discussion of alcoholism and other causes of degeneracy.

Dr. Magnan, Chief of the Paris Insanity Bureau, said that alcoholism among women was increasing yearly.

Dr. Mjoen, of Norway proposed the labeling of all bottles with the percentage of alcohol contained in them.

A paper written by Prof. Harvey E. Jordan of the University of Virginia on the prevention of infant mortality was read.

The London newspapers comment on the free discussion of topics which a few years ago were considered unsuitable for publication.

TAFT NAMES WHITE MAN.

Negro Fails to Get Appointment as Revenue Collector in Alabama.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—President Taft sent to the Senate to-day the nominations of Lewis C. Laylin of Ohio, to be Assistant Secretary of the Interior, and that of S. T. Wright, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for Alabama.

Ulysses G. Mason, a negro, had been suggested for the Alabama Collectorship, but on the recommendation of Senator Johnston the President decided to appoint Wright, a white man.

Balloonist's Leg Driven Into Ground.

BEAUDETTE, Minn., July 30.—Arthur Otelle, a balloonist, was fatally injured here yesterday when he fell a distance of 500 feet from his balloon. One leg was driven twelve inches into the ground. The balloon was old and burst.

Obituary Notes.

HENRY BIRKENSTOCK, aged 47, a well-known art glass manufacturer, died at his home, 135 North High Street, Mount Vernon, N. Y., yesterday morning after an illness of several weeks, following an abscess on the brain. Mr. Birkenstock is survived by two sons and two daughters. One of his best pieces of work is "Christ at the Door."

PETER MERZ, a cornetist, of 206 East Eighty-seventh Street, died yesterday afternoon at Merry, L. I., where he was on the way to visit his daughter, Mrs. Max Reischalt. He was stricken with heart disease while walking from the trolley car to the home of his daughter.

PERCY ROSENGARTEN GRAY, for twenty-five years a resident of Brooklyn, died at his Summer residence in Bellport, L. I., on July 29. He was the son of David W. Gray of Baltimore, where he was born fifty-three years ago. Mr. Gray was assistant manager of the Levy Printing Ink Company. In 1892 married Emma, the eldest daughter of Gen. Horatio C. King. He is survived by his widow and four children.

CHARLES FREDERICK WILLIAM HAGENAH, an employe of the Otis Elevator Company, died yesterday at Balmville, N. Y. He was a native of Guflan, Germany, and was 71 years of age. Mr. Hagenah came to this country shortly before the outbreak of the civil war, and served three and a half years in the navy under Commander Cushing. He lived in this city at 684 St. Nicholas Avenue, and left three children.

JOHN DOYLE, Jr., 43 years old, who was associated with his father in the painting and decorating business, died on Sunday at his home, 40 Ormond Place, Brooklyn.

Capt. SAMUEL ALPHEUS SMITH, a cival war veteran, died on Saturday at the home of his daughter, 1,125 Bergen Street, Brooklyn.

Capt. OMAR E. CHAPMAN, commander of the Arthur Sewell & Co. ship Dirigo, on board of which Jack London, the author, and his wife, have just made a voyage around the world, died on Monday in Seattle.

Mrs. ELIZABETH COTTACK CARPENTER, 65 years old, widow of Samuel Carpenter, died on Monday at the home of her son-in-law, Kenneth S. Johnson, 808 Cortelyou Road, Brooklyn.

Mrs. SUSAN ELIZABETH ROWLAND, 69 years old, formerly matron of the Graham Home, Washington Avenue, died on Monday at her home, 1,451 Forty-eighth Street, Brooklyn.

BYRON GRAY SHULTZ, aged 81, died in Johnstown, N. Y., yesterday as the result of heat prostration of two weeks ago. He was the last surviving incorporator of the Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Railroad, and the first man to use gas for illumination in Johnstown.

JAMES HEENAN, 82 years old, for fifty-eight years in the employ of the American Exchange National Bank as specie clerk, died last Monday night of paralysis at his home, 165 Carlton Avenue, Brooklyn.

Capt. GEORGE W. LANE, 76 years old, who most of his adult life followed the sea, died on Monday at his Summer home at Horse Island, Me.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

APPLETON—WILSON.—Miss (Maida) Madaline Louise Wilson daughter of John D. Wilson, to Daniel Fuller Appleton, both of New York.

Married.

PHILLIPS—FALDING.—At Cumberland, Md., on July 22, 1912, by the Rev. Joseph Dawson, Doris Falding of New York City to Linn Voorhees Phillips of Uniontown, Pa.

Brooklyn.

EHRET—KNECHT.—July 27, Rose Knecht to Gustave Ehret.

Westchester County.

SCLATER—SUDALL.—July 20, Peekskill, Alice C. Sudall to Kenneth C. Sclater.

Died.

ARCHER.—On Tuesday, July 30, 1912, Isaac H. Archer, husband of Elizabeth M. Archer. Funeral private, at his home, 36 Grace Court, Brooklyn.

BINGHAM.—George W. Bingham, Monday, July 29, 1912. Funeral services at his late residence, 188 Wadsworth Av., Wednesday evening, 9 P. M. Interment at convenience of family. Members Lloyd Aspinwall Post No. 600, G. A. R., invited.

BIRKENSTOCK.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., Tuesday morning, July 30, 1912, Henry Birkenstock, beloved husband of Bina Birkenstock, aged 47 years. Funeral from his late residence, 135 North High Street, Mount Vernon, Thursday, Aug. 1, at 4 o'clock P. M. Interment in Woodlawn Cemetery.

BRIGGS.—At Weehawken, N. J., Sunday, July 28, Lottie Torrey, wife of Victor H. Briggs. Interment Plymouth, Mass.

CARLETON.—On July 29, Ellen Carleton, mother of Mrs. R. W. Davis, at 1,030 Cauldwell Av., Bronx. Solemn requiem mass at St. Augustine's Church, 167th St. and Franklin Av., 10 A. M. Burlington (Vt.) papers please copy.

COLLYER.—July 27, 1912, Henry M. Collyer of Brooklyn, in the 65th year of his age. Funeral private. Burial at convenience of the family.

CULVER.—On Monday, July 29, 1912, Matilda Culver. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 209 West 122d St., on Wednesday, July 31, at 11 A. M.

ELLISON.—July 29, 1912, Harriet E., daughter of the late John Ludlow and Emily Morton and wife of the late Charles Litchfield Ellison. Funeral services at the residence of her son-in-law, Adrian T. Post, Leonia, N. J., at 12:15 P. M. on Wednesday. Interment at New Windsor, N. Y.

FIELD.—In San Diego, Cal., July 20, 1912, Mrs. Mary H. Field, widow of Frederick Field and mother of Mrs. Mabel Hastings and Wilfrid Field of New York, Arthur Field and Hubert Field of Guanajuato, Mexico. Funeral services in Dorset, Vt.

GROSJEAN.—On July 29, 1912, Frances Amelia Grosjean, beloved daughter of Frances A. Smith and the late George S. Scarff, and beloved wife of Arthur Allen Grosjean. Funeral services at her late residence, 3,833 Carpenter Av., Bronx, on July 31, at 8 P. M.

HEENAN.—The American Exchange National Bank, New York.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this bank, held this day, the following was ordered spread upon the minutes of the meeting: The Directors of this bank, with deep sorrow, have learned of the death of Mr. James Heenan, who for fifty-eight years has been in the employ of this bank. During this long service his conduct has been marked by the splendid virtues of rare fidelity, incorruptible honesty, and unswerving devotion to every duty committed to his charge. Devoid of selfish ambition, his whole care was at all times the sedulous guarding of the interests of the bank and the faithful performance of his duty to it. That duty for a great many years was the custody of the cash of the bank, and the confidence which he inspired by the excellence of his virtues was an unfailing comfort and security to the officers of the bank, while the merits of his good example edified his fellow workers.

Beloved and respected in the highest degree by all who knew him, he has passed away, leaving to his children the priceless memory of a noble life.

The Directors of this bank express their sincere sympathy to his family, and order that this testimony of their appreciation of his rare quality of his many virtues be spread upon the minutes of this Board.

(Signed) EDWARD BURNS, Vice President.
Attest:
WALTER H. BENNETT, Secretary of Board.
July 30th, 1912.

HAGENAH.—Charles Frederick William, born in Guflau, Germany, Dec. 7, 1841, aged 71 years 7 months, died suddenly at Balmville, N. Y., on July 30. Funeral at residence, 684 St. Nicholas Av., Friday morning, 11 o'clock. G. A. R. and Masonic friends invited.

KELLER.—At Asbury Park, after a short illness, Sophia C. Keller, widow of the late Frederick K. Keller. Funeral services at her late home, 562 West 113th St., Wednesday at 8 P. M. Burial in the family plot in Greenwood, Thursday, Aug. 1, at 12 o'clock noon.

HENDERSON.—July 30, Ellen Henderson, age 60. Services at Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Wednesday, 8 P. M.

HILL.—At White Plains, N. Y., July 29, Carolyn Gladwin, infant daughter of Leah Brown and Olin Wesley Hill, aged 5 days. Interment New Haven, Conn.

LEGGETT.—On July 28, 1912, at Blue Point, L. I., Clara Leggett, widow of Richard L. Leggett. Funeral at her late residence, 281 Adelphi St., Brooklyn, Wednesday, July 31, at 2 P. M.

MANTZ.—On Monday, July 29, 1912, Emelia C. H. Mantz, nee Buntrock, beloved wife of Ernest E. Mantz, in her 29th year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral services on Wednesday, July 31, at 8 P. M., at her late residence, 16 Irving St., Jersey City. Interment at convenience of family.

MITCHELL.—At East Orange, N. J., July 30, 1912, Rachel Anna Bloom, wife of Charles E. Mitchell. Services will be held at her late residence, 155 North Arlington Av., Thursday evening, Aug. 1, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

PIERCE.—Quogue, L. I., July 30, Abbie M., wife of Robert T. Pierce and daughter of the late Alfred G. Peckham. Notice of funeral hereafter.

PRESBY.—July 30, at his late home, 500 West 111th St., William A. Presby, eldest son of Edwin A. Presby, aged 33 years. Funeral services at First Baptist Church, Arlington, N. J., on Friday, Aug. 2, at 3:30 P. M. Boston papers please copy.

URE.—Suddenly, July 29, Carrie Riker Ure, aged 35. Funeral at the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 8th Av. and 19th St., Thursday, at 2 o'clock. Interment Rye, N. Y.

VON DER LANCKEN.—On Tuesday, July 30, 1912, Louise A., widow of Charles F. Von der Lancken, in her 74th year. Funeral services at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Adolf Muller, 263 East 19th St., Flatbush, on Thursday, Aug. 1, at 2 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers. Rochester papers please copy.

WALKER.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., July 30, 1912, Mary A. C. Walker, aged 70 years. Funeral services at the residence of her sister, Mrs. J. A. López Díaz, 28 Lafayette St., New Rochelle, on Thursday, at 2 P. M.

WHITNEY.—At Woodbury, L. I., July 28, Elizabeth Titus, widow of Scudder V. Whitney, in her 83d year. Funeral services on Wednesday, July 31, at 1:30 o'clock at her late residence. Carriages will meet train arriving at Cold Spring station at 12:10.

BAUMANN.—Leopold, 305 East 161st St., July 28.

BAUMGAERTNER.—Jacob, 348 East 51st St., July 29, aged 81. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

BRETT.—Henrietta, 316 West 137th St., July 29. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

COLBY.—Elizabeth A., 372 East 138th St., July 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

CRYAN.—B., 522 West 51st St., July 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DUESER.—Frederica M., Bull's Head, S. I., July 29, aged 53. Funeral to-morrow.

HAHN.—Anna E., 235 West 127th St., July 29. Funeral notice later.

HARKINS.—Frances V., Stapleton, July 28.

HIMMELWEIT.—Julius, 408 East 88th St., July 28.

KNABE.—Maria, 1,321 Taylor Av., Bronx, July 29, aged 74. Funeral to-morrow.

KREINBERG.—Henry W., 160 East 55th St., July 29.

LISCHTE.—John, 541 East 144th St., July 29, aged 72. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MILLER.—John, July 28, aged 79. Funeral 639 10th Av. to-day, 1 P. M.

OBERMEIER.—Marie, 282 West 137th St., July 29, aged 77. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

O'FLAHERTY.—Edward, 514 West 26th St., July 28. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

PERKINSON.—O'Delia, July 28, aged 39. Funeral 171 8th Av., to-day, 10 A. M.

RAVEN.—Louisa, 511 East 84th St., July 28, aged 82. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

REIS.—Sarah, 251 East 123d St., July 28. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SUTER.—Rudolph, 72 West 107th St., July 29, aged 53. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

TOWNSEND.—Patrick J., 267 West 118th St., July 29. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

YOUNG.—Frank A., 233 East 176th St., July 29. Funeral service to-day.

Brooklyn.

ADAMS.—Clinton, 325 Furman St., July 29. Funeral to-day.

ALEXANDER.—Elizabeth D., 242 Madison St., July 29. Funeral private.

AUSTIN.—Maria E., 547 Hancock St., July 29, aged 73. Funeral service to-day.

BURKARDT.—Bernardt J., 281 Rutledge St., July 28, aged 37. Funeral service to-day.

CARPENTER.—Elizabeth, 808 Cortelyou Road, July 29, aged 86.

COYNE.—Mary K., 320 Linden St., July 28. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

COX.—Anna W., 301 Lafayette Av., July 29. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

DOLAN.—Cathrine, 346 22d St., July 29, aged 81. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

DRYSDALE.—Elizabeth, 223 East 8th St., July 29, aged 65. Funeral to-morrow.

EHLERS.—Anna, 287 Evergreen Av., July 28, aged 62.

FOLEY.—Peter, St. Peter's Hospital, July 28, aged 39.

HOGAN.—Jane, 110 North Oxford St., July 29. Funeral to-day.

LYNCH.—Robert, 522 76th St., July 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McCARTHY.—Catherine, 537 3d Av., July 27. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

McCORMICK.—Mary, 55 Dupont St., July 30. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

McLAUGHLIN.—Julia, 415 59th St., July 28. Funeral to-day.

MARTINI.—Mathias, July 29. Funeral 241 Floyd St.

MORAN.—Margaret, 18 North Oxford St., July 28. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

MORROW.—Isabella M., 237 Lee Av., July 29. Funeral service to-day.

MYERS.—John, 537 3d Av., July 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

ROCKER.—Meta, 576 Central Av., July 28, aged 64. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ROWLAND.—Susan E., 1,451 48th St., July 29. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

SCIACCLITANO.—Annie, Kings County Hospital, July 28. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

TAPLING.—Elizabeth, 247 Jefferson Av., July 30. Funeral private.

Jersey City and Newark.

BURNS.—Thomas L., 18½ South 6th St., Newark, July 3.

DUANE.—Ethel L., 172 Fairview Av., Jersey City, July 29, aged 13. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

HAUG.—John L., 450 South 12th St., Newark, July 29. Funeral to-day.

LYNCH.—Mary, 57 Stone St., Newark, July 29.

MIPPENZWEI.—Wilhelmina, July 28, aged 83. Funeral 9 Bonnell Place, Jersey City, to-day.

PAINE.—Anna, 61 Fleet St., Newark, July 28. Funeral to-day.

TOULEN.—Marning F., Newark, July 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

Long Island.

ANSELMENT.—Johanna, Jamaica, July 28, aged 1.

BERG.—Augusta, Ridgewood, July 28, aged 60.

BIRSHFIELD.—John, 617 Hamilton St., Long Island City, July 28, aged 45.

CONNOLLY.—Frances, Long Island City, July 28, aged 21.

DE CLUE.—Charlotte, Jamaica, July 28, aged 5 months.

DE SERE.—Virginia, Far Rockaway, July 28, aged 22.

FRANZ.—Jacobina, Flushing, July 27, aged 87.

GLASS.—Louis C., Ozone Park, July 27, aged 1.

GRAY.—Percy R., Bellport, July 29. Funeral to-day.

GROSSMAN.—George P., 240 Purdy St., Long Island City, July 27, aged 7 months.

HANDLER.—John, Jr., 90 Wilken St., Long Island City, July 27, aged 1.

HEINUS.—Mathias, Ridgewood, July 27, aged 64.

HOHMAN.—Janezleene, Ozone Park, July 27, aged 27.

HUNT.—John F., 88 Sunswick St., Long Island City, July 27, aged 6 months.

KINSEY.—William C., Middle Village, July 27, aged 6 months.

LINDAUER.—Charles, Jamaica, July 28, aged 71.

MOTZ.—Peter, College Point, July 27, aged 43.

O'TOOLE.—Agnes, Jamaica, July 28, aged 51.

OTTING.—Richard, Winfield, July 29, aged 48. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PERRONE.—Benedetto, Woodhaven, July 27.

PETROTIUS.—Teresa, 228 Hoyt Av., Long Island City, July 28, aged 9 months.

SCHMIDT.—Frederick, Ridgewood Heights, July 28, aged 78.

SELOVER.—Sarah E., Jamaica, July 27, aged 71.

Westchester County.

MOHR.—Louisa, Ridgewood, July 28, aged 21.

MONROE.—Sarah I., Harrison, July 29, aged 81. Funeral private.

MORAN.—Thomas, Peekskill, July 28, aged 46.

TINSLEY.—Juines, Peekskill, July 29, aged 2 months.

WEISS.—Charles H., Mount Vernon, July 28, aged 81.

In Memoriam.

SAYLOR.—July 31, 1911, Catherine Saylor, at 509 North American St., Philadelphia, Pa. A patient sufferer at rest, beloved by all.

McTAGUE.—Annie, mass, St. Michael's Church, Newark, N. J., to-morrow, 7:30 A. M.

SCHMITTBERGER.—Sarah, in memory of; died July 31, 1905.

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SENATE AND HOUSE IN TARIFF DEADLOCK

Underwood Will Not Accept Wool Amendment of La Follette and Sends It Back.

CHANGE IN RECIPROCITY VOTE

On June 10 Majority Against Its Repeal Was 44, Yesterday Only 20—Sugar and Excise Bills Rejected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Democratic House spent a long afternoon joining issue with the Senate on its amendments to the original Underwood bills for the revision of the wool and sugar schedules and the extension of the corporation, or excise tax to individuals. With both Republicans and Democrats playing politics and the Republican insurgents elated over the changed attitude of the old-line members of their party toward Canadian reciprocity, the net result of the day's work was:

The return of the Wool bill to the Senate with notice from the House that it does not intend to accept the La Follette substitute, and putting it up to the Senate to recede from that amendment or seek a conference.

The disagreement of the House to the Senate amendments to the Sugar and Excise bills and a request by the House for a conference on these measures.

When the Canadian Reciprocity bill was pending before the House last year, nearly half of the Republican membership voted for reciprocity. When the matter again came up in the House, on June 10 last, on a motion of Mr. Lenroot of Wisconsin to concur in the Senate amendment to the Steel bill, which provided for the repeal of the Reciprocity act, the vote was 101 to 145 against its repeal.

To-day, when Mr. Payne of New York moved to concur in the amendment of the Senate to the Excise Tax bill providing for repeal of the Canadian reciprocity, the vote was 107 to 127 against its repeal. In other words, the majority against repealing Canadian reciprocity on June 10 was forty-four votes. To-day the majority against repealing that act was only twenty.

Viewed from another angle of analysis, the vote on Canadian reciprocity was equally significant. On June 10 eight Republicans voted against the repeal of Canadian reciprocity, while every other Republican voting was for its repeal. To-day only three of the Republicans voting stood out against the repeal of reciprocity. They were Messrs. Mann of Illinois, Tilson of Connecticut, and Calder of New York.

Sentiment is also growing in Democratic ranks against reciprocity. On June 10 only six Democrats—Messrs. Fowler, Hammond, Page, Sharp, Webb, and Whiteacre—voted for the repeal of the Reciprocity act. To-day not less than nineteen Democrats voted for the Payne motion to concur in the Senate amendment to wipe reciprocity off the statute books. These nineteen Democrats were Messrs. Hammond of Minnesota, Fowler, Graham, Foster, and Stone of Illinois; Difenderfer of Pennsylvania, Burke of Wisconsin, Bathrick, Sharp, Whiteacre, and Ashbrook of Ohio; Page, Boughton, Godwin, Gudger, and Webb of North Carolina; Rucker of Colorado, Rubey of Missouri, and Boussard of Louisiana.

Five of these Democrats—Messrs. Bathrick, Burke of Wisconsin, Graham, Gudger, and Stone—seem to have seen a new light since June 10. On that date they voted against repealing reciprocity. To-day they changed their views in favor of its repeal.

When the Wood bill was brought up to-day Representative Payne moved to concur in the Senate amendment, with an amendment providing for the substitution of the Hill Wool bill. This motion was defeated by a vote of 78 to 159. Then Representative Crumpacker moved concurrence in the La Follette wool amendment. This, too, was defeated, by a vote of 56 to 172, and the House by the same vote agreed to send the Wood bill back to the Senate, with notice that the House could not concur.

The most interesting contest to-day was over the Senate reciprocity repeal and permanent tariff board amendments to the Excise Tax bill. The Canadian reciprocity amendment was considered first and the House refused by a vote of 107 to 127 to agree to it. Eleven more Democrats voting for repeal would have adopted the Senate's amendment.

A motion by Mr. Payne to concur in the Senate's amendment providing for the creation of a permanent tariff board was defeated by a vote of 98 to 130. Twelve Democrats—Messrs. Burke of Wisconsin, Donohue and Lee of Pennsylvania, Hammond of Minnesota, Morrison and Moss of Indiana, Sweet and Doremus of Michigan, Talcott of New York, Whiteacre and White of Ohio, and Kinkead of New Jersey—voted in favor of the creation of a permanent tariff board. Minority Leader Mann challenged the Democrats to vote for the tariff board plan, asserting that if the Excise bill were sent to the President with the tariff board amendment the President would sign the bill. Majority Leader Underwood challenged this statement, and wanted to know whether Mr. Mann spoke ex cathedra.

The House then, by a record vote of 84 to 144, refused to concur in the Senate's amendment to the Sugar bill, providing for the abolition of the Dutch standard and the differential, and reducing the rate on sugar from $1.90 to $1.60.

In his comment on the Wool bill, Floor Leader Underwood said:

"I hope the House will send this bill back to the Senate disagreeing to the Senate amendment. I hope when the bill goes to the Senate that body will change its mind and conclude to abandon its amendments and send this House bill to the President of the United States. If the Senate does this, then in compliance with his pledges; in compliance with his statement to the American people that, after a Tariff Board had given Congress the information it desired, he was in favor of legislation, he will be compelled to sign the bill.

"If a Democratic House and a Republican Senate send him legislation, I contend that he cannot refuse to sign it without stultifying himself before the American people.

"I am not in favor of the La Follette amendment. I am ready now, and will be ready when this bill goes into conference, to give relief, even if I cannot give all the relief that I believe is right and fair and just."

Representative Hill of Connecticut led the fight on the Wood bill for the Republican regulars. His slogan was "No compromise; choose between protection and English free trade."

"I say to Republicans and Democrats alike," Mr. Hill said, "that there is no halfway house in this country between English free trade and protection. We will either have protection based on the difference in cost of production, or we will have English free trade. I say to you, gentlemen, that you cannot go below the difference in the cost of production without encouraging foreign importations. When you encourage foreign importations you drive out the domestic product."

TAFT FREES LAND SWINDLERS

But Hynes and Hedderly of Oregon Must Pay Their Fines.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Representations that jail sentences would imperil the lives of Richard Hynes and A. H. Hedderly, convicted in Portland Oregon, in 1908 of conspiracy to defraud the United States of public lands, moved President Taft to-day to commute their sentences by wiping out the terms of imprisonment on condition that they pay the fines imposed.

The serious illness of both men had stayed the execution of the sentences. Hedderly got six months and a fine of $5,000, and Hynes ninety days and a fine of $2,000.

DEFINES PURE-FOOD TERM.

New Bill to Specify "Misbranded" on Package Labels.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—A bill by Representative Stanley to define more specifically the term "misbranded" as used in the Pure Food law, was reported favorably to-day by the House Commerce Committee.

The measure would make it illegal to sell any drug under the name of some other article; make compulsory the printing of the quantity or proportion of alcohol, morphine, or other narcotics in drugs offered for sale, and prohibit the printing of labels of false curative or therapeutic assertions.

TO PERPETUATE LOESER & CO

Walter Gibb's Will Provides for Carrying on Dry Goods Firm.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., July 30.—The will of Walter Gibb, formerly head of Frederick Loeser & Co., who died last Thursday night at his home in Glen Cove, L. I., was filed to-day in the office of the Surrogate of Nassau County. By the terms of the will all the estate of Walter Gibb, real or personal, is left to his widow, Florence Althea Gibb. In the event of her death, the estate is to be held in trust for Mr. Gibb's daughter, Miss Althea, who is to be supported out of the income from the estate until she is 21, when she is to receive the accumulated income. In the event of the mother's death the daughter, when 30 years old, is to come into possession of the entire estate.

In a second codicil Mr. Gibb directed that his executors, Florence Althea Gibb, Henry Elmer Gibb, and Herbert L. Pratt, continue in the lifetime of his wife and daughter to conduct the business of Frederick Loeser & Co., and to pay over to his wife in her lifetime, and after her death to his daughter, the profits accruing from the business. He further stipulated that the business should be conducted at the risk of his estate and without personal risk to his executors, his estate being an indemnity to them against risk. The executors are released from obligations to sell, convert, collect, or otherwise realize on his interest in the partnership property. They are authorized to enter into new partnerships if necessary for the continuance of the business.

Affidavits accompanying the document state that the real estate will approximate about $150,000, while the personal property will not exceed $1,000,000.

BURTON EXONERATES TRUSTS

Says High Prices Are Due to Progress, Not to the Tariff.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Senator Burton of Ohio explained to the Senate today the reasons which, in his opinion, are responsible for the present high cost of living. The manifest and important causes, he said, were "the phenomenal progress of recent years, the striking inequality of this progress in different lines of human endeavor, and the tendencies to extravagance and waste and to diminished productive energy by a large part of the population.

"Neither the Payne-Aldrich tariff law nor any other similar measure was responsible for the general high level of prices," he declared; for "the variations in prices have been so very considerable, both in the way of increase and decrease, as absolutely to disprove any inference that the change in prices has been due to the tariff of 1909, or to any other tariff act."

Senator Burton exonerated the trusts and large combinations of capital from responsibility for high prices, declaring that a complete monopoly in any particular article affords a chance to increase its price, but that the same result is apparent when separate producers maintain an agreement as to prices.

In regard to the progress of the age as a factor in high prices, Senator Burton said that "the conveniences and luxuries of one generation are regarded as necessities in the next. Even in humble homes a standard of living is made possible which was beyond the fondest hope entertained by generations that have scarcely passed away.

"To these causes must be added," Senator Burton continued, "the oppressive burden of military and naval armaments, now involving a cost to the civilized nations of $2,000,000,000 a year, an economic waste which imposes an almost unendurable burden upon the world's resources. The expense of the naval establishment of the United States for the year 1890 was $22,006,206; in 1910 it was $123,173,717."

As to increase in municipal taxation rates, he quoted from New York City statistics, showing that the per capita tax rate there had increased 71 per cent. from 1890 to 1910.

CHICAGO BANKS PROSPEROUS

Combined Deposits Establish a Record Figure of $1,000,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Chicago's business interests have weathered the storm of politics and the uncertainties attending a Presidential campaign with more than reasonable prosperity.

This is shown in the fact that for the first time in the history of the city's banks combined deposits have crossed the $1,000,000,000 mark, and the Clearing House records show that the checking exchanges between banking institutions in seven months of 1912 have reached the record-breaking total around $8,800,000,000.

In the first seven months last year bank clearings totaled $2,052,181,700. In these figures the enormous loaning power and resources of the banking facilities at this centre are apparent, and the ability of Chicago banks to finance the Western crop movement is seen. One year ago the deposits held by the city's banks were just above $900,000,000, while in the fall of 1909 the total barely reached $800,000,000.

CHARGE ZINC MINE FRAUDS.

Suit for $500,000 Filed Against Former Directors of Missouri Property.

BOSTON, July 30.—A bill in equity, alleging conspiracy to defraud and placing damages at $500,000, was brought in the Massachusetts Supreme Court today by the United Zinc Companies of Maine, which owns mines in Missouri, against the former Directors and their associates of the United Zinc Company of New Jersey. The plaintiff is the assignee of the United Zinc Companies of New Jersey.

The bill charges that the former Directors of the New Jersey company conspired to purchase certain properties and sell them to the companies at exorbitant prices. It also charges the defendants with appropriating certain amounts of stock to themselves without giving any consideration therefor.

The bill seeks a revision of sales of property and an accounting of the stock.

EXPERTS' SALARIES TIED UP.

Employes of City of Philadelphia Encounter Conflicting Ordinances.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Municipal employes imported to accept positions here will have their pay held up until an opinion is received from City Solicitor Ryan as to whether they are entitled to pay in the face of an ordinance passed by City Councils, which provides that "All chiefs of bureaus and other employes now or hereafter employed shall be citizens of the United States, and shall have been bonafide residents of the city for at least one year prior to their employment, and shall remain bona fide residents of the city during the period of their employment."

A subsequent ordinance passed councils, which revoked the prior ordinance in a measure by allowing the Department of Public Works to employ experts from out of the city. This subsequent ordinance, however, applied only to the Department of Public Works, and as a consequence, it is believed the officials and employes of other departments who have been imported from other cities may not be eligible to the immunity of the subsequent ordinance, but must be bound by the prior one.

Among those whose salaries have been held up in this manner are Chief William H. Connell of New York, who is in the Bureau of Highways.

New Bridge on Malir River.

The Northwestern Railway bridge over the Malir River, India, has been condemned as unsafe, and the Government has been asked to sanction an expenditure of $455,000 for a new bridge bearing a double track.

In the dry season the Malir contains no water, but on some occasions has a depth of thirty feet and a width of one mile. The bridge has been badly damaged by floods repeatedly, and has twice been practically rebuilt.

GIRLS DRILL TO AVOID A TRIANGLE LOFT FIRE

Tests Under the New Law Are Made Before Committee of Public Safety.

200 LEAVE IN 30 SECONDS

And in Three Minutes 800 Workers Are Safely Out of a 12-Story Building—New Exits Tried Out.

About a dozen of the big loft buildings in New York have complied with the new law requiring fire drills and proper exits, and yesterday members of the Public Safety Committee had a special view of the drills in two of the buildings. This is the law which was the result of the Triangle fire, and it must be generally complied with by Oct. 1. Miss Frances Perkins, Executive Secretary of the committee, with Edward Sheldon, Henry Moskowitz, Henry Morgenthau, Peter Brady, and Miss Mary Dreier, who is also President of the Women's Trades Union League, were the members of the committee who witnessed the drill. It was arranged by George M. Wood of the Fire Hazard Bureau.

The first building was a big twelve-story loft, 37 to 43 West Twenty-sixth Street. It has two stairways and a fire escape at the rear. The floors are occupied by manufacturers of women's garments. The drills have been carried on since soon after the Triangle fire. A number of the visitors witnessed the drill on the ninth floor, which is considered one of the most "broken up," and one which without proper arrangements might be dangerous. There are over 800 people in the building at the present season of the year, and 200 on the ninth floor, occupied by Mayer & Co. Many handsome custom-made garments for women are turned out there.

The entire centre of the floor is given over to the machine workers, who are a little over three feet apart. On one side is space for draping and fitting the garments, and raised on the other side is the cutter's table. Every particle of space in the room is occupied. But at the sound of the fire signal every girl at a machine rose without confusion, placed her chair on the machine in front of her, and marched out to the right or to the left, as her position demanded; the drapers left their work, and the cutters ran down from their elevated perch to the fire escape which was nearest them, as they are at the rear of the building. In thirty seconds the room was emptied. In three minutes and five seconds the 800 people were out of the building, and there was a gay, chattering crowd on the street.

At the second building, another large twelve-story modern loft at 21 to 27 West Twenty-seventh Street, there was practically the same experience. Here were manufacturers of children's clothes, caps, furs, &c. The workers on the fourth floor of this building had never been drilled, but they went out as quietly and orderly as the others. One of the best exits is that over the roof, where there are adjoining buildings of equal height, and here the workers on the three upper floors went to the roof, and those below made their way to the ground by the different exits. Those going down by the fire escape entered the building again at the third floor, going the remainder of the way by the staircase.

The horizontal exit is one of the most satisfactory, and is being added wherever possible. The Twenty-sixth Street building is soon to have one, a bridge of iron connecting its fire escape to the one of the building in the rear, and the workers in one building can pass safely over to the other in case of danger. The second building, having about the same number of people, was emptied in about the same time.

The fire escapes in these buildings are of the most approved kind, broad, with square turns. Where there is a slanting turn time is lost in making the descent. In the drill the fire escapes are never covered quite as quickly as the stairs, as the footing is not as secure. In each floor there is one man in charge of the drill.

"The only fire escapes that the law requires," said Miss Perkins, "are the ladders from balconies," and she pointed to those on nearby buildings. "They are not at all satisfactory, and seldom are strong enough to bear much weight. No fire drills are tried on those. I have had to make many complaints of fire escapes which end in a closed court, a regular cul de sac, from which there is no escape."

Fire drills are held about once a month. In the Twenty-sixth Street building there had, it happened, been a drill the day before on the ninth floor, though it was confined to the floor, and the workers merely left the room, and guards, who had been stationed outside, told them to return. On Twenty-seventh Street it was said that the alarm was given by mistake recently, and every one thought there was a fire, but the exit was made in a quiet, orderly manner.

The workers were all apparently in perfect good nature about the drill, though, being piece workers, the time might cost them anywhere from ten to twenty-five cents. The girls visited with the girls of other floors as they stood on the sidewalk, and some of them took the occasion to make small purchases of candy or fruit in the shops in the neighborhood.

KORNIT ASSETS VERY SMALL.

Little or Nothing for Stockholder in Plan to Make Substitute for Rubber.

It is expected that within a few months the case of the defunct Kornit Manufacturing Company, which has been dragging through the Bankruptcy Court in Newark for many months, will come to an end, and there will be little or nothing for those who held stock in the "substitute for rubber" concern.

Edwin G. Adams, Referee in Bankruptcy, made an order yesterday to sell the property in Montclair, turned over to the receiver by Charles E. Ellis, the principal owner in the scheme, and it will be sold at auction to-day.

Ellis turned over the Hotel Frederick and other property to the receiver, and it was at first believed that about $275,000 would be realized. There was a mortgage for about $125,000 on the property, and the real estate market in Manhattan was such that the sale did not bring the amount of the mortgage. From this the creditors will not receive a penny.

DENIES FAVORITISM TO ROADS

Commissioner Clements Declares No Official Tips Were Passed Out.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Detailed denial was made to-day to the House Inter-State Commerce Committee by Chairman Clements of the Inter-State Commerce Commission that the commission had favored certain railroads by giving them "inside" information concerning changes in rates or rulings.

Luther M. Walter, representing a group of tap lines, charged this had been done. He introduced a copy of a letter written by Mr. Clements in June, 1910, to E. B. Pierce, a Rock Island Railroad official, giving some data concerning an opinion of the commission, the exact meaning of which was not clear to the tap lines, but which affected their contracts with the larger system.

Mr. Clements called attention to the fact that the letter specifically stated that it was not to be accepted as official.

Limit on Shippers' Appeals.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Attorney General Wickersham has advised Congress that he does not approve any proposition to give shippers a blanket right of appeal to the Commerce Court from all so-called negative rulings of the Inter-State Commerce Commission. He favors appeals only from such decisions as involve questions of law.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

TIE SILK TRADE IS SLACK.

Unfavorable Collar Styles Helping to Limit the Sales.

The good Fall business predicted earlier in the season for domestic manufacturers of tie silks failed to materialize, according to a statement given out yesterday by the tie silk department of R. & H. Simon, 63 Greene Street. If anything, the total volume of business done fell slightly below that of a year ago.

A good part of the attention of neckwear manufacturers is now directed to the buying of silks for their holiday lines, but as yet no great amount of merchandise has been taken by them. Purchases are largely of a hand-to-mouth character, and the tie silk manufacturer is consequently not given much of a chance to anticipate for the future. The retailers are showing a tendency to display their holiday goods earlier each year, which means, of course, that the neckwear makers must get their lines ready sooner. Despite this fact, however, there has been little real activity seen in the New York tie silk market so far. The continuance of the vogue for knitted ties, unfavorable collar styles, and the keen competition in the trade have combined to keep down the sales of the average tie silk maker.

Retailers are said to have purchased cut silk ties for Fall in a generally limited manner, and as a result the neckwear manufacturers evince little disposition to place initial orders of any size for silks to make up their holiday lines. There is, of course, a possibility of greater activity developing later in the season, but at the present moment the outlook is not exactly pleasing.

CRUDE RUBBER MARKET.

Prices Received for Offerings Were Generally Good.

According to cable reports received in the New York crude rubber market up to 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, only 250 of the 650 tons of plantation rubber offered at auction in London had been sold. Prices received for the offerings were generally good, the average figures having been 3 to 4 cents a pound higher than those obtained at the last previous sale.

Trading was rather quiet in this market during the day, in anticipation of the outcome of the English sale. As far as could be learned, the principal transactions were between dealers, the demand from consumers having been generally light. Local quotations showed a decline from previous levels, in sympathy with the recent softening of the London market. Up-river fine was quoted somewhat lower by one of the principal factors in the New York market, August delivery having been quoted at $1.15, August-September delivery at $1.13, and September-October delivery at $1.10.

WEEK'S EXPORTS LOWER.

Shipments to Germany Lead the List with England Second.

Figures issued yesterday by the New York Custom House show the value of merchandise, exclusive of specie, forwarded from this port in the week ended July 27 to have been $13,055,416, against $16,998,640 in the previous week, and $16,148,162 in the corresponding week in 1911. Exports to Germany, valued at $2,182,465, headed the week's list, with forwardings to England, the British possessions, and the Netherlands, valued respectively at $1,787,719, $1,112,537, and $1,085,941.

Exports of wheat forwarded during the week aggregated 118,142 bushels, while beef shipments amounted to 707 barrels and 568 tierces. Other exports of important commodities follow:

Corn, 14,420 bushels; oats, 5,695 bushels; barley, 998 bushels; peas, 183 bushels; beans, 2,917 bushels; flour, 18,145 barrels; 60,903 sacks; corn meal, 4,065 barrels; feed, 207,400 pounds; bran, 90,800 pounds; grass seed, 657 bags; hay, 805 bales; alcohol, 25,650 gallons; whiskey, 360 gallons; oilmeal, 375,125 pounds; oilcake, 7,584,900 pounds; pork, 1,220 barrels; bacon, 3,620,400 pounds; lard, 4,122,850 pounds; butter, 33,000 pounds; cheese, 12,720 pounds; cottonseed oil, 1,570,424 gallons; lubricating oils, 3,006,660 gallons; turpentine, 70,290 gallons; resin, 1,659 barrels; refined petroleum, 12,538,851 gallons; naphtha, 1,890,072 gallons; benzine, 736,850 gallons, and gasoline, 1,601,390 gallons.

H. CLAY PIERCE ACCUSED.

Charge of Conspiracy Made Against the St. Louis Oil Man.

ST. LOUIS, July 30.—A counter-charge of conspiracy against H. Clay Pierce and his associates was made to-day by an attorney for Henry H. Tilford in his application to the United States District Court for an order to restrain the present management of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company from making any unusual expenditures or investments.

Mr. Tilford, a Waters-Pierce stockholder, was not allowed to vote his stock at the company's last election because he was known as a Standard Oil man, which, it was alleged, was trying to get control of the Waters-Pierce Company.

Tilford's attorney charged that the Pierce interests were in a conspiracy to keep control of the company, although they were not majority stockholders. Four other attorneys are yet to argue in the case.

ELGIN BOARD YIELDS.

Will Abolish Quotation Committee to Escape Government Suit.

ELGIN, Ill., July 30.—Announcement was made last night that the Elgin Board of Trade would abolish the Quotation Committee as a result of the threatened Government suits against the members of this committee for alleged violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust law.

The question came up at the weekly meeting of the board during the afternoon, and was referred to a committee of five, composed of F. M. Moles, Joseph Newman, J. S. Somerville, G. Schlosser, and G. H. Gurler. These men will revise the by-laws of the organization and make a report in the near future.

$10,000,000 UTAH ROAD

To be Built Across the State to Moffat Road Terminal.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 30.—Articles of incorporation have been filed here for the Provo & Eastern Utah Railroad Company. It was announced here that the new company will build a railroad from Springville to Jensen, Utah, a point near the Utah-Colorado line, and later will extend the road to Steamboat Springs, Col., the present terminus of the Denver, Northwestern & Pacific.

The incorporators say that the new road is to be in no way affiliated with the Moffat line. The new company is incorporated for $10,000,000.

Herrin to Quit Electric Co.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—William F. Herrin, Vice President and chief counsel of the Southern Pacific Railroad, will retire from the Presidency of the Pacific Electric Company, the $100,000,000 subsidiary of the Southern Pacific, about Aug. 1. Paul Shoup, Vice President and general manager of the Pacific Electric Company, with offices in Los Angeles, will succeed him.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Shawl collars, cleverly combining embroidery with Bohemian lace, are booked for a splendid demand this Fall, according to a recognized trade authority.

Parisian fashion correspondence says that the widening of sleeves, which was started there in the early Spring season, is being carried on generally now.

The progress of warp prints and moires in sales of Fall silks is rather slow just now, but there is said to be a good prospect of a substantial demand for them later in the season.

Buttons are now looked on as the keynote of Fall dress garniture. They will be extensively used during the coming season in a wide variety of kinds and sizes.

MORE ACTIVITY IN DRY GOODS

Presence of Many Out-of-Town Buyers Has Stimulating Effect.

Trading progressed favorably in the New York dry goods market yesterday under the stimulus afforded by the increased number of out-of-town buyers. The best Tuesday's business in a long time was done.

Press reports telling of the refusal of the Democratic branch of the House to accept the La Follette Wool bill and other tariff issues passed by the Senate restored the confidence of buyers of dress goods and men's wear fabrics, and active trading in these lines resulted. Fine cotton goods moved well. Prints assumed a firmer tone under the announcement of another prominent printer that prices would be advanced one-quarter of a cent a yard on Aug. 1. Dress linens for Spring, 1913, received a good call. Lightweight hosiery moved in fair volume.

The movement of Fall dress goods in the secondary market was up to expectations. Wash goods received more attention from Texas and other Southern buyers than on Monday. Dress linens also moved well. Household linens and notions were seasonably active. Laces were in good demand. Increased trading in Fall silks was reported, and ribbons were also said to have shown improvement.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Sheathed Hunting Knives Classified as Side Arms—Duty on Type Metal.

A. Kastor & Brothers were successful in their contention before the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday that wrong duties had been assessed on an importation of hunting and carving knives. The hunting knives had scale tang bone and horn handles, and were assessed by Collector Loeb at 4 cents each and 15 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 154 of the present Tariff act, but the board held them dutiable at 1 cent each and 15 per cent. ad valorem, but not less than 40 per cent. ad valorem.

The American Smelting and Refining Company entered protests in regard to shipments of type metal. Duty was assessed on the lead contained in the metal at the rate of 1½ cents per pound under the provisions of Paragraph 191. The importers questioned the correctness of the weight of the lead contents as determined by the Surveyor at Cincinnati, Ohio, and held that the amount on which duty was assessed was excessive. The board supported the Government assays.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 30.—Among the companies incorporated by the Secretary of State to-day were:

Albert Rau, Inc., of Manhattan, general business in cotton goods and yarns; $150,000. A. Rau, W. Blumenthal, S. Cohen.

Mohawk Valley Broom Company of Fonda, manufacture brooms, brushes, &c.; $60,000. G. L. Davis, E. Edwards, H. H. Davis.

Universal Paper Size Company of Manhattan, manufacture and deal in size and sizing preparations; $50,000. G. A. Damiand, M. J. Murfy, R. J. Mulligan.

The Werba-Luescher Enterprises, Inc., of Manhattan, theatricals; $30,000. M. A. Luescher, L. F. Werba, T. McNaughton.

The Carter Piano Company of Manhattan, dealer in pianos and players; $25,000. F. Pike, J. A. Stewart, T. Gilleran.

Liberty Park Amusement Company of Queens, general amusement park; $25,000. W. Schimmel, A. Schimmel, C. Poeppel.

Pieper Machine Company of Buffalo, make and sell vending machines; $10,000. E. Pieper, R. J. Quale, H. W. Allen.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

M. L. GEFFEN & BROTHER.—A petition has been filed against Morris L. and Philip T. Geffen, who compose the firm of M. L. Geffen & Brother, manufacturers of skirts, 130 West Seventeenth Street, by these creditors: Jacob Nash, $300; Frederick A. Stiefel, $300, and A. W. Hopp, $40. The liabilities of the firm are stated to be about $8,000.

ROBERT BYARS.—A petition has been filed against Robert Byars, merchant tailor, 954 Eighth Avenue, by these creditors: James Orr Kyle, $250; Foster S. Haven, $100, and Ella F. Brooks, $300.

DAVID REINHARZ.—A petition has been filed against David Reinharz, dealer in men's and women's furnishing goods, 1,964 Third Avenue, by these creditors: Isidor L. Horowitz, $169; Philip F. Cohen, $217; G. Haendler & Brother, $46, and William Sohn, $96. The liabilities are said to be $7,000 and assets $3,000. A few days ago the Reinharz Dry Goods Company was incorporated with capital stock of $3,000 by Mr. Reinharz.

LIAKOU BROTHERS & CO., furriers of 40 West Twenty-seventh Street, have obtained an extension from their creditors, and yesterday Judge Hand dismissed the petition filed against them on July 5. They propose to pay 100 cents on the dollar, 25 cents in cash, 50 cents note in one year and 25 cents note in two years.

ELY ELSOHN.—Judge Hand has appointed Anthony C. Brew receiver for Ely Elsohn, jobber in woolens, 100 Fifth Avenue, with a bond of $5,000, on application of Willard Haff, credit man for Wellington, Sears & Co., creditors for $2,000. It was stated that the financial statement of Elsohn's condition on Dec. 16, 1911, showed assets of $41,373, liabilities of $6,400, and a surplus of $35,369. If those figures are correct there has been a shrinkage since then of $45,000; the entire surplus, if it existed, has been wiped out and substituted by a deficiency of $10,000.

KLYBERG & FREENY.—Judge Hand has appointed Charles L. Greenhall receiver for Klyberg & Freeny, saloonkeepers, 209 Sixth Avenue, with authority to continue business fifteen days. The assets are estimated at $10,000. Two judgments have been obtained against them by Joseph Beck & Son, $1,028, and the Security Bank, $600.

CANTOR BROTHERS.—Judge Hand has appointed Bernard J. MacCorry custodian for Cantor Brothers, jobbers in dress goods, 110 Hester Street, with a bond of $4,000.

L. & S. OPPENHEIM.—Judge Hand has appointed Bernard J. MacCorry custodian for L. & S. Oppenheim, carpenters, 312 East Seventy-fifth Street, with a bond of $250.

KAYTON TAXICAR AND GARAGE COMPANY.—Judge Hand has appointed Robert P. Levis custodian for the Kayton Taxicar and Garage Company of 174 East Seventy-third Street, under a bond of $5,000. It was stated that the assets are $10,000.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Ashbaugh, Ernest L., and John H. O'Brien, (not summoned)—N. Y. Importation Co., $108.
Barmore, William—C. Ayen, $284.
Borea, Vincent—Chicago Varnish Co., $545.
Baumann, Anna S.—J. Natter, $114.
Biddulph, Michael F.—Francis C. Neale, Inc., $269.
Clohessy, John A.—M. J. Crowe, $270.
Cowan, Bernard S., and Moses Dere—J. E. Greenberger, $272.
Dromaki, Frank, and National Surety Co.—People, &c., $500.
Friedman, Solomon, and Joseph Jacobs—German Exchange Bank, $490.
Grieve, Maurice—M. A. Freedman, $118.
Gelles, Morris and Rosa—Bloomingdale Leasing Co., $107.
Hirschbein, Nathan, (not summoned,) and Estelle—M. I. Fierman, $108.
Hart, Frederick A.—J. S. Carney, $546.
Horn, Isidor W.—McDermott Stone Co., $809.
Irmler, Henry—D. Cooper et al., $123.
Jennings, W. Smith—G. Sawler, $382.
Levy, Joseph—Manhattan Hotel Co., $187.
Levine, Able J.—R. J. Masbach, $128.
O'Flynn, E. Howard—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $432.
Price, Abe—A. A. Marshall, $255.
Rachmiel, Hyman, and Harry Goldstein—A. Kulck, $159.
Rosenbaum, Joseph, or Jorrps Rose—Progressive Leather Goods Co., $157.
Roeder, Albert B.—J. S. McCulloh, $303.
Stein, Bernhard—Wells Building Cafe Co., $1,465.
Wahrendorff, Gustav—K. Bock, $149.
Wittman, Rudolf—E. M. Houghtaling et al., $361.
Guolford Dairy Lunch Co.—M. Brachfeld, $1,569.
Marks Adjustable Chair Co.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $163.
Commercial Bureau Co.—W. F. Vanden Houten Co., $309.
Same—Same, $217.
N. Y. Terrain and Building Co.—B. O. Crawford et al., $2,140.
O. K. Realty Co., Italiano Giannelli, and Alessandro Grossi—C. Geartner et al., $119.
Knox Construction Co., Polly Fenichel, and Herman Fenichel—B. Silverman, $275.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date that when judgment was filed:

James Dempsey Co.—C. Schirmer, July 12, 1912, $239.
Lorge, Julius B.—Audubon National Bank of New York, June 1, 1911, $4,130.
M. R. L. Building Co.—New York Telephone Co., March 21, 1912, $326.
Progressive Amusement Co., Morris Risnicoff, Max Risnicoff, Meyer A. Ross, and Joseph Solotorsky—J. Hyman, May 18, 1908, $323.
Silverfield Co.—N. Danziger, May 7, 1912, $1,822.
Brown Brothers, Inc.—Traitel Marble Co., Dec. 13, 1911, (vacated,) $1,162.
Simon, Samuel—I. A. Benequit, Aug. 30, 1907, (released,) $1,223.
Same—Same, Aug. 8, 1907, (released,) $347.
Marks, Harry E.—F. M. Boon et al., Feb. 1, 1894, (canceled,) $1,966.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Doody, W. A., Co., Macon, Ga.; J. T. Redding, millinery and ladies' garments; Broztell.
Kirschbaum, A., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; M. A. Ellerman, clothing; 5th Av. and 14th; Broztell.
McWhirr, R. A., Co., Fall River, Mass.; J. Conn, cloaks and suits; 75 Spring; Broztell.
Keith, Edson & Co., Chicago, Ill.; F. W. Himrod, millinery ornaments; 621 B'way; Broztell.
Pick, F., & Sons, Chicago, Ill.; R. Pick, notions; Holland.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; R. C. Cope, linens and h'dk'fs; B'way and 10th.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; J. A. Hobson, upholstery goods; 334 4th Av.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss T. Stern, corsets; 220 5th Av.
Hutzler Bros. & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss Powell, millinery; Victoria.
Krehnfrink, L., Cincinnati, Ohio; millinery; Albert.
Fashion, The, Fall River, Mass.; J. Fox, cloaks and suits; Albert.
Frear, Wm. H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; T. G. Peck, upholstery goods; Herald Square.
Meyer, L. L., & Co., Williamsport, Penn.; L. I. Meyer, woolens; Herald Square.
Goldenberg Bros., Baltimore, Md.; H. Weiss, upholstery goods; Grand.
Phillipson, Samuel, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; B. L. Sloan, notions, furn. goods, and millinery; M. Segal, clothing, gloves, and sweaters; Grand.
Sweeney Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; S. E. Conrad, notions, jewelry, and leather goods; 75 Spring; York.
Bernheimer Bros., Baltimore, Md.; I. L. Wolf, clothing; Marlborough; 221 4th Av.
Frear, Wm. H., and Co., Troy, N. Y.; E. M. Powell, cloaks and suits; Gregorian.
Elder & Johnston Co., Dayton, Ohio; F. Fleischauer, books; 2 Walker; Herald Square.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss M. G. Townsend, embroideries; Miss J. Armstrong, waists; Miss M. Schaefer, ladies' wear; 220 5th Av.
Beir Bros., Niagara Falls, N. Y.; I. S. Beir, furnishing goods; 52 White.
McLean, J., & Sons, York, Penn.; D. R. McLean, dry goods; 55 White.
Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; W. P. Whitmore, laces, ladies' ready-to-wear; 621 B'way.
Gimbel Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; C. M. R. Whitely, linings; Mrs. E. Guggenheim, umbrellas; Miss L. Avery, ribbons; B'way and 32d.
Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; W. Buck, boys' clothing; 1,261 B'way.
O'Connor, Moffatt & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Miss M. Murray, ribbons; 114 5th Av.
Berg Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; M. Berg, dry goods; 225 4th Av.
Graff, A., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; A. F. Lippincott, carpets; Grand.
Schoper Bros., St. Louis, Mo.; Miss J. Kennedy, ladies' wear; 69 5th Av.; Navarre.
Stotter, I. J., Cleveland, Ohio; cloaks, suits; 225 4th Av.
Scherr Mfg. Co., New Orleans, La.; C. Epstein, skirts, suits, dresses; 43 W. 27th.
Symons D. G. Co., Butte, Mon.; L. Rousahoff, gloves, ribbons; 821 Broadway.
Conrad & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss K. Desmond, mdse.; Miss Doyle, children's, infants' wear; Miss J. Canty, underwear; 15 E. 26th.
O'Dwyer & Ahern Co., Texarkana, Ark.; R. J. O'Dwyer, domestics, hosiery, gloves; Miss Bennett, millinery; 258 Church; Great Northern.
Thomas, John W., & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; C. J. Gutyesell, cloaks, suits, and waists; Cumberland.
Becker, Ryan & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. J. Ryan, dry goods; Cumberland.
Johnston & Lorimer D. G. Co., Wichita, Kan.; W. G. Howse, dress goods, silks, laces, and domestics; J. E. Osborne, notions, hosiery, and ribbons; 51 Leonard; Great Northern.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; J. H. Boyce, domestics; 215 4th Av.
Davidson Bros. Co., Sioux City, Iowa; W. B. McCormick, millinery; 1,261 B'way.
England Bros., Pittsfield, Mass.; D. England, dry goods; 1,270 B'way.
Blum Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; N. Oestreicher, muslin underwear, infants' wear, and corsets; 31 Union Square.
Filene's, William, Sons & Co., Boston, Mass.; Mr. Weeks, machine-made dresses; Mrs. Langtry, knit underwear; F. Phillips, coats; Mrs. Milliken, infants' wear and nurse supplies; Mrs. Kafanoff, neckwear, basement; Mrs. Jackson, waists; C. O. Cooper, coats, suits; Miss Lehr, infants' wear, muslin underwear, waists, basement; 116 W. 32d.
Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. Cohen, lingerie dresses; 377 Broadway.
Neustetters, St. Louis, Mo.; M. Hammer, cloaks, suits, waists; Miss Geisel, misses' wear; 18 W. 27th.
Goldsmith, J., & Sons' Company, Memphis, Tenn.; L. P. James, notions, embroideries, fancy goods, jewelry; 148 W. 23d.
Murray, E. G., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; J. E. Murray, silk petticoats; E. B. Doernfalt, silk petticoats; Prince George.
Schapur Brothers, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. Schaper, waists, dresses, children's dresses, coats, infants' wear; 69 5th Av.
Stone-Fisher Company, Seattle, Wash.; Mr. Smoot, fancy goods; 20 W. 22d.
Crowley-Milner Company, Detroit, Mich.; Mr. Diggs, gloves, notions; Miss Miller, corsets; Mrs. Sheehan, millinery; Mr. Emery, general manager; 20 W. 22d.
Dobbie, A., Columbus, Ohio; J. Ball, linens; Herald Square.
Morehouse-Martens Company, Columbus, Ohio; W. E. Wharton, carpets; 315 4th Av.; Gregorian.
Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. G. Cameron, cloaks, suits; 214 Church.
Joslin Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; W. F. Van Wyck, furnishing goods, notions, gloves; 214 Church.
Missoula Mercantile Co., Missoula, Mon.; C. A. Barnes, furnishing goods, clothing; 200 5th Av.; Marie Antoinette.
Nebraska Clothing Co., Omaha, Neb.; S. Greenblatt, ready to wear; Cumberland.
Lipman, Wolfe & Co., Portland, Ore.; H. W. Atkins, handkerchiefs, veiling; 100 5th Av.
Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; H. Grunebaum, domestics, dress goods, silks; Cadillac.
Ach, S., Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; L. E. Ach, millinery; 621 Broadway.
Kaufman & Co., Colorado Springs, Col.; B. S. Kaufman, dry goods; 621 Broadway.
Rubel, A., & Co., Corinth, Miss.; S. H. Rubel, notions, cloaks, laces; 43 Leonard.
Harris-Emery Co., Des Moines, Iowa; Mrs. J. Lacey, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 1,270 Broadway.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; A. J. Jones, dress goods, silks; Miss C. H. Fuld, infants', children's wear; 220 5th Av.
Katz & Goldsmith, Braddock, Penn.; L. A. Katz, furnishing goods; 46 E. 14th.
Sinclair, Rooney & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; E. A. Rooney, millinery; C. O. Rourke, millinery; 621 Broadway.
Martin & Naylor Co., Gloversville, N. Y.; H. A. Wilson, cloaks, suits; 1,270 Broadway.
Foley Brothers Dry Goods Co., Houston, Texas; Mrs. K. L. Everitt, cloaks, suits; 18 E. 22d.
Thalman & Levi, Kokomo, Ind.; S. Thalman, notions; 315 4th Av.
Madden & Schultz, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; W. Madden, ready-to-wear; 7 W. 22d.
Schipper & Block, Peoria, Ill.; J. S. Elmland, cloaks, suits, and waists; Miss Burns, waists; 1,270 B'way.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss L. M. Beatty, hosiery; 214 Church.
Weil, R., Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Miss G. Cohen, waists and muslin underwear; Miss M. A. Rowe, art needlework; 15 E. 26th.
Emporium, The, St. Paul, Minn.; Miss F. Horne, waists and sweaters; 129 W. 27th.
Block Bros., St. Joseph, Mo.; A. G. Lesley, cloaks and suits; 25 W. 26th.
Loveman, Joseph, & Loeb, Birmingham, Ala.; L. B. Joseph, cloaks, suits, and waists; S. Lindy, ladies' and infants' wear; 31 Union Square.
Bradford-Weise Co., Rockford, Ill.; C. V. Weise, dry goods; 320 Church.
Miller, Rhoads & Swartz, Norfolk, Va.; Mrs. E. M. Whitford, muslin underwear; 1,270 B'way.
Porteous & Mitchell Co., Norwich, Conn.; J. T. MacNamara, hosiery; 55 White.
McLean, J., & Sons, York, Penn.; W. T. Ottomiller, hosiery; 55 White.
Minneapolis D. G. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; G. La Bissoniere, furs, waists; S. E. Reed, furs; 454 Broome.
McAlpin, G. W., Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; J. Simon, groceries; 214 Church.
Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; H. McDougall, dress goods; 214 Church.
Castner-Knott Co., Nashville, Tenn.; Miss O. Lynch, laces, embroideries; 214 Church.
Holmes, D. H., Co., New Orleans, La.; Miss C. Hare, corsets, petticoats; Miss J. Larkin, art goods; Miss Magreevy, gloves, umbrellas, knit underwear; 15 E. 26th.
Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; W. Snegg, notions, leather goods; A. J. Aldrich, toilet goods; C. Shartenberg, dry goods; 75 Spring.
Famous & Barr Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Mrs. McHugh, infants' wear; 4 Washington Place.
Gugenheim-Cohn Co., Corpus Christi, Texas; A. C. Melbach, general merchandise; 100 5th Av.
Copland, T., & Co., San Jose, Cal.; T. Copland, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; 15 E. 26th.
Malley, Ed., Co., New Haven, Conn.; Mr. Hoskiss, furniture; 320 Church.
Miller & Rhoads, Richmond, Va.; Miss K. Fitzgerald, hosiery; 55 White.
Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; J. F. Buehler, hosiery; 55 White.
Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co., Providence, R. I.; A. L. True, furnishing goods; 2 Walker.
Brown, Thomson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; S. Stern, muslin underwear, corsets, toilet goods; 2 Walker.

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Pursuant to Our Business Policy of Long Standing to Hold an Annual Sale for the Purpose of Quickly Unloading Our Surplus Stock We Announce Our

Annual
Embroidery Clearance Sale
WEDNESDAY, JULY 31st,
until
TUESDAY, AUGUST 6th.

Heine Embroidery sales are successful and looked forward to by the trade because they include MERCHANDISE AT REDUCTIONS indicative of their policy to go into the next season with minimum stocks.

SALE takes place at our Salesrooms and Warehouse, 503-505 Broadway, New York.

Arnold B. Heine & Co.

SEVERAL SALESMEN calling on hardware, sporting goods, leather, and department store trade to handle high-class line of dog furnishings as side line. Apply in writing to Medford Dog Furnishings Co., 75 Duane St., City.

SALESMAN—Millinery, wanted to sell a competitive line of dress shapes on commission, to city and out-of-town jobbers; also to department stores; a man who commands good trade. Address R 123 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, Southern territory, popular line silk, cotton waists as side line, commission basis; state references. Box 4, 352 6th Av.

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Latest Models. Prices Reasonable.
PLAZA MOTOR RENTING CO.,
Phone Bryant 8224-5. 1531 Broadway.

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JOS. A. STEIN, 28-30 W. 22d St.
NOVELTIES, MUFFS, TRIMMINGS

For Hire.—Packards, $3 to $6 per hour; excellent service; experienced drivers. 3267 Columbus.

SALESMAN—To sell New York trade, silk, cotton and white petticoats; commission. Horowitz, 54 Lispenard St.

Furs.—Cash paid for raccoon, fox, and opossum sets. Rosenberg, 151 West 23d St.

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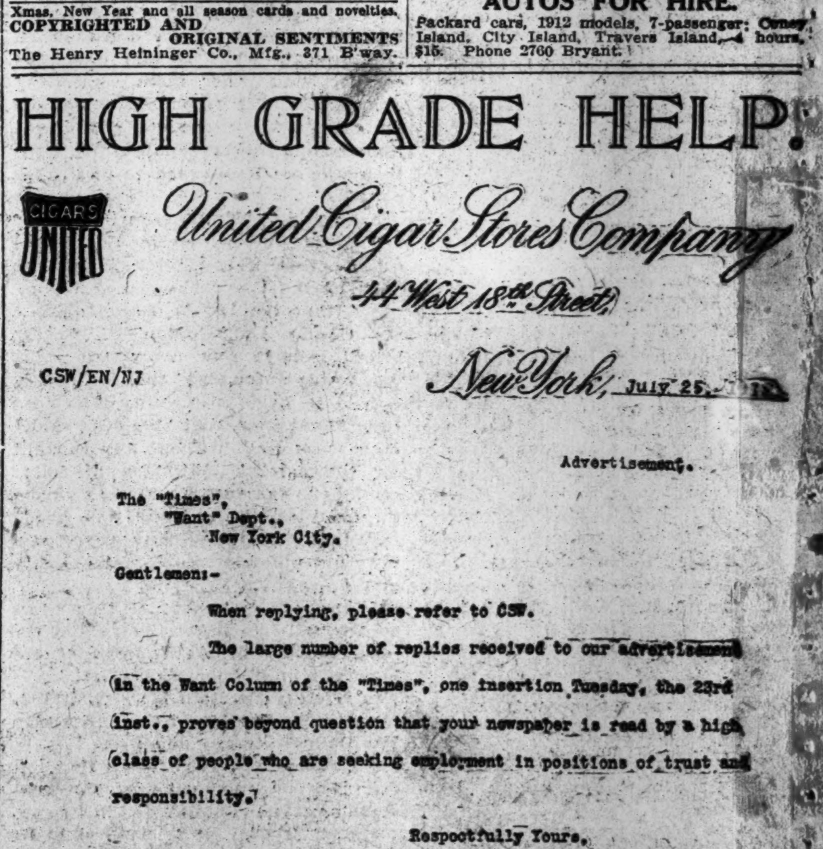
Special Summer Rates.
PRIVATE AUTO RENTING CO.
Phone 5052 Columbus.

AUTOS FOR HIRE.
Packard cars, 1912 models, 7-passenger; Coney Island, City Island, Travers Island, 4 hours, $15. Phone 2760 Bryant.

HIGH GRADE HELP!



United Cigar Stores Company
44 West 18th Street,
New York, July 25, 19

CSW/EN/NJ

Advertisement.

The "Times",
"Want" Dept.,
New York City.

Gentlemen:-

When replying, please refer to CSW.

The large number of replies received to our advertisement in the Want Column of the "Times", one insertion Tuesday, the 23rd inst., proves beyond question that your newspaper is read by a high class of people who are seeking employment in positions of trust and responsibility.

Respectfully Yours,
Advertising Department.
Chas R. Sherlock

For Help Wanted Advertisements, Call 1000 Bryant.

THE NEW YORK TIMES
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

HIGH COST OF LIVING TRACED TO THE FARMS

National City Bank Circular Shows They Have Not Kept Pace with Population.

CALLS SITUATION GRAVE

Population Increased 21 Per Cent. Between Censuses, and Cereal Production Only 3.5 Per Cent.

Crop news, more than Presidential prospects, is commanding the attention of business men, says the National City Bank circular for August, and this oracle of Wall Street proceeds to point out for the enlightenment of the bank's clients the relation of the crop situation to the high cost of living. It is the high cost of living which has been unsettling wage agreements, the circular says, and it goes on to explain that the reasons for this increase are entirely due to the failure of our agricultural output to keep pace with the increase in population:

"While the population of this country has increased 21 per cent. between the last two censuses, the aggregate acreage of all the cereal crops has increased only 3.5 per cent., and the actual yield in 1909 was but 1.6 per cent. greater than in 1889."

After amplifying these indications of failure of food products to grow in proportion to population, the circular says:

"These are facts of very great significance. Indeed, it may be questioned whether any other set of facts in the world to-day is of equal social and industrial importance. Population has spread over the United States, the free and cheap lands are gone, and there is no other equal area on the face of the globe comparable in productiveness and National wealth to the United States remaining to be exploited. The demands for land and the rise in price of farm products have caused an astonishing advance in land values. The census shows that between 1900 and 1910 the average value per acre of all the farms in the United States, exclusive of buildings, increased 108 per cent., or more than 10 per cent. per annum for that period. Much was said two years ago about the dangers of the land boom in the West. As a result of the warning and of the attitude of bankers toward speculative loans, the fever of speculation has subsided; but all reports are to the effect that there has been no recession in selling prices, but a continual advance.

"The situation has its grave features, for while the change which has come over the position of the farmer, and particularly of the farm owner, is a very agreeable one to him, and perhaps for the present generation gives only just recompense for hardships in the past, we cannot look upon the relatively diminishing supplies with other than apprehension. In all of the arts of manufacture and in facilities for transportation we make constant progress, and the benefits of that progress are quickly shared by all. But it is unmistakably true that in recent years a considerable share of the natural gains of industrial progress have been offset by higher costs of food, clothing, and raw materials. A part of the higher prices goes to the fortunate possessor of land, timber, and other natural resources, but a part is expended in the greater effort necessary to produce the commodities in the greater amounts required.

"There is only one possible source of relief from this threatening situation, and that is by raising the productiveness of our lands through more intelligent and scientific culture. There is no known limit to the possibilities of nature, and our average production is far below the results of the best practice. The average yield of corn per acre in this country has never reached thirty bushels but once, and that was in 1872. The important question is, if we have gained nothing in the cultivation of corn in the last forty years, how fast will it be possible to revolutionize farming methods in the future."

The interest which bankers all over the country are taking in this problem of increasing the productiveness of the farm is pointed out by the National City Bank circular, which advocates a widening of the movement that in some States has made the education of the farmers in better methods the chief work of the bankers' associations.

AUGUST COAL BOUGHT UP.

Orders Now In Will Take Anthracite Supply—Soft Coal Unchanged.

Reviewing the week in the New York Coal Market, the current issue of The Coal Trade Journal says:

The strength of the anthracite market may be judged from the fact that a large part of the August tonnage has already been sold. This statement is made by representatives of several of the chief producing interests, as applying to their respective companies, and it is safe to say that the aggregate demand of orders now in hand is practically equivalent to the amount of coal that can be produced next month by all of the hard coal mines. This applies, of course, to the prepared sizes only, and some of these are in much stronger demand than others just at present. Inequalities of this nature are not serious enough to cause the shippers much trouble, however, and they will disappear as the season advances and demand becomes more urgent.

The soft coal market has about held its own during the past week. The improvement brought about earlier in the month by the cleaning up of demurrage coal has been maintained and no new accumulations of this class of tonnage are noted. The slightly broader demand in the spot market, previously noted, is still in evidence, but it is not enough of a factor as yet to have much effect on prices.

$257,000 FEE DISAPPROVED.

Dr. Correa Criticised for Acting as Counsel While Nicaraguan Minister.

NEW ORLEANS, July 30.—The contract under which Dr. Luis Correa, a New York attorney and former minister from Nicaragua to the United States, sought to obtain $257,000 attorney's fees from the bankrupt Bluefields Steamship Co. was declared to be "contrary to good morals" in a report filed in the United States District Court here yesterday by Special Master D. B. H. Chaffe. The master recommended that the suit be dismissed.

Dr. Correa was employed by the Bluefields Steamship Co. of New Orleans, June 14, 1904, as counsel, to appear before the Nicaraguan officials at Managua, in any question relating to the Escondido River concession.

The concession was terminated in 1909 by a Presidential decree, but Dr. Correa asserted that the company had failed to observe its obligations in declining to use his services for a short period before that date.

Special Master Chaffe, in his report held that it was improper for the minister of a republic accredited to the United States to contract, to represent an American corporation before the Government of his country.

Harvesting in the Northwest.

The local office of the Northern Pacific Railway has received word that harvesting is already in full swing at several points along the line. At by far the greater number of points, however, the work of gathering the big crop of Spring wheat will start between Aug. 1 and Aug. 10. There is generally a shortage of labor when the harvest is well under way, but this does not promise to become serious. Fargo and Mooreton, N. D., have each asked for 1,000 extra farm laborers at wages ranging from $2 to $2.50 per day.

INVESTMENT BANKERS' PLANS

G. B. Caldwell Explains Scope of the New Association.

Disturbed by the publication of a story which labeled the recently organized Investment Bankers' Association of America as "the bull moose party of bankers," George B. Caldwell, Chairman of the new association, explained yesterday the reasons back of the formation of the new body.

"In the first place," he said, "we are limiting our sphere of activity to subjects and topics that are of interest to the investment banking business. Secondly, by reason of the small number of investment bankers, compared to those engaged in commercial and trust company banking, we shall probably not be able to have more than 1,000 members. Thirdly, we expect to be able to co-operate with the American Bankers' Association in many reforms.

"While there were good reasons in the minds of a portion of the Executive Council of the American Bankers' Association why they did not favor the organization of another section at this time, these reasons did not in any way breed a recalcitrant spirit among the investment bankers, but after due deliberation it was deemed wise to organize independently, believing that in so doing we could have our own organization, with our own funds in the hands of our own officers, and that we could accomplish in a more direct manner the aims and purposes of the organization."

TURN OVER EQUITABLE FUND.

A Corporation Takes Charge of $162,971 Raised for Fire Sufferers.

The contributions collected by J. P. Morgan & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and a committee composed of a number of bankers for the relief of the sufferers by the disastrous Equitable fire of last Winter have been turned over to the Equitable Fire and Police Fund, a membership corporation organized under the laws of New York for the purpose of voluntarily aiding and assisting such members of the Fire and Police Departments or their relatives as the directors deem worthy. A total of $162,971 was collected in the financial district.

The members and Directors of this corporation are James S. Alexander, August Belmont, James G. Cannon, Lewis L. Clarke, Luther Kountze, Alvin W. Krech, William H. Porter, William A. Read, Benjamin Strong, Jr., Paul M. Warburg, and Albert H. Wiggin. At the organization meeting held on June 18, 1912, Benjamin Strong, Jr., was elected President, Paul M. Warburg Vice President, E. Wilton Lyon Secretary, and Herman J. Cook Treasurer.

SUGAR CASE HELD UP.

Court Refuses to Sign Decree for $10,000,000 Stock Cancelation.

Vice Chancellor Stevens in the Chancery Court in Newark yesterday refused to sign a decree in the case of Nathaniel H. Tooker of East Orange and others, compelling the cancelation of $10,000,000 worth of the stock of the National Sugar Refining Company, notwithstanding the fact that counsel for the contending parties had agreed to the substance of a decree that would have ended the case.

The bill provided for the cancelation of the stock subject to the interests of the existing creditors. Vice Chancellor Stevens held that through the decision of the Court of Errors and Appeals in the case he was not at liberty to sign the decree for cancelation.

FEDERAL LAND SUITS READY.

Southern Pacific Oil Property Obtained by Fraud, Government Contends.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—B. D. Townsend, special attorney for the Department of Justice in the Government's suit against Southern Pacific land titles in California and Arizona, opened an office here to-day preparatory to filing a suit at Los Angeles attacking the titles of the railroad company and the Kern Trading and Oil Company, one of its subsidiary corporations, to 150,000 acres of oil lands, estimated worth $500,000,000. The Government will contend that the lands were obtained "through fraud and misrepresentation, and by the use of the rights of the people and the Government."

Attorney Townsend also is gathering data for the prosecution of the Government's suit to declare forfeited 2,300,000 acres of timber lands in Oregon, leased by the Southern Pacific from the Oregon & California Railroad.

DIVIDING BEEF TRUST PLANTS

Details of Dissolution Submitted to the United States Attorney.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Detailed plans for the dissolution of the National Packing Company were submitted to-day to United States District Attorney James H. Wilkerson. All of the plants, branch houses, and selling agencies controlled by the $15,000,000 corporation will be turned over to Armour & Co., Swift & Co., and Morris & Co. in the ratio of their holdings in the National Packing Company.

In its general lines the plan of separating the corporation is understood to have received the approval of the Government, and if the details are also sanctioned the dissolution will become an accomplished fact without the necessity of court adjudication in a formal action.

Increased Railroad Taxes.

In connection with the recent popular complaint by railroad executives of a tendency everywhere to mark up the valuation of railway property, it is interesting to note that the carriers paid upward of $10,000,000 in taxes in May last, an increase of 10 per cent. over the corresponding month of the previous year. The roads were taxed an average of $45 per mile.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The following is the forecast for Wednesday and Thursday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Local showers Wednesday and probably Thursday; light to moderate northeast and east winds.

South Carolina—Generally fair Wednesday. Thursday showers; light to moderate northeast to east winds.

Georgia—Fair in eastern, local showers in western portion Wednesday. Thursday showers; light to moderate variable winds.

Florida—Local showers Wednesday and Thursday; light to moderate southwest winds becoming variable.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Local showers Wednesday and Thursday; light, variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Wednesday and Thursday in southern, local showers in northern portion; not quite so warm in northern portion; moderate southerly winds on coast.

Western Texas—Fair Wednesday, except showers in northern portion. Thursday fair.

Arizona—Fair in western, local showers in eastern portion Wednesday and Thursday.

Utah—Local showers Wednesday; warmer in southwest portion. Thursday fair.

Oklahoma—Local showers Wednesday and probably Thursday.

Arkansas—Local showers Wednesday and probably Thursday.

Tennessee—Local showers Wednesday and Thursday.

Kentucky—Local showers Wednesday. Thursday fair in northern, showers in southern portion.

Ohio—Showers Wednesday. Thursday probably fair. Moderate variable winds.

Indiana—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; light to moderate northwest winds.

Illinois—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; light to moderate northwest winds.

Lower Michigan—Local showers Wednesday. Thursday probably fair; moderate north and northwest winds.

Upper Michigan—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; warmer Thursday; moderate northerly winds, becoming variable.

Wisconsin—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; warmer Thursday; moderate northerly winds, becoming variable.

Minnesota—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Iowa—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Missouri—Fair in northern, local showers in southern, portion Wednesday. Thursday, fair, except showers in southeast portion.

North Dakota—Fair, warmer Wednesday in eastern portion. Thursday, fair.

South Dakota—Unsettled Wednesday. Thursday, fair.

Nebraska—Fair Wednesday, except showers in southwest portion. Thursday, fair; warmer in southwest portion.

Kansas—Fair in northern, local showers in southern, portion Wednesday. Thursday, fair.

U. S. STEEL EARNINGS SHOWING A RECOVERY

Net Yield $25,102,265 for the Quarter, but Still Far Below Normal.

J. P. MORGAN AT MEETING

$56,483 Earned After Dividend Allowances, Compared with $6,292,134 Deficit for First Quarter.

The report of the United States Steel Corporation for the second quarter of this year was made public at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Directors, showing $56,483 earned after the allowances for the regular quarterly dividends on the common and preferred stocks which were declared. This compares with a deficit of $6,292,134 in the first quarter of the year, a period which was the worst from the standpoint of earnings in the history of the corporation, with the exception of the period in 1904, when the dividends were suspended.

The earnings by months for the quarter showed a considerable improvement over the first months of the year, but June, with its earnings of $8,746,237, was not so good as May with earnings of $8,846,821. Net earnings for the quarter were $25,102,265, which compares with $17,826,973 in the pervious quarter and $28,108,520 in the second quarter of 1911. How far below normal the earnings still are, however, may be seen by comparison with the second quarter of 1910, when they were $40,170,960, or with the record second quarter, that of 1907, when they were $45,503,705.

In this quarterly report the title of net income is given to the balance after the deduction of sinking funds on United States Steel Corporation bonds. This amounts to $18,429,294 for the quarter. In past quarterly reports net earnings have been given as the balance after the deduction of sinking, depreciation, and replacement funds.

Figured on this basis the net earnings this last quarter would have been $20,027,143.

Table of Earnings.

The monthly and quarterly earnings for the second quarter of 1912 and for the corresponding quarters of 1911 and 1910 are:

	1912.	1911.	1910.
April	$7,509,207	$9,412,573	$13,414,956
May	8,846,821	9,590,444	13,229,289
June	8,746,237	9,105,503	13,526,715
Second quarter	25,102,265	28,108,520	40,170,960

The second quarter's statement for 1912 and 1911 and that of the first quarter of 1912 are given here in detail:

	Quarter Ended June 30, 1912.	Quarter Ended March 31, 1912.	Quarter Ended June 30, 1911.
Net income	$25,102,265	$17,826,973	$40,170,960
Sinking dep. and rep. fds.	5,075,119	4,148,444	6,290,205
Balance	*20,027,146	13,678,529	33,880,755
Int. and sinking funds	7,311,963	7,311,963	7,311,963
Balance	12,715,183	6,366,566	14,527,877
Preferred div.	6,304,919	6,304,919	6,304,919
Common div.	6,353,781	6,353,781	6,353,781
Surp. for quar.	56,483	†6,292,134	1,869,177

*This year the net income is figured after the deduction of sinking funds on United States corporation bonds. It amounted to $18,429,294.

†Deficit.

Results for Half Year.

The second quarter's earnings make possible a computation of the results for the half year. This first half of 1912 is compared in the appended table with the results of the first half of 1911 and 1910:

	First half 1912.	First half 1911.	First half 1910.
Net	$42,929,238	$51,627,723	$77,787,836
Skg. funds	3,167,965	3,029,838	3,902,656
Dep. & res. funds	9,223,563	9,786,006	11,399,181
Interest	11,455,000	11,594,087	11,725,975
Add'l. prop., const., &c.	......	......	12,500,000
Dividends	25,317,390	25,317,390	25,217,400
Surplus, half year	6,235,640	1,900,332	12,942,624

J. P. Morgan attended the Directors' meeting which received and tabulated the quarter's showing. It is the first Steel Corporation meeting he has attended since he went on his vacation, early in the year.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

All Lower as Wheat Rust and Cotton Drought Fears Dwindle.

Wheat declined on favorable weather conditions in the Northwest and lessened apprehension of rust damage. Corn was lower on reports of showers in the Far West. Oats were dull, with new crop months heavy on expectation of larger movement. Provisions were quiet and easier. Cottonseed Oil market opened firm, but turned weak, influenced by the heavy break in cotton. Cotton market was active and broke heavily on speculative liquidation, partly induced by reports of showers in Texas. Coffee was lower early, steadying at the close.

WHEAT.

Wheat closed with the near positions firm, while the distant deliveries were rather heavy. The net change for the day was small, the market being under pressure most of the day owing to the favorable weather conditions in the Northwest. The map showed cool, clear weather in both the American and Canadian sections. This is just what is desired for the best advancement of the crop and the checking of the black rust developments. Prices slowly worked down during the morning and then sluggishly rallied late, influenced by reports of good export business. Export sales were reported of about fifty loads, largely No. 2 hard Winter, at the outports from Chicago. There were also reports of good milling sales, and advices from the West were that the interior mills have absorbed a good deal of wheat the past two days. The Minneapolis cash market was firm, and premiums there have advanced 1c to 2c the past week. Interior receipts for the day were about 200,000 bushels more than last week, but were slightly under last year. The visible supply showed a gain in the United States of only 151,000 bushels, due to the lateness of the movement of the crop, while last year the increase was 7,116,000 bushels. The world's visible showed a decrease of 1,750,000 bushels, against an increase last year of 6,079,000 bushels. The United States visible east of the Rockies is 21,000,000 bushels, against 45,574,000 bushels last year. Foreign markets were comparatively firm, and there was some unfavorable reports from Hungary. Cash quotations were: No. 2 red, old, $1.11¼, free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.15¾; No. hard Winter, $1.01⅝, new; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.17.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The corn market was heavy, influenced by reports of showers in Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas, and the development of general weather conditions in the Far West which gave hope of rather general showers. Considerable long corn came out and prices declined about 1c a bushel, closing near the low point. Western receipts continue small. The visible showed a decrease for the week of 1,233,000 bushels, against a decrease last year of 364,000 bushels. Cash corn was nominally steady at 81⅝c, free on board, for No. 2.

OATS.—The trade in oats was moderately active. The July delivery was higher again on further covering of shorts, while the new crop deliveries were heavy on expectation of increased movement. The receipts, however, for the day were only about one-third of last year's. The visible supply decreased 1,066,000 bushels, against a decrease of 247,000 bushels last year. The total supply, including private elevator stocks, as reported by Bradstreet's, is 6,507,000 bushels, against 17,819,000 bushels last year. Cash oats were quiet, with standards and No. 3 whites quoted at 60c; No. 2 white, 60½c.

COTTON.

Heavy speculative liquidation carried cotton prices down 30 to 35 points from the high of the morning, the market closing only a few points above the low of the day and at 25 to 36 points net decline. The loss from the high of Monday was over $2 a bale. The opening was rather unsettled, and there seemed to be plenty of cotton for sale. Selling was influenced by rather disappointing foreign news and continued foreign selling, while the favorable weather conditions east of the Mississippi induced quite large profit taking. The market rallied from the opening weakness, with general commission-house buying on the reports of excessive temperatures in Oklahoma and Texas. The heat there has been very great, and temperatures of from 100 to 110 degrees have occurred at a good many points. Scattered reports of showers in Oklahoma and Texas and a weather map showing quite general showers in the Rocky Mountain regions started a selling movement which was practically impossible to check. Traders followed in and sold freely, while there has been very heavy selling the last few days by the old bull element. The decline caught a good many stop orders, and the liquidation of pyramid accounts and weak holdings was heavy, particularly during the afternoon. The Government weekly weather report was also better than expected, showing favorable conditions over the central sections and practically all the East, while it did not report as great need of rain in Texas as the bulls had claimed. On the other hand, it reported serious need of rain in Oklahoma. The reports from the East indicate that, with the clearing conditions in the central and Eastern sections, the cultivation has been much better, and the crop is comparatively clean and making good progress. The unsettled tone of the market in the afternoon led to rather free margin calls. The recent advance in cotton has forced in a large old short interest. On the advance on Saturday and Monday heavy lines of long cotton were put on the market on account of this aggressive covering, and the break yesterday forced out a great deal of long cotton held by bulls who have been tailing on the advance. The readjustment of technical market conditions has been radical. Opinions last night were much divided as to whether the crop conditions warranted resumption of the bull movement or a period of hesitation until the crop situation was more clearly understood.

The New York spot market was quiet at 30 points decline; middling uplands, 13c. Future prices were:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	12.84	12.49	12.49@12.54	12.85
August	12.88	12.54	12.54@12.56	12.86
September	12.91	12.62	12.62@12.64	12.94
October	13.09	12.71	12.76@12.77	13.06
November	13.06	12.78	12.77@12.79	13.02
December	13.15	12.80	12.84@12.85	13.12
January	13.10	12.75	12.77@12.79	13.09
February	....	....	12.81@12.83	13.13
March	13.20	12.84	12.89@12.91	13.19
May	13.26	12.92	12.96@12.98	13.26

PROVISIONS.

Trading was quiet, with prices showing a slight reaction due to some disappointment at the slow cash trade and a little speculative realizing. Hog market was steady, receipts at all points amounting to about 80,000.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July	....	....	1.08¾	1.08¾
September	1.01⅝	1.01	1.01¼	1.01⅝
December	....	....	1.03½	1.03⅝

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July	99⅞	98⅜	99	98⅝
September	94⅛	93⅝	93¾	93⅞
December	96⅜	95⅝	95¾	96⅛
May	1.00⅝	99⅝	99⅞	1.00½
Corn—				
July	72½	71⅝	72¼	71⅝
September	66⅜	65⅝	66	66⅜
December	57⅜	56⅝	57	57⅜
May	58⅝	57⅞	58	58⅜
Oats—				
July	48½	46½	48½	46⅝
September	33⅜	32⅞	33	33⅜
December	34⅜	34¼	34½	34⅜
May	37¼	36⅝	36⅞	37⅛
Lard—				
July	....	....	10.65	10.67½
September	10.75	10.72½	10.75	10.77½
October	10.82½	10.80	10.80	10.82½
December	10.55	10.55	10.55	10.50
January	10.45	10.45	10.45	10.42½
Ribs—				
July	10.55	10.50	10.50	10.62½
September	10.62½	10.62½	10.62½	10.62½
October	10.60	10.60	10.60	10.60
January	9.85	9.77½	9.80	9.80
Pork—				
July	....	....	18.05	18.07½
September	18.27½	18.17½	18.17½	18.27½
October	18.35	18.25	18.27½	18.32½
January	18.75	18.62½	18.65	18.67½

COTTONSEED OIL.

The opening of the market was very firm, with light offerings, due to complaints of excessive heat in Texas, but buying orders were scarce, and later the market broke from 12 to 15 points, influenced by the weakness in cotton and efforts by recent speculative buyers to take profits. Owing to the slow demand for consumption there were very few buying orders in the market on the decline, and prices were driven down easily, the market closing at about the low point. Future prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	6.50	6.57
August	6.60	6.59	6.55	6.60
September	6.80	6.66	6.65	6.77
October	6.86	6.74	6.75	6.80
November	6.52	6.43	6.41	6.49
December	6.40	6.33	6.31	6.37
January	6.40	6.33	6.31	6.36

COFFEE.

Coffee opened 2 to 6 points lower. Operations were largely professional, and the close was 1 point higher to 3 points lower on total sales of 63,250 bags. Trees are said to be in a vigorous condition, following heavy rains in Brazil during the mid-season, but in Brazil cost and freight prices are still far above a parity with quotations here. Havre declined 1 to 1¼ francs, Hamburg was ¼ to ½ pfennig lower, and Rio and Santos markets were unchanged.

Spot coffee, 14¼c for Rio 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	....	....	....@....	12.97
August	....	....	12.93@12.95	12.96
September	13.05	12.95	12.99@13.00	13.01
October	....	....	13.05@13.06	13.08
November	....	....	13.13@13.14	13.13
December	13.23	13.13	13.19@13.20	13.19
January	....	....	13.23@13.24	13.22
February	....	....	13.19@13.24	13.20
March	13.30	13.25	13.29@13.31	13.28
April	....	....	13.31@13.32	13.30
May	13.37	13.29	13.34@13.35	13.34
June	13.37	13.37	13.34@13.35	13.34

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading was quiet, with prices nominally unchanged from yesterday's closing. Spelter was down about 5 points, while tin was off ⅜c in the asking price.

The closing bid and asked prices were as follows.

	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Stand. Copper—				
Spot	17.00	17.50	17.00	17.50
July	17.00	17.50	17.00	17.50
August	17.00	17.50	17.00	17.50
September	17.00	17.50	17.00	17.50
October	17.00	17.50	17.00	17.50
Spelter	7.10	7.25	7.15	7.30
Lead	4.60	4.75	4.60	4.75
Tin	45.05	45.37½	45.00	45.50

The final prices obtaining yesterday on the London Metal Exchange for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin follow:

	Tuesday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	77	10	0	78	2	6
Copper, futures	77	10	0	78	5	0
Pig tin, spot	204	7	6	204	0	0
Pig tin, futures	202	0	0	202	0	0

The market ended firm. Spanish pig lead was unchanged, at £18 15s. Spelter was down 2s 6d, at £26 2s 6d. Cleveland warrants were up 4½d, at 58s 7½d.

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extra, pound, 27@27¼c; firsts, 25¾@26½c; seconds, 24½@25c; thirds, 23@24c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 26c; good to prime, 24@25c; common to fair, 21½@23c; process, extras, 25c; firsts, 23½@24½c; seconds, 22@22½c; factory, current make, firsts, 22@22½c; seconds, 21@21½c; thirds, 19½@20c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 20c; No. 3, 19@19½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, white, specials, 15¼@15½c; colored, 15½c; white, average fancy, 14⅞@15c; colored, 15@15¼c; undergrades, 12½@14½c; Daisies, best, 15¾@16c; State, skims, white, specials, 12¼@12½c; colored, 12¼@12½c; choice, 10½@11½c; fair, 9@10c; undergrades, 6½@8½c; full skims, 3½@5½c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 23@24c; extra firsts, 20@22c; firsts, 18½@19½c; seconds, 17@18c; thirds and poorer, 15@16½c; dirties, No. 1, 15@16c; No. 2, 14@14½c; inferior, 10@13c; checks, good to fine, 11@13c; poor to fair, 7@10c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 30@31c; selected whites, good to prime, 27@29c; common to fair, 23@26c; Western, gathered whites, 20@24c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 24@25c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 20@24c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SUGAR.—Business in refined sugar was moderate, with prices unchanged. While the list prices were on the basis of $5.10 net, less 2 per cent. for cash, some refiners were taking orders at $5 net, less same discount.

The following quotations are net less discount of 2 per cent. for cash: Crystal dominoes, in cases of two-pound cartons, $8.10; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7.60; Eagle tablets, $6.40; cut loaf, $5.90; crushed, $5.80; Mold A, $5.45; cubes, Eagle, five-pound bags, powdered, and Eagle confectioners' granulated, $5.35; XXXX powdered, $5.25; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $5.20; fruit powdered and Eagle extra fine granulated, $5.10; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five pound cartons of fine granulated, $5.30; three and one-half-pound bags, $5.35; five-pound bags, $5.30; ten-pound bags, $5.25; twenty-five and fifty pound bags and standard granulated, $5.15; fine granulated and Diamond A, $5.10; confectioners' A and No. 1, $4.95; Nos. 2 to 12, $4.90@$4.40, in five-cent ranges; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $4.35.

The general market for raw sugar was steady at the close of business on Tuesday. About 1,000 or 2,000 bags of molasses sugar were sold at a basis equal to $3.98 for 96° test centrifugal, but this was not enough to make a flat price on that basis. It was believed that if some distress lots of sugar were sold in quantity enough to make $3.98 the price, the market would soon be back to $4.05. The quoted prices were $3.98 to $4.05 for 96° test centrifugal, with muscovado, 89° test, at $3.48 to $3.55, and molasses sugar, 89° test, at $3.23 to $3.30. The London market for beet sugar was dull and 3¾d lower for near months, with July and August quoted at 12s. October to December were ¾d lower and quoted at 10s 2¼d.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The market was generally dull, with prices unchanged.

Quotations: New Orleans, centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans, open kettle, 37@52c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 25@28c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The recent reports of black rust in the Northwestern Spring wheat fields, together with the better export demand for wheat and the corresponding steadier feeling in the wheat market, resulted in a steadier flour market, with some improvement in the volume of sales.

The following are prices quoted (in wood) on the New York Produce Exchange: Spring patents, $5.45@$5.65; Winter straights, $4.65@$4.80; Winter patents, $5.10@$5.50; Spring clears, $4.60@$4.90; extra No. 1 Winter, $4.30@$4.50; extra No. 2 Winter, $4.10@$4.25; Kansas straights, $4.65@$4.85; fancy Spring patents, $6.40@$6.70. RYE FLOUR—Quoted: Fair to good, $4.25@$4.40; choice to fancy, $4.45@$4.60. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $4.20. BAG-MEAL—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.65@$1.70; coarse, $1.60@$1.65. FEED—Quoted: Western Spring, $24; Standard middling, $27; flour, middling, $30; Red Dog, $32; city bran, $23.60, bulk; $25.10, sacks; middling, $27.50@$33; Red Dog, $33.25; hominy, chop, $28.50@$29, bulk; $29.70@$30.20, sacks; oilmeal, $35.50@$36.50.

RICE.—The market for rice held steady, but quiet. Dan Talmage's Sons Company telegraphs Louisiana crop movement at New Orleans to date as follows: Receipts, rough, 1,139,551 sacks, against 1,242,000 last year. Sales, cleaned, 1,188,980, against 1,199,250 a year ago.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4¼@4½c; fair, 4¾@4⅞c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5½@5¾c; choice, 5¾@6c; head, Japan, 4¼@5c; Patna, 6@6½c, duty paid.

OILS.—There was a further decline of 10 points in the market for refined petroleum, making the price of standard white $8.35 in barrels at New York. Linseed oil was unchanged.

Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.35; bulk, $4.75; standard white, cases, New York, $10.25; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.35; bulk, $5.75; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.25. Linseed Oil—American seed, city raw, 73@74c; out-of-town raw, 72@73c; Calcutta, raw, 80c.

NAVAL STORES.—There was a firm undertone to the market for spirits of turpentine. Resin ruled steady, but quiet and unchanged. Tar was steady at former prices.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine barrels, 46½c. Tar, $5.50. Resin, common to good, strained, $6.35@$6.50; B, $6.80; D, $7.20; E, $7.25; F, $7.40; G, $7.40; H, $7.45; I, $7.50; K, $7.65; M, $7.80; N, $7.95; WG, $8.20, and WW, $8.40.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

The Daily Consular and Trade Report notes the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding them may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manfactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

9,267. SARVEN WHEELS FOR BUGGIES.—An American Consul reports that a business man in his district is anxious to receive quotations on Sarven wheels for buggies, and would like to have these prices given free on board San Francisco and also free on board New York. The demand calls for at least ten sets (forty wheels) per month, the sizes desired being as follows: Spoke, 1⅛ to 1⅜; height, 3 feet 6 inches to 4 feet. The inquirer states that he will delay ordering until he hears from some American manufacturers in this line.

9,268. CORK.—A business firm in Portugal informs an American Consular officer that it desires to extend its cork business to the United States and is anxious to communicate with firms which desire to import directly. This firm is said to be of excellent standing. Correspondence may be in Portuguese, French, German, or English.

9,269. CALCIUM CARBIDE.—A report from an American Consul states that a business man in his district has requested to be placed in touch with American manufacturers of calcium carbide. He requires ten or twelve tons per annum, and wishes to get quotations for granulated one-quarter-inch size, delivered in a certain city.

9,270. AUTOMOBILE TRUCKS.—A leading dealer in automobiles and automobile accessories in a European city informs an American Consulate that he desires to receive from American manufacturers of automobile trucks immediate offers free on board New York of automobile trucks of two and three tons' capacity. Prices in excess of $2,500 can not be considered, nor offers which do not carry with them exclusive agency rights for the country. Correspondence should be in English, and catalogues and drawings should be accompanied by all necessary technical information.

9,271. IMITATION ART PRINTING PAPERS AND GLAZED CARDBOARDS.—An American Consul reports that a business man in a Mediterranean country desires to become the agent for an American manufacturing firm specializing in imitation art printing papers, as well as for a firm producing phototyping glazed cardboards. He states that there is a large demand for these articles at the present time. Correspondence may be in English.

9,272. OFFICE FURNITURE, FIXTURES, AND LABOR-SAVING DEVICES.—The leading firm of stationers publishers, and booksellers in a foreign country is planning to hold an exhibition of office furniture, fixtures, and appliances, and labor-saving devices during November, 1912. A large amount of floor space will be devoted to this exhibition, and American manufacturers are earnestly solicited to participate. One of the members of this firm is keenly interested in American office fixtures, and he recently called on an American Consular officer with a view to urging that as large a representation of American office appliances be secured as possible. This firm enjoys a good reputation, and its business methods are progressive. The American representatives of the concern will furnish further detailed information regarding this proposition to interested houses.

9,273. COMPRESSED AIR BRAKES.—A report from an American Consular officer states that the company operating the street car system in a city of his district is contemplating the purchase of compressed air brakes for its cars. As the result of a recent protest of the motormen and conductors of the local street car system the company has decided to introduce them on a few of its cars as an experiment. If the test proves successful and warrants the use of such brakes they will be placed on all of the cars operated in the city. American manufacturers of such brakes should write to the company operating the system, and correspondence should be in Italian or French.

9,274. IRON BRIDGE.—An American Consul in the Near East has forwarded a translation of an article which recently appeared in a local paper stating that it has been decided to construct a substantial iron bridge across a river in that region, for which tenders are invited. It is estimated that $264,000 is the maximum amount needed to build the bridge, which is to be completed in three years; $66,000 will be appropriated annually to meet the outlay in this work. Contractors who are interested in this proposition can obtain specifications and details by addressing certain officials named in the report, copy of which, containing further particulars, will be sent to firms requesting the same.

DIVIDENDS.

United States Mortgage & Trust Company

Member New York Clearing House Association

The following coupons will be due and payable at the Main Office of this Company

55 CEDAR STREET

On and After August 1st, 1912

Camden Co., N. J., Battery, Arm'y	4½s
Elyria, Ohio, Paving	4¼s
Essex County, N. J., Park	3.65s
Essex County, N. J., Park	4s
Essex County, N. J., Court House	4s
Essex County, N. J., Bridge	4½s
Essex Co., N. J., Hospital	4s & 4½s
Essex County, N. J., Road	4½s
General Elec. Co. Deb	3½s
Hammonton & Egg Harbor City Gas Co.	5s
Hawaii Territory Public Improvement	4s
Hocking Valley Railway Co.	4s
Indiana Railway Co. 2nd	5s
Long Island R. R. Co. 2nd	7s
Memphis, Tenn., St. Imp., Ser. 2 (1909)	6s
Memphis, Tenn., St. Imp., Ser. 3 (1910)	6s
Memphis, Tenn., St. Imp., Ser. 4 (1911)	6s
Memphis, Tenn., St. Imp. (Aug., 1909)	4½s
Memphis, Tenn., St. Imp. (Aug., 1910)	4½s
Memphis, Tenn., St. Imp. (Aug., 1911)	4½s
Memphis, Tenn., N'l Sch. (Aug., 1911)	4½s
Middletown, N. Y., Water	3½s
Mosely Hotel Co. 1st	5s
New Canaan, Conn., Funding	4s
New York Dock Co. 1st	4s
Oswego, N. Y., Bridge (August 15)	4½s
Pacific Portland Cement Co. Consol	6s
Pacific Power & Light Co	5s
Paducah, Ky., Renewal	4¼s
Palace Hotel Co. of San Francisco	6s
Pleasantville, N. Y., Street	4s
Prospect Pk. & Co. I. R. R. Co.	4½s & 6s
Ridgefield Park, N. J	5s
Sandy Hill, N. Y., Sewer 3½s, Paving	4¼s
Sierra & San Francisco Power Co. 1st	5s
Skaneateles Railroad Co	5s
South Orange, N. J., Sewer 4s, Water	4½s
Standard Chain Co., 1st (August 15)	6s
Syracuse, N. Y., City Hall	3s
And various others.	
Toledo, Ohio, Improvement	4s
And various others.	
Toledo, O., Bd. of Ed. (Aug. 17, 1912)	4¼s
U. S. Mort. & Trust Co., Series "G."	4s
U. S. Mort. & Trust Co., Series "I"	4s
U. S. Mort. & Trust Co., Series "M"	4s
Wall & Hanover St. R'lty Co. (Aug. 15)	4s
Westerly, R. I., Water	3½s

Branch Office Broadway at 73rd St.
" " 125th St. at 8th Ave.

THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RAILWAY COMPANY.

New York, July 2, 1912.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend (being dividend No. 29) on the COMMON STOCK of this Company of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS ($1.50) per share, payable September 2, 1912, out of surplus net income, to holders of the said COMMON Stock registered on the books of the Company at the close of business on July 31, 1912. Dividend cheques will be mailed to holders of COMMON Stock who file suitable orders therefor at this office. C. K. COOPER, Assistant Treasurer, 5 Nassau Street, New York City.

PRESSED STEEL CAR COMPANY.

New York, N. Y., July 24, 1912.

PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 54.

A quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) will be paid on the preferred stock of this company Aug. 21, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 31, 1912. Cheques will be mailed from the office of the company. The transfer books will close at 3 P. M. July 31, 1912, and reopen at 10 A. M. Aug. 21, 1912.

F. P. VAN HORNE, Treasurer.

UNION-AMERICAN CIGAR CO.

PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 1.

The Board of Directors has declared a semi-annual dividend of 3½% due Aug. 1st on full shares of Preferred Stock payable Aug. 15th to stockholders of record Aug. 1st. Transfer books closed from Aug. 1st to 15th inclusive. Checks will be mailed. G. P. Waldely, Treasurer.

115TH SEMI-ANNUAL CASH DIVIDEND

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a regular semi-annual dividend of three and one-half per cent. (3½%) in cash, payable August 31st, 1912, to the holders of the Capital Stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company as registered at the close of business Thursday, August 1st, 1912.

D. R. BURBANK, Secretary.

New York, June 26, 1912.

OFFICE OF THE

PORTLAND RAILWAY, LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY,

Portland, Oregon.

The coupon of the First and Refunding Mortgage 5% Bond, due August 1st, 1912, will be paid by the Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company, upon presentation at their office, No. 60 Broadway, New York.

G. L. ESTABROOK, Asst. Treasurer.

THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Coupon No. 21, due August 1, 1912, from The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company FOUR PER CENT. SERIAL DEBENTURE BONDS will be paid on and after August 1, 1912, upon presentation at the office of the Company, No. 5 Nassau St., New York City. C. K. COOPER, Assistant Treasurer.

Greene Cananea Copper Company.

DIVIDEND NO. 2.

A dividend of Twenty-five Cents Per Share on the outstanding capital stock of the company has been declared payable August 31st, 1912, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on August 14th, 1912. The stock transfer books will be closed from August 14th, 1912, to August 31st, 1912, both inclusive.

C. A. DUNCAN, Treasurer.

PACIFIC BANK.

470 Broadway, New York, July 17, 1912.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent., payable on August 1 next, to stockholders of record of July 16, 1912.

The transfer books will be closed to Aug. 1, 1912.

S. C. MERWIN, Cashier.

FORTY-SIXTH DIVIDEND.

The Security Bank of New York.

New York, July 23, 1912.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of 3 per cent., free of tax, payable August 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record July 27th, 1912.

LOUIS V. ENNIS, Cashier.

Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co.

Coupons due August 1, 1912, from this company's five per cent. gold notes and Refunding and Extension Mortgage five per cent. bonds will be paid on and after that date on presentation at the office of the company, 25 Broad Street, New York.

F. H. DAVIS, Treasurer.

THE GERMAN-AMERICAN BANK.

New York, July 20, 1912.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of Three Per Cent., free of tax, payable August 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record at 3 P. M. on July 26th, 1912.

J. F. FREDERICHS, Cashier.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS

Empire Trust Company

New York, 16 July, 1912.

Notice to Stockholders:

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of Empire Trust Company will be held on Thursday, the first day of August, 1912, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the principal office of said corporation, at No. 42 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City and State of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its capital stock from One Million dollars, consisting of ten thousand shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each, to one million five hundred thousand dollars, to consist of fifteen thousand shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each.

At the same Special Meeting the Stockholders will be asked to consider and determine, in connection with such increase of capital stock, if increased, the manner and terms of issue of such new stock.

The polls will be open from 11 o'clock A. M. until twelve o'clock noon.

The books for the transfer of stock will be closed from three o'clock P. M. on 19th July, 1912, until ten o'clock A. M. on 2d August, 1912.

LE ROY W. BALDWIN, President.
MYRON J. BROWN, Secretary.

Delaware & Northern Railroad Co.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of DELAWARE & NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of James, Schell & Elkus, No. 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 6th day of August, 1912, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing nine Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Polls will remain open one hour.

New York City, July 10th, 1912.

C. C. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

New York, July 30th, 1912.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of this Bank, held this day, Mr. W. de Lancey Kountze was unanimously elected a Director.

WILLIAM WOODWARD, President.

GUATEMALA RAILWAY COMPANY
(International Railways of Central America)
MORTGAGE TO THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE.
DATED MAY 1, 1905.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Please TAKE NOTICE that BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Successor Trustee, by merger, to The Mercantile Trust Company as Trustee of the Indenture of First Mortgage of the Guatemala Railway Company now known as International Railways of Central America, dated May 1, 1905, has on this 22d day of July, 1912, filed with the Treasurer of the said Guatemala Railway Company its resignation as Trustee, and pursuant to the provisions of Section 3 of Article VI. of said Indenture of Mortgage hereby gives notice of such resignation and of the filing thereof as provided in said Indenture, such resignation to take effect upon the appointment of its successor Trustee, in accordance with the provisions of said Indenture.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
Successor Trustee by merger to
THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY,
as Trustee.

Dated New York, July 22, 1912.

PROPOSALS.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Albany, July 15th, 1912.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at his office in the Capitol, Albany, N. Y., until twelve o'clock noon of Tuesday, August 13th, 1912, at which place and hour they will be publicly opened and read for the construction of barge canal terminals pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 746, Laws of 1911, as follows:

1.
Terminal Contract No. 2.

For constructing a harbor and dock wall, situated on the Hudson River near North Ferry Street, Albany.

2.
Terminal Contract No. 7.

For constructing a dock wall on the north bank of the Hudson River near the foot of Eddy Street, Fort Edward.

3.
Terminal Contract No. 7A.

For dredging a harbor near the foot of Eddy Street, Fort Edward, and a connecting channel to the Barge Canal near Lock No. 7.

Plans may be seen and detailed specifications, engineer's estimate of quantities, proposal blanks, form of contract, and bonds required and other information for proposers may be had at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works at Albany, N. Y., at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Middle Division at Syracuse, N. Y.; at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Western Division at Rochester, N. Y., and at the canal office, Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Copies of detailed plans or drawings may be obtained from the State Engineer and Surveyor at Albany, N. Y., upon payment to him of the cost of producing them.

Monthly estimates will be paid of ninety per centum (90 per cent.) of the work done at the contract price. Every proposal for said work must be accompanied by a money deposit in the form of a draft or certified check upon some good banking institution in either the City of Albany or the City of New York, issued by a National or State bank or trust company in good credit within the State and payable at sight to the Superintendent of Public Works for five per centum (5 per cent.) of the amount of the proposal.

The person whose proposal shall be accepted will be required to execute a contract and furnish bonds within ten days from the date of notice of award delivered to him or them in person or mailed to the address given in the proposal.

Upon execution of the contract and approval of bonds the certified check or draft will be returned to the proposer unless the same shall have been presented for collection prior to such time, in which case the amount of the deposit will be refunded by the Superintendent of Public Works.

The deposits of bidders other than the one to whom the award of contract shall be made will be returned immediately after the award has been made.

The amount of bonds required for faithful performance will be ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, and an additional bond, known as the labor bond, in the sum of ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work, according to the contract price, will be required as security that the contractor will pay in full at least once in each month all laborers employed by him upon the work specified to be done in the contract.

In the event that more than one surety company is offered as surety on said bonds, co-insurance only will be accepted.

Each proposal must be addressed to the Superintendent of Public Works, Albany, N. Y., and must be endorsed on the envelope with the name of the construction for which the proposal is made.

Award, if made, will be made to the person or persons whose proposal shall be lowest in cost to the State for doing the work, and which shall comply with all provisions required to render it formal. Before any award shall be made the lowest bidder will be required to satisfy the Superintendent of Public Works of his ability to provide suitable equipment and materials for the proper performance of the work.

The right is reserved to reject all proposals and readvertise and award the contract in the regular manner if, in the judgment of the undersigned, the interests of the State will be enhanced thereby.

DUNCAN W. PECK,
Superintendent of Public Works.

STATE OF NEW YORK.

Office of the Superintendent of Public Works.

Albany, July 3d, 1912.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at his office in the Capitol, Albany, N. Y., until 12 o'clock noon of Tuesday, August 6, 1912, at which place and hour they will be publicly opened and read, for the construction of Barge Canal terminals pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 746, Laws of 1911, as follows:

1.
Terminal Contract No. 1.

For constructing a terminal at Ithaca, Tompkins County.

2.
Terminal Contract No. 3.

For constructing a terminal at Little Falls, Herkimer County.

3.
Terminal Contract No. 5.

For constructing a terminal at Mechanicville, Saratoga County.

Plans may be seen and detailed specifications, engineer's estimate of quantities, proposal blanks, form of contract and bonds required and other information for proposers may be had at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works at Albany, N. Y., at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Middle Division at Syracuse, N. Y.; at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Western Division at Rochester, N. Y., and at the canal office, Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Copies of detailed plans or drawings may be obtained from the State Engineer and Surveyor at Albany, N. Y., upon payment to him of the cost of producing them.

Monthly estimates will be paid of ninety per centum (90 per cent.) of the work done at the contract price. Every proposal for said work must be accompanied by a money deposit in the form of a draft or certified check upon some good banking institution in either the City of Albany or the City of New York, issued by a national or State bank or trust company in good credit within the State and payable at sight to the Superintendent of Public Works for five per centum (5 per cent.) of the amount of the proposal.

The person whose proposal shall be accepted will be required to execute a contract and furnish bonds within ten days from the date of notice of award delivered to him or them in person or mailed to the address given in the proposal.

Upon execution of the contract and approval of bonds, the certified check or draft will be returned to the proposer, unless the same shall have been presented for collection prior to such time, in which case the amount of the deposit will be refunded by the Superintendent of Public Works.

The deposits of bidders other than the one to whom the award of contract shall be made will be returned immediately after the award has been made.

The amount of bond required for faithful performance will be ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, and an additional bond, known as the labor bond, in the sum of ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, will be required as security that the contractor will pay in full at least once in each month all laborers employed by him upon the work specified to be done in the contract.

In the event that more than one surety company is offered as surety on said bonds, co-insurance only will be accepted.

Each proposal must be addressed to the Superintendent of Public Works, Albany, N. Y., and must be endorsed on the envelope with the name of the construction for which the proposal is made.

Award, if made, will be made to the person or persons whose proposal shall be lowest in cost to the State for doing the work, and which shall comply with all provisions required to render it formal. Before any award shall be made the lowest bidder will be required to satisfy the Superintendent of Public Works of his ability to provide suitable equipment and materials for the proper performance of the work.

The right is reserved to reject all proposals and readvertise and award the contract in the regular manner if, in the judgment of the undersigned, the interests of the State will be enhanced thereby.

DUNCAN W. PECK,
Superintendent of Public Works.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, August 6, 1912, for Contract 79, for the construction of blow-offs from the Elmsford and Bryn Mawr steel-pipe siphons of the Catskill aqueduct. The ELMSFORD BLOW-OFF includes about 2,400 feet of concrete conduit 2½ by 3½ feet inside diameter, and about 1,200 feet of 18 and 24 inch vitrified pipe. The BRYN MAWR BLOW-OFF includes about 5,400 feet of open channel lined with concrete, and a sub-surface headworks structure. The work is located in the town of Greenburg and the City of Yonkers, Westchester County, New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings, can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS,
President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

OFFICE PURCHASING COMMISSARY, U. S. Army, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y., July 20, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, for furnishing and delivering subsistence stores in this city, under the provisions of Section 3,732, R. S., U. S., at such times as may be required by the U. S. Government, on or before September 14, 1912, will be received at this office until ten o'clock A. M., August 1, 1912. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing bids should be marked "Proposals for Subsistence Stores opened August 1, 1912," and addressed to Col. A. L. Smith, A. C. G., U. S. Army.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE.—Army Building, Whitehall Street, New York City, July 1, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 1:30 o'clock P. M. August 1, 1912, and then opened, for furnishing forage and straw required at San Juan, P. R., during the period commencing October 1, 1912, and ending June 30, 1913. Information upon application.

M. GRAY ZALINSKI,
Depot Q. M.

Collectors of autographs should search the Book Exchange column in The New York Times Review of Books, every Sunday.—Adv.

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Members New York Stock Exchange
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Offering wanted
South West Penn Pipe
TEFFT & COMPANY
5 Nassau St., New York, N. Y.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Trading Very Quiet — Steel Earnings About as Expected.

Very little of the interest attaching to yesterday's developments in the business and financial situation was centred in the dealings on the Stock Exchange. There transactions were at a low ebb, and the fluctuations in prices in all but a very few stocks were too narrow to afford much opportunity to the trader. The item of the day's news in which the stock market normally would have been most interested was the quarterly earnings statement of the United States Steel Corporation which was given out just after the market closed, but there was no apparent effort to make use in the market of the forecasts, which were current during the day regarding the showing the corporation would make for the second quarter of the year.

When the figures were published it was found that they slightly exceeded the general estimate of $25,000,000, and that they were considerably better than some of the recent predictions which suggested somewhat poorer results than this for the three months ended with June. At $25,102,000 the earnings for the quarter were sufficient after providing a little more liberally for depreciation to show the full dividend earned on the common stock. The previous quarter practically the entire amount of the dividend was charged against surplus. The earnings for the period were increased by transportation profits which were not available during the first quarter of the year, and also by the fact that the average level of prices at which the products of the corporation were sold was somewhat higher in the second than in the first quarter. Much of the output during the June quarter, however, was on orders which had been taken at the lower level of prices prevailing early in the year, and the showing made yesterday does not reflect, therefore, the full extent of the improvement which has taken place in the market for steel products during the last six months. There is ground for the expectation that in the current quarter the deficit of over $6,200,000 for the first half of the year after the payment of common stock dividends will be materially reduced. The fact that prices are still advancing promises well for the earnings of the last quarter, and if present indications are borne out the Steel Corporation will be able to show earnings fully covering its dividend requirements for the year.

The money market begins to supply indications that a considerable part of the decided firmness which time money rates are showing at the moment is due to the extent of the preparations the banks have been making for the demands which they will undoubtedly have to meet a little later in the season. There was some calling of loans yesterday, but borrowers had no difficulty in replacing the money thus withdrawn, and the call money market as a whole remained comfortably easy. The banks are disposed at the moment to increase the proportion of their loans on call, holding themselves in readiness for later demands. The interior is not yet calling largely for cash, but undoubtedly will do so a little later. It would seem that the preparations which have been made to meet these demands have been amply justified by the fact that to have approached the probable large demands which will come a little later in the season without having provided for them in advance would in all probability have invited rates considerably higher than those which borrowers are now compelled to pay.

The weekly weather report reflected the favorable conditions which have prevailed in nearly all crop sections. Some of the cotton States are reported in need of rain, but in most sections of the cotton belt, as elsewhere, the past week's weather was satisfactory. The cotton market broke somewhat violently yesterday following its advance of recent days, to which the covering of a short interest had contributed materially. The decline was partly a natural reaction from this short covering movement and partly was due to the prospect of rain in the sections of the cotton belt in which it is most needed.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¾@3 per cent., with the best loan at 2⅞ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3¼@3½ per cent. for sixty days, 3¾@4 per cent. for ninety days, 4@4¼ per cent. for four months, 4¼@4½ per cent. for five months, and 4¾@5 per cent. for six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4¾@5 per cent. for prime four to six months' maturity.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $298,639,617; balances, $18,556,186; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $976,026.

The local banks have lost $3,426,000 on their Sub-Treasury transactions since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 2 15-16@3 per cent. for short bills and 3@3 1-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 2⅝ per cent., and Berlin, 3½ per cent. Money rates were 2½ per cent. in London and 2½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f 25c, and the Berlin check rate on London 20 marks 48 pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8770; demand, $4.8735.

Paris—Cable, 517½ less 1-64; check, 517½ less 5-64.

Berlin—Cable, 95¼; check, 95 3-16.

Switzerland—Cable, 517½ less 3-32; check, 518⅛ less 1-32.

Holland—Cable, 40.41; check, 40.38.

Belgium—Cable, 519⅜ plus 1-16; check, 519⅝.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8470; 90 days, $4.8335.

London—Commercial, 60 days, $484½; 90 days, $483⅝.

Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.20; 90 days, 5.21¼ less 1-16.

Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.20⅝; 90 days, 5.21⅞ plus 1-32.

Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94⅜; 90 days, 94⅛.

Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94⅛ less 1-32; 90 days, 94 5-16 less 1-16.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c premium; St. Louis, 20c premium; St. Paul, 45c premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; Montreal, 62½c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted 3-16d lower in London, at 27⅝d per ounce, and ½c lower in New York, at 60c premium.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.		—Maturity.—	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1,'13	100	100¼	4.45
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'13	99⅞	100⅛	4.32
B. R. T. Co.	5	July 1,'18	97⅞	97⅞	5.45
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'14	99⅛	99⅞	4.85
C. H. & D. purchase money	4	July 1,'13	99⅛	99⅛	4.50
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15,'13	99⅛	99⅝	5.43
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July 1,'14	97⅝	98	5.95
Erie	6	Apr. 8,'14	100⅛	101	5.38
Erie	5	Oct. 1,'14	99⅛	99⅞	5.10
Erie	5	Apr. 1,'15	98⅛	99	5.40
Gen. Motors	5	Oct. 1,'15	99⅞	100⅛	5.96
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1,'15	97⅛	97⅞	5.27
Hudson Co.	6	Feb. 1,'13	100⅛	100⅛	5.51
Illinois Cent.	4½	July 1,'14	99⅛	99⅞	4.62
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug. 1,'14	98	98⅞	5.94
Int. Harv. Co.	5	Feb. 15,'15	100⅛	100⅛	4.70
Mo., K. & T.	5	May 1,'13	99	99⅝	6.30
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1,'14	94⅝	95⅛	7.80
M. C. of Mex.	4½	Sep. 1,'13	98	98⅛	6.20
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June 1,'13	98⅛	98⅛	6.05
N. Y. Cent.	4½	Mar. 1,'14	99⅜	100	4.50
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May 1,'15	99⅜	99⅞	4.55
St. L. & S. F.	5	June 1,'13	99⅛	99⅞	4.58
Southern Ry.	5	Feb. 1,'13	100	100¼	4.55
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec. 1,'13	104	104¼	5.16
Westinghouse	6	Aug. 1,'13	101⅛	101⅞	4.30

Accrued interest to be added to the above prices.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Wabash-Pittsburgh Plan Waiting.

Once more the reorganization plan for the Wabash-Pittsburgh Terminal and the Wheeling & Lake Erie is all ready to be released just as soon as a minor detail or two is cleared away. It might come out to-day, if the lawyers give it their sanction. Wall Street does not believe it will come out to-day or next week. There have been so many false starts that the bondholders have mostly lost hope of ever seeing the terms. A plan has been ready for two years, but it has never been the same plan for any length of time. One of the committee members said yesterday that the delay has been a good thing for the company, and that earnings have improved to such an extent that the property could now pay its way without being reorganized. Business has increased in recent weeks at the rate of 20 per cent., mostly because of a new routing of coal shipments, which gives the Gould roads what they should have had long ago. The Wheeling & Lake Erie, owned by the Terminal, was expected to earn $7,250,000 in the year ended on June 30. Its final figures show $7,500,000.

⁂

Record Canadian Earnings.

When it comes to comparing railroad earnings, none of the American lines can compete with the Canadian Pacific. For the year ended on June 30 that company had an increase of $19,000,000 in gross revenues, and $6,600,000 in net. This news was greeted with an advance of two points in the stock yesterday.

⁂

A Neglected Traction.

Not a single share of Brooklyn Rapid Transit sold on the Stock Exchange yesterday. Old-time traders were skeptical when they heard this, and looked over the day's sheets themselves to set their informants right. A warm day in midsummer without a transaction in B. R. T. has been something unheard of. The company makes its biggest harvest of nickels at this time of year, and the record days at Coney Island are usually responsible for several upward turns. For many years B. R. T. held a place among the most active issues. Its highest price in recent years was made within a few weeks. Some of the old traders have never felt the same toward "Brooklyn" since its entrance into the subway field. Elevated and surface cars behave in an orthodox manner, but a subway is likely to show startling results. The fact that the Interborough's tubes have been carrying twice as many passengers as they were designed to accommodate may prove a great deal, or it may prove nothing, as the remnants of the old Flower following look at it.

⁂

American Express Drops Off.

The first sale of a 100-share lot of American Express stock to be made since the decision of the Inter-State Commerce Commission ordering a reduction in charges was made yesterday at 205, which is 12 points below the previous sale of 100 shares. Transactions in odd lots have been recorded at prices ranging from 216 down.

⁂

Crowd Sees J. P. Morgan.

J. P. Morgan's visit to the offices of the Steel Corporation yesterday gave the financial district its first view of its most important tenant in seven months. As he came out of 71 Broadway, Mr. Morgan paused on the steps for a few minutes to chat with his son and George F. Baker and Norman B. Ream. The quartet of distinguished Steel Directors, all of them well known by sight to many of the passers by, had not been there long before a crowd which threatened to block traffic gathered. Mr. Morgan appeared to be in his usual good health, and made no use of the cane which he carried.

⁂

Poor Stock Business.

Just by way of showing that the old tradition of poor business in Presidential years has not gone by the board, the market established a new record for extreme dullness yesterday. The total sales amounted to only 129,086 shares, which is the smallest since July 14, 1911. Deducting the orders which emanated from the professionals on the floor, the $12.50 commissions were spread out very thinly.

⁂

Recession in Lake Shore.

While the situation as regards Lake Shore and its possible absorption by the New York Central has not changed materially, a sale of 10 shares was made yesterday at 470, which is a drop of 25 points from the previous sale on April 18.

HONOR R. H. THOMAS.

Stock Exchange Members Present Him with Portrait and Silver.

R. H. Thomas, who was President of the Stock Exchange for several successive terms until he was succeeded at the May election by J. B. Mabon, has been presented with a testimonial in recognition of his services in the trying times of the several big failures which brought about the Hughes committee's investigation of Wall Street methods. A special committee was appointed to provide and present a suitable testimonial, and funds were secured by the contribution of $5 each by 1,000 members.

The committee commissioned Irving R. Wiles to paint a portrait of the former President, which was presented to Mrs. Thomas, and presented to Mr. Thomas five pieces of old English silver.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ANN ARBOR—	1912.	1911.	Increase.
3d week July	$44,335	$41,712	$2,623
July 1-July 21	129,762	122,130	7,632
GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA—			
3d week July	45,270	44,424	846
July 1-July 21	130,967	133,272	*2,305
HAVANA ELECTRIC—			
Week July 28	49,908	43,989	5,919
Jan. 1-July 28	1,444,485	1,362,530	81,955
SEABOARD AIR LINE—			
3d week July	398,476	374,799	23,677
July 1-July 21	1,230,372	1,173,616	56,756

*Decrease.

CANADIAN PACIFIC for June—	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross	11,311,397	9,477,650	8,807,817
Net	3,846,603	3,024,671	2,717,916
Gross, 12 mos.	123,319,538	104,167,808	94,989,489
Net 12 mos.	43,298,241	36,699,830	33,839,956

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN for June—			
Mileage	958	930	930
Gross	3,251,839	3,210,003	3,194,163
Net after taxes	1,155,823	1,108,417	1,275,981
Gross, 12 mos.	35,492,527	35,947,066	36,005,987
Net after taxes	10,935,089	12,973,983	15,477,891

Miscellaneous Earnings.

GENERL CHEMICAL COMPANY for the six months ended June 30—	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Net prof. Jan. to June, 1912	1,352,751	1,193,308	159,443
Less fire insur.	30,000	30,000	......
Less pf. divs. pd	375,000	375,000	......
Less com. divs. paid	256,767	244,539	12,228
Less chgd. off plant and inv. acct.	207,691	47,724	159,967
Total deductions	869,458	697,263	172,195
Surp., 6 mos.	483,293	496,045	*12,752
Prev. surplus	4,463,038	4,090,759	372,279
Tot. sur. Jan. 30	4,946,331	4,586,804	359,527

During the first six months of 1912 expenditures for new construction have been $456,129, and for repairs and reconstruction charged to expense $284,540.

ONTARIO POWER COMPANY of Niagara Falls and the ONTARIO TRANSMISSION COMPANY, Ltd., for the six months ended June 30—			
Gross earnings	538,772	408,974	129,798
Net earnings	451,104	336,311	114,793
Other income	11,205	8,060	3,145
Total income	462,309	344,371	117,938
Int. charges	323,793	292,638	31,155
Surplus	138,516	51,732	86,784

*Decrease.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Trading in Fair Volume, with Tobacco Stocks Leading in the Curb Market.

Curb prices moved somewhat irregularly yesterday, but trading was in fair volume, with the tobacco issues again leading. British-American reported transactions of 9,000 shares between 22¼ and 23¾, the close being at 22⅜. The rights sold 4,000 at 8⅝ and 8⅞, closing at the lower figure, even with the opening. The new stock of the United Cigar Stores Company sold off from 93½ to 92½, reporting transactions of 3,000 shares. The preferred sold off from 120⅛ to 120. Old stock, after opening at 288, sold as high as 289 and as low as 286, and closed at 287. The mining list moved narrowly. Bond trading was confined to New York City 4¼s and New York Telephone 4½s. The former sold $11,000 between 100⅝ and 100¾, and closed at the high level, which was ⅛ above the opening. The Telephone bonds sold off from 98 15-16 to 98⅝ on sales of $15,000.

⁂

The principal transactions yesterday, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were:

Sales.	INDUSTRIALS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
900	*Allied Sec. Co.	87	89	87	89
9,000	Brit.-Am. Tob.	22¼	23¾	22¼	22⅜
4,000	Do rights	8⅝	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝
50	Con. Rub. Tire	13	13	13	13
250	B.F.Goodrich Co.	78¾	†78¾	78	78
400	Kayser	89	90	89	90
179	‡Kayser pf.	110	110¼	110	110¼
100	S. S. Kresge	58	58	58	58
815	Man. Shirt Co.	58	58	57¼	58
25	Do pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,200	Manhat. Transit.	2	2	1 15-16	2
85	Marc., Am., new.	8½	8½	8	8
4,000	*Mays Oil	27	28	27	28
110	Pettib.-Mil'kn pf.	101¾	101¾	101½	101½
10	R. J. Reynolds	275	275	275	275
165	S. O. of Kan.	340	425	340	425
150	S. O. of N. J.	399	402	399	400
325	Un. Cig. Stores	288	289	286	287
3,000	U. C. S. of Am., w. i.	93½	93½	92½	92½
75	Do pf.	120⅛	120⅛	120	120
50	U. S. L. & H. pf., new	87½	87½	87½	87½
	RAILROAD.				
10	‡Am. L. & Trac.	407	407	407	407
	MINING STOCKS.				
2,000	Big Four	50	50	49	49
100	Braden Copper	7	7	7	7
2,000	Butte-N. Y.	2	2	1¾	1¾
500	*C. O. D. Con.	12	12	12	12
100	Davis-Daly Cop.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,000	Dia. Black Butte	8	9	8	9
600	*†El Paso Con.	100	100	100	100
300	Florence	1 1-32	1 1-32	1 1-32	1 1-32
100	Giroux Mining	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
300	Greene-Cananea	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
2,000	*Greenwater	6	6	6	6
110	La Rose Con.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
100	Mason Valley	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼
200	McKinley-Dar.	1½	1½	1½	1½
1,000	Mother. Gold	1	1	1	1
3,000	Ohio Copper	⅞	15-16	⅞	15-16
1,200	Pacific Smelters	7-32	7-32	7-32	7-32
320	Silver King Con.	1	1	1	1
600	South Live Oak	2	2	2	2
100	So. Utah M. & S.	½	½	½	½
1,500	Stewart	1½	1½	1½	1½
35	Tonopah Mining	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
1,200	Tonopah Ext.	2 9-16	2⅝	2 9-16	2 9-16
4,600	Tonopah Merger	1⅜	1⅜	1 3-16	1 3-16
3,600	West End Ext.	38	38	33	34
2,500	*Wet. Silver M.	55	55	52	52
400	Yukon Gold M.	3⅞	3 15-16	3⅞	3 15-16
	BONDS.				
$11,000	N. Y. City 4¼s	100⅝	100¾	100⅝	100¾
15,000	New York Tel. 4½s	98 15-16	98 15-16	98⅝	98⅝

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex dividend.

⁂

The bid and asked prices of listed stocks and bonds of which there were no sales on the Curb yesterday make these comparisons with those of Monday:

INDUSTRIALS.	July 30. Bid.	July 30. Asked.	July 29. Bid.	July 29. Asked.
Am. Writing Paper	3	3½	3	3½
Atlantic Gulf & W. I.	7	8	7	8
A. G. & W. I. pf.	13	15	13	15
Bay State Gas	7-16	½	7-16	½
Borden's Con. Milk	126½	127½	126½	127½
Borden's Con. Milk pf.	107½	108	107½	108
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	58	59	..	..
B. F. Goodrich Co. pf.	108¼	109	108¼	109¼
Havana Tobacco	6	7	6	7
Havana Tobacco pf.	10	15	10	15
Houston Oil	14	14¼	14	14¾
Inter. Rubber T. ctfs.	12	13	12½	13
International Salt	3	6	3	6
J. I. Case pf.	100	102½	103	103½
Kolb Bakery pf.	98½	98¾	98½	98¾
Lehigh Val. C. S. Co.	240	244	240	244
McAndrews & Forbes	200	210	200	210
New York Transport	5⅝	6	5⅝	6
Otis Elevator	73	76	73	76
Pennsylvania Textile	18½	18¾	18½	18¾
Pettibone Milleken	28	28½	28	28½
Porto Rican-Am. Tob.	255	270	255	270
Singer Mfg.	285	288	285	288
Standard Oil, old	1,005	1,010	975	1,000
Standard Oil of N. Y.	500	510	500	510
Standard Oil subsid.	590	615	580	610
U. S. L. & H., new	18	19	18	19
J. S. Young	182	185	182	185
RAILROADS.				
Am. Light & T. pf.	108	110	108	110
MINING STOCKS.				
*Beaver Consolidated	44	46	43	45
British Col. Cop.	5⅛	5¼	5⅛	5⅝
Caledonia Mining	35	50	35	50
Con. Arizona S.	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16
Diamond Field Daisy	8	9	8	9
First National	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
Gold Hill	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
Kerr Lake	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
Keystone	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
Mines of America	2⅝	3¼	2⅝	3¼
Nevada Hills	2 1-16	2 3-16	2 1-16	2 3-16
Nipissing Mines Co.	7⅝	7¾	7⅝	7¾
Tri-Bullion	⅜	½	⅜	½
Tularosa	½	1	½	1
Tuolumne Copper	2⅞	3¼	2⅞	3
Union Mines	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
United Copper	½	1	½	1
United Copper pf.	8	20	8	20
BONDS.				
Braden Copper 6s	147	150	147	150
Braden Copper 7s	147	150	147	150
Chicago Elevated 5s	97½	98	97½	98
Mason Valley 6s	131	133	131	133
N. Y. State 4s, new	100½	100¾	100¼	100½
Penn. Textile 6s	98½	99	98½	99
Southern B. T. & T. 5s	100	100¼	100	100¼
Western Pac. 5s	83	83½	83	83½

*Sell cents per share.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil Co.	18½	19	18	19
Atlantic Refining Co.	480	490	480	490
Borne-Scrymser Co.	175	200	175	200
Buckeye Pipe Line Co.	180	185	180	190
Chesebrough Mfg., Con	825	875	825	875
Colonial Oil	165	180	165	180
Continental Oil	850	925	850	925
Crescent Pipe Line Co.	63	67	63	68
Cumberland Pipe Line.	75	85	65	75
Eureka Pipe Line Co.	413	425	410	425
Galena Signal Oil Co.	233	238	232	238
Galena Signal Oil pf.	140	146	140	145
Indiana Pipe Line Co.	115	120	110	115
National Transit Co.	42	44	43	45
N. Y. Transit Co.	378	385	380	385
Northern Pipe Line Co.	147	155	145	150
Ohio Oil Co.	104	105	104	105
Prairie Oil & Gas Co.	295	305	295	310
Solar Refining Co.	600	625	600	625
Southern Pipe Line Co.	265	275	255	265
South Penn. Oil Co.	745	795	750	800
South West Penn. P.L.	175	185	173	180
Standard Oil (Cal.)	193	198	190	200
St. Oil (Ind.) ex div.	250	255	242	250
Standard Oil (Kan.)	425	450	335	375
Standard Oil (Ky.)	435	450	435	450
Standard Oil (Neb.)	265	285	265	280
Standard Oil (N. J.)	399	404	395	400
Standard Oil Co. sub. "en bloc"	605	615	595	610
Standard Oil Co. old stock, "all on"	1,004	1,019	990	1,010
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	500	510	500	510
Standard Oil (Ohio)	195	205	195	205
Swan & Finch	190	215	190	215
Swan & Finch war.	90	115	90	115
Union Tank Line	60	65	60	65
Vacuum Oil Co.	172	177	169	175
Washington Oil	20	30	20	30
Waters-Pierce Oil Co.	1200	1500	1200	1500

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	July 30. Bid.	July 30. Asked.	July 29. Bid.	July 29. Asked.
British-Am. ex rights	22⅛	22⅜	21⅞	22
Conley Foil	280	300	280	300
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	180	200	180	200
J. S. Young	180	190	180	190
MacAndrews & Forbes	205	210	208	210
Porto Rico-American	265	275	265	275
R. J. Reynolds	280	290	270	280
United Cigar Stores	286	288	288	289
United C. S., w. i.	92½	92⅞	92½	93
United C. S. pf., w. i.	120	120⅛	119½	120
United C. S. rights	9½	11	9	11

FINANCIAL NOTES.

At the last regular meeting of the Directors of the Pyrene Manufacturing Company Darwin R. James, Jr., was elected President, succeeding P. L. Wilbur, resigned.

George F. Gentes has been made assistant cashier of the Aetna National Bank.

The Guaranty Trust Company is now ready to exchange definitive certificates of the Northern States Power Company five-year collateral lien notes for the temporary certificates.

The Portland Railway, Light, and Power Company has appointed the Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company agent for the payment of coupons of its issue of first and refunding sinking fund 5 per cent. bonds.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

National Biscuit Picks up Three Points on Chicago Exchange.

Extreme dullness characterized most of the out-of-town markets, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday.

The market at Baltimore was lifeless, and while changes were of no significance, prices had an easier tendency. A further decline of 10 shillings in London copper warrants, making a loss of an even pound sterling so far this week, put a damper on whatever disposition there was to speculate in the Boston copper shares. The list was almost totally neglected in the early trading. Butte and Superior showed a fair gain, the buying doubtless representing short covering after Monday's sharp decline. There was a loss of one-half point, to 30, in North Butte, and a fractional advance in Nevada Consolidated. Lake Mining was weak.

On the Chicago Exchange National Biscuit recovered more than 3 points of its loss and was the chief feature in the trading. Elsewhere prices reflected strength, but the gains were fractional. Sears-Roebuck common, People's Gas, Pacific Gas, Swift shares, and American Can issues showed moderate advances. Union Carbide shares declined 2½ points and furnished the weakest feature, while Western Stone sold a point under the last preceding sale.

An advance of 1½ points to 79 in Lake Suprerior income bonds and a decline of a point in Pennsylvania Steel preferred on small sales were about the only fluctuations of any moment in an exceptionally flat market in Philadelphia. The volume of transactions showed a notable falling off throughout the list. Even in such a usually active issue as United States Steel only two odd lots appeared on the tape during the first hour, and the day's total turnover of all issues was barely 6,600 shares.

BALTIMORE.

Sales.	STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	At. C. L. of Conn.	270	270	270
85	Consolidated Power	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
10	Consol. Power pf.	110	110	110
5	Consolidation Coal	102	102	102
10	Houst. Oil. pf. ctfs.	66¼	66¼	66¼
300	Houst. Oil com. ctfs.	14½	14½	14½
10	U. S. Fidelity	181	181	181
	BONDS.			
$1,000	Ala. Coal and Iron 5s.	73	73	73
4,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1980	87½	87½	87½
3,000	Cotton Duck 5s	75	74¾	74¾
10,000	G. B. S. Brewing, inc.	14½	14½	14½
10,000	New Or. Gt. No. 5s	72½	72½	72½
5,000	Seaboard 6s, stamped	87½	87½	87½

BOSTON.

Sales.	RAILROADS.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Atchison	108⅝	108⅛	108⅝
11	Boston Elevated	126	125¾	126
20	Boston & Lowell	205	204½	204½
45	Boston & Maine	99½	99½	99½
5	Boston & Wor. pf.	53	53	53
2	C. J. R. & S. Y.	169	169	169
5	Fitchburg pf.	126	126	126
276	Maine Central rights.	12½	12½	12½
4	Mass. El. pf. stamped	76¾	76	76½
1,821	Mass. El. frac. war.	20	19	19
215	N. Y., N. H. & H.	135¾	135	135¾
20	Old Colony R. R.	176	176	176
	TELEPHONES.			
222	American	145¾	145⅜	145⅜
1	New England	154	154	154
1,130	New England rights.	5 1-16	5	5 1-16
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
300	Am. Ag. Chem.	60¼	60¼	60¼
10	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	100⅛	100	100
25	Amoskeag	81½	81½	81½
4	Am. Pneu. Service	4	4	4
50	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	18½	18¼	18½
187	Am. Sugar	126¾	126	126
33	Am. Sugar pf.	121	120	120½
102	Am. Woolen pf.	89¼	89	89
105	Ga. Ry. & El. pf.	85	85	85
56	General Electric	182½	182	182½
107	Mass. Gas	89½	89¼	89¼
4	Mass. Gas pf.	96	96	96
10	McElwain pf.	105	105	105
50	Pullman	162½	162¼	162¼
86	Swift	106	106	106
15	Torrington	29	29	29
83	United Fruit	206	205⅝	205⅝
85	United Shoe	51	50⅞	51
10	United Shoe pf.	29½	29⅛	29⅛
835	U. S. Steel	70	69⅞	70
10	U. S. Steel pf.	112⅝	112	112
	MINING.			
150	Adventure	8⅜	8¼	8⅜
65	Algomah	6⅛	5⅞	5⅞
538	Amalgamated	82⅜	81⅝	82⅛
70	American Zinc	30¾	30⅝	30⅝
4	Anaconda	41½	41	41½
470	Arizona Commercial	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
150	Arnold	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
120	Boston & Corbin	7¼	7	7¼
60	Butte & Bal.	3½	3¼	3½
3,197	Butte & Sup.	39½	38¾	38¾
263	Calumet & Arizona	75¼	74½	74½
7	Calumet & Hecla	520	520	520
25	Centennial	24	23½	24
58	Chino	32	31⅝	31⅝
15	Copper Range	57	57	57
20	Daly-West	5¼	5¼	5¼
20	East Butte	13¼	13¼	13¼
195	Franklin	11	10⅞	11
140	Giroux	5	4 15-16	4 15-16
10	Granby	53½	53½	53½
487	Greene-Can.	10¼	10⅛	10⅛
65	Hancock	30⅛	30¼	30¼
10	Indiana	17	17	17
100	Island Creek	56	55¼	55¼
433	Island Cr. rights	38	35	35
294	Island Cr. pf.	90½	89½	90½
445	Isle Royale	34⅝	34⅜	34½
75	Keweenaw	1 9-16	1 9-16	1 9-16
2,490	Lake	34½	33⅞	34½
15	La Salle	7	6⅞	6⅞
50	Mason Valley	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
10	Mayflower	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜
10	Miami	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
302	Nevada Con.	21⅜	21	21⅛
20	Nipissing	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
969	North Butte	30⅛	29⅞	30
20	North Lake	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
80	Old Colony Mining	8	7⅜	7½
25	Old Dominion	56¼	56	56¼
11	Osceola	116	116	116
170	Pond Creek	18¾	18⅛	18¾
5	Quincy	89½	89½	89½
70	Ray Con.	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
100	Santa Fe	3 5-16	3 5-16	3 5-16
675	Shannon	17	16⅞	16⅞
100	Shattuck	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝
150	Superior & Boston	1⅝	1½	1½
825	Superior	47	46⅝	47
10	Tamarack	41	41	41
150	Trinity	6	5⅞	6
140	Tuolumne	3	2⅞	2⅞
275	U. S. Smelters	45⅛	45	45⅛
132	U. S. Smelters pf.	50	49⅝	49⅝
10	Utah Con.	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
100	Victoria	3⅜	3⅛	3⅜
70	Winona	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛
45	Wolverine	108	108	108
	BONDS.			
$2,000	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾
1,000	Am. T. & T. col. 4s	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛
2,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	63	63	63
3,000	C. J. R. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101	100¾	101
4,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1923	96⅞	96¾	96⅞
5,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1925	96	96	96
11,000	Western Tel. 5s	101	101	101

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bay St. G.	21	23	Goldf'd Con.	3 15-16	4
Bohemia	3	3¼	La Rose C.	3¼	3½
Boston Ely	1 1-16	1¼	Majestic C.	46	48
Cactus	1	3	New Baltic.	2	2½
C'l'ver's	2 13-16	2 15-16	Oneco	..	1⅝
Chemung	4½	5	Ohio Cop.	91	94
Chief Cons.	1⅝	1 7-16	Raven	29	31
Cons Ariz.	62	63	R. I. Coal	20	24
Davis-Daly.	2¼	2 5-16	South Lake.	10	10¼
First Nat.	2	2 1-16			

CHICAGO.

Sales.	STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Close.
250	Am. Can	36	35⅝	36
150	Am. Can pf.	117	117	117
10	Am. Shipbuilding	47	47	47
15	Chi. Title & Trust	210	210	210
100	Com'wealth Edison	139	139	139
20	Hart, Shaf. & M. pf.	99½	99½	99½
35	Illinois Brick	64½	64½	64½
570	National Biscuit	136⅞	134½	136⅞
50	Int. Harvester	119⅝	119½	119⅝
125	Pacific Gas & Elec.	66½	66¼	66½
100	Public Service	101¼	101¼	101¼
115	People's Gas	116¼	116	116¼
575	Sears-Roebuck	195¼	194½	195¼
405	Swift & Co.	106	105⅞	105⅞
140	United Boxboard	1¼	1¼	1¼
100	U. S. Steel	69⅝	69½	69⅝
20	Union Carbide	162	162	162
10	Western Stone	10	10	10
	BONDS.			
$3,000	Com'wealth Ed. 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼
3,000	Chi. City Ry. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
2,000	Chi. Ry. 1st 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
19,600	Chi. Ry. 5s, B.	87	86½	87
5,000	Morris 4½s	89½	89½	89½

PITTSBURGH.

Sales.	STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Last.
250	Am. Sewer Pipe	13	13	13
80	Caney River Gas	35½	35½	35½
3,015	Crucible common	18¾	17⅞	18¼
105	Crucible pf	94¼	94	94¼
105	Con. Ice	10¼	10¼	10¼
230	Ind. Brewing	5½	5¼	5¼
77	Ind. Brewing pf.	27½	27¼	27½
425	Mfrs. L. & H.	45⅞	45¼	45⅜
170	Nat. Fire Proof, com.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
45	Nat. Fireproof. pf.	29	29	29
100	Ohio Fuel	46½	46½	46½
10	Osage & Oklahoma	54	54	54
10	Pittsb'gh Plate Glass	106½	106½	106½
30	Pittsb'gh Brewing pf.	39½	39½	39½
65	Pittsb'gh Oil & Gas	9	9	9
795	Pure Oil	17	16⅞	16⅞
50	Union Switch	105¼	105¼	105¼
35	Westinghouse Elec.	40¼	40	40
819	Westingh. Air Brake	144	141½	144
	BONDS.			
$1,000	Pittsburgh Brew. 6s	98	98	98
1,000	Pittsb'gh Coal 5s	90½	90½	90½

BOURSES OF EUROPE

English Rails Stronger on the Belief That the Dock Strike Is Collapsing.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, July 31.—The Times says in its City article to-day:

"There was a little more demand for money yesterday, but loan rates were unaltered. A few short bills were sold to the Bank of England.

"Discount quotations were nominally unchanged, with a rather weak tendency, bills being rather more wanted.

"To-day £3,800,000 of Exchequer bonds are to be paid for, but the operation is not expected to disturb the market much, as arrangements have been made for the prompt return of the cash to the market.

"On the Stock Exchange yesterday the home railway market was almost the only department where there were any signs of life, but the general tone elsewhere was not unsatisfactory, apart from a slight relapse in consols, which occurred just before the close. The market for gilt-edged securities was firm. Home railway stocks closed higher in most instances, a small investment demand being noticeable for heavy stocks, which were also favorably influenced by the prospect of an early termination of the dock strike.

"American shares were steady to firm in spite of the absence of business, and a few foreign railway stocks came into favor.

"National Telephone deferred stock relapsed sharply. The Marconi group was also subjected to some selling pressure.

"There were few items of interest in the mining section. Copper shares closed dull. Premier Diamond deferred showed strength."

PARIS, July 30.—Prices moved irregularly on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 92 francs 17½ centimes for the account.

BERLIN, July 30. — The Börse was strong to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	74⅛	..	..	—1-16
Consols, account	74 11-16	..	..	Sep. acct.
Anaconda	8⅜	40⅞	41	— ⅛
Atchison	100⅝ex	108⅛	108⅝	— ⅛
Canadian Pac.	271⅜	264⅛	264⅛	+ ⅝
St. Paul	105⅝	103⅛	103⅛	+ ⅛
Erie	36⅛	35⅛	35⅛	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	54⅝	53⅛	53⅛	..
Illinois Central	132ex	132⅛	132	+ ¼
Louis. & Nash.	162	158	158	..
N. Y. Central	118⅝	115⅛	115¼	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	63⅛	123⅛	123⅛	+ ⅛
Reading	84	163⅜	163⅛	+ ⅛
Southern Pac.	112⅜	110⅛	110⅛	+ ⅛
Union Pac.	172⅝	168⅛	167⅛	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel	71⅛	69⅜	69⅛	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	114⅛	111⅛	112⅛	— ½

Exchange, $4.87½.

RISKS IN SUGAR BUSINESS.

Half the Pioneers Failed, Says Oxnard, Defending the Trust.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—Robert Oxnard, head of the American Beet Sugar Company, testifying in the Government suit to dissolve the Sugar Trust, said today that for fifteen years prior to the organization of the trust in 1886-87, fully 50 per cent. of the men who ventured into the sugar business went bankrupt.

Oxnard said that the capacity of the refineries of the country was always twice as great as the Nation's consumption during the Winter months.

In describing his fight against the Havemeyers in the Missouri River district in the trade war of 1901, Oxnard said he tried to place his surplus product in the Missouri River district, but met competition of the Havemeyers that resulted in their reducing the price to 3½ cents a pound in that territory. The Oxnard Company then began to ship California sugar to New York at the New York price. The war lasted four or five weeks, and the next year Oxnard began negotiations to join the trust.

The witness said that his company took care of their surplus product by making future contracts with jobbers. A maximum price was fixed on the day of the sale, and the sugar was guaranteed against decline up to the day of delivery.

Mr. Oxnard testified that James G. Hamilton of New York was one of the organizers of the American Beet Sugar Company, and materially aided in financing the merger of Oxnard's plants and tiding over the crisis resulting from Havemeyer's operations in the early nineties.

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.	STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	American Milling	2½	2½	2½
67	American Railways	44	43⅞	43⅞
69	Alliance Ins. Co.	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
145	Cambria Steel	44⅞	44¼	44⅞
60	Con. Trac. of N. J.	76¾	76½	76¾
20	Electric Storage	55¼	55¼	55¼
150	General Asphalt	23⅛	23	23
6	Keystone Tel. pf.	34	34	34
200	Lake Superior	32¾	32⅝	32¾
7	Lehigh Navigation	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛
11	Lehigh Nav. ctfs.	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
163	Lehigh Valley	83⅛	83	83⅛
636	Lehigh Valley Transit	15⅛	14⅞	15⅛
770	Lehigh Val. Tr. pf.	31⅞	31⅛	31⅞
230	Pennsylvania	61⅞	61⅝	61⅞
1	Penn. Salt Mfg.	107½	107½	107½
20	Penn. Steel pf.	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
16	Philadelphia Co.	52⅛	52	52
180	Philadelphia Co. pf.	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛
285	Philadelphia Electric	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛
910	Phila. R. T. ctfs.	25⅞	25⅜	25⅜
205	Reading	81⅝	81⅜	81⅝
510	Tonopah Belmont	9⅛	9 7-16	9 7-16
170	Tonopah Mining	6 15-16	6¾	6 15-16
292	Union Traction	51⅝	51⅛	51⅜
927	United Gas Imp.	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
630	United States Steel	69⅞	69⅝	69⅞
100	Virginia Railway	52	52	52
20	Warwick Iron & Steel	10¼	10¼	10¼
50	Washington St. Ry.	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
50	York Railway	11½	11½	11½
10	York Railway pf.	33	33	33
	BONDS.			
$1,000	Allegheny 4s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
2,000	Lake Sup. inc. 5s	79	79	79
2,000	Phila. Co. 1st 5s	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜
5,000	Phila. & Reading 4s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
1,000	Phil. & Read. deb. 5s	114½	114½	114½
7,000	Reading gen. 4s	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
8,000	Spanish-Am. Iron 5s	101	101	101
800	Sunbury, H. & W. 5s	101½	101½	101½
3,000	United Ry. inv. 5s	84	83⅜	83⅜

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.08	Julia	.07
Alpha Con.	.04	Justice	.05
Andes	.05	Kentucky Con.	.03
Belcher	.42	Mexican	2.77
Best & Belcher	.08	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.99
Caledonia	1.13	Overman	.80
Challenge Con.	.13	Potosi	.03
Chollar	.09	Savage	.11
Confidence	1.00	Seg Belcher	.14
Con. Cal. & Va.	.35	Sierra Nevada	.24
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.68
Crown Point	.51	Utah Con.	.06
Gould & Curry	.06	Yellow Jacket	.59
Hale & Norcross	.18		
TONOPAH.		C. O. D.	.10
Belmont	9.37½	Comb. Fraction	.19
Jim Butler	.65	Diamondfield D.	.08
McNamara	.22	Diamondf'd B. B.	.08
Midway	.30	Florence	.95
Montana	2.35	Goldfield C. M.	3.92½
North Star	.18	Goldfield Merger	.45
Rescue Eula	.15	Great Bend	.03
Tonopah Exten.	2.55	Jumbo Exten.	.41
Tonopah Merger	1.10	Red Hills	.02
West End	1.65	Sandstorm Kend.	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.13
Adams	.01	Vernal	.11
Atlanta	.25	Nevada Hills	2.05
Booth	.08	Manhattan Con.	.15

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5¾	6	Jackpot	4	5
Elkton	65½	66½	McKinney	69½	70
El Paso	97½	99	Old Gold	3¾	4½
Findlay	5½	7	Portland	91½	95
Gold Dollar	18	18¼	Vindicator	83½	87
Isabella	13½	15	Raven B. H.	7½	7⅝

Is your money safe?
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday, July 30, 1912.

Total sales July 30, 1912.......... 129,086
From Jan. 1, 1912.......... 76,256,203
Same period last year.......... 59,081,158

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
200	205	270	Adams Express	202½	202½	202½	202½	+2½
82	82¼	2,700	Amalgamated Copper	81⅝	82¼	81⅝	82¼	+ ⅝
60¼	61½	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	...
70⅛	70⅜	2,800	Am. Beet Sugar	69½	70⅜	69½	70⅜	+ ⅜
95½	97½	400	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	98½	98½	97	97	−2¾
35⅝	36	1,800	Am. Can	35⅝	36	35⅝	36	...
116⅝	117¼	400	Am. Can pf.	117	117	117	117	+ ¼
57¾	58	200	Am. Car & Foundry	57¾	58	57¾	58	+ ¼
..	33	200	Am. Cities	33	33	33	33	...
..	78½	50	Am. Cities pf.	78	78	78	78	...
53	53½	200	Am. Cotton Oil	53	53⅝	53	53⅝	+ ⅝
204	210	100	Am. Express	205	205	205	205	−12
26⅛	26½	100	Am. Ice Securities	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	...
42⅛	42⅝	200	Am. Locomotive	42½	42½	42½	42½	...
108½	109	3	Am. Locomotive pf.	109	109	109	109	...
15½	18	200	Am. Malt	15¼	15¾	15¼	15¾	+ ¼
60	60⅝	200	Am. Malt pf.	60⅝	60¾	60⅝	60¾	+ ⅝
82½	82⅞	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	82¼	82⅞	82¼	82⅞	...
107¾	108	30	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	108	108	108	108	...
125½	126¼	1,700	Am. Sugar Refining	125	126¼	125	126	+1
145⅝	146	400	Am. Teleph. & Teleg.	145½	146	145½	145⅝	...
295¾	296	400	Am. Tobacco	295	295	295	295	+ ¼
104⅝	104⅞	400	Am. Tobacco pf. new	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	− ⅜
34½	35½	100	Am. Writing Paper pf.	35	35	35	35	− ½
41	41¼	300	Anaconda Copper Co.	41⅛	41¼	41⅛	41⅛	+ ⅛
108⅜	108⅞	1,530	Atch., Top. & S. F.	108⅜	108⅞	108⅜	108⅞	+ ⅛
102¼	102½	200	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½	− ½
140	140¾	100	Atlantic Coast Line	140¾	140¾	140¾	140¾	+ ⅛
57½	58⅝	130	Baldwin Locomotive	58½	58½	58½	58½	...
105½	106	275	Baldwin Loco. pf.	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	...
110	110⅛	1,200	Baltimore & Ohio	110	110⅛	110	110⅛	+ ⅛
87½	88½	500	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾	− ¼
146½	147	300	Brooklyn Union Gas	146¼	146½	146¼	146½	+1
266⅛	266¼	3,950	Canadian Pacific	264⅝	266¼	264⅝	266¼	+2
80¼	80⅜	200	Chesapeake & Ohio	80½	80½	80¼	80½	...
103½	103⅝	1,550	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	103½	103⅝	103⅜	103½	...
140	143	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	141	141	141	141	...
138¼	139	100	Chi. & Northwestern	138½	138½	138½	138½	− ⅜
31¼	31½	400	Chino Copper	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	+ ¼
143	143½	1,600	Consolidated Gas	143	143⅜	143	143	− ¼
13⅞	14¼	1,500	Corn Products Ref.	14	14	13½	14	− ⅛
81	82	300	Corn Products Ref. pf.	81	81	81	81	− ¼
167½	168½	100	Delaware & Hudson	167¼	167½	167¼	167½	− ⅜
34⅜	35½	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	34⅞	34⅞	34⅞	34⅞	− ⅛
31¾	32¼	100	Distillers' Securities	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	− ⅛
95	96½	102	Du Pont Powder pf.	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	− ¼
35	35⅛	400	Erie	35⅛	35¼	35⅛	35⅛	...
181⅞	183	1,000	General Electric	182	182½	182	182	...
33	34	50	General Motors	34	34	34	34	...
76½	77	120	General Motors pf.	76½	76½	76½	76½	− ¼
3⅞	4	600	Goldfield Consol.	3⅞	4	3⅞	4	+ ⅛
139⅛	139⅜	2,300	Great Northern pf.	139¼	139½	139¼	139¼	− ⅛
42½	42⅝	240	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	42½	42¾	42½	42⅜	− ¼
131⅛	132	900	Illinois Central	132	132	131½	131½	− ½
18¾	19	80	Inspiration Con. Cop.	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	...
19⅞	20	100	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	− ⅛
58	58¼	1,300	Inter.-Met. pf.	58	58	57⅞	58	...
95	97	100	Int. Agricultural pf.	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	+ ⅛
119¾	120	100	Int. Harvester	119¾	119¾	119¾	119¾	...
56	57	150	Int. Paper pf.	56	56	56	56	− ½
24⅜	24¾	700	Kansas City Southern	24⅝	24⅝	24½	24½	− ½
56	58	100	Kan. City South. pf.	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛	−2⅞
106	106½	335	Laclede Gas	106	106⅜	106	106⅜	+ ⅜
464	..	10	Lake Shore	470	470	470	470	...
166	166¼	5,000	Lehigh Valley	165⅞	166¼	165¾	166⅛	+ ⅛
113	114	100	Liggett & Myers pf.	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞	+ ⅜
45¾	46	1,100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	46	46	45¾	45¾	− ¼
157½	158	100	Louisville & Nash	157½	157½	157½	157½	− ½
134	135	100	Manhattan Elevated	134⅞	134⅞	134⅞	134⅞	+ ⅞
15⅝	16¼	700	Mercantile Marine pf.	16	16⅛	15¾	15¾	− ¼
69½	69½	200	Mexican Petroleum	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	+ ⅛
29¼	29½	1,600	Miami Copper	29½	29¾	29⅜	29½	...
19⅛	20	300	Minn. & St. Louis	19⅛	19½	19⅛	19½	+ ½
45¾	50	113	Minn. & St. Louis pf.	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	+1⅛
146¾	147¼	400	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	147¼	147¼	146½	146¾	− ¼
27¼	27½	600	Mo., Kan. & Texas	27	27	26⅞	27	− ½
36½	37	2,500	Missouri Pacific	36	36⅜	36	36⅜	+1
135¼	135¾	2,600	Nat. Biscuit Co.	133¾	136¼	133¾	135¾	+2¼
16½	17	700	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	16¼	16¾	16¼	16¾	+ ¾
58½	59	200	Nat. Lead Co.	58½	58½	58½	58½	...
21¼	21⅜	2,400	Nev. Consol. Copper	21	21¼	21	21¼	+ ¼
76	78	200	N. Y. Air Brake	77	77	76½	76½	− ½
115	116	26	New York Central	115	115	115	115	...
134¼	136	200	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	135	135	135	135	−1
117¾	117⅞	1,100	Norfolk & Western	117⅞	117⅞	117¾	117¾	+ ¼
61	64	100	No. Ohio Tr. & Light	63¾	63¾	63¾	63¾	+ ¼
123¼	123⅜	2,150	Northern Pacific	123	123⅜	122⅞	123¼	...
30¼	30¾	1,300	Pacific Mail	31	31	30⅝	30⅝	− ½
123½	123⅝	500	Pennsylvania R. R.	123½	123½	123⅜	123⅜	...
116	116⅜	500	People's Gas, Chi.	116	116¼	115⅞	116	...
103½	105	200	Philadelphia Co.	103½	103½	103½	103½	− ¼
190	192	10	P. Lorillard Co.	192	192	192	192	...
113¼	114½	100	P. Lorillard Co. pf.	114	114	114	114	...
20⅞	21	100	Pittsburgh Coal	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	− ⅛
91	92	1,250	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	90¾	91	90	91	+ ¼
35	35½	100	Pressed Steel Car	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	− ⅜
115	116¾	155	Pub. Serv. Corp., N. J.	116½	116½	116½	116½	...
162	162¾	100	Pullman Company	162½	162½	162½	162½	+ ¼
4	6½	100	Quicksilver	5	5	5	5	−1
34¾	35¼	200	R'way Steel Spring	35¼	35¼	34¾	34¾	−1¼
20⅝	20¾	700	Ray Consol. Copper	20¾	20¾	20⅝	20¾	+ ½
163¾	163⅞	20,000	Reading	163⅛	164	163	163⅞	+ ¾
25⅝	26	100	Rep. Iron & Steel	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	− ⅜
24⅝	24¾	100	Rock Island Co.	24½	24½	24½	24½	− ⅛
49	50	100	Rock Island Co. pf.	49	49	49	49	+ ½
102	103	300	Rumely (M.) Co. pf.	102¾	102¾	102½	102½	−1⅝
21¼	22	250	St. Louis & San Fran.	22½	22½	21	21	− ⅝
33¾	34	500	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	34½	34½	33⅞	33⅞	+ ⅛
23¼	23½	100	Seaboard Air Line	23½	23½	23⅜	23½	− ⅛
53¼	53⅝	300	Seaboard Air Line pf.	53½	53½	53¼	53¼	+ ⅜
194⅝	195¼	200	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	194⅝	195⅛	194⅝	195⅛	− ⅜
55	55½	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	55	55	55	55	−3
109⅝	110	200	Southern Pacific	110	110	109⅞	109⅞	− ⅝
70	80	100	South P. R. Sugar	78	78	78	78	− ⅝
28¼	28⅜	2,500	Southern R'way ext.	28⅜	28⅞	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
76⅞	77¼	550	South. R'way pf. ext.	77⅛	77¼	77⅛	77¼	− ⅛
29¼	30¼	100	Standard Milling	29¾	29¾	29⅝	29¾	− ⅝
63¼	64½	150	Standard Milling pf.	64½	64½	64½	64½	+ ⅜
34½	35¼	250	Studebaker Co.	34¾	34⅞	34¾	34⅞	+ ⅛
41½	42	100	Tennessee Copper	42	42	42	42	...
21	21½	100	Texas & Pacific	21	21	21	21	...
13	14	100	Tol., St. L. & West.	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
30	32	100	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	− ¼
110	111¼	200	Underw'd Typewriter	110⅝	110⅝	110¼	110¼	− ⅛
168⅜	168½	7,860	Union Pacific	167⅞	168¼	167⅞	168¼	− ¾
99¼	100	100	United Dry Goods	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	+ ½
58½	59⅜	300	United Rys. Inv. pf.	58½	59	58½	59	− ⅛
18¼	19¼	100	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	+1
82½	82⅝	700	U. S. Realty & Imp.	82	83	81⅞	82½	− ¾
52	52⅝	400	U. S. Rubber	52⅜	52⅜	52¼	52¼	− ⅜
106	106⅜	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	106⅜	106⅜	106¼	106¼	− ⅞
69⅝	69¾	24,400	U. S. Steel	69½	70	69⅜	69⅝	+ ⅛
112¼	112⅜	200	U. S. Steel pf.	112¼	112⅜	112¼	112⅜	+ ¼
61¼	61½	1,600	Utah Copper	61⅜	61½	61¼	61½	...
4⅛	4¼	100	Wabash	4¼	4½	4¼	4½	+ ¼
13½	14	621	Wabash pf.	13⅜	13⅝	13½	13⅝	+ ⅛
57¾	58	500	Western Maryland	58¼	58¼	57½	57¾	+ ⅛
82	82½	100	Western Union Tel.	82½	82½	82½	82½	− ¼
79¾	80	800	Westinghouse E. & M.	80⅛	80⅛	79¾	79⅞	+ ½
93¾	94¾	300	Woolworth, F. W.	92⅞	93⅞	92⅞	93⅞	− ¾
113½	114¼	126	Woolworth pf.	114	114	114	114	+ ¾

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales July 30, 1912.......... $1,677,500
From Jan. 1, 1912.......... 453,817,500
Same period last year.......... 526,494,500

City of Tokio 5s, interim ctfs
1,000........94¼
Jap Gov 4½s, str ln
1,500........91⅞
Rep of Cuba 4½s
12,000........99
Rep of Cuba 5s
3,000........103⅜
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs
10,000........54
10,000........55
1,000........55½
1,000........56
9,000........55
5,000........55¼
1,000........56
N Y City 4s, 1958
11,000........98⅞
4s, 1959
19,000........99
N Y City 4¼s
5,000........101¼
4¼s, 1957
3,000........106¼
Alb & Susq 3½s
13,000........90½
Am Ag Ch conv 5s
2,000........101⅜
Am Ice Secur 6s
1,000........79
Am T & T col 4s
10,000........90⅜
3,000........90¼
conv 4s
1,000........115
A, T & S F gen 4s
10,000........97½
2,000........97⅜
5,000s6f........97¼
9,000........97⅜
16,000........97¼
conv 4s, 1955
5,000........107⅜
Trans St L 4s
9,000........92½
Atl Coast Line, Lo & Nash col 4s
20,000........94
B & O pr lien 3½s
5,000........91
gold 4s
2,000........97⅝
500........98⅛
12,000........97¼
S W Div 3½s
1,000........90⅝
Beth Steel 5s
1,000........97
Bklyn City 1st
10,000........102¼
B R T gold 5s
50,000........105½
ref conv 4s
11,000........92
1,000........92⅛
5,000........92
4,000........92⅛
Bush Terminal 4s
15,000........90
Cal Gas & Elec 5s
11,000........95⅜
5,000........95⅜
Canada So 1st 6s
1,000........100⅝
Cent Leather 5s
3,000........95¼
Cent Pac gtd 4s
9,000........95
10,000........94⅞
gtd 3½s
1,000........90⅝
9,000........90⅝
Ches & O gen 4½s
1,000........99⅝
Chi & Alton 3½s
10,000........65
C, B & Q gen 4s
11,000........95⅞
joint 4s
53,000........96⅛
Ill Div 3½s
7,000........87¼
Iowa Div 5s
1,000........105
Chi Gt Wn 4s
25,000........77
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A
5,000........97¼
2,000........97½
4s, 1934
17,000........90½
conv 4½s, sub rcts, full paid
42,000........104⅞
99,000........104⅝
Chi & N W gen 4s
95,000........97¼
7,000........97½
C, R I & P gen 4s
2,000........94½
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
9,000........88¼
deb 5s
18,000........91⅝
C, R I & P R R 4s
2,000........68½
3,000........68¼
Cin, Ind & W 4s
3,000........86⅜
Col & Southn ref & ext 4½s
1,000........95⅞
5,000........95¼
Del & H conv 4s
20,000........98⅛
Des Moin & Ft D 1st gtd 4s
2,000........77½
1,000........77¼
Det & Mac gold 4s
2,000........91½
Det U Ry con 4½s
5,000........76
5,000........75⅞
5,000........75½
Dist Secur Corp 5s
2,000........74
4,000........73⅞
Erie conv 4s, Ser B
1,000........78⅛
5,000........78¼
Flint & Pere Mar con 5s
5,000........96⅜
Gen Motors 6s
28,000........100
31,000........100⅛
Gt Northn ref 4¼s
5,000........100⅝
5,000........100⅝
Hock Val 1st 4½s
4,000........100¼
3,000........100⅝
Ill Steel 5s, J P M & Co tr rcts
5,000........90½
Ind Steel 5s, J P M & Co tr rcts
5,000........100¾
2,000........100⅝
Inter-Met 4½s
44,000........82⅝
1,000........82½
Inter Rap Tran 5s
40,000........104⅜
Int Stm Pump 5s
7,000........92¼
K C, Ft S & M 4s
5,000........78⅜
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
1,000s15f........93
19,000s15f........92½
5s, 1950
10,000........80⅝
Lake Shore & Mich So 4s, 1931
2,000........93
4,000........93¼
30,000........93
Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds
5,000........120⅝
1,000........120⅞
Liggett & Myers 5s
4,000........98⅜
12,000........98½
Lou & N gen 6s
1,000........113⅞
unified 4s
8,000........98⅜
1,000........98⅜
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
20,000........94⅞
2d 4s
4,000........80⅜
6,000........80½
ext 5s
2,000........100
Mo Pac conv 5s
1,000........86
Mo Pacific 4s
3,000........71
5,000........70¼
500........73
Nat R of Mex gen 4s
1,000........83
Natl Tube 5s, J P M & Co tr rcts
25,000........99⅞
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s
2,000........99⅞
N Y Cent gen 3½s
7,000........87⅛
5,000........87
Lake Shore col 3½s, reg
1,000........79
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
7,000........128½
non-conv deb 4s, 1956
4,000........91⅜
2,000........91⅝
N Y Railwys temp ref 4s
5,000........78¼
5,000........78⅝
temp adj 5s
4,000........57⅞
49,000........58
N Y & Rockaway Beach 5s
4,000........104
N Y Teleph 4½s
5,000........99¼
10,000........99⅜
N Y, West & B 4½s
1,000........100
5,000........100⅛
Nor & Wn con 4s
1,000........97½
conv 4s
10,000........117⅛
divisional 4s
5,000........92⅝
Northn Pacific 4s
4,000........98⅜
gen 3s
1,000........68⅝
Oz & Cher Cent 5s
5,000........99⅜
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
5,000........100⅛
Penn conv 3½s, 1912
2,000........99⅞
3½s, 1915
2,000........97⅛
1,000........97⅛
Penn Co gtd gold 4s
1,000........96⅜
Peo Gas & Co of Chicago ref 5s
5,000 c........101⅞
11,000........101⅞
P Lorillard Co 7s, temp bonds
5,000........122
P Lorillard Co 5s
2,000........99⅛
Pub Serv Corp s f 5s
1,000........93⅝
1,000........93⅞
Reading gen 4s
1,000........97¼
St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s
5,000........106⅜
Riv & Gulf 4s
8,000........83¼
St L, Rock Mt & Pacific 5s
15,000........83
St L & San Fran R R con 4s
2,000........85
ref 4s
59,000........78
2,000........78½
St L S W con 4s
10,000........80⅝
1,000........80½
2,000........80⅝
1,000........80⅝
St P & Kan City, S Line 1st 4½s
2,000........89⅝
Seaboard Air Line gold 4s, stpd
1,000........87½
adjustment 5s
26,000........81¼
So Pac col 4s
6,000........90
conv 4s
22,000........94½
6,000........94⅜
1st ref 4s
9,000........94⅝
2,000........94½
Southn Ry 1st 5s
5,000........107½
1,000........107⅝
Tenn Coal, Iron & Ry gen 5s
1,000........102⅜
Texas Co conv 6s
4,000........101½
Third Av adj 5s
21,000........71½
ref 4s
2,000........82⅝
Tol, St L & Wn col 4s, 1917
10,000........68
Undergr Elec Rys of Lond inc 6s
2,500........85½
Union Pac 1st 4s
1,000........100⅛
conv 4s
2,000........101½
1st & ref 4s
1,000........96⅛
1,000........96⅜
4,000........97
5,000........96⅜
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
1,000........102
1,000........101⅞
3,000........101⅞
7,000........102
6,000........101⅞
4,000........102
Wabash ref & ext 4s
1,000........68⅝
Eq Tr Co ctfs of dep, stpd
1,000........65¼
Wab Pitts Ter 1st Cent Trust ctfs
2,000........32½
Colum Tr ctfs
15,000........31½
Westn Electric 5s
1,000........102
1,000........101⅞
Wn Maryland 4s
4,000........86⅜
Wn N Y & P 1st 5s
2,000........107
Westn Union fund & real est 4½s
1,000........97⅝
West Shore 4s
3,000........99⅝
1,000........99⅝
Westingh El & M 1st conv s f 5s
7,000........95
1,000........94⅞
2,000........95
Westingh El & M 5% notes
1,000........97½

WALL STREET INFORMATION.

Latest news of bond and stock markets, wheat and metal movements in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Prices of active and inactive securities, railroad earnings, declared dividends, authoritative articles from chief monetary centres. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a year.—Adv.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100¼	101
2s, c, 1930	100½	101¼
3s, r, 1918	102	102¾
3s, c, 1918	102	102¾
4s, r, 1925	113¾	114½
4s, c, 1925	113¾	114½
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100¼	101
Pan 2s, c, 1938	100½	101
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101⅜	101⅞
Pan 3s, c, 1961	101⅜	101⅞

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Alb & Susq.	265½	..
Allis-Chalm.	¼	¾
Do 1st pd.	1¼	1¾
Allis-Ch pf.	2½	6½
Do 1st pd.	2½	6½
A A C pf.	99¾	101
A B S & F.	95¾	99½
Do pf.	137½	142¾
A C & F pf.	117¼	118½
Am Coal.	70	100
A C O pf.	94⅜	102½
Am Coal P.	96	97
Do pf.	108¾	..
A H & L.	5¼	5½
Do pf.	25½	26
Am Linseed	13	13¾
Do pf.	34½	36½
A S pf. B.	87⅝	88
A S & R pf.	107⅝	108
Am Snuff.	168	169¾
Do pf.	106	111
Do new.	100	105
Am St Fds.	34⅜	36
Am S R pf.	120	122½
Am T & C.	..	77¼
Am Tob pf.	107	110
Do t r.	109	112
Am Woolen	27	29
Do pf.	89	90
Ann Arbor.	15	35
Do pf.	60	90
Assets Real.	124	126
Assoc Oil.	..	44
Batopilas M	1⅝	2
Beth Steel.	34½	35½
Do pf.	67	68
B'klyn R T.	91¼	91⅝
Bruns Term	8	10
B, R & P.	116½	120½
Do pf.	127	150
But'k Co.	32¾	37
Canada So.	66	68½
Cent Leath.	26¼	26⅝
Do pf.	95	96½
C R R of N J.	370	395
C & S A T.	112	119
Chi & Alt.	18	23
Do pf.	36	40
Chi Gt W.	17	17⅛
Do pf.	32½	34
C, I & L pf	50	80
C & N W pf.	180	190
C, St P, M & Om.	127	135
Do pf.	156	161
Chi Un Tr ctfs sta.	2	2½
Do pf.	6	7
C, C, C & St L.	51⅝	56
Do pf.	98	101¾
Cleve & P.	168¼	..
Col F & I.	29¾	30½
Do pf.	116	..
Col & So.	40	42
Do 1st pf.	72	77
Do 2d pf.	65	75
Crex Carpet.	81	87
Cruc Steel.	17¼	18
Do pf.	94	..
Cub-Am S.	..	45
Do pf.	..	100
D, L & W.	525	536
D & R G.	18⅜	19½
D M & Ft D.	5	9
Det & M.	115	..
Do pf.	103	..
Det Un R.	71	75
D, S S & A.	8¼	9½
Do pf.	16½	20
Erie 1st pf.	52⅜	53
Do 2d pf.	43	44
Ev & T H pf.	..	105
F M & S.	14	21
Do pf.	44	48⅝
Gen Chem.	170	..
Do pf.	110	..
G & S Tel.	115½	..
Granby Con.	..	65
G.W.Helme.	177	197
Do pf.	105	114
Guggen Exp.	54½	55
Hav Elec.	80	86
Do pf.	90	96
Hock Val.	135	..
Homestake.	95	98
Ill C l l.	88¼	..
Inger-Rand.	105	..
Do pf.	95	..
Int Agric.	48	50
Int H pf.	117½	121
Int Paper.	15	15½
Int St P.	26	27
Do pf.	79½	80
Iowa Cent.	10	12
Do pf.	21	30
K C, Ft S & M pf.	77	79
K & D M.	6	8
Do pf.	48	60
Kn I, C, pf.	75	80
Lack Steel.	41	45
Lacl G pf.	90	100
L E & W.	14	16
Do pf.	38	39½
Lig & M.	200½	204
Long Island	48	53
Loose-W B 1st pf.	103¾	104
Do 2d pf.	91¾	92⅝
Mackay Cos.	88	91
Do pf.	69¼	69¾
Mah C R.	700	1,000
Man Beach.	2	5
May Dep St.	77	79
Do pf.	103½	108
Mer Marine	4⅛	4¼
Mich Cent.	..	190
M, St P & S S M pf.	155	157½
Do l l.	86	89¾
Mo, K & T pf.	60	60¼
Mor & Es.	173	178
N, C & St L.	160	176
Nat B pf.	127	129
Nat En pf.	91	93
Nat L pf.	108	110
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	66	69
Do 2d pf.	30½	30¾
N O, M & Chi pf.	17½	30
N Y, C & St L.	56	59
Do 1st pf.	103	..
Do 2d pf.	84	90
N Y Dock.	19	..
Do pf.	35	45
N Y, L & W.	121	129
N Y, O & W	32	32¼
N Y St Rys	88¾	89¾
Norf South.	47	48
N & W pf.	88⅞	90
North Am.	82	82¼
Ont Min.	1¼	2
Pabst B pf.	110	114
Pac Coast.	90	100
Do 1st pf.	85	105
Do 2d pf.	90	100
P T & Tel.	48½	50
Do pf.	98¾	..
Peo & E.	13	15
Pere Marq.	..	30
Do 2d pf.	..	38
Phelps-D'ge.	215½	..
P, C, C & St L.	108	108½
Do pf.	110	117
F, Ft W & C.	161	..
Pitts St pf.	102	102½
Pr. St C pf.	101½	102
Q'ksil'r pf.	8½	9½
R R Sec I C stk cts.	83¼	89
Ry St S pf.	101	103
Rdg 1st pf.	89½	90
Do 2d pf.	95	96½
Rens & S.	185½	..
R I & S pf.	84	85
R G M Co pf.	105	110
St L & S F 1st pf.	60	63
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs.	120	..
Do n ctfs.	50	51
Do pf ctfs.	106½	111
St. L S W.	32	32½
Do pf.	73	73½
Sears-R pf.	124	..
S-S S & I pf.	100	103
So P R S pf.	105	110
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs.	80	83
Studeb pf.	94¾	95½
Texas Pac.	125⅜	126½
T P L Tr.	92½	97½
Third Av.	37	38
T, P & W.	15¼	..
Tol R & L.	5	7
T C R T.	107	108
Do pf.	140¾	145
Und T pf.	110¼	111½
Un B & P.	12	13
Do pf.	57½	59
Un Pac pf.	90	90⅝
Un Cig M.	53	57½
Do pf.	104	110
U D G pf.	108¾	110⅝
Un Rys Inv.	28½	30¼
U S C I P pf.	57½	58½
U S Exp.	89	92
U S Ind A.	44½	45½
Do pf.	102¼	105
U S R & R.	1	3
Do pf.	..	6
U S R 2d pf.	75	81
Va-Car Ch Co.	49⅛	49½
Do pf.	115	117
Va I, C & Coke.	55	58
Va Ry & P pf.	87½	..
Vulcan Det.	10	21
Do pf.	83	86
W F Exp.	136	140
Weyman-B.	215	260
Do pf.	113	115
W Md pf.	78	82
Westingh'se 1st pf.	121	123
Wh & L E.	6	8
Do 1st pf.	18	20
Do 2d pf.	8½	10½
Wis Cent.	50	53½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Sales of Central Leather, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, and Chicago & Great Western were made on the Consolidated Exchange, the only transaction in those stocks reported in Wall Street during the day. The trading list was a broad one, embracing forty-two different States. The rally in the sugar shares exerted a sympathetic favorable influence upon the entire list. Generally the undertone throughout the day was a firm one.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
480	Amal. Copper	81¾	82¼	81¾	82¼
470	Am. Beet Sugar	69⅝	70⅜	69⅝	70⅜
40	Am. Can	35⅞	36	35⅞	36
30	Am. Can pf.	117	117	117	117
30	Am. Car & F.	58	58	57⅞	57⅞
130	Am. Smelting	82½	82⅞	82½	82⅞
460	Am. Sugar	125	126¼	125	126
10	Anaconda Cop.	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞
110	At., T. & S. F.	108⅜	108⅞	108⅜	108⅞
270	Balt. & Ohio	110	110⅛	109⅞	110
60	Brooklyn R. T.	91¼	91⅞	91¼	91⅞
20	Cent. Leather	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛
20	Ches. & Ohio	80½	80⅝	80⅜	80⅝
20	Chi. Gt. West.	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
40	C., M. & St. P.	103⅜	103½	103⅜	103½
20	Consol. Gas	142⅞	143¼	142⅞	143¼
270	Corn Products	13⅞	14	13⅞	14
20	Dist. Securities	32	32	32	32
110	Erie	35¼	35⅜	35¼	35⅜
160	Gt. North'n pf.	139¼	139⅜	139¼	139⅜
10	Gt. N. ore cfs.	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝
50	Inter.-Met.	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
100	Inter.-Met. pf.	58	58	58	58
320	Lehigh Valley	166⅛	166¾	165⅞	166¼
330	Mo. Pacific	35⅞	36⅞	35⅞	36⅞
40	Nevada Con.	20⅞	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛
10	Norf. & West.	117⅞	117⅞	117⅞	117⅞
240	Nor. Pacific	123⅛	123¼	123⅛	123¼
30	Pacific Mail	31	31	30⅝	30⅝
50	Pitts. Coal	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝
4,940	Reading	163¼	163⅞	162¾	163⅞
60	Rock Island	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝
30	Southern Pac.	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
20	Southern Ry.	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
20	Tenn. Copper	42⅛	42⅛	42	42
1,110	Union Pacific	168	168⅜	167⅞	168⅜
74	U. S. Rub. rts.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
7,420	U. S. Steel	69⅝	70	69⅝	69⅝
10	Utah Copper	61½	61½	61½	61½
170	Wabash	4½	4½	4½	4½
40	Wabash pf.	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
160	Westing. El.	80⅛	80⅛	80	80
17,954					

MINING STOCKS.

1,300	Atlanta	.27	.27	.26	.26
400	Elkton	.63	.63	.63	.63
600	Gt. Bend	.04	.04	.04	.04
300	Hale & Norcr's	.20	.20	.20	.20
500	Jim Butler	.66	.66½	.66	.66½
300	Jumbo Ext.	.40	.40	.40	.40
300	Tonopah Ext.	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60
400	Tonopah Merger	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30
200	West End	1.65	1.67½	1.65	1.67½
4,300					

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and for the fiscal year as follows:

	July 29.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$414,924	$26,028,082	$26,028,082
Internal rev.	258,415	22,885,794	22,885,794
Corp. tax	1,314	1,331,621	1,331,621
Miscellaneous	129,260	4,529,276	4,529,276
Total receipts	803,915	54,774,775	54,774,775
Expenditures	1,327,181	57,757,308	57,757,308
Surplus	*523,265	*2,982,533	*2,982,533

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was: Working balance in Treasury offices, $93,471,672; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $35,392,712; the total of the general fund was $159,261,416. Receipts yesterday were $803,915.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
4½s, March, 1962, l'chg.	100⅛	100⅜	100⅛	100⅜
4½s, Sept., 1960, l'chg.	100⅜	101	100⅜	101
4½s, Mch., '30-'60, l'chg.	101⅛	101	101	101⅝
4½s, Nov., 1957, l'chg.	106⅛	106½	106⅛	106½
4½s, May, 1957, l'chg.	106⅛	106½	106⅛	106½
4½s, Nov., 1917, l'chg.	101⅞	102	101⅞	102
4½s, May, 1917, l'chg.	101⅞	102	101⅞	102
4s, May, 1959, l'chg.	98⅞	99	98⅞	99
4s, Nov., 1958, l'chg.	98⅞	99	98⅞	99
4s, May, 1957, l'chg.	98⅞	99	98⅞	99
4s, Nov., 1955-6, reg.	97⅞	98¼	97⅞	98¼
4s, Nov., 1936, reg.	97⅞	98⅜	97⅞	98⅜
4s, 1918-1919, l'chg.	99	99⅞	99	99⅞
3½s, Nov., 1954, l'chg.	85⅝	86½	85⅝	86½
3½s, May, 1954, coup.	85⅝	86½	85⅝	86½
3½s, 1950-1954, reg.	85½	86½	85½	86½
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg.	87½	88	87½	88
3½s, Nov., 1929, reg.	91	92	91	92

MORE STEEL ADVANCES.

Plates and Shapes Follow Bars—Schwab on the Market.

Following the advances in bars of $1 a ton, made Monday by the Republic Iron and Steel Company, which put that class of products up to a parity with plates and shapes, advances in the latter materials were made yesterday, an event which had been generally looked for in the trade. Advances in bars by other concerns to the level established by the Republic company were made as predicted. They are $1 a ton and put plates and shapes to $1.35 per 100 pounds.

For the first time in a year the prices of bars, plates, and shapes are back to the level of the corresponding period in the previous year. The decline which set in about fourteen months ago put prices to their lowest level in a generation last November.

Charles M. Schwab said yesterday of the general steel situation:

"A large percentage of the tonnage on the books of the steel companies was taken at very low prices, and it will be several months before these low-priced contracts are worked off. In the last quarter of the current year, however, the margin of profit on steel delivered will be much larger than at present. Business conditions all over the country are sound and there is no reason why the improvement in the steel trade should not continue.

"The plants of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation are operating to full capacity. We have been compelled to decline a great amount of business owing to the congested condition of the mills. In certain products we have sufficient business on the books to assure activity until February or March of next year."

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E. B. Morris, President

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Owns and offers high-grade securities;

Issues foreign and domestic letters of credit, and travelers' checks good everywhere;

Acts as trustee, guardian, administrator, executor and agent, taking entire charge of both personal and real property;

Makes loans on stocks, bonds, coupons, and mortgages at current interest rate;

Collects dividends and coupons, crediting the proceeds or remitting on order.

The Vaults of the Guaranty Safe Deposit Company are located at the street level. Boxes rent from $5.00 to $300 per year.

Fifth Avenue Branch
Guaranty Trust Co. of New York
Fifth Avenue & 43d Street
Main Office, 28 Nassau St. London Office, 33 Lombard St., E. C.

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - - $1,000,000
DEPOSITS - - - - - - - $10,000,000

Satisfactory banking relations comprehend the safeguard of funds, efficiency in conducting accounts and thorough understanding of customers' financial needs, with willingness and ability to meet them. The Harriman National Bank offers in addition every business courtesy, convenience of location, and the advantage of extended hours.
Banking hours: 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS AND STORAGE OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

New York Realty Owners
Assets $3,500,000
Cap. & Sur. $2,500,000

A strong, efficient Corporation engaged in the acquisition of New York Real Estate for the INCOME FROM PERMANENT OWNERSHIP—a highly profitable enterprise from which chance and risk are reduced to a minimum. Sixteen years of increasing prosperity under the same management, with unbroken interest and dividend record for the entire period. It offers

6.66% CONV. BONDS
Exchangeable at maturity (10 years) for stock and Income Bonds sharing in full profits and ownership of surplus.

$5 in assets against each $1 of Bonds provide UNQUESTIONED SECURITY. Before placing your funds, large or small, ask us for Circular T, which shows why this Company is the

Strongest and Most Successful
489 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

On Undeniable Security
Want $150,000
ON FIRST MORTGAGE on partially improved property that will appraise $400,000.
A large part of the money to be used in improving the property.
Can make an attractive proposition to the right party.
For full particulars and verification address, "F," Room 1101, World Bldg., N. Y.

5½% IS WHAT YOUR MONEY WILL EARN IN
GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES
ON NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE
Legal investments for Trust Funds and Trust Estates. We have amounts from $500 to $100,000.
Our booklet "A" explains. Sent upon request.
FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE COMPANY
Bridge Plaza North, Long Island City, N. Y.

BANK of the METROPOLIS
31 Union Square, N. Y.
Organized 1871
Member of New York Clearing House
Capital - - - $1,000,000
Surplus - - - $2,100,000

BUSINESS MEN
Is it feasible for business men to buy Stocks? If so, what methods should they follow in order to be successful?
A booklet by Roger W. Babson treats of this subject and will be mailed gratis.
Address: Dept. Y 31 of the Babson Statistical Organization, Compiling Plant, Wellesley Hills, Mass.
Largest Organization of its Class in the U. S.

SAVINGS BANKS.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK
Is Now Located in the New 19-Story Building N. E. Cor. 23d St. and 6th Ave.
Assets.......... $12,730,590.01
Surplus.......... $600,264.98
Accounts can be opened by mail.
WILLIAM J. ROOME, Pres.
JOHN C. GRISWOLD, Secy.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society
A savings institution founded in 1888 under the N. Y. State Bank Law. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before July 31st earn from Aug. 1st. Write for Booklet A. or start at once.
38 Park Row, New York.
4½%

ALABAMA CONSOLIDATED COAL & IRON COMPANY—SOUTHERN IRON & STEEL COMPANY.

To holders of certificates of deposit issued by Bankers Trust Company representing preferred and common stock of Alabama Consolidated Coal & Iron Company, and Bonds, Secured Notes, Debentures and preferred and common stock of Southern Iron & Steel Company:

Notice is hereby given that the Committee has determined to modify the Plan dated October 11, 1911, as heretofore modified by instrument dated December 6, 1911, by providing for a reorganization of Southern Iron & Steel Company alone, and that there has been filed with Bankers Trust Company as Depositary a statement of the modification of the Plan. Copies of the Modified Plan may be obtained from the Depositary or from the Secretary of the Committee. During the period of three weeks commencing with the publication of this notice, to wit: until the close of business on August 15, 1912, all holders of outstanding certificates of deposit may surrender their respective certificates of deposit properly endorsed for transfer to BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Depositary, at its office, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, and may withdraw the securities or shares of stock to the amount indicated in such respective certificates, provided the holders of such certificates shall severally and respectively at the time of such surrender make payment of their **pro rata** shares of the disbursements, expenses, liabilities and compensation of the Committee as apportioned by it between the various classes of deposited securities, as follows, viz.:

Certificates of deposit representing preferred stock of the Alabama Company at the rate of $2.46 for each share represented thereby. Certificates of deposit representing common stock of the Alabama Company at the rate of 58 cents for each share represented thereby. Certificates of deposit representing Bonds of the Southern Company at the rate of $30 for each $1,000 principal amount of Bonds represented thereby. Certificates of deposit representing Secured Notes of the Southern Company at the rate of $30 for each $1,000 principal amount of Secured Notes represented thereby. Certificates of deposit representing Debentures of the Southern Company at the rate of $12.50 for each $1,000 principal amount of Debentures represented thereby. Certificates of deposit representing preferred stock of the Southern Company at the rate of 6 cents for each share represented thereby. Certificates of deposit representing common stock of the Southern Company at the rate of 3 cents for each share represented thereby.

Included in the assessment of charges against the holders of Bonds and of Secured Notes is the cost of acquisition of bonds of the Lacey Buck Iron Company of the principal amount of $25,000 and past due coupons appertaining to bonds of said issue aggregating $20,580. Checks will be mailed to the parties so withdrawing such Bonds and Secured Notes and making payment, at their respective addresses furnished the Depositary, for their **pro rata** of any sum realized by the Committee upon said bonds and coupons upon the receipt thereof by the Committee.

Holders of certificates of deposit so withdrawing, during the period aforesaid, the securities represented thereby, shall be relieved from the Modified Plan and the Reorganization Agreement, and shall cease to have any rights thereunder. Holders of certificates of deposit representing preferred and common stock of the Alabama Company are given no rights whatsoever under the Modified Plan. In the discretion of the Committee securities or stock of the reorganized company may be offered for sale to the holders of stock of the Southern Company. No other rights are given to the holders of certificates of deposit representing preferred and common stocks of the Southern Company under the Modified Plan. All holders of certificates of deposit representing Bonds, Secured Notes and Debentures of the Southern Company not so surrendering their certificates of deposit and withdrawing the securities represented thereby within the period aforesaid, shall be irrevocably and conclusively deemed to have assented to the proposed modification and the Modified Plan and shall be bound thereby.

Holders of undeposited First and Refunding Mortgage Twenty-Year Gold Bonds, One-Year Six Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes and Six Per Cent. Gold Debentures of the Southern Company desiring to participate in the benefits of the Modified Plan may deposit the same with Bankers Trust Company, Depositary, at its office, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, until the close of business on August 15, 1912. All such Bonds must be accompanied by the coupon due April 1, 1911, and all subsequent coupons. All such Secured Notes must be accompanied by the coupon due April 1, 1911, and all subsequent coupons, and by the First and Refunding Mortgage Twenty-Year Gold Bonds (and all coupons appertaining thereto maturing on and after April 1, 1911,) respectively pledged to secure them. All such Debentures must be accompanied by the coupon due February 1, 1911, and all subsequent coupons.

After August 15, 1912, no deposits will be received except in the discretion of the Committee and upon such terms as it may approve.

Dated July 12, 1912.

ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL,
EDWIN G. MERRILL,
JOHN W. PLATTEN,
BENJAMIN STRONG, Jr.,
HARRY BRONNER,
NEVILLE G. HIGHAM,
S. H. VOORHEES,
A majority of the Committee.
SAMUEL UNTERMYER,
ALBERT RATHBONE,
Counsel.
A. M. WICKWIRE, Secretary,
37 Wall Street,
NEW YORK CITY.

TO THE HOLDERS OF ATLANTIC & BIRMINGHAM CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC R. R. CO.

Five Per Cent. Two-Year Gold Notes of 1912.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, successor to The Trust Company of America, Trustee under an agreement of the Atlantic & Birmingham Construction Company, dated April 30, 1910, hereby gives notice that it has at its disposal the sum of $156,134.91 for the redemption of notes issued under said agreement at the lowest offer. Offers must be without interest, and at less than par. Sealed offers endorsed "Offers for the sale of Atlantic & Birmingham Construction Company and Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railroad Company 5% Two-Year Gold Notes," will be received at its office, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, until 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, August 13, 1912. The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee,
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice-President.
Dated New York, July 29, 1912.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

On March 28, 1912, the firm of ALEJANDRO TEXIDOR Y COMPANIA, Havana, Cuba, dissolved. Business is continued by new firm ALEJANDRO TEXIDOR Y COMPANIA, Sociedad en Comandita, of which the partners are ALEJANDRO TEXIDOR Y LOPEZ and ROGER GOMEZ Y TORRENTS. ANDRES PEREZ Y FERNANDEZ and JOSE HERRERA Y HERRERA are special partners, and as such their responsibility is limited to the extent of their cash investments in the business.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Accumulating West End Avenue Plot—More Apartment Operations—Morningside Avenue Flat in $250,000 Deal—Long Island Railroad Work at Woodside Begins.

By taking title yesterday from Edith L. Lichtenstein to the dwelling at 611 West End Avenue Robert Reis, who owns and occupies the adjoining house at 609, now controls a frontage of 54 feet in the middle of the block on the west side between Eighty-ninth and Ninetieth Streets. Mr. Reis recently purchased the residence at 613, as well, each of the three houses occupying a plot 18 by 90 feet. The property is opposite the two new twelve-story apartment houses erected last year on a portion of the Evans block. Mr. Reis has accumulated his plot for investment, and no plans for improvement have yet been made.

Two Twelve-Story Apartments.

Plans have been completed by J. E. R. Carpenter for a twelve-story apartment house to be erected at 244 West End Avenue by the A. G. M. Realty Company. The new structure will cover a plot 117.2 by 94 and cost about $650,000.

Another West End Avenue apartment is to be built at the northwest corner of Eighty-fifth Street for the Elkan Realty Company, of which Leopold Kahn is President. The plans, which were prepared by Schwartz & Gross, call for a twelve-story structure on a plot 101 by 115.

West Side Apartment in $250,000 Deal

A deal involving an interchange of Manhattan and suburban properties aggregating in value $250,000 was made by S. B. Goodale and Perry and Henry Duncan yesterday, who sold the six-story apartment known as the Touraine, on the northwest corner of Morningside Avenue and 115th Street, covering a plot 100.11 on the avenue and 85 feet on 115th Street. It was purchased by Alfred Molineaux of East Orange from the Kaw Realty Company, Theodore Starrett, President. In part payment Mr. Molineaux gave the residence and plot 100 by 250 feet at the corner of Central Street and Harrison Avenue, East Orange, N. J.

Bronx Borough.

Ernst & Cahn and J. J. Pittman have sold to Alice J. Schulik 2,907 Heath Avenue, a two-story and basement private dwelling, on lot 17.10 by 90. The same brokers recently sold her the adjoining premises, 2,905.

Wolf Burland has increased his holdings on Prospect Avenue by the purchase of a plot 57 by 157, between 163d and 164th Streets from Frederick Braun. The buyer now controls a plot at this point with a frontage of 313 feet and a depth of about 165 feet.

A builder has purchased from the Crotona Realty Company the plot, 49.11 by 145.8, at the northwest corner of Mapes Avenue and 181st Street.

Brooklyn.

Burrill Brothers have sold the three-story and basement brick and stone private house, 466 Ninth Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, on a lot 20 by 100, for J. S. Wright, to a client, for occupancy.

A $650,000 Street Improvement.

The estimated cost of the Roebling Street improvement in Brooklyn, will be $650,000, according to the lowest estimates. The amounts to be raised by assessments will be as follows: Small area, $65,000; large area, $130,000; borough, $29,500; city, $162,500.

$55,000 Deal at Edgemere.

An interesting deal in the Rockaways was announced yesterday by Franklin C. Norton, who sold to a syndicate composed of Benjamin Hauts, Matilda Reinhart, and A. B. Hough, a tract of 25½ acres of filled-in meadow land at Edgemere for $55,000.

The tract is near what is known as the Half Way House, and extends from the Boulevard to Jamaica Bay.

The purchasers will put the land on the market for home sites after it has been curbed and graded.

Work on Woodside Cutoff Begun.

The Long Island Railroad Company started work yesterday on the undertaking known as the Woodside-Winfield cutoff on the North Shore Branch of the railroad. This was made possible because late last week agents of the company succeeded in acquiring at private sale the last parcel of land needed for this improvement.

In order to get all that was necessary for the improvement the railroad was compelled to purchase more land than was actually needed, but the overplus will later be sold or turned to use by the railroad.

The change of route begins a little to the west of Maurice Avenue and keeps to the northwest in a straight line to Woodside Avenue. The length of track affected is between a mile and a quarter and a mile and a half, and the trackage will be reduced about 500 feet. It will also eliminate a very dangerous curve where a number of accidents have happened.

New Downtown Building.

Plans were filed yesterday by Charles I. Berg, architect for a new downtown business building which will occupy the site of the old structure at 62 Broadway, adjoining the Knickerbocker-Columbia Building on the northeast corner of Broadway and Exchange Place. The new building will be eight stories high and will extend through to New Street, the frontage there being 21.9 feet and 24.7 on Broadway. It is being put up by the estate of John Egmont Schermerhorn, and will have a façade of marble and terra cotta in plain design. The cost is placed at $130,000.

Notes.

Justice Bischoff has appointed Charles Berlin of the Charles Berlin Renting Agency receiver for the six-story apartment house at 107 and 109 West 143d Street.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for the Building and Engineering Company the ninth loft in the new building now in course of construction at 40 to 46 West Twenty-fifth Street to the Imperial Dress Company, Incorporated; also for the Security Bank the second loft at the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Fourteenth Street to Louis Cohen, and for William F. Lett the store and basement at 89 Worth Street, to Nathan A. Pelonsky.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

39th St, 328 East, s s, 350 ft e of 2d Av, 25x98.9, five-story brick tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Melvina S. Dennett, $16,000.

West Broadway, 174, w s, 50 ft n of Worth St, 25x50, one-story store; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Henry McGoughran, $12,600.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By D. Phoenix Ingraham.

Home St, s s, Bryant Av, s e s, West Farms Road, n w s, triangular block; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Jennie K. Stiegel, $15,075.

By Joseph P. Day.

172d St, East, w s, 100 ft e of Boston Road, 50x100, vacant; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Rosie D. Otto, $2,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Prescott Av, n s, 525.10 ft n e of Boston Road and s s of Nichols Place, 300 ft w of Prescott Av, for a one-story and attic dwelling, 25x52.6; J. F. & J. M. Mackay, 30 Vermilyea St, owner; C. W. Mackay, 30 Vermilyea Av, architect; cost $8,000

27th St, n s, 291.3 ft e of 9th Av, for an eight-story loft, 127.6x90; St. John's Park Realty Co., 149 Broadway, owner; W. H. Paine, 55 West 105th St., architect; cost......$200,000

Broadway, 62, and New St, 21, for an eight-story store and office building, 24.7x125.1x21.9x126.10; estate of John E. Schermerhorn, Southampton, L. I., owner; C. I. Berg, 331 Madison Av., architect; cost.........$150,000

Broadway, n e corner of 238th St, for a two-story frame store and dwelling, 25x35; William C. Schmidt, 1,253 St. Nicholas Av., owner; Alfred C. Kehoe & Co., 1 Beekman St., architects; cost $6,000

168th St, s s, from Teller to Findlay Avs, for a five-story brick school, 199x91; City of New York, owner; C. B. Snyder, 500 Park Av., architect; cost $255,000

180th St, s s, 100 ft w of Prospect Av, for a one-story brick store and dwelling, 49x152; G. Galiani & Son, 2,078 Prospect Av., owners; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av., architect; cost $4,500

173d St, s e corner of Southern Boulevard, for a two-story brick store, 90x57.35; Mrs. A. S. Dodd, 6 East 82d St., owner; Delano & Aldrich, 4 East 39th St., architects; cost..$12,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Christopher St, n e corner of Weehawken St, to a three-story store and dwelling; G. S. O'Neill, 145 West 11th St., owner; Howell & Howell, 1,182 Broadway, architects; cost. $5,500

76th St, n s, 250 ft w of Avenue A, to a two-story garage; A. Baum, 316 East 67th St., owner and architect; cost............$10,000

34th St, s s, 152.11 ft e of 5th Av, to a ten-story loft and office building; C. H. Ditson, 18 East 34th St., owner; Townsend, Steinle & Haskell, 1,328 Broadway, architect; cost.$5,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, JULY 30.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

Caroline A. Buhler, individually and executrix of William A. Buhler, to Charles A. MacPherson, 7 5th Av, B & S, June 20; attorneys, Ferriss & Storck, 165 Broadway.........$100

JANE ST, 41, n s, 26.5x87.6; Alice B. Reisig and others and John Boyd to William S. Bogerth, Leonia, N. J., all title, quitclaim, Nov. 6, 1911, recorded from Dec. 9, 1911; attorneys, Shearman & Sterling, 55 Wall St.$1

MANHATTAN AV, s w corner of 115th St, (350 West,) 27x92, (foreclosure July 2;) Francis L. Patton, Jr., referee, to Florence Gardner, 514 West 114th St, July 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $32,050

MORNINGSIDE AV WEST, n w corner of 115th St, 100.11x85; Kaw Realty Co. to Albert Mollineaux, East Orange, N. J., (mtg $187,000,) July 15; attorney, Maurice S. Hyman, 55 Liberty St......................$100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s e corner of 135th St, 24x100, (mtg $34,000;) St. Nicholas Av, e s, 24 ft s of 135th St, 36.5x100, (mtg $28,000;)

VARICK ST, 101-103, w s, 42x80x irregular, with rights to alley; Charles I. Weinstein Realty Co to Jacob Kottek, 17 West 70th St, ½ part; David Lippmann, 50 Central Park West, ¼ part, and Harry Lippmann, 220 West 98th St, ¼ part, (mtg $70,500,) July 30; attorney, Jacob Kottek, 87 Nassau St......$100

WEST END AV, 611, w s, 18x90; Edith L. Lichtenstein to Robert Reis, 609 West End Av, (mtg $16,000,) July 27; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway......$100

2D AV, 737, w s, 20x83; Simon B. Kramer to Minnie Kramer, 153 South 9th St, Brooklyn, (mtg $11,000,) July 11; address, 160 Grand St, Brooklyn......................$1

2D AV, 737, w s, 20x83; Mina, wife of Simon B. Kramer, to Simon B. Kramer, 153 South 9th St, Brooklyn, (mtg $11,000,) July 11; address, 160 Grand St, Brooklyn.........$1

6TH ST, s s, begins at centre line of block between 5th and 6th Sts and 75 ft w of Avenue B, 25x irregular; J. Hy Guntzer to Edward Regenhard, 443 Gregory Av, Weehawken Heights, N. J., all liens, July 22; attorney, Herman C. Kudlich, 299 Broadway. $150

9TH ST, 414 East, s s, 37.6x77.10; Centurion Realty Co. to Max Lipman, 565 West 162d St, and Max Gold, 218 Ocean Av, Arverne, L. I., all liens, July 29; attorney, C. H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St......................$250

22d St, 310 West, s s, 20x98.9; Alice and Josephine Cosgrove to Maria S. Simpson, 362 West 30th St, July 29; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St......................$1

70TH ST, s s, 216 ft w of 1st Av, 28x100.5; Joseph P. Peck to Louisa Franz, 402 East 52d St, all liens, July 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway......................$100

78TH ST, 308 West, s s, 20x102.2; Josephine B. Rich to Clarence J. Shearn, 258 West 94th St, all liens, June 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway......$100

85TH ST, s s, 107.9 ft e of Park Av, 18.7x102.2; Nettie McGowan to Alfred L. Anderson, Closter, N. J., (mtg $700,) July 29; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.........$1

85TH ST, s s, 107.9 ft e of Park Av, 18.7x102.2; Alfred L. Anderson to Esther W. Dryfoos, 175 East 79th St, (mtg $16,000,) July 29; attorney, Albert R. Lesinsky, 220 Broadway....$1

88TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of Avenue A, 25x100.8; Emanuele Trotta to Matilda W. Kalt, 1,195 Boston Road, all title, B. and S., all liens, July 25......................$100

90TH ST, 407 East, n s, 25x100.8, (foreclosure July 23;) Theodore K. McCarthy, referee, to Ferdinand Cech, 195 Park Place, Borough of Queens, (mtg $21,000,) July 3; attorney, Joseph Hlavas, Jr., 1,500 1st Av..........$2,000

98TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; Hy C. Parker to Gertrude, his wife, 57 West 98th St, all liens, July 29; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St...$100

103D ST, s s, 49.6 ft e of Lexington Av, 26x100.11; Tilmil Realty Co to Abraham Liebhoff, 1,531 Avenue A, (mtg $13,000,) B & S, July 29; attorney, Sigmund Solomon, 309 Broadway......................$100

111TH ST, s s, 245.6 ft w of 5th Av, 99.6x23.11x irregular; Samuel Roseff to Tilmil Realty Co., 309 Broadway, (mtg $22,050,) July 29; attorneys, Krakower & P., 309 Broadway......................$100

133D ST, 235 West, n s, 19.6x99.11; Louis Goldbaum to Meline Land Co., a corporation, 165 Broadway, quitclaim, July 24; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway......................$1

SAME PROPERTY; Meline Land Co. to George F. Derschuch, 11 West 88th St, (mtg $12,000,) and all liens, July 27; attorney same......................$1

136TH ST, 243 West, n s, 17x99.11; Elizabeth M. Swift to Samuel T. Muerson, 189 Montague St, Brooklyn, (mtg $10,000,) July 17; attorney, A. A. Forman, Jr., 189 Montague St, Brooklyn......................$1

178TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 75x91.2x75x96; Cordon Realty Co to Elstone Park Realty Co. 2 Rector St, (mtg $90,000,) July 29; attorneys, Rosenthal & H., 2 Rector St......................$100

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 273.8 ft n of 198th St, 75x194.7; Henry Goodman to Henry Goodman and others, 8 Maiden Lane, Jan. 18, 1907; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

ANTHONY AV, e s, 323.8 ft n of Travers St, 25x194.6; Henry Goodman and others to Paula C. Herzog, 317 West 99th St, July 29, 1912; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......................$100

ANTHONY AV, w s, 67.9 ft n of 174th St, 22.7x78.5; Druss Realty Co. to Mollie Druss, 2,875 Atlantic Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $6,000,) July 30; attorney, I. Solomon, 302 B'way...$1

ANTHONY AV, w s, 67.9 ft n of 174th St, 22.7x78.5; Frederick S. Graeber to Druss Realty Co., 2,875 Atlantic Av, Brooklyn, July 23, (mtg $6,000)......................$1

BATHGATE AV, 1,991 and 1,993, n w s, 75x100; O'Leary Realty and Construction Co. to Eleanor L. Donohue, 417 West 22d St, July 27, (mtg $58,000;) attorney, John Davis, 68 William St......................$100

BATHGATE AV, 1,991 and 1,993, n w s, 75x100; Eleanor L. Donohue to John O'Leary, 991 East 167th St, July 27, (mtg $58,000;) attorney, John Davis, 68 William St.......$100

BAILEY AV, 3,490, e s, 19.11x85; Rachel Podolsky to David Lashinsky, 247 Clinton St, (mtg $10,000,) July 24; attorney, I. Solomon, 302 Broadway......................$1

CHISHOLM ST, s e corner of Jennings St, 25x75; Edna M. Stoecker to Lillie H. Pell, 258 West 100th St, (mtg $22,000,) July 29; attorney, J. B. Hibbard, 156 Broadway.......$100

CLARK PLACE, s s, 214.9 ft e of Jerome Av, 25x100; John Steinmetz to Emma Steinmetz, 16 Clark Place, July 8; attorney, John T. Mulhall, 206 Broadway......................$1

COMMONWEALTH AV, n w corner of Tacoma St, 25x100; Filomena D'Auria to Pasquale D'Auria, 2,113 Belmont Av, Jan. 27, 1911; attorney, W. E. Brooker, 4,205 3d Av. $100

GORE LOT 100, Lots 158, 213, 387, 482, 592, 608, and 637, map of Wakefield; Lots 20, 29, 30, 39, 45 to 49, 51, 52, 97, 123, and 124 map of new Village of Jerome; Lot 120 B, map of Olinville No. 2; Lot 86, map of Olinville No. 1; Lot 82, map of Peter Briggs farm; Lots 201 and 263, map of Washingtonville; Alice M. Phipps, executrix and trustee, to Edward L'Estrange Phipps, Mount Vernon, N. Y., July 20; attorney, Hy. A. Anderson, Pelham, N. Y. $100

HARRINGTON AV, 2,035 and 2,037; Rose Tobias to Mary C. Bischoff, 1,225 Webster Av, July —, (mtg $8,000;) attorney, Clarence Y. Palitz, 135 Broadway......................$1

HOFFMAN ST, w s, 104.7 ft s of 188th St, 50x96.11; Auletta Co. to Amelia Auletta, 17 1st St, Yonkers, N. Y., (mtg $39,650,) July 26; attorney, James T. Bunt, 100 Broadway.$100

HUGHES AV, e s, 122.3 ft n of 180th St, 25.1x81.6; Filomena D'Auria to Pasquale D'Auria, 2,113 Belmont Av, Jan. 27, 1911; attorney, W. E. Brooker, 4,205 3d Av......................$100

INTERIOR LOT, 88 ft e of Prospect Av, 130 ft s of Crotona Park East, runs w 23.10x n e 30.6x s 19.1; Friederike Koppelmann to John J. Fox, 440 East 178th St, July 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......................$1

INTERIOR LOT, 88 ft e of Prospect Av and 90 ft s of Crotona Park East, 29.11x33.5x26.1; John J. Fox to Friederike Koppelmann, 1,410 Crotona Park East, July 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway......................$1

LOT BEGINS 590 ft e of White Plains Road and 1,295 ft n of Morris Park Av, 50x100; Rose Tobias to Mary C. Bischoff, 1,225 Webster Av, ½ part, (mtg $650,) July 3; attorney, C. Y. Palitz, 135 Broadway.........$1

LOTS 308 and 309, map of W. A. and H. C. Mapes; Bertha Mapes to Oscar Retzold, 2,842 Wellman Av, July 25; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av......................$100

LOT 1,035, map of Woodlawn Heights; Moritz L. Ernst and another to Frederick F. Graham, 59 East 75th St, July 25, (mtg $4,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......................$100

LOT 59, Block 507, map of subdivision of Lyman Tiffany; Wilgus Realty Co. to Giovannina Bruni, 747 East 152d St, July 29, (mtg $2,750;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......................$100

LOT 498, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Adam Wiener, referee, to Martin J. Ungrich, 505 West 142d St, July 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......................$1,800

LOT 87, map of Neill estate; Benjamin Jackson, referee, to Joseph Diamond, 1,139 Wyatt St, July 29; attorney, Julius B. Baer, 20 Vesey St......................$1,200

LOT 540, same map; same to Joseph G. Ruhl, West Hoboken, N. J.; July 22; attorney same $1,500

LOTS 539 and 541, same map; same to same, July 22; attorney same..................$3,000

LOT 328, same map; same to Annie S. Hewins, Lynn, Mass., July 23; attorney same...... $1,600

LOT 303, same map; same to John Barrett, 648 Jackson Av, July 19; attorney same.$1,050

LOT 207, same map; same to John F. Morrissey, 1,274 Amsterdam Av, July 23; attorney same $2,150

LOT 211, same map; same to same, July 23; attorney same $2,150

LOTS 583 and 584, same map; same to Powiha Realty Co., 2 Rector St, July 17; attorney same......................$2,100

OGDEN AV, 996, e s, 25x90; Bernhardt C. Wenke to William Lampe, 994 Ogden Av, July 29, (mtg $9,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$100

PROSPECT AV, e s, 90 ft s of Crotona Park East, 91.5x—; Gilbert H. Montague, referee, to John J. Fox, 448 East 178th St, July 29, ½ part; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$5,300

SAME PROPERTY; Clara Bosche to same, July 29, ½ part; attorney, same..........$5,500

ROBBINS AV, e s, 229 ft n of Dater St, 8x100; Daniel J. Dillon to Timothy F. Sullivan, 2,794 3d Av, July 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$1

ROMBOUTS AV, n w corner of Conner St; Fine & Falk, Inc., to Dyre Avenue Realty Co., 165 Broadway, July 29; attorney, W. A. Howell, 165 Broadway......................$1

TELLER AV, s e s, 474.1 ft n e of 169th St, 25x80.11; Lizzie Bogen to William Bogen, 1,402 Bristow St, ½ part, (mtg $8,500,) July 25; attorney, S. Honig, 280 Broadway...$1

WILLIS AV, w s, 100 ft s of 140th St, 25x106.4; August Behrens to Henry W. Schmidt, 494 2d Av, July 29, (mtg $8,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......................$100

6TH ST, n s, west 25 feet of Lot 249, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Stella Krol to Joseph Krol, 851 East 220th St, ½ part, July 16; attorneys, J. S. & S. M. Wood, Mount Vernon, N. Y......................$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 647, e s, 27.6x100; Frederick Grune to Mary C. Housman and another, Chatham, N. Y., July 30, 5 years; attorney, De Witt, L. & De Witt, 88 Nassau St..$30,000

BROADWAY, n w s, 133.8 ft s w of 218th St, 55x100; Michael M. McDermott to Lamont McLoughlin, 415 Fort Washington Av, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; July 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....... $12,000

KING ST, 52, s s, 20.9x100; Sarafina Marco to Antonio Silvestro, 203 Prince St, July 1, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lanza Brothers, 185 Bleecker St......................$1,700

MANHATTAN AV, s w corner of 115th St, 27x92; Florence Gardner to Lucy Bach, Greenwich, Conn., July 29, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......................$26,000

ORCHARD ST, 15, w s, 20x50; Edith Epstein to Sarah Gardner and another, trustees, 1,184 Lexington Av, July 30, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway. $20,000

VERMILYEA AV, n s, 350 ft e of Dyckman St, 50x—; Bendheim Construction Co. to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,808 3d Av, July 30, due Dec. 1, 1915; attorney, Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St......................$41,000

VERMILYEA AV, n s, 400 ft e of Dyckman St, 50x168.3; same to same, July 30, due Dec. 1, 1915; attorney, same......................$41,000

WEST END AV, w s, 82 ft s of 90th St, 18x90; Robert Reis to New York Life Insurance Co., 346 Broadway, July 1, 2 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......................$4,000

2D AV, 744, e s, 24.8x100; Irene B. Morgan to Charles F. Bauerdorf, 625 West End Av, July 29, prior mtg $25,000, due as per bond; attorney, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway.........$5,000

7TH AV, w s, 24.11 ft n of 131st St, 25x75; Fleischmann Amusement Co. to 7th Avenue Amusement Co., 35 Nassau St, July 22, prior mtg, $20,000, 10 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Strasbourger, E. & S., 74 Broadway....$12,000

24TH ST, 37 WEST, 20.10x98.9; Hobart Guion and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, July 29, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway......................$35,000

47TH ST., 254 West, 25x100.5; Ludin Realty Co. to George E. Gartland and another, trustees, 28 West 20th St, July 29, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......................$3,000

64TH ST, 53 East, 18x100.5; Elizabeth R. Delafield to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, June 30, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; address, 160 Broadway..............$17,500

77TH ST, 239 East, 19x—; Simon Widder to Hannah S. V. B. Dean, Orange, N. J., July 30, 5 years; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St......................$10,500

78TH ST, 308 West, 20x102.2; Clarence J. Shearn to Josephine B. Rich, Haines Falls, N. Y., July 29, 5 years; attorney, Andrew M. Clute, 156 Broadway......................$30,000

85TH ST, s s, 107.9 ft e of Park Av, 18.7x102.2; Alfred L. Anderson to Title Insurance Co. of New York, 135 Broadway, July 29, 3 years; address, 135 Broadway.........$13,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Nettie McGowan, 15 West 107th St, July 29, prior mtg $13,000, 5 years; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway......................$3,000

103D ST, 163 East, 30x100.11; Sadie Froelichstein to Joseph W. Husted, 1,415 Avenue I, Brooklyn, July 30, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, William Hutter, 140 Nassau St.........$2,000

116TH ST, n s, 330 ft w of 2d Av, 20x100.10; Andrew Goetz to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, July 30, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; address, 135 Broadway......................$9,000

178TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 75x91.2; Elstone Park Realty Co. to Cordon Realty Co., 37 West 26th St, July 29, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway......................$3,000

194TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of 4th Av, 35x100.11; Julia Tanzer to Charles M. Rosenthal, 601 West 149th St, July 23, prior mtg $35,000, due July 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles M. Rosenthal, 31 Nassau St......................$7,000

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 323.8 ft n of Travers St, 25x194.5; Paula C. Herzog to Leopold Goodman, 6 East 92d St, July 25, due as per bond; address, 6 East 92d St......................$1,500

BEAUMONT AV, e s, 450 ft n of 187th St, 51x90; Michael Madden to Samuel Mannheimer, 171 East 91st St, July 29, prior mtg $12,500, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. S. Schechter, 34 Pine St......................$300

FRANKLIN AV, 1,062, s e s, 70x146.10; Julia M. McMahon and others to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, May 28, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......................$6,500

FRANKLIN AV, 1,207, n w s, 17.2x112.4; Ida L. D. McMurtrie to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, July 25, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway......................$3,000

LORILLARD PL, e s, 41.1 ft s of 187th St, 16.8x100; Agnes V. McKeon and another to Elizabeth O'Connor, 59 East 126th St, July 15, (prior mtg $2,500,) due as per bond; attorney, E. F. Moran, 51 Chambers St..$500

LOT 59, Block 507, map of subdivision of Lyman Tiffany; Giovannina Bruni to Wilgus Realty Co., 120 Westchester Sq, July 29, (prior mtg $2,750,) due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......................$800

LOTS 30 and 31, Parcel 15, map of subdivision of estate of William B. Ogden; Mary G. Cronin to Clinton L. Bagg, 26 West 46th St, July 29, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $3,300

LOTS 308 and 309, map of lots of W. A. and H. C. Mapes; Oscar Petzold to Bertha Mapes, 986 East 181st St, July 29, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, L. G. Mapes, 1,469 Williamsbridge Road......................$1,350

LOTS 583 and 584, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Rowiha Realty Co. to Adam Wiener, referee, 348 Central Park West, July 17, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway..............$1,575

LOT 211, same map; John F. Morrissey to same, July 23, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney same $1,600

LOT 207, same map; same to same, July 23, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney same.........$1,600

LOT 498, same map; Martin J. Ungrich to same, July 29, 3 years; attorney same.$1,260

LOT 303 same map; John Barrett to same, July 19, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same.. $682

LOT 328, same map; Annie S. Hewins to same, July 23, 1 year, 5½ p. c.; attorney same......................$1,200

OGDEN AV, 996, e s, 25x90; William Lampe to Bernhardt C. Wenke, 1,076 Ogden Av, July 29, 3 years, 6 p. c., (prior mtg $9,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......................$5,700

OGDEN AV, 1,012, e s, 25x70; George F. Bache to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, July 29, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$8,250

BERRIAN ST, 870; Joseph Diamond to Martha Levy, Elmira, N. Y., July 29, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. B. Baer, 20 Vesey St.$1,500

PROSPECT AV, e s, 90 ft s of Crotona Park East, 91.5x —; John J. Fox to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, July 29, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......................$9,000

PROSPECT AV, e s, 96.1 ft n of 181st St, 16.1x100; Michilina S. Cullo to Central Mortgage Co., 60 Wall St, July 1, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Otis & O., 60 Wall St...$7,000

WILLIS AV, w s, 100 ft s of 140th St, 25x106.4; Henry W Schmidt to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, July 29, due as per bond......................$12,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to August Behrens, 731 Rogers Av, July 29, prior mtg $12,000, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......................$6,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

FRONT ST, 6, all; Richard L. Howell to Edw. Shea, 6 Front St, 5 years from May 1, 1911; Edw. Shea, 6 Front St..............$5,000

KELLY ST, n e corner of 163d St, store, &c; Newport Realty Co. to Max Nowak, 938 Longwood Av, 10 years from July 23, 1912; attorneys, Kaufman & G., 271 Broadway.. $1,500

WILKINS AV, 1,411, double store; Charles Helbarer to Isidore Riger, 1,411 Wilkins Av, 4 9-12 years from Aug. 1, 1912; attorney, Louis Rosenberg, 116 Nassau..........$600

28TH ST, 29 to 35 West, and Broadway, 1,187 and 1,189, Fifth Avenue Theatre, all; International Amusement and Realty Co. to Benjamin F. Keith, Brookline, Mass., 5 years from May 1, 1916, 5 years renewal; attorney, Maurice Goodman, 1,493 Broadway..$55,000

135TH ST, 622 East, all; Jacob Cohen Construction Co. to Henry Knief, 639 East 137th St, 1 year from July 1, 1912; Henry Knief, 622 East 135th St......................$1,560

MECHANICS' LIENS.

88TH ST, 451 East; Max Levine against Michaels Realty Co, owner; Clark & Appleman, contractor......................$70

WEST END AV, 605; Salvatore Maiorino and others against John Doe, owner; M. J. Perault, contractor......................$188

LIBERTY ST, 105 to 109; D. H. McLaury Marole Co against George N. Robinson & Church Liberty Leasehold Co., owners; John Kennedy & Son, Inc., contractor.........$1,098

HOFFMAN ST, w s, 104.7 ft s of 188th St, 50x96.1; Osvaldo Bratti against Auletta & Co., owner and contractor......................$66

18TH ST, 115 East; Max Cohen against C. Worch, owner; Lorenzo Building Construction Co., contractor......................$74

57TH ST, 318 West; George F. Root Co. against Young Men's Christian Association, owner; Cauldwell-Wingate Co., contractor.$240

TREMONT AV, s w s, 228.3 ft n w of Eastern Boulevard, 116.8x95.2x100x24.10; Benjamin Griffin against George Costar and William Van Antwerp, owners; Weinstock & Singer, Inc., contractor......................$190

138TH ST, s s, 450 ft e of Lenox Av, 100x100; William T. Mathews against Johnson Amusement Co., owner; Runline Construction Co., contractor......................$850

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

6TH AV, w s, between 22d and 23d Sts; Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. against Evelyn L. Ehrich and others, Nov. 24, 1911.........$3,931

GRAND ST, 589 to 599; Teddy Connoly, Inc., against A. Goldberg, Inc., and others, April 27, 1912......................$1,585

BARNES AV, 4; D'Ursi Co. against Rachela La Porta and others, June 15, 1912....$2,850

LIS PENDENS.

61ST ST, n s, 150 ft e of West End Av, 25x100.5; Horace Porter and others against Julius Braund and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. R. Kellegrew.

24TH ST, s s, 212.6 ft e of 2d Av, 18.9x98.9; Abner B. Mills against Charles C. Vaillette, executor, and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. M. Tichenor.

225TH ST, s s, Lot 419, map of village of Wakefield, Bronx, 105x114; Frances M. King against Michael Josweak and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Duttin & Kilsheimer.

HOE AV, 1,161; Herman Rosenbaum against Alice C. Hennessy, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Lindsay, Kalish & Palmer.

MAGENTA ST, w s, whole front between White Plains Road and Olinville, Av, —x—; Bronx Boulevard, w s, 89 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 150x100; Gun Hill Road, s s, 50 ft w of Bronx Boulevard, 50x89; John McNamara against Matthew MacNamara and others, (partition;) attorney, J. R. Halsey.

WEST END AV, 483; American Missionary Association against Henrietta Haas and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Blair & Rudd.

SIMPSON ST, w s, 197.6 ft n of Westchester Av, 43.9x100; Morris L. Edman against Frederick R. Yerxa and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, House, Grossman & Vorhaus.

PERRY AV, e s, between 207th and 209th Sts, Lot 17; Tax Lien Co. of New York against Cora Bachman Upp and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, W. Lustgarten.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 152d St, 99.11x150; Herbert R. Limburg against Sun Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Davidson.

92D ST, s s, 200 ft w of 1st Av, 50x100.8; State Bank against Yorkville Holding Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. A. Kohn.

CHRYSTIE ST, 184; Bernhard Mayer against Nathan Leibon and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Sandheimer.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage Money

Second or participating mortgages for Manhattan on our own appraisal.

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Quick Action.

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LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY

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For sale or lease, 6 Lewis St.; 21x60; 3 story and basement house; alterable for business; may be exchanged for property convenient to my office.

Cyrille Carreau, Owner, 796 6th Av.

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Attention! Big Bargain! $1,000 Cash. Why take only 3½% from savings banks when you can make 12% by buying the finest three-family brick house in the Bronx? Six and seven room apartments, tiled baths, all improvements; fine location; great bargain; thorough inspection invited; call or write for particulars. Owner, 949 Ogden Av.

Northeast corner 3d Av. and 163d St., 3 lots having frontage 202 feet; will consider applications for builders.

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Overlooking Long Island Sound, only 30 minutes out; beautiful year round residential settlement; all city improvements; yacht and tennis clubs, bathing; new 8-room house, detached cottage; 5 minutes from station; small cash payment down, balance in payments to suit. C. H., 150 Times.

Flushing.—Eight-room residence, up-to-date; oak finish; improved street; fine, restricted neighborhood; six minutes to depot or trolleys; large plot; garage. Powell, 300 Lincoln St., Flushing.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

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A three story and basement brownstone Dwelling to let; size 16x55x70; has ten rooms, two baths and butler's pantry; possession October 1; rent low. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

For other advertisements of Country Houses and City Houses to Rent and Wanted, see Page 17.

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A Fine House at Moderate Price

New and very conveniently arranged 2-story stone, bay window front house in Prospect Park East, one of the famous EASY HOUSEKEEPING HOMES in the most select neighborhood in Brooklyn; 9 rooms and bath; honor-built throughout; hardwood trim, parquet floors; open hearth in foyer hall, electric light, hot-water heat; will decorate to suit; near Prospect Park station, Brighton Beach L; only $1,000 cash required, balance easy terms; title guaranteed free; open Wednesday and Sunday evenings. JONES, 101 Fenimore St., near Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

IDEAL HOME FOR RENT

In Heart of Brooklyn

Very Reasonable

Seven rooms, laundry, and bath; modern; fully equipped; gas and electric light; parquet floors, hardwood trim; ample closets; large porch; lawn and garden; wide street; near trolley and elevated, (only two minutes;) 30 minutes to Broadway, N. Y.; 15 minutes to ocean. Schools and stores near by. Rent very moderate. Write for photograph. T. M. Emery, Box T 285 Times Downtown.

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Handsomely decorated and halls carpeted.

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S. ADELMANN, on premises.

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We offer for sale a beautiful house and large plot in the highest part of Douglas Manor, which can be secured at a bargain by a quick buyer.

House contains:—In the basement—billiard room, laundry, and storeroom; on the first floor—centre hall, library, living room, dining room, lavatory, kitchen, and pantry. On the second floor—four large bedrooms, with ample closet room and two large tiled bathrooms; on the third floor—two bedrooms, storeroom, etc.

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Send for photograph and full particulars.

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$5,950 BUYS A $7,900 HOUSE.

Easy terms. Payment same as rent, or will rent with option of buying.

A beautiful suburban house between the Sound and the Sea, artistic in design and handsome interior, hardwood finish, large plot, in beautiful restricted residence park where every one owns their own home. Steam heat, beamed ceilings, parquet floors, spacious concrete cellar, tiled bathroom, water, gas, electricity; large veranda; twenty-eight minutes from Manhattan; very close to trolleys and depot. Call, 'phone, or write. CASTLEMAN, Room 403, 334 5th Av. 'Phone Madison Square 8425.

Beautiful Country Home

of seven large rooms, plot 50x100 feet; pantry, large foyer hall, veranda, artistic fireplaces, hardwood floors, trim, beamed ceiling, electric light, gas; laundry in cellar; shades; beautifully decorated throughout, built to order, in private estate; bargain $7,500; easy terms; cannot be duplicated at price. Restricted residential neighborhood; 5 min. to station, 15 min. to N. Y. C.; near golf course, tennis courts. Superb views ocean, bay, river and Sound; 20 min. to ocean beaches. Write or phone particulars and photographs. OWNER, X 21 Times.

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The Garden Spot of New York. The much-talked-of MODEL SEMI-BUNGALOW, now open for inspection, FOR SALE, including plot, only $6,800.

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AN IDEAL HOME SITE

AT 60% OF VALUE.

This is water front property, with water, sewer, gas and macadamized streets. NO ASSESSMENTS.

I am able to sell the few remaining choice Plots at

BARGAIN PRICES.

Send for map and prices or,

BETTER STILL, LET ME SHOW YOU THIS PROPERTY.

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A Modern stucco residence on one of New Rochelle's finest avenues; 12 rooms, 3 baths, gas, electricity, hot-water heat; ample grounds; 6 minutes to station.

PRICE $15,000....MAY RENT

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All the desirable houses for sale or to rent. Send for particulars.

ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY

Scarsdale.

Greenacres, Scarsdale

Rare opportunity to purchase ten-room hollow-tile residence, opposite golf club, three minutes to station; three baths, steam heat. Price $17,000; easy terms. Photograph on request.

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And for the same reason it costs less to heat them and keep them in repair.

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Bungalows and artistic homes.

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SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.

EIGHT-room house; all improvements; large living room, beamed ceiling, open fireplace; 2 baths; steam heat; very cozy and attractive; owner must sell; little cash. BALDWIN, 156 Broadway, Room 55.

A MODEL FARM of 110 acres in the Hills of Sussex Co., near several R. R. stations and pretty lakes, high altitude; no mosquitoes; artistic home with big shady piazza, modern improvements. For sale at cost, $136 per acre, with $15,000 worth of buildings included. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

New bungalows and cottages; 6, 7, 8 rooms and bath; all improvements; select neighborhood; 35 minutes from Liberty St., four blocks from C. R. R. station; 100 trains daily; $3,200 to $3,500; easy terms; plots 10,000 square feet from $700. Warman-Boardman, Roselle, N. J.

Leonia.—For sale or rent, good 10-room house, all improvements; good barn, suitable for garage; chicken house, lots of fruit, large plot; 5c. fare to West 130th St. Ferry; very reasonable. Charles Kroner, Grand Av., near Hudson River trolley, Leonia, N. J.

At Leonia.—Charming villa, large rooms, attractively arranged; half acre; exceptionally attractive grounds; continuous stream of pure spring water; near train and trolley; $6,800, or will divide. Coover-Hitchcock Co., Agents, Leonia, N. J.

HILLTOP BUNGALOW, $275

Among the oaks and cedars; 3 rooms; nice porch; outhouse; large plot, $85; $10 down, $5 month; 52 trains. MOUNTAINSIDE, 69 Times Downtown.

Three-quarter acre and three-room bungalow, with fruit orchard, in residential park; large town; hour out; price, $575; will take $75 cash, balance monthly. Owner, 82 Times Downtown.

Orchard, 595 apple and peach trees; third mile from station, Lackawanna R. R.; wonderful building site for commuter; $600 per acre for 3 or 6 acres. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

Splendid Home, West Orange, N. J.—8 rooms; all improvements; large grounds, with fruit trees; on Lackawanna Railroad; must sell; owner going West. V 208 Times Downtown.

Fairmount, Hackensack, Oradell.—Beautiful locations; houses $3,000, $4,500, $6,500; $500 cash. Falkinburg, 1,133 Broadway.

Bungalow tract; six acres; 700 feet river front; near station; hour out; fare, 15 cents; price, $2,200. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

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$65 LOTS

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9-room new house at Hillsdale; delightfully situated in hills of Bergen County. Express station, excellent train service; near city. Parquet floors throughout, laundry in basement, tiled bath, white enamel bedrooms; sun parlor; rustic open fireplace; all improvements; electricity, gas, water. Low taxes, no assessment. Four minutes from station. $6,500, most reasonable terms. W. J. Rich, 801 Singer Building.

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Gentlemen's Country Estate and Farm For Sale

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TWIN LAKES, CONN., BERKSHIRE HILLS, three hours from New York, 103 miles. Bungalow, 11 rooms, three bathrooms, completely furnished; everything new; garage; tennis courts, Summer houses; right of way to lake. Unsurpassed mountain and lake views. Mountain water; ten minutes to station and Post Office. 18 acres, some wooded. For sale at sacrifice price to quick buyer, $12,500, ½ cash. Worth $20,000. Possession at once. Anderson Realty Company, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

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WINTERROTH PIANOS,

105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.

Pianos for seashore, country; uprights, $75; squares, $10; easy payments; player pianos, $250 up.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York:

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Fitz Allen Flinn, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of her attorney, Edward J. McGanney, No. 3 Broad Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 30th day of September next.

Dated New York, the 20th day of March, 1912.

NELLIE W. FLINN, Executrix.

EDWARD J. McGANNEY, Attorney for Executrix, 3 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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Next Sunday and every Sunday until September 29th

Homeseekers save time, trouble and carfares by reference to the Directory containing location, number of rooms, rental, name of owner or agent.

Every grade of apartment for every class of home-seeker.

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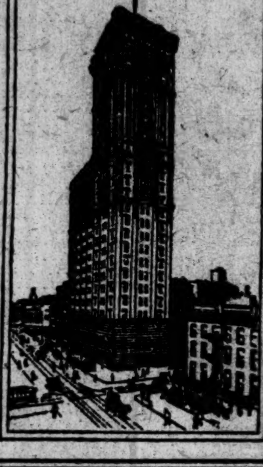

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Especially desirable for firms requiring large space, to be arranged to suit their needs.

Apply to Renting Agent
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76 GREENWICH ST.
NEAR RECTOR ST.
FINE LOFT BUILDING, FIVE STORIES,
convenient to shipping and other transportation facilities; suitable for salesroom, storage or manufacturing; will remodel or divide to suit tenant; rent $3,000. Apply JACOB NEADLE, 59 William St., or to your own broker.

LOFTS
To Sublet at a Sacrifice.
15,000 Square Feet.
Will Divide.
All light space, modern six-story fireproof Building; separate freight and passenger elevators; electric power, live steam, night and day service; Park Av., west side, 130th to 131st St.
MACLAY & DAVIES, 67 Wall St., or your own broker.

Two houses with basement and parlor floor stores of the very best quality may be had at a fair rent; now occupied as a furniture establishment; only apply to myself, owner.
Cyrille Carreau, 796 6th Av., (45th.)

To Let.—Modern woodworking plant in Manhattan, with power and dry kilns; adjoining dock and railroad; will lease for a term of years. For particulars address P. O. Box 1,569, New York.

S. E. COR. 145TH ST. AND 8TH AV.—Large, light loft for manufacturing purposes or any business; 4,000 square feet; light on four sides; exceptional transit facilities; cheap rent.

Third floor show window; perfect light; all improvements; two toilets; steam heat; janitor service; from the Fall.
Cyrille Carreau, Owner, 796 6th Av., (45th.)

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

WANTED—On long lease, by May 1, 1913, a stable for 60 or 70 horses and room for 25 or more trucks; must be below 14th St., Manhattan, or near two lower bridges in Brooklyn. T 300 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE ROCKFALL,
B'way and 111th St.,
(Northeast Corner)

This superb, splendidly planned and entirely modern house with its southwest exposure and sixty-seven separate apartments, NOW FULLY RENTED, will, on October 1st, have a few expiring leases. These we are now rapidly re-leasing, and applications for apartments should be made without delay.

Our present offerings consist of 6, 7, 8 and 9 room apartments, with 2 and 3 baths each. This house is not being rented to sell, but is held as an investment, our aim being to offer tenants a real home, considerate treatment and perfect service.

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LAUREATE HALL
Amsterdam Av., N. W. Cor. 119th St.
2-3-4 ROOMS,
Kitchenettes and bath, $32.50 to $75.00.
Apply 420 W. 119th St., opp. Laureate Hall.

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Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof.
43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av.
7 rooms and 2 baths..........$1,100 to $1,500
2 and 3 rooms and bath........ $420 to $600
8 rooms, 3 baths, physician's Apartment..$1,800
All-night elevator, standard service.
Broadway REMCO, 98th Street.

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1,370 Madison Av., Cor. 91st, 8 large rooms, bath, elevator; possession now: $690 to $840.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

For other advertisements of Apartments to Rent, see Page 17.

Elegant furnished offices for physician, in choicest location. 30 West 47th St., M. Lewis.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

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Strictly **MILANO** fireproof.
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200 WEST 78TH ST.
Corner apartment, 7 rooms and bath, $690. Steam heat, hot water, hall service.

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622 W. 114th, Near Riverside Drive.—5-6-7 rooms and bath; light sunny rooms, elevator, all improvements; 'phone; $660 to $1,000.

IRVINGTON,
407 C. P. West, Facing Park, (100th.)—7-8 rooms and bath; all improvements; first floor doctor's apartment; $900 & $1,140.

CARROLLTON,
601 W. 168th, Opposite Subway Station.—5-6-7 rooms and bath; light rooms, large closets, elevator, all improvements. Resident Agent; $690 to $1,000.

COURTWOOD,
600 W. 169th, Cor. B'way.—Elevator house, all improvements; 5-6-7 rooms and bath; 'phone; 24-hour service; $510 to $900.

Broadway REMCO 98th Street.
'Phone 1300 River.

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N. W. Cor. 86th St.,
LIVINGSTON
A fireproof building of the finest type.
All the CONVENIENCES and luxuries of a first-class MODERN house.
Electric light included in rent.
Corner Apartments have southern and eastern exposure.
Convenient to crosstown 86th St. surface cars, connecting with all lines on the east side, also 8th Av. surface lines; 6th and 9th Av. "L" station one block away, at 86th St. and Columbus Av.
9 large, light rooms and 2 and 3 baths, $2,350 to $2,700.
Apply to Supt. on premises
or Slawson & Hobbs, Agents,
162 West 72d St., near Broadway.

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APARTMENT BUILDINGS
7th Av., 58th & 59th Sts.
(Navarro Apartments).
One Large Corner Apartment with 5 Bathrooms. Smaller Ones with 2 and 3 Baths.
Most Centrally Located.
APPLY AT OFFICE,
175 WEST 58TH ST.

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AND
SEVERN
72d St.—Broadway—73d St.
Express Station Subway 72d St.
Can be seen at any time,
DAY OR EVENING.
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5, 6 & 7 Room Apartments. Possession at once. **$55-$65**
All modern improvements, exceptionally attractive and homelike.
SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION ONE BLOCK.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES, OR
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Telephone 254 Melrose.

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222 WEST 59TH ST.
Also apartments of three rooms and bath to lease from $1,200; ideal for bachelor or couple; furnished and unfurnished.
JAMES E. BALL, Manager.

RICHMOND HILL,
27 WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH.
Very desirable Apartments of seven rooms and bath, all outside rooms; steam heat, hall boys, elevator and electric light; rents reasonable.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

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IN THE HEART OF THE ADIRONDACKS

Balsam-scented air, the natural beauty of mountain, lake and stream expressed in numberless glorious views, good fishing, boating, bathing and all out-of-door sports.

Do not these suggest to you that ideal summer vacation?

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LONG LAKE, ADIRONDACK MOUNTAINS, N. Y.

Combines all these with every modern convenience to which you are accustomed in your city apartment or hotel. Offers you city comfort and city luxury without city bustle and city cares.

Noted for cuisine. Excellent service.
Accessible to automobilists. Easily reached from New York.
Enjoyable social life and out-of-door diversions in just the right proportions.
Comfortable, well-appointed rooms and board, shady verandahs overlooking one of the most picturesque lakes in the Adirondack region.

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"HAPPY DAYS" 1 Cottage on beautiful Raquette Lake, will accommodate few congenial persons at $12 per week; good board; good fishing, bathing, motor and row boats; bath in house. Charles Maurice, Proprietor, Raquette Lake, N. Y.

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30 minutes from New York

European plan exclusively. A remarkable success, demonstrating the feasibility of operating a large resort hotel exclusively for the accommodation of club members, their families and guests.

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CHATEAU BEAUX ARTS
NOW KNOWN AS
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Music, Singing, Dancing.
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LAKE RONKONKOMA, L. I.,
END OF THE MOTOR PARKWAY.
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Under entirely new management. Newly refurnished, redecorated. Fifteen acres Lawn and Shade Trees. Directly on the water, 50 miles from New York. Garage. Unsurpassed American Plan Table. Moderate Rates.
SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER, $1.00.
Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Tennis, Croquet, Music, Dancing. Refined. Booklet.

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Modern House Near Great South Bay.
Capacity 100. Auto Parties.
Booklet. J. B. PULLIS, Prop.

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Every convenience, 2 trainers. Rates $15.00 week.

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Via Catskill Mountain, Otis and Catskill and Tannersville Railways.
Direct connection with the N. Y. Central trains leaving New York 7:54 A. M. (for Leeds, South Cairo and Cairo,) and 11:11 A. M. for all points daily, except Sunday, and 4:04 P. M. daily, and West Shore trains leaving West 42d St. at 8:35 A. M. (for Leeds, South Cairo and Cairo,) and 7:15 A. M. and 11:30 A. M. for all points, daily except Sunday and 2:15 P. M. daily.
Also direct connection with the HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE and the CATSKILL EVENING LINE STEAMERS.
PURCHASE TICKETS VIA CATSKILL.

The REXMERE STAMFORD IN THE CATSKILLS
Golf. Tennis. Swimming Pool. Garage. C. W. Peck.

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MIDLAND BEACH
STATEN ISLAND
Refined Amusement Amid Refined Surroundings
Reached via Staten Island Ferry, foot of Whitehall St., terminus of Subway, elevated roads and surface lines; 20 minutes' invigorating sail through the lower bay and a short trolley ride through the most picturesque part of Staten Island. Cleanest and safest bathing on the Atlantic Coast.

Terra Marine Inn HUGUENOT PARK, Staten Island, N. Y. City.
Superb Motor Run—Ideal Week-End. Desirable unfurnished Cottages overlooking sea. Only 2 left. Room 1544, 25 Broad St., N.Y.City.

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Cragsmoor, Ulster Co., N. Y.
NOW OPEN.
High-class mountain inn. Large verandas. Suites. Open fires. 107 guest rooms, 43 with private bath. 1857 feet above sea level. Guaranteed milk from tested herd. Tennis, Golf, Garages. Livery. Special June rate $14-$15 weekly. Booklet. R. D. COMPTON, Mgr.

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Splendid Bathing Facilities for Mineral Water Baths.
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14 East 60th St.—To sublet, one, two and three rooms, handsomely furnished, at special Summer rates.

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NOW OPEN. Cottages and Bungalows.
FISHER'S ISLAND, N. Y.,
OFF NEW LONDON, CONN.
Always cool; seashore and country; Sound and ocean; bathing, boating, fishing, golf, tennis; driving; rooms en suite, with bath; certified milk diet kitchen for growing children.
WM. F. INGOLD, Mgr., Fisher's Island, N. Y.

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In the Country— in New York City.
It's an ideal spot, 300 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating 50 guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway, 30 to 45 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City.) Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

NEW YORK—Lake Mahopac.

THE THOMPSON HOTEL
LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.
Now Open. EMERSON CLARK, Prop.

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Cooperstown, N. Y., is a delightful hill-country resort, made even more delightful by a charming hotel. The O-te-sa-ga, on Otsego Lake.

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THE Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
Leading Resort House of the World
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

Best Moderate-Rate Hotel
ELBERON
And fireproof annex, Tennessee Ave., near Beach; central, new throughout; capacity, 400; opposite Protestant and Catholic churches; running water in rooms; private baths; excellent table; fresh vegetables from our own farm; windows screened; white service; booklet; special rates. R. B. LUDY, M. D.

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Homelike hotel of high class at popular tariff. Newly built brick at Vermont Ave., near Beach, Atlantic City, N. J.
MACK LATZ & CO.

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Virginia Av., near Beach, Atlantic City.
Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. $2.50 daily and up. Special weekly rates. Auto coach meets trains. Capacity 500. Write for booklet. COOPER & LEEDS, Owners and Props.

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Directly on the ocean front; always open.
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North Asbury Park, N. J.
Occupying Entire Block on the Ocean Front.
A new hotel of brick and steel construction, with accommodations for five hundred guests. Private baths with hot and cold sea water connection. Daily concerts; superior cuisine; attentive service.
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Only Hotel on Lake Front.
Newly furnished. Gas, shady ground, sloping to water. Bathing, fishing. Music. Capacity 200. 48 miles Lackawanna. Ideal place for families. Booklet. Duryea.

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NEW PARK HOUSE, SUMMIT, N. J.
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Artesian Well. Perfect Drainage.
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MAGNIFICENT SWIMMING POOL
Radiant with Sunlight. Sulphur and Medicinal Baths. Golf, Tennis, Riding, Driving, Fishing, Motoring, Dancing. Bracing mountain air. No Flies or Mosquitoes. Picturesque scenery. Elevation 2000 ft. Under same management as Hotel Chamberlin, Old Point. For information address:
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For Outdoor Enjoyment
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BRUNSWICK HOTEL
OLD ORCHARD, ME. JUST COMPLETED.
All modern improvements. Rooms en suite with private baths. Booklet. J. F. HUTCHINSON, Prop.

Dirigo House, Long Island, Casco Bay, Me
MRS. J. PERRY, Prop. Booklet.

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MOST PERFECT SEASHORE SUMMER RESORT.
New Watch Hill House,
Watch Hill, R. I.
EVERY ROOM WITH WATER VIEW.
Open June to Sept.; always cool; no flies or mosquitoes; 18-hole golf course; excellent roads for driving and motoring; surf and still-water bathing. Superior cuisine; white service. Well equipped garage. A la carte grille. Sea food a specialty.
A. E. DICK, 1,180 Broadway, New York. Tel. Mad. Sq.—4743.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

TOWER HOUSE
SOUND BEACH, CONN.
Select resort, 50 minutes from N. Y. Bathing beach, boating, golf, tennis; large, comfortable rooms; table unexcelled.
Mrs. E. M. SMITH.

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SOUND BEACH, CONN.
Now open. Country and Seashore. Right on the Sound, fifty minutes from New York. Golf, tennis, bathing.
WM. F. INGOLD, Mgr., Sound Beach, Conn.

WYKEHAM INN Washington, Connecticut.
An ideal place for a Summer's vacation. The Inn is a station of the "Touring Club of America," and automobile patronage is solicited. Tea Room open daily from 4 to 6 P. M. For further information
Address GEORGE SANGER, Manager.

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Coolest location. Most Delightful View.
THE KITTATINNY
Leading Hotel at Delaware Water Gap, Pa.
Capacity 500. Every convenience. Own farm and dairies. Orchestra, social diversions. Golf, tennis, boating, bathing, fishing on hotel grounds. Livery, garage, saddle horses.
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TOURING CLUB OF AMERICA'S INFORMATION BUREAU FOR THIS REGION LOCATED AT KITTATINNY HOTEL.
Write for booklet of views and auto maps. Bell 'phone 92. Telegraph offices. Special September and October rates. American plan. Cafe and grill. G. FRANK COPE.

The Hotel of Delaware Water Gap, Pa.
WATER GAP HOUSE
THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE.
Open until Dec. The most modern and finest located hotel in this region. Cuisine of the highest standard; white service. Orchestra; social diversions; every amusement. New beautiful Palm Court and Cafe. Booklet and auto maps mailed. Sixth season.
JOHN PURDY COPE.

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Elevation 1,600 feet. Capacity 350.
FOREST PARK HOTEL
FOREST PARK, PIKE COUNTY, PA.
ON FOREST LAKE
"The Adirondacks of Penna."
3¼ hours from New York. Auto service to hotel. Bathing—Boating—Finest Bass Fishing—Tennis—Baseball—Music—Cafe.
Ideal Motor Run—A. A. A. Garage.
Rooms with bath—Bachelors' rates.
Owner's Management. Booklet. Auto Map.
ARTHUR LEDERER
Tuesdays, 37 B'way, between 11 and 1 o'clock.

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Mt. Pleasant House Finest location on Pocono Mountains; steam heat, baths. Rates $12.50 per week and up. Write for handsomely illustrated booklet. W. T. & H. M. LEECH.

PENNSYLVANIA—Shawnee-on-Delaware.

BUCKWOOD INN, Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa.
New 18-hole Golf Course of Shawnee Country Club adjacent to Hotel.

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MOUNTAIN VIEW COTTAGE, new; most beautiful scenery; farm attached; $7 per week and up; fishing; booklet. W. H. Osborn, South Sterling, Penn.

PENNSYLVANIA—Stroudsburg.

HIGHLAND INN.—Modern, high-class mountain resort; specially noted for its table. I. L. & M. S. Hudders.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY—EDGAR S. APPLEBY and JOHN S. APPLEBY, Plaintiffs, against MOSER ARNDTSTEIN and others, Defendants.—In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the second day of July, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Real Estate Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 3,208-3,210 Third Avenue, in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, on the 31st day of July, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, by Charles A. Berrian, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

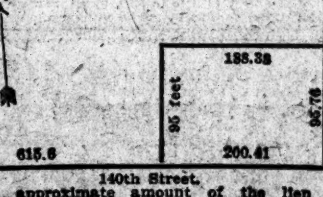
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Cypress Avenue with the northerly side of One Hundred and Fortieth Street; running thence westerly along the said northerly side of One Hundred and Fortieth Street, two hundred feet and forty-one one-hundredths of a foot, more or less, to a point distant six hundred and fifteen feet six inches east of St. Ann's Avenue; thence northerly at right angles with the said northerly side of One Hundred and Fortieth Street, ninety-five feet; thence easterly parallel with the northerly side of One Hundred and Fortieth Street, one hundred and eighty-eight feet and thirty-eight one-hundredths of a foot, more or less, to the westerly side of Cypress Avenue, and thence southerly along the said westerly side of Cypress Avenue ninety-five feet and seventy-six one-hundredths of a foot to the point or place of beginning.

The westerly line running part of the distance through a party wall.

Dated New York, July 8th, 1912.
FRANCIS S. McAVOY, Referee.
CANNON & CANNON, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



140th Street.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to be satisfied, for which the above-described property is to be sold, is $25,340, with interest thereon from the 24th day of June, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to $334.50, with interest thereon from the 2d day of July, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale.

Subject to covenants against nuisances contained in Liber 40, Section 10, Conveyances, Page 308, and Liber 40, Section 10, Conveyances, Page 300, in the office of the Register of the County of New York.

Subject also to any state of facts an accurate survey will show.

The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $731.68 and interest.

Dated New York, July 8th, 1912.
FRANCIS S. McAVOY, Referee.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JAMES M. SHOEMAKER, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 16,600.

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate will be sold under the direction of said trustee at No. 30 East 20th Street, New York City, on the 31st day of July, 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day. A general description of the property to be sold is as follows: Office furniture, fixtures, typewriter, equity in outstanding accounts and claims of bankrupt, if any; also all the right, title, and interest of the trustee in and to the lease covering said factory property formerly conducted by the Milford Oilcloth Company at Milford, New Jersey.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per cent. of the appraised value.

Dated New York, July 19, 1912.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.
LEON LAUTERSTEIN, Attorney for Trustee, Office & P. O. Address, 43 Exchange Place, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE NEW YORK OBSERVER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, July 31st, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 156 5th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of safe, typewriters, office furniture, and fixtures, good will, subscription list, &c.
ARTHUR F. GOTTHOLD, Receiver.
COOK & ELGAR, Attorneys for Receiver, 45 Broadway, New York.
Above sale adjourned until Tuesday, Aug. 6th, 1912, at same time and place.

NO. 16,849.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PHILIP EPSTEIN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Philip Epstein of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1912, the said Philip Epstein was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room No. 1375, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 13th day of August, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

July 31, 1912. MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Save Time and Annoyance

In advertising rooms to rent use the best channels first. The **best** roomers can always be secured through the Furnished Room columns of The New York Times.

Call
The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 16,869.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE STOLZ, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of George Stolz of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1912, the said George Stolz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room No. 1375, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

July 31, 1912. MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,755.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH LICHTENSTEIN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Joseph Lichtenstein of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1912, the said Joseph Lichtenstein was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1912, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

July 30, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—NATHAN DANCIGER, Bankrupt.—No. 16,509.

Notice is hereby given that Nathan Danciger, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated July 10th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 4th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, July 29th, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JOSEPH M. OBERNDORFER, Bankrupt.—No. 15,342.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph M. Oberndorfer, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated July 12th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 4th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, July 29th, 1912.

High Cost of Living Kept Down in Glasgow

Municipal markets and slaughter houses have prevented meat prices from going up. An article by a well-known official of Glasgow explains the system and its applicability to New York in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

Wholesale Murder in the Rubber Fields

An eye-witness, now in New York, of some of the atrocities in the Amazonian region tells of his experiences in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

Disowned For Her Work in Saving Babies of the Poor

Young woman descended from British aristocracy doing a notable work of philanthropy in New York practically unaided. The story of her struggle in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

City a Good Place in Which to Take a Vacation

An interview with a well-known authority on the dangers of spending one's holidays in the country where careful sanitation is not practiced, in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

IN THE PICTORIAL SECTION

Ladies' Day at Larchmont.

The Elizabethan Tournament in London.

American Girls in the Turner Festival at Prague.

Women Polo Teams of Newport and Narragansett Pier at Play.

RESCUED SWIMMER DIES.

Rockaway Man Unconscious When Dragged to Beach by Life Guards.

Edward Johnson and Joseph Revere, life guards at the Atlas Bathing Pavilion, Far Rockaway, were attracted yesterday afternoon by the cries of a swimmer, and glancing out over the water caught sight of a man struggling desperately against the tide. As they watched he went out of sight and came up again. Both the guards lost no time in putting out to the distressed man, but they found no trace of him.

After diving several times one of the guards caught hold of the man and brought him to the surface, and with the assistance of the other guard managed to drag him to the beach. The guards worked valiantly over the man who had been rendered unconscious by his long submersion, while a call was sent to the Rockaway Hospital for an ambulance. Before the ambulance arrived the man was dead. His body was carried to the Rockaway Police Station near by and there it was learned that he was Peter Viscelen, 23 years, proprietor of a shooting gallery at 204 Ocean Avenue, Rockaway Beach.

CLARK HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

Ex-Convict Denies Killing Schwatzkopf, but Admits Shooting Katz.

George Clark, who was arrested on the charge of killing one man and seriously wounding another on Monday afternoon, was arraigned in the Essex Market Court on a charge of homicide yesterday morning. He was remanded to the Coroner, who had earlier held him without bail for the inquest. Clark is accused of the murder of Morris Schwartzkopf, who was shot down in his jewelry store at 8 Delancey Street. The second charge against him is that of shooting Maxwell Katz, a cigar store clerk, at 35 Cooper Square, about two hours after the murder. Both crimes were unprovoked.

When Clark was questioned by Inspector Hughes yesterday, he confessed that he had shot Katz, but denied the killing of Schwartzkopf. At Police Headquarters he was identified by Jacob Berler as the man who had come running out of Schwartzkopf's jewelry shop with a smoking revolver in his hand.

COMPLIMENT THE MAYOR.

Gaynor Thanks Barondess and Moskowitz for Fourth of July Tribute.

Joseph Barondess and Dr. Henry Moskowitz, who were on the committee which had charge of one of the east side Fourth of July celebrations, returned to the city through the Mayor's office yesterday a check for $412 as the unexpended balance of the fund allowed them. The Mayor sent both men this letter yesterday:

> Dear Sirs: I am very much gratified by your letter concerning the last Independence Day celebration on the east side. Such celebrations will no doubt do much good. I am also gratified by what you say in acknowledgment of what I have done to prevent all rudeness and violence by the police against humble people who are law abiding. Sincerely yours, W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

It was in their letter returning the check that both Mr. Barondess and Mr. Moskowitz commented upon the fair treatment they had received.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Noyes, J. Motion calendar. 1—Phila & Reading R R v. N Y, N H & H R R. 2—D, L & W R R v. same. 3—Central R R of N J v. same. 4—Penn R R v. same. 5—Lehigh Valley R R v. same. 6—Erie R R v. same. 7—Baltimore & Ohio R R v. same. 8—Mack & Potter v. Wanamaker. 9—Bruce v. Cin, Ham & D R R. 10—Obin v. DeJonge. 11—Rose Mfg Co v. Grossman. 12—Dyer v. Carnegie Trust Co. 13—Doggett v. Western Foundry Supply Co. 14—Motion Picture Patents Co v. Laumie. 15—Same v. Imp Film Co. 16—20th Century Motor Car and Supply Co v. Ideal Windshield Co. 17—Meyers v. Dairy Products Co. 18—Bohrer v. Agid. 19—U S ex rel Agnes Taylor v. Williams. 20—Ketterer v. Armour & Co.

STATE.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Lehman, J. Litigated motions: 1—Bankers Trust Co v. Dietz. 2—Same v. Dietz Co. 3—Badgeley v. De Witt. 4—Taylor v. Demarest. 5—Matter of Crane. 6—Matter of Marks. 7—Quinn v. Quinn. 8—B'dway Sav Inst v. Low. 9—Vessella v. Rocco. 10—Reynard v. Blaunt. 11—Same v. Sullivan. 12—Brown v. Smith. 13—Deering v. Goldstein. 14—Monaghan v. Moskievitz. 15—Ellwood Realty Co v. Ramilana Realty Co. 16—Frankel v. Farmers L & T Co. 17—Hills v. Hills. 18—Livingston v. McMillan. 19—Matter of Segal. 20—Frank v. Soyer. 21—Toner v. Toner. 22—Matter of Walton. 23—B'dway Sav Inst v. Price. 24—Borel v. Borel. 25—Cohn v. Guthman. 26—Winckler v. Winckler. 27—Saltzman v. Koansky. 28—Matter of Gerry. 29—Draper v. Creelman. 30—Trantos v. Foster. 31—Heft v. Sullivan. 32—Cassinelli v. Cassinelli. 33—Matter of Waterbury. 34—Hunter v. Greenfield. 35—Henricksen v. O'Brien Const Co. 36—Haydeck v. same. 37—Spivack v. Bergman. 38—Same v. Same. 39—Yates v. Yates. 40—Youngs v. Goodman. 41—Monaghan v. Heinrich. 42—Jacobs v. Armbruster. 43—Deal v. Lester. 44—Weiss v. Cadee Realty Co. 45—Early v. Munday. 46—Fusco v. Fusco. 47—Matter of Kinsella St. 48—Livocorri v. Livocorri. 49—Packard Co v. City of N Y. 50—Matter of Tompkins. 51—Schmuhl v. Ruppert. 52—N Y Realty Credit Assn v. Real Estate Owners' Credit Assn. 53—Albert v. Veith. 54—Matter of Robinson, (Glete Av.) 55—Mitchell v. Mitchell. 56—Jacobs v. Jacobs. 57—People v. Kempner. 58—Matter of Clean. 59—Matter of City of N Y, (West Farms Road.) 60—Levine v. Tedder. 61—Ferdon v. Ferdon. 62—Miller v. Abeloff. 63—Moskowitz v. Moskowitz. 64—Miller v. Nicholas. 65—Matter of Newcombe. 66—Crandall v. Crandall. 67—Same v. same. 68—Lowenberg v. Lowenberg. 69—McDermott v. McDermott. 70—McVitty v. McVitty. 71—Quinn v. Quinn. 72—Press v. Press. 73—United States Trust Co v. Daniel. 74—Dodd v. Dodd. 75—Rothfuss v. Mandelbaum. 76—Halfeuer v. Amabile.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. Wills for probate. Richard Williamson, Julia A. Husted, Gregori Folch.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Schmuck, J. Motions.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Schmuck, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Schwegler v. Rose—Sheridan S. Norton. Weinheimer v. De Caneo—Frank A. Spencer. Matter of Mayer & Co—Richard J. D. Keatings. Matter of Thompson—William T. Quinn Mygatt v. Heumann—Bernard Robbins. Twombly v. Overington—Charles D. Donohue.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J. Bauerdorf v. Cockerill—Edward G. Whitaker. Matter of Kingsley—Adam Weiner.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Gerr v. Gerr—Roger A. Pryor.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J. Herman Rosenbaum v. Alice C. Hennessy—Walter S. Phillips. Morris L. Edman v. Daniel Wolmawisky—Sidney Bernham.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J. Motions. 1—Matter of Heiser (Purdy.) 2—Matter of Larocque (Purdy.) 3—Matter of McWhirter (Purdy.) 4—Matter of Polhemus (Purdy.) 5—Guyon v. Guyon. 6—Schoenhardt v. Schoenhardt. 7—Maceda v. McAllister and others. 8—Miesky v. Monat. 9—Yeaton v. Dieckhoff. 10—Matter of Newton. 11—Medboy v. Brody. 12—Matter of Chauncey St. 13—Gallery v. Gallery. 14—Ullman v. Ullman. 15—Matter of Haskell. 16—Matter of City of New York (Wolcott Av, Borough of Queens.) 17—Mackenzie v. Heatley. 18—Wooley v. Stewart, &c. 19—Mayer, &c, v. Stables and others. 20—Opala v. Nichols Copper Co. 21—Guinan v. Hoyer, &c. 22—Greene and another v. Dyer and others. 23—D'Amato and others v. Buskirk and others. 24—American Metal Bed Co v. Hermelein. 25—City of New York (Manhattan Bridge 3.) 26—Schuss v. Schuss. 27—Donaldson v. Bonacci. 28—Pengiorno v. Morizio. 29—Matter of Samuels (Schwartz.) 30—Brooklyn Consol Drug Co v. Wischerth. 31—Matter of Post. 32—O'Leary v. Ulman. 33—Friedland v. Friedland. 34—Watech v. Fisch. 35—Lynch v. Krajewski-Pesant Co. 36—Murphy v. B H R R Co. 37—Quigley v. B H R R Co. 38—Salter, an infant, v. B H R R Co. 39—Waldman v. B H R R Co. 40—Kelly, Edward T., v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 41—Kelly, Mary, v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 42—Doran, Amey, an infant, v. B U Elev R R Co and B H R R Co. 43—Doran, John, v. B U Elev R R Co and B H R R Co. 44—Joyce v. B U Elev R R Co. 45—Bies, an infant, v. B U Elev R R Co. 46—Lieberman v. Nassau E R R Co. 47—McGovern v. Nassau E R R Co. 48—Silverstein v. Nassau E R R Co. 49—Willensky v. Nassau E R R Co. 50—Pease v. South Brooklyn R Co. 51—People ex rel Katz v. Bracken and others. 52—Matter of Hansen. 53—Miller v. Miller. 54—Bourne, &c, v. Degener et al. 55—Fisher v. Bleja and another. 56—Ormandy v. Ormandy.

SURROGATES' COURT—Ketcham, S. Wills of James J. Doherty, E. Hazard Aikman, John C. Cordes, Charles Gaspey, Ludwig Hanstein, Adeline E. Andrews. Accountings of William Larsen, Peter Delap, John Von Glahn, Sophie Pfohlmann, John Dunn, William McQueen, Bertha Junge, John Meehan, and George L. Pease. Estates of Carmelo Giaccone and Thomas O'Connor.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J. Ex parte business.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Ferris, J. Alma Tower, Frank Bieger, Richard Donnegan, Michael Romolo, Otto Murer, Sidney Smith, and Tony De Marco.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE, No. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, July 31st, 1912,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
FOR ACCOUNT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF BANKS STATE OF N. Y. IN CHARGE OF NORTHERN BANK OF N. Y.
70 shs. Hotel Cumberland common.
70 shs. Hotel Cumberland Prefd.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
10 shs. Star Hygeia Ice Co.
5 shs. Yonkers Curling Association.
1 sh. N Y. Central & Hudson River R. R. Co.
$25,000 United Breweries Co. 1st Mtge. 6% Bds., due August, 1928.
$5,000 United Breweries Co. 6% Note due Sept. 17, 1913.
$20,000 United Breweries Co. 6% Note due Sept. 17, 1914.
$1,000 St. Paul, Minn. & Manitoba R. R. Con. 4½% Regstd. endorsed Bond, due 1933.
20 shs. American Brass Co.
50 shs. Guilford Dairy Lunch Co.
2,675 shs. American Linen Fibre Co. of Del.
27 shs. Central R. R. Co. of N. J.
$5,000 York Haven Water & Power Co. Consid. Mtge. 5% Bds., 1957.
5 shs. City Club Realty Co.
$5,000 Burlington, (Vt.,) Gas Light Co. 5% Bds., 1955.
$100,000 New York & New Jersey Water Co. 1st. Consid. Mtge. 50-year 4% Gold Bds., 1950.

Entire Stock, Plant and Machinery
OF LYONS & CO., (RETIRING,)
Manufacturers of Children's Dresses.
WM. LIVINGSTON, Auctioneer, Sells
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1912,
10 A. M., ON THE PREMISES,
130 WEST 25TH ST.,

Silks, Velvets, Laces, Embroideries, Allovers, Appliques, Silk Braids, Buttons, Silk and Linens, Spool Threads, etc., etc.; Plant and Machinery, 35 Singer Sewing Machines, New Models; W. & G. Tuckers, Buttonhole Machines, 35 Singer Stands, 3-Horsepower C C Motor, Blower, Ironing Plant, 10 4-inch Cutting Boards, Tables, Baskets, Chairs, Boxes, Gas and Electric Lamps, Racks, Partitions, Busts, Figures, Fixtures, 150 Feet White and Gold Office Partitions in sections, set with mirrors; Show Tables, Chairs, Desks, Safe, Mirrors, Office Material, etc. Brass Chandeliers.
Sale positively without reserve, to be removed at once.

To Whom It May Concern: Pursuant to the provisions of Section 17 of the banking law, notice is hereby given that twenty-five (25) shares of capital stock of the Broadway Safe Deposit Company belonging to the estate of Myer Foster; fifteen (15) shares of said capital stock belonging to Morris J. Meyer; ten (10) shares of said capital stock belonging to Charles N. Taintor, and fifteen (15) shares of said capital stock belonging to Samuel Weil will be sold at public auction on the 7th day of August, 1912, at 12:30 o'clock P. M. on that day, by the Directors of the Broadway Safe Deposit Company, through the agency of Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers, at the Exchange Salesrooms, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, State of New York. CHARLES STRAUSS, Secretary.

Chas. Shongood, Auct.,
Will sell THURSDAY, Aug. 1, 10:30 A. M.,
THE LARGE STOCK OF
Automobile Supplies
C. L. WILLIAMS, RETIRING.
At 312 Halsey St., Newark, N. J.
Contents of the Entire Building.
Inspection Wednesday. Catalogues Morning of Sale.
Trains every 20 minutes (time only 20 minutes) from 33d Street or Hudson Terminal.

MORTGAGE SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF CHATTEL mortgage, Samuel Vorzimer, auctioneer, sells this day, Wednesday, July 31, 10:30 A. M., all machinery, &c., of the Greenwich Steam Laundry Co., 699 Greenwich St., Manhattan, by order of PAUL M. ABRAHAM, Attorney for Mortgagee.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

SPEND THE WEEK-END
—AT—
GREENWOOD LAKE
$1.50 GOOD DATE OF SALE. ROUND TRIP, INCLUDING STEAMER, $2.00 GOOD UNTIL OCT 31ST.
ALL REGULAR TRAINS VIA THE
ERIE RAILROAD
Tickets and information, 399, 1159, 245, 1286 (McAlpin Hotel) 2293 Broadway; 225, 264 Fifth Ave.; Hudson Terminal Building (Concourse), Chambers St., West 23d St., Ferry Stations; 251 West 125th St., N. Y.; 22 Court St., Brooklyn.

5 TO 15 DAY TOURS
Leave every few days for the ST. LAWRENCE, NOVA SCOTIA, NIAGARA, THE LAKES, ETC.
With Personal Escort. All Traveling Expenses Included. $55 and up
Send for Program 17.
THOMAS COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 2641 Fifth Avenue, 553 Fifth Ave., 2389 Broadway, New York.

POUGHKEEPSIE and Return $1.00 Sundays
New steamer RENSSELAER leaves Pier 32, North River, 8:45, West 132d St., 9:15 A. M.
Excellent Dining Room Service—Music.
Hudson Navigation Co. 'Phone 9400 Spring

CONEY ISLAND DREAMLAND PIER
ROCKAWAY BEACH TO-DAY
Strs. ROSEDALE & SYLVESTER.
Lv. W 129th St. *9:00, 9:30, 1:30.
Lv. W. 23d St. *9:30, 10:00, 2:00, 3:00, *7:30.
Lv. Battery *10:00, 10:30, 2:30, 3:30, *8:00.
Lv. Coney Island 1:30, 6:00, 7:00, 9:00.
Lv. Rockaway Beach 12:30, 5:00, 6:00.
*Boat does not go to Rockaway Beach.
Exc'n tickets 129th St. to Coney Isl. & Rockaway, 50c.
To Coney Island from W. 23d St. and Battery, 40c.
FREE ADM. TO LUNA PARK
Weekdays with Each Round Trip Ticket.

"All Expense" Tour
One Low Rate Covers All.
Includes Hotels, Staterooms, etc.
No. 2.—Thousand Islands, St. Lawrence Rapids, Montreal, Ausable Chasm, Lakes Champlain and George. 7 days, $36.50 and up.
Inc. Niagara Falls, 9 days, $52.00.
FRANK TOURIST CO.
Tel. 4530 Franklin. 396 Broadway, New York.

YELLOWSTONE
CANADIAN ROCKIES
Personally Escorted Tours during July and August.
60 SUMMER TOURS
6 to 18 Days
Raymond & Whitcomb Co., 225 Fifth Ave., New York

GLEN ISLAND BOATS
ROUND 50c TRIP
FAMOUS FAMILY RESORT on Long Island Sound. Weekdays lve. Battery 10, 11:30 A. M.; 1:30, 2:30, 4, 6 P. M. Sun., 9, 10, 11, 12 A. M., 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 6, 7 P. M. E. 24th St. ½ hour later. McAllister St'b't Co.

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point,
Steamer Mary Powell
Leaving Desbrosses St. 1.45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2.20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by Str. Albany, $1.00, or by rail $1.10. Orchestra. Cadets in camp. See new public buildings, etc.

SIGHT SEEING YACHT
MANHATTAN, Encircling NEW YORK, from West 23d St., 10:30 A. M., 1:45 P. M., and 2:30 P. M.; from East 23d St., 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. Lecturer; Special Rates to Parties. 'Phone Gramercy 6326.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
OBSERVATION Around Manhattan Island, Daily. Battery Pier, So. Ferry. 10:30-2:30.
HALCYON SEE THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lightship & Forts, 1:15, ret. 5. Phone Broad 3373.

STEAMBOATS.

To Boston
And New England Points

Fall River Line
Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

Providence Line
Daily except Sundays. Lv. Pier 18, N. R., foot of Murray St., 6:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orch. on each.

$1.00 and $2.00 Outside Staterooms. Inside Staterooms have Outside Ventilation and are Always Cool and Comfortable.

Other Long Island Sound Routes

NEW BEDFORD LINE
Direct route to New Bedford, Mass., and Summer resorts on Buzzard's Bay, Cape Cod and Martha's Vineyard and Nantucket. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot of Houston St., week days only, 6:00 P. M.

BRIDGEPORT LINE
Week days, Lv. Pier 27, E. R., ft. Catharine St., 11:00, A. M. and 3:00 P. M., Sats., 2:00 P. M. Lv. foot of East 22d St., 3:30 P. M.; Sats., 2:30 P. M. Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Strs. BRIDGEPORT and NAUGATUCK.

NEW LONDON (NORWICH) LINE
Direct route New London, Watch Hill, Block Island and Narragansett Pier. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Houston St., week days, 5:00 P. M., Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.

NEW HAVEN LINE
To New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M.; Sundays, 9:30 A. M. Lv. East 22d St., week days, 3:00 P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

Tickets, Staterooms and Information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt Street; also at N. Y. Transfer Offices, Tourist Offices, and at Piers.

SPLENDID STEAMERS—SPLENDID SERVICE
THE NEW ENGLAND STEAMSHIP CO.

To Summer Vacation Resorts
The Hudson River Day Line is the pleasantest way to all the summer vacation resorts of the Northland.
All points in the Northeast, North and West are reached by comfortable connections at Albany. You may use a little more time than would be consumed by train, but compare for yourself the results in pleasure and recreation. It is the special province of the Day Line Company to give you a good time on your journey—one which is cool, refreshing, dustless, jarless, and exhilarating.
ALBANY DAY LINE STEAMERS, DAILY except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St. 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M., landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Also Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M.; for Yonkers, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses Street Pier, N. Y.
Steamer Mary Powell
Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, and way landings leaves Desbrosses St. daily, except Sunday, at 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M.
Ideal outing to West Point, returning by Str. Albany, $1, or by rail, $1.10. 81

BOSTON
All-the-Way-by-Water
METROPOLITAN STEAMSHIP LINE
Great White Steel Steamships
Massachusetts & Bunker Hill
Fare $4. Inside Two-berth Rooms, with electric fans, $1. Outside, $2. Leave New York week days and Sundays, Pier 14, N. R., foot Fulton St., at 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M. Tickets at Pier, at 290 B'way, also N. Y. Transfer Co. & Tourist Offices.
PORTLAND, Me.
MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE.
Steel Steamships North Land & North Star Leave Pier 15, N. R., foot Vesey St., Tues., Thurs. & Sats. at 5 P. M.; also Mondays 10:30 A. M. A delightful 22-hour trip. Round trip fare, $10.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

BOSTON $2.40
BAY STATE LINE
VIA BOAT AND TROLLEY $2.25
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Steel Steamships
GEORGIA and TENNESSEE
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Improved Service.
Write for Illustrated Summer Folder.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, B'way and 23d St.

Clermont (New) Onteora
CATSKILL EVENING LINES
For CATSKILL, HUDSON, COXSACKIE, and way landings. Direct connection with Catskill Mountain Railroads for CAIRO, PALENVILLE, OTIS SUMMIT, HAINES FALLS, TANNERSVILLE, and
ALL POINTS IN THE CATSKILL MOUNTAINS
Leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., at 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers, 7:30 P. M., daily except Sunday. Saturday Special leaves Pier 43, N. R., 1 P. M.; Yonkers 1:45, for Malden, Catskill, all Catskill Mt. points, Hudson and Athens. Time tables giving full information mailed on request, or can be obtained at all hotels and railway ticket offices. Phone 1097 Spring.

Iron Steamboat Co
CONEY ISLAND
Fishing Banks, Str. "Taurus"
Rockaway Beach
Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC"
For full Schedule see inside of front cover of New York City Telephone Directory.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

"THE ORIGINAL"
Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton
Around Manhattan Island. Lecturer aboard. Daily. 10:30 A. M. & 2:30 P. M. Foot West 42d St. Office Flatiron Bldg. Tel. 5441 Gram.

WEEK-END TOURS Send for circular. 35 Special Short Trips. Marsters, 31 W. 30th St., N. Y.

STEAMBOATS.

$2.00 ONE WAY TO ALBANY AND TROY $3.50 ROUND TRIP
"The Best Way North"
PEOPLE'S AND CITIZENS' LINES.
DAILY SERVICE.
Leaving Pier 32, N. R., (foot of Canal St.,) 6 P. M. People's Line calling at West 129th St. at 6:45 P. M.; Citizens' Line calling at Yonkers at 7 P. M., Poughkeepsie at 11 P. M. Steamer C. W. MORSE leaves New York on even dates, ADIRONDACK on odd dates. Sunday Day Boat leaves at 8:45 A. M.; West 132d St. 9:15 A. M.
Passage and stateroom tickets delivered by special messenger. 10-Ride Family Books, $15, ($1.50 per trip.)
Write for particulars regarding beautiful Sunday Sail.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY,
Pier 32, N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED"
TAKE
COLONIAL LINE
To BOSTON, PROVIDENCE, and New England Summer Resorts.
BOSTON - - - - - $2.65
PROVIDENCE Direct. $1.75
WORCESTER Boat and Rail, $2.65
FALL RIVER " $2.00
First-class service, palatial steamers, excellent cuisine, clean, comfortable staterooms (all outside rooms).
Leave Week Days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St.
'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.
Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St.

To Albany & Troy
$1
HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT
Commodious Steamers "Iroquois" & "Mohawk" Spacious staterooms, every convenience; electric light; excellent service. Wistaria Dining Room; open till midnight. Music. Through tickets to all points. Baggage checked. Strs. Lv. (West Houston St.) 5:30 P. M., West 129th St. at 6:30 P. M. Daily. Phone Spring 9228.
Manhattan Line

To ALBANY 50¢
THE ECONOMICAL WAY.
STEAMERS FRANK JONES, KAATERSKILL
Leave Pier 46, N. R., Foot of W. 10th St., at 5:30 P. M.
W. 129th St. at 6 P. M. daily.
CAPITAL CITY LINE,
Pier 46, N. R. Phone Spring 507.

Central Hudson Line
For Newburgh, Po'keepsie, Kingston, from ft. Franklin St., week days, except Saturday, 4 p. m.; West 129th St. at 4.30 p. m. Saturdays 1 p. m. West 129th St., 1.30 p. m.
For Newburgh and lower landings, week days, except Saturday, Franklin St., 3 p. m. Saturdays 3 p. m.; West 129th St., 3.30 p. m.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR
Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier 8, E. R., Tuesdays and Thursdays 5:30 P. M.; Saturdays, 1:00 P. M. See time table for additional service—Steamer "Montauk."

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.
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SAVOY HOTEL
LONDON, ENGLAND.
THE FAVORITE RESORT OF ALL AMERICANS IN EUROPE.

Germany.
DRESDEN HOTEL BELLEVUE Rooms and private Bath and Toilette.
Distinguished House of old reputation. Unique position. R. RONNEFELD, Gen. Manager.

Italy.
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Rome

STEAMSHIPS.

BERMUDA
All Expense Tours by S. S. Oceana, 19,063 displ't, 5,300 reg't. From 5 Days $27.50 Up. Sailings every 5 Days in connection with Quebec S. S. Co. Tickets interchangeable.
PERU-CHILE EXPRESS SERVICE TO AND FROM PANAMA
16 Days New York to CALLAO.
25 Days New York to VALPARAISO.
Services to COLOMBIA AND ECUADOR
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
THE PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
Sanderson & Son, Gen. Agts. 22 State Street,
OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT.

CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE
By new Cunarder "Laconia," Feb. 15, $400 up for 71 days, including shore excursions. Round World and South America Tours. Frank C. Clark, Times Building, New York.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD
The Fastest Steamers in the World
Lusitania Aug. 7, 1 A. M. Sept. 18; Aug. 28, 1 A. M. Oct. 9
Mauretania Aug. 21, 1 A. M. Oct. 2.; Sept. 11, 1 A. M. Oct. 23.
CARONIA July 31, 10 A. M. Sept. 21; Aug. 24, 10 A. M. Oct. 19
CAMPANIA Aug. 14, 1 A. M.; Sept. 4, 1 A. M. Sep. 25
CARMANIA Sept. 7, 10 A. M.; Oct. 5, 10 A. M.
LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD.
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, eastbound.
New York-Mediterranean-Adriatic Service
Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
SAXONIA Aug. 1, Sept. 19
PANNONIA a b Aug. 8, a b Sept. 26
IVERNIA Aug. 22, Oct. 10
CARPATHIA a Sept. 5, a Oct. 24
a Omits Madeira. b Omits Genoa. Quotations furnished for any Tours.
WINTER CRUISES—RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT
NOVEMBER TO MARCH.
Round the World Trips, $513. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America. Piers Foot W. 14th St., North River, N.Y. Offices, 24 State St., Opp. Battery.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
The Largest Steamer in the World
New 45,324 Ton OLYMPIC Sails from New York AUG. 17 12 noon, SEPT. 7 SEPT. 28 OCT. 19 NOV. 9
NEARBY SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK.
BALTIC............Aug. 1, 12 noon.
PHILADELPHIA...Aug. 3, 9:30 A. M.
VADERLAND......Aug. 3, 10 A. M.
MAJESTIC..........Aug. 3, 12 noon
CEDRIC.............Aug. 8, 12 noon
RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Vaderland....Aug. 3 | Finland.....Aug. 17
Lapland.....Aug. 10 | Zeeland.....Aug. 24
AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Philadelphia..Aug. 3 | New York...Aug. 17
St. Louis....Aug. 10 | St. Paul.....Aug. 24
WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Majestic....Aug. 3, noon | Oly'c(new)Ag.17
Oceanic.....Aug. 10, noon | Majestic.Aug.24
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Baltic..Aug. 1, noon | Celtic.......Aug. 15
Cedric..Aug. 8, noon | Adriatic.....Aug. 22
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58,N.R.
Minnewaska.Aug.10,8AM | Min'apolis.Aug.24
Minn't'ka.Au.17,10:30AM | Minne'ha.Aug. 31
Boston-Mediterranean Ports.
Canopic.......Aug. 15 | Cretic.......Sept. 14
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, 9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

VACATIONS ON THE OCEAN
Out on deck, in your easy steamer chair, away from the dust and noise, enjoying the thrill of the sea—that is what it means to visit Galveston by steamer. The way to go is by the magnificent, fast-flying steamers of the
MALLORY LINE
Through tickets to and from all points, as well as "circle tour" tickets good one way by steamer and one way by rail, and copy of the AGWI NEWS, a beautifully illustrated monthly magazine, full of helpful travel information, cheerfully furnished upon application to
MALLORY STEAMSHIP COMPANY
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See Foreign America First 12 DAY VACATION CRUISE $60.00 UP
Berth and Meals Included (First Cabin)
To Halifax, Nova Scotia and St. John's, Newfoundland, via
RED CROSS LINE
You cannot spend a more delightful and interesting summer vacation than by taking this grand cruise to the cool North. As truly foreign as a trip to Europe, and costing much less. The splendid, new, large tourist steamships "Stephano" and "Florizel," offer every modern equipment for safety and comfort. No hotel bills. You live on the ship, 7 days at sea, 5 days in port. Splendid cuisine. Orchestra.
Send for handsome Illustrated Catalog 46
BOWRING COMPANY, 17 Battery Place, N.Y.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
EXPRESS SAILINGS TUESDAYS
Fast Mail Sailings Saturdays
FOR
LONDON-PARIS-BREMEN
Sailings on SATURDAYS for
THE MEDITERRANEAN
OELRICHS & CO., Genl. Agents
5 Broadway, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
Glasgow via Moville Londonderry
TWIN SCREW STEAMSHIPS
Columbia, Sat., Aug. 3, 11 A. M.
California, Sat., Aug. 10, 3 P. M.
Cameronia, Sat., Aug. 17, noon
Caledonia, Sat., Aug. 24, 8 A. M.
SPLENDID ACCOMMODATIONS
EXCELLENT SERVICE.
OCEAN PASSAGE, 7½ DAYS.
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and Upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
For new Illustrated Book of Tours apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 and 19 Broadway.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Sailing Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Savoie....August 1 | *La Provence...Aug. 29
*La Lorraine...August 15 | *La Lorraine...Sept. 5
‡France (new)..August 22 | ‡France (new)...Sept. 12
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
‡ROCHAMBEAU (new)..........August 10
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
VIA SOUTHERN TRACK
Between New York & ALGIERS, ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA, MARTHA WASHINGTON, Aug. 21; KAISER FRANZ JOSEPH I. (new), Sept. 4, Oct. 5, etc. Concessions for Eucharistic Congress, Vienna, Sept. 13-15.
PHELPS BROS. & CO., G. A., 17 Battery Pl., N. Y.

LLOYD ITALIANO
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Mendoza Aug. 21, Oct. 5. Taormina Sept. 7.
Rates $65, $70, $75, $80 and up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

ALWAYS SOUTHERN ROUTE
FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
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Largest S. S. Co. Over 400 SHIPS
In the world 1,210,000 TONS
ATLANTIC SERVICE
LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG
K'n Aug. Vic..Aug. 1, 11 A. M.
Pres. Grant..Aug. 8, 12 noon
Amerika....Aug. 15, 11 A. M.
†Pennsylvania.Aug.17, 12 noon
†Hamburg direct, second cabin only.
MEDITERRANEAN
Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa
S. S. MOLTKE
August 20, 11 A. M.
S. S. MOLTKE, Oct. 1, 1 P. M.
TWO IDEAL CRUISES
AROUND THE WORLD
Oct. 19, 1912 From New York | Feb. 6, 1913 From San Fran.
By the S. S. CLEVELAND (17,000 Tons.)
DURATION EACH CRUISE 110 DAYS | COST $650 UP
including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore, railway, hotel, shore excursions, carriages, guides, fees, etc.
VACATION CRUISES
SPECIAL SUMMER RATES TO
JAMAICA and the PANAMA CANAL
Cuba, Hayti, Colombia, Costa Rica
WEEKLY SAILINGS
by "PRINZ" and other steamers of our
— ATLAS SERVICE —
11 to 18 Days $75
25-Day Cruises $110 and $115
Santiago, Kingston, round trip $75
Colon and Port Limon, round trip.......$115
For accommodations in any location excepting suites
—NEXT SAILING—
S.S. PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH, August 3, 2 P. M.
Write for booklet of any cruise.
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41-45 Broadway, N. Y.
Phone 1900 Rector
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Comfortable, Speedy, Elegant Way to
NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS
Long Branch, Asbury Park, Sea Girt, etc., Is via the Twin Screw Flyers of the
SANDY HOOK ROUTE
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
An Ideal way to see New York Harbor
Lv. N. Y., Pier 81, N. R., foot W. 42d St., week days, 8.50, 9.35, 10.30 a.m.; 12.30, 1.30, 3.15, 4.15, *5.25, 7.45 p.m. Sunday 9.00, 10.00 a.m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.35, 7.45, (10.40 E. Long Branch only) p.m.
Lv. N. Y., Pier 10, N. R., Foot Cedar St., week days, 9.15, 10.00, 11.00 a.m.; 1.00, 2.00, 3.45, 4.45, *5.45, 8.10 p.m. Sunday 9.30, 10.30 a.m.; 1.20, 4.00, 6.15, 8.10, (11.10 E. Long Branch only) p.m. *Except Sept. 3.
First-class Meals at Popular Prices.
Round Trip, New York to Atlantic Highlands, $1.00.
Round trip can be made except on Sundays, leaving W. 42d St. week days, 5.25, 7.45 p.m.; Sun. 7.45, 10.40 p.m. Cedar St. week days, 5.45, 8.10 p.m.; Sun. 8.10, 11.10 p.m.

JAMAICA AND BACK $75
UNTIL SEPT. 30.
Enjoy the wonders of this lovely island. Summer climate delightfully cool and even, ranging from 74° to 84°. Steamers specially built for tropical travel. All outside staterooms, many with private baths. If time permits, continue on same steamer to Colon, Panama. See the Canal in its most interesting stage—just before the water is turned in.
PANAMA AND BACK $115
23-day cruise from New York every Wednesday; 24-day cruise every Saturday.
Write for booklet and detailed information.
United Fruit Company
STEAMSHIP SERVICE.
17 Battery Pl. Tel. 1021 Rector. New York, Or Any Tourist or Steamship Agency. 3

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-screw sailings Tues. 10 A. M.
†Rotterdam..........Aug. 13
*Potsdam...........Aug. 20
†New Amsterdam....Aug. 27
*Noordam...........Sept. 3
*VIA BOULOGNE S/M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.
E.H.LOW AGENT ALL LINES REGULAR RATES 1123 B'WAY, N.Y. TEL. 1309 MAD. SQ.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:55 | Sun sets..7:17 | Moon rises..6:31

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:53	9:02	2:50	2:46
Governors Island	9:18	9:23	3:34	3:30
Hell Gate	11:08	11:13	5:14	5:10

Arrived—Tuesday, July 30.

SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Cherbourg, July 24.
SS Carillo, Kingston, July 25.
SS Carolina, San Juan, July 24.
SS Santa Rosa, Rio Janeiro, July 9.
SS Evelyn, Aquadillo, July 23.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, July 27.
SS Muncaster Castle, Gibraltar, July 16.
SS Santiago, Cienfuegos, July 24.
SS Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Kingston, July 25.
SS Gregory, Barbados, July 22.
SS Craster Hall, Philadelphia, July 29.
SS Tagus, Kingston, July 26.
SS Vaderland, Antwerp, July 26.
SS Navahoe, Georgetown, July 26.
SS Koenig Albert, Bremen, July 20.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Egyptian	Huelva	July 13
Montosco	Porto Rico	July 25
Cavour	Barbados	July 24
Clio	Rotterdam	July 17
Curityba	Nipe Bay	July 26
President Grant	Cherbourg	July 21
San Jacinto	Galveston	July 25
Hostilius	San Juan	July 25

DUE TO-MORROW.

Majestic	Southampton	July 24
Pannonia	Gibraltar	July 22
Santa Marta	Kingston	July 27
Pilar de Larrinaga	Montevideo	July 7
El Rio	Galveston	July 26
Momus	New Orleans	July 27
Bermudian	Bermuda	July 29
Argenfels	Hamburg	July 18
Trinidad	Quebec	July 26

DUE FRIDAY.

Lusitania	Liverpool	July 27
Cedric	Liverpool	July 25
Michigan	Antwerp	July 19
Stolzenfels	Hamburg	July 20
City of Atlanta	Savannah	July 30
Morro Castle	Vera Cruz	July 26
Zulia	Mayaguez	July 27

DUE SATURDAY.

Savoie	Havre	July 27
St. Louis	Southampton	July 27
Cynthiania	Fowey	July 17
Louisiane	Havre	July 20
Colon	Colon	July 28
Galileo	Hull	July 20
Val Salice	Leghorn	July 18
Kazama	Gibraltar	July 21
San Guglielmo	Naples	July 20
Grenada	Port of Spain	July 26
Manuel Calvo	Havana	July 31
Oranje Nassau	St. Marc	July 30
Guantanamo	Progreso	July 27
Vasari	Rio Janeiro	July 17
Sommelsdyk	Rotterdam	July 20

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close	Vessels Sail.
Caronia, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Philadelphia, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Algonquin, Turks Island	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Hamburg, Hamburg	——	10:00 A.M.
Alamo, Key West	——	1:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close	Vessels Sail.
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Baltic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saxonia, Madeira	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Isabella, Pernambuco	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Altai, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Oscar II., Christiansand	——	2:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
El Occidente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
El Dorado, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

	Mails Close	Vessels Sail.
Maracas, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Korona, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Allianca, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Hyperia, Argentina	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

	Mails Close	Vessels Sail.
Philadelphia, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Majestic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stephano, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Tennyson, Rio Janeiro	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carrillo, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Ikaria, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Tagus, Kingston	——	1:00 P.M.
Calabria, Naples	——	12:00 M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	——	11:00 A.M.
Europa, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Lampasas, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Montosco, Havana	——	12:00 M.
Yumuri, Santiago	——	12:00 M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Siglio, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JULY 30.

SS President Grant, Hamburg to New York, was 410 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 31st, 5 P. M. Hamburg-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Lampasas, Mobile to New York, was 160 miles S. at 8 P. M. Mallory Line.

SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, was 210 miles S. at 7 P. M. Mallory Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., at Bremen, July 30.
SS Italia, at Naples, July 27.
SS Rabinfels, at Aden, July 30.
SS Foxton Hall, at Talcahuano, July 29.
SS Berwick Law, at Brisbane, July 30.
SS Comanche, at Hamburg, July 27.
SS Lord Cromer, at Kobe, July 25.
SS Dacre Castle, at Kobe, July 25.
SS Oruba, at Barbados, July 29.
SS Drachenfels, at Suez, July 30.

Sailed.

SS Amerika, from Cherbourg, July 28.
SS Canada, from Marseilles, July 26.
SS Filomachi, from Marseilles, July 26.
SS Skerries, from Rio Janeiro, July 27.
SS Indrawadi, from Keeluny, July 27.
SS Pennsylvania, from Hamburg, July 29.
SS Ivernia, from Patras, July 29.
SS American, from Antwerp, July 28.
SS African Prince, from Victoria, Brazil, July 28.
SS Beligiano, from Shields, July 29.
SS Deutschland, from Shields, July 29.
SS Delaware, from Shields, July 29.
SS Vasari, from Barbados, July 30.
SS Bermudian, from Bermuda, July 30.

Passed.

SS Appalachee, New York for ——, passed Scilly.
SS New York, (Dutch tank,) New York for Rotterdam, passed Lizard.
SS Charlois, New York for Amsterdam, passed Scilly.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	July 31	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Marama	Aug. 2	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan	Aug. 2	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Antilochus	Aug. 2	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Canada Maru	Aug. 2	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Orteric	Aug. 5	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—Sibiria	Aug. 5	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Japan	Aug. 9	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Aorangi	Aug. 16	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Sonoma	Aug. 22	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

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Profitable roomers are those who stay a long time.
Place your Furnished Room advertisement in The New York Times.
Call
The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."
1000 Bryant.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Low pressure prevailed, except in the central Rocky Mountains and Northwest, and the weather is generally unsettled, except in the extreme Northwest and the South. Showers did not cover extended areas, and the rainfall so far as reported was limited.

High temperatures continue in the South and Southwest, and it is again warmer in the Northwest. Over the remainder of the country temperatures were moderate.

The weather will continue unsettled during the next two days over the greater portion of the country, with scattered showers over the interior districts that will extend by Thursday to the Atlantic Coast. Temperature changes will be irregular and unimportant.

Winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate variable, becoming south; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate, mostly northeast and east, except variable on the Florida Coast.

Steamships departing Wednesday for European ports will have moderate variable winds and fair weather Wednesday; showers at night or Thursday.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Increasing cloudiness Wednesday; showers at night or Thursday; light to moderate variable winds, becoming south.

New England—Fair Wednesday. Thursday unsettled, probably showers; moderate variable winds, becoming south.

Western New York—Showers Wednesday and probably Thursday; moderate variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
A. M.	72	68	4 P. M.	78	78
A. M.	69	66	6 P. M.	77	77
A. M.	73	73	9 P. M.	75	75
M.	81	77	12 P. M.		

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 74; for the corresponding date last year it was 76; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 74.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 69; at 8 P. M. it was 77. Maximum temperature, 82 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 65 degrees at 5:30 A. M. Humidity, 72 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 48 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M.	Loss.
1:05—687-9 Columbus Av.; S. Newmark	$1,000
3:05—336 East 113th St.; A. Ilario	Slight
4:20—152d St. and Bergen Av.; Camron Brothers	Slight
6:50—48 Greenwich St.; H. Barston	Trifling
8:15—2,471 8th Av.; T. Corcoran	Slight
9:00—575 Southern Boulevard; I. Green	$100
9:55—700 East 9th St.; G. Beck	Slight
10:10—232 West 43d St.; Marie Neicerback	$25
11:15—95 Madison St.; C. Rosenberg	$5
P.M.	
12:35—110th St. and North River; Grand Trunk Line	Trifling
1:30—400 East 24th St.; V. Alessie	$15
2:00—171 Broome St.; S. Groob	Trifling
2:20—1,525 Fulton Av.; Bronx; Mrs. Steinberg	$100
2:40—569 East 135th St.; T. Munsel	Trifling
3:35—67 East 102d St.; Mrs. Gordan	Trifling
4:30—229 East 110th St.; L. Berkowitz	Trifling
4:40—3,474 3d Av.; not given	Trifling
5:40—7th Av. and 33d St.; not given	Trifling
5:45—538 East 15th St.; C. Menke	$25
7:00—434 Central Park West; not given	Trifling
7:15—101 Thompson St.; Int. Braid Co.	$15,000
7:30—2,170 Amsterdam Av.; J. Thatell	None
8:45—5 East 112th St.; I. Abramowitz	Trifling
10:30—1,380 Washington Av.; Abr. Juni	$50
10:50—Central Park, off 106th St.; William F. Luikert, (auto)	Not given

CHANGE OF NAME.

MAX H. POSNER, of 1,928 Washington Avenue, to MAXWELL H. PAGE; he has lived with people by the name of Page since the death of his parents, and out of affection for them he desires to assume their name. He also says he wants an American name. Supreme Court, Justice Gavegan.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

ABRAMS, CASPAR, (died July 24;) left $1,500 personalty; to Carrie Meyer, daughter, $1,000; to Rachel Freeman, daughter, $300; $100 each to Marion Goldberg and Ida Freeman.

BROWNE, KATE P., (died June 11;) left $5,000 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to Edward Paulson Browne, son, and friends.

O'BRIEN, MICHAEL T., (died July 24;) left $2,000 personalty to Kate O'Brien, wife.

SCHABBEHAR, EVA ELIZABETHA, (died July 8;) left more than $10,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty; $200 each to Mary Zahn, niece, and William, George, Edward, and John Loeser, nephews; Elizabeth Kroeger, niece, $3,500; Catherine Loeser, niece, $10,000.

SCHARSMITT, BERTHA, (died July 15;) left more than $500 personalty; to Irene Deegan, $500; Ma Chuck, $500; Joe Sing, $500; Marie Whythe, diamond ring; Emma, Elsie, May, and Alma Scharsmitt, sisters, residue; May Clark, empty rooms at 11 Mott Street.

SCHILLING, ELIZABETH, (died June 29;) left $5,000 realty and personalty of unestimated value; to Jacob Schilling, son, about $5,000; about $200 each to Jacob Schilling, husband, and Elizabeth Schilling, daughter.

WILLARD, MARY, (died July 23;) left $50,600 personalty to Gates Willard, son.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM PIERREPONT, (died July 25;) left more than $5,000 personalty to Katherine C. Williams, wife.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to William H. Loughran, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court:

BLAISDELL, CHARLES T., (died April 13, 1903;) net personalty, $6,753.

BRADY, JAMES E., (died March 11, 1911;) net personalty, $4,586.70.

EVANS, JONATHAN, (died March 26, 1911;) net personalty, $24,978, including 200 shares American Locomotive Company, $7,700; 100 shares B. R. T., $7,837; 200 shares Erie, $9,600.

HYMAN, SAMUEL, (died Dec. 23, 1910;) net personalty, $2,206.

HUBER, BARBARA, (died Feb. 7, 1912;) net personalty, $2,948.

MOORE, MARY C., (died Feb. 2, 1907;) realty, one-half interest in 449 West Forty-seventh Street, $3,033; net realty and personalty, $3,894.09.

MURRAY, SARAH S., ((died July 24, 1911;) net personalty, $13,285.

ROTHSCHILD, KATHERINE, (died April 10, 1911;) net personalty, $2,878.

WHITE, ELEANR S., (died June 29, 1901;) net personalty, $385.39.

EDUCATION NOTES.

Samuel Keepnews, 1,548 First Avenue, has been licensed to teach physical training in the evening recreation centres for 1912-13.

Licenses as teachers of games in the same schools have been granted to Elizabeth Egan, 416 East 180th Street, the Bronx, and Hattie E. Davis, 37 Aberdeen Street, Brooklyn.

The Board of Education has appropriated $750 for press publicity in connection with the lectures to be given under the supervision of Henry M. Leipziger during 1912-13, and $750 additional for publicity advertising in connection with the elevated and Subway station bulletin boards.

The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund have been requested by the Board of Education to authorize the hiring of the following named halls for lecture purposes during the season of 1912-13 for one evening per week at the rental per night stated:

Manhattan—Cooper Institute, $25; Institute Hall, 218 East 106th Street, $15; St. Columba's Hall, 343 West Twenty-fifth Street, $17.50; St. Peter's Hall, Twentieth Street, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues, $10; Sunshine Chapel, 550 West Fortieth Street, $5.

The Bronx—Lafayette Hall, Alexander Avenue and 137th Street, $17.50; Realty Hall, Ogden and Merriam Avenues, Highbridge, $10; Riverdale Hall, Riverdale Avenue and 260th Street, $12; St. Anselm's Hall, Tinton Avenue, near 156th Street, $10.

Brooklyn—Loughlin Lyceum Memorial Hall, North Henry Street, near Herbert Street, $10; Sheepshead Bay Methodist Episcopal Church, Voorhees and Ocean Avenues, $10; Young Men's Christian Association Branch, Bedford Avenue and Monroe Street, $20; Association Hall, Central Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, Bond and Fulton Streets, $20.

Queens—Astoria Assembly Rooms, 20 Flushing Avenue, $10; Good Templars' Hall, Springfield, L. I., $5.

Richmond—Morrison Church, Great Hills, $5.

There will be two lectures a week in the Harlem Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, 5 West 125th Street, at a rental of $12.50 per night.

Edward A. Fitzpatrick of the High School of Commerce, Sixty-fifth Street, west of Broadway, has obtained a year's leave of absence, and is now in Wisconsin aiding the State Board of Public Works in its study of the rural schools.

The Manhattan Trade School for Girls, 209 East Twenty-third Street, Florence M. Marshall, Principal, and the Vocational School for Boys, 138th Street, west of Fifth Avenue, Charles T. Pickett, Principal, brought their year's term to a close yesterday with public exhibitions of the work of their pupils. The schools will be reopened in September. The school for girls averages between 400 and 500 pupils and the school for boys between 500 and 600.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Special orders, 176: Transfers—Patrolmen Floyd Horton, 169th Precinct, and W. H. Earley, 172d, to C. O. Squad. Mutual—Sergeants John Scully, 36th, to 37th, and Lawrence Holland, 37th, to 36th. Patrolmen T. J. McGrath, 13th, to 42d; D. Pisapia, 42d, to 13th; J. S. Hammen, 36th, to 37th, and C. F. Haight, 37th, to 36th.

Assignments—Patrolman J. E. Reilly, 5th Precinct, to Detective Bureau and District Attorney's office, 5 days. Matron Anna Lyons, 164th Precinct, to 275th, 10 days, during absence of matron.

Leave of absence with full pay—Superintendent of Telegraph Michael R. Brennan, 20 days, from Aug. 7, vacation. Without pay—Patrolman W. J. O'Brien, 29th Precinct, 5 days, from Aug. 15.

Sick leave—Lieutenant Walter Rouse, 161st Precinct, 20 days.

Suspended from duty without pay—Lieutenant Charles Becker, 65th Precinct. Mounted Patrolman Thomas Collins, 167th. Patrolmen Edgar A. Olive, 28th, and Henry D. Lewis, 149th.

Fire Department.

Special Order 127:

Pensioned: Firemen, First Grade: Joseph Coyle, Engine 86, after more than twenty years' service on his own application at $700 per annum.

Charges Dismissed—Fireman Eugene Danancher, Engine 122, and Starter Thomas F. Ratigan, Engine 123; violation of Section 297.

Reprimanded—Fireman Thomas J. Spellman, Engine 124, detailed to Engine 109; charges, violation of Section 212.

Amendment to Special Order 125—Fireman John J. Igoe, Hook and Ladder 67; to read, "third to second grade, Aug. 10."

Special Leaves Without Pay—Fireman Leonard A. Smiley, Engine 119, for sixty hours, from 8 A. M. July 30; Fireman John E. Doran, Engine 8, for twelve hours, from noon Aug. 4; Fireman William H. Welckum, Hook and Ladder 9, for twenty-four hours, from Aug. 4.

Death—Fireman, first grade, James O'Hara, Engine 25, July 28; funeral from home, 242 East Eighty-ninth Street, 10 A. M. to-day; services at Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, East Ninetieth Street; interment, Calvary Cemetery.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The receipt of applications by the Municipal Civil Service Commission for the position of assistant engineer, with knowledge of methods of sewage disposal, will be closed this afternoon. The examination will be held on Aug. 22. The subjects and weights are as follows: Technical, 5; mathematics, 1; report, 1; experience, 3. The minimum age is 25 years, and there is one vacancy in the Bureau of Public Works, Manhattan. The salary is $2,700 a year.

Candidates will be required to show a thorough familiarity with the chemical and bacteriological investigations in connection with sewage purification, polluting rivers and harbors, and as a secondary, though desirable qualification, an ability to devise a system of sewers or supervise the construction of same, since the appointee will be largely concerned with the revising of old systems. The requirement of a fundamental education in engineering is imperative. Candidates should have had experience in the construction and operation of sewage disposal plants, in the reporting on or in investigation of sanitary operations, or in work similar to that of a sanitary expert or engineer for the State Board of Health. Candidates will note the charter requirements of the city as to three years of civil engineering experience. (Section 386.)

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following:

Relative to requisition of Commissioner of Parks, the Bronx, for an eligible list from which to appoint axeman. The Chief Examiner's report states that the list for axeman terminated July 6.

Relative to requisition of the Queens Borough President for an eligible list from which to appoint twelve assistant engineers. The Chief Examiner's report states that the eligible list for assistant engineer, Board of Water Supply, is appropriate. One name remaining on the list for temporary work is ordered certified.

Relative to communication from the Board of Water Supply stating that William Maercker had been promoted to the position of stenographer and typewriter, third grade, salary at $1,200 per year, to take effect July 19. The Chief Examiner states that Mr. Maercker is not eligible for promotion under the rule; he must take a promotion examination.

United States.

The third-grade or sub-clerical examination, applications for which will be issued on Oct. 1, includes watchman, attendant, foreman, stamper, messenger, and skilled laborer. An applicant may specify in his application one or all of these positions. One mental list is given. The rating on experience will be in accordance with the candidate's previous employment. The duties of a skilled laborer are below those of a regular clerical grade, but above those of the common or manual laborer. The salary for sub-clerical employes ranges from $720 to $840 a year. The subjects of the examination, which will be held in February, will be as follows, weighted as indicated: Spelling, 10; arithmetic, 20; letter writing, 20; penmanship, 10; copying from plain copy, 20; training, experience, and fitness, 20.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Capt. H. E. Eames, Tenth Infantry, detailed as Inspector-Instructor of Organized Militia of North Caroline, to Raleigh, N. C., and report in person to the Governor of North Carolina for duty.

First Lieut. S. C. Fielden, Jr., Medical Reserve Corps, ordered to active duty Aug. 1 to Washington, D. C., and report to Surgeon General of the Army for duty.

Leaves—Six days, Aug. 1, is granted Capt. De F. Chandler, Signal Corps; Capt. Power, Coast Artillery Corps, extended to and including Sept. 20; First Lieut. E. J. Moran, First Infantry, one month; Lieut. Col. B. W. Atkinson, Infantry, to and including Aug. 15; Lieut. Col. W. Gibson, Ordnance Department, twelve days, to take effect from Aug. 3.

The resignation of First Lieut. E. F. Slater, Medical Reserve Corps, has been accepted.

The retirement of Brig. Gen. G. F. Chase, U. S. A., is announced; to home.

Major W. E. Purviance, Medical Corps, is assigned to active duty and detailed for general recruiting service, to Los Angeles, Cal., for duty about Aug. 20, relieving Capt. J. A. Lockwood, retired. Capt. Lockwood will proceed to his home.

Capt. W. E. Hunt, Twenty-second Infantry, detailed to Quartermaster's Department, Aug. 22, vice Capt. F. T. Arnold, Quartermaster, relieved.

Capt. A. T. Smith, Twelfth Infantry, detailed to Quartermaster's Department, Aug. 31, vice Capt. H. L. Kinnison, relieved, and assigned to the Twelfth Infantry.

Capt. W. K. Wilson, Coast Artillery Corps, to Fort Williams, Maine, for consultation with Commanding Officer of Artillery District of Portland relative to fire control system.

Leave of absence for eleven days from Aug. 1, 1912, is granted Capt. W. K. Wilson, Coast Artillery Corps.

First Lieut. R. V. Venable, Twenty-second Infantry, Recruiting Officer, ten days.

First Lieut. R. M. Hardaway, Medical Corps, relieved from temporary duty as surgeon of transport Dix, and will resume his station and duties at Fort Lawton, Washington.

First Lieut. L. Mitchell, Medical Corps, relieved from duty at Fort Lawton, Washington, and assigned to Army Transport Service, with station at Seattle, Wash.; report to Medical Superintendent, Army Transport Service, for Puget Sound, Fort Lawton, for duty.

The Navy.

Capt. V. O. Chase, commissioner a Captain in the navy from June 7, 1912; Lieut. S. C. Rowan detached the Delaware to aid on staff Division Commander U. S. Atlantic Fleet; Lieut. R. L. Walker to Naval Academy, Annapolis; Lieut. W. C. Barker, Jr., to navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash.; Lieut. S. L. E. Bratton and Ellis Lando commissioned Lieutenants; Lieutenants H. H. Norton, R. R. Stewart, H. C. Gearing, Jr., R. C. Parker, G. W. Simpson, C. F. Pousland, C. C. Windsor, W. C. I. Stiles, J. J. Manning, E. S. Moses, and W. O. Wallace commissioned Lieutenants.

Ensign E. H. Loftin detached the Vermont to command the Bailey; Ensign A. M. R. Allen detached command the Bailey to connection fitting out the Jarvis, and on board when placed in commission.

Ensigns H. E. Saunders, J. Y. Dreisonstok, R. E. Byrd, and Elliott Buckmaster detached the South Carolina to the Kentucky.

Ensigns Garland Fulton, E. M. Zacharias, and J. C. Monfort detached Vermont to Kentucky; Passed Assistant Paymaster G. A. Helmicks detached navy yard, Norfolk, Va., to navy yard, Charleston, S. C.

Business Opportunities

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times, 84c.

IF YOUR SON IS WORTH TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS TO YOU, here is an excellent opportunity for you to start him in business successfully in the most thrifty city up-State—Troy, N. Y.—where he will learn to buy and sell men's clothing at retail profitably; also become proficient in the management of his own store. A well-established men's clothing business, including complete line of leading makes; the most up-to-date fixtures that money can buy, low rent, long lease, and located on Troy's liveliest business street, is offered by the owner, who is going West. Also an excellent opportunity for some clothier who desires to branch out. Write to-day for complete information or make an appointment with us. Communicate with RICE ADVERTISING AGENCY, Times Building, Troy, N. Y.

Company wants active men for small investment; a new food product; demands exceed present supply; market unlimited. See Mr. Austin, Room 9,029, 1 Madison Av.

Party with capital can join successful, famous lady in established beauty culture business. Madame Lewis, 30 West 47th St. 'Phone Bryant 7649.

DRAUGHTSMAN.—Well-known architect wishes energetic young draughtsman, with some connections, as partner. B. K. D., 2,960 Third Ave.

Bargain.—Handsomely furnished 14-room house, three year lease, $600 necessary. 110 West 82d St.

One-quarter interest in patent; royalty contract; attractive proposition. R 121 Times.

SEE "LOW TWELVE" SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE.

Telephone Want Advertisements to The New York Times, 1000 Bryant, any time until 10 P. M. for insertion on the following day. No display allowed except agate capitals and white space. Count seven average words to the line in small type or four words to a line in agate capitals.

Lost and Found

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times, 75c.

Lost advertisements in The New York Times are reprinted without extra charge in more than 1000 Bulletins posted in public places throughout the city—railway stations, ferry houses, police stations, pawnshops, employment and advertising agencies, hotels and theatres.

Lost

LOST.—$50 reward for information leading to return of team and truck stolen from 1,924 Park Av., July 23; one bobtail sorrel, white face, white hind fetlock, well built, about 16 hands; one gray, about 16.1 hands, long tail, dark feet, mane, and tail, big ears; ¾ truck, high rack, slat top, white body, red gear, black stripe back of seat, broken. Hudson Distributing Company.

LOST—Lackawanna Railroad Company of New Jersey stock certificate No. 01199 for 35 shares, dated December 20, 1911, registered in the name Louise Maxwell Whitney.

Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate certificates should not be issued.
LOUISE MAXWELL WHITNEY.

LOST—Bank book No. 773,478 of the Bowery Savings Bank, 130 Bowery, New York. The finder is requested to return it to the bank. If not restored before the 22d day of August, application will be made to the bank for a new book.

LOST—Y. M. C. A. identification card case and membership ticket containing $13, 50-trip ticket between Newark, N. J., and New York, photograph, and cards; reward if returned to R. B. Yarnall, Y. M. C. A., Newark, N. J.

LOST—Gold watch chain and medal at Celtic Park, Saturday, July 27; medal inscribed "Special Six Run to Seniors Cross Country Championship, 1909"; liberal reward if returned to George J. Obermeyer, 11 Cedar St., Brooklyn.

LOST.—$100 reward for return of black leather bag containing 3 rings, little money; July 11; Lackawanna waiting room or 23d St. boat; no questions. Weisbart, Henderson and 20th Sts., Jersey City.

LOST—Early Sunday morning, in Bronx, a package of papers; $5 reward; no questions asked. Address with description, S. A., 263 West 125th St.

LOST—Diamond engagement ring, vicinity William and Wall Sts., and Subway to Brooklyn; reward. Box 938 Advertising Office, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Sunday at Long Beach bath house, gold bracelet; filigree setting with five diamonds; liberal reward. Address Blight, 172 West 77th.

LOST.—Crown pin set with diamonds, rubies, and sapphires; a gentleman's stickpin. Reward. H. Jacoby & Co., 26 West 17th St.

LOST—Pocketbook, $700, at 33d, Broadway, Monday; liberal reward to finder. Hubinger, Knickerbocker Hotel.

LOST.—A sunburst with karat diamond stone in centre, on Tuesday. Reward. Address R 125 Times.

LOST—Carved opal surrounded with six diamonds; liberal reward; no questions. F 144 Times.

LOST.—Fountain pen, engraved "13," July 27, steamer Albany. Reward. H. P., 617 6th Av.

LOST—July 9, N. Y. Trust Co. certificate No. 37,519. Return to Dormar, 3,078 Hull Av.

REWARD.—Stickpin, with pendant, Columbus Av. car or street; 61st to 83d; call Blake, 104 West 84th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times a week, 75c.

LOST.—White French poodle; answers to name "Beauty." Reward. 161 West 74th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

FOUND—Property recovered by the police and awaiting claimants. 240 Centre St., Manhattan—Pair spectacles, watch and fob, public cart License 2332, handbag, derby hat, quantity ladies' underwear, parasol. 269 State St., Brooklyn—Pocketbook containing check on Nassau Trust Co.; runabout automobile, quantity painters' canvas, gray horse.

FOUND, July 30—INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, handbag, belt, hat, shirt, overalls, dresses, collars, clothes, tools. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Cane, umbrella, handbag, purses, spectacles, bankbook, book, gloves, cases, photo, rubbers, shoes, watch, underwear, goods, veil, shawl, shirts, feathers, umbrella. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Fifteen umbrellas, cane, purse, eyeglasses, purse, music, book, magazine, gloves, candy, overalls, films, knife, belt. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Three umbrellas, purses, gloves, book, coat, cap, shoes, keys, overalls, nails. SUBWAY—Umbrella, satchel, suitcase, purse, spectacles, eyeglasses, case, buckle, paper, bath suit, dress, raincoat, flask, jug, fishing rod, ruffle.

FOUND, July 29—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO., (Hudson Tubes.) Apply Concourse, 30 Church St.: Camera, buckle, corset laces, corset cover, umbrella, collars, brackets, baseball, insurance book, parasol, deed, 2 sets of plans.

FOUND, July 29.—N. Y. CENTRAL. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station. Belt, 3 umbrellas, package, raincoat, parasol, eyeglasses, keys, bottles, knife, railroad ticket.

FOUND, July 29.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City. Three umbrellas, 2 packages.

FOUND, July 29.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J. Two umbrellas, 5 packages.

FOUND, July 29.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City. Two umbrellas.

FOUND, July 29.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City. Two umbrellas, raincoat, package of samples, rosary, satchel, ruler.

FOUND, July 2.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av. Two raincoats, 3 umbrellas, 2 packages, rosary beads, rattle, cardcase, seal ring, blanket, paper, baby carriage, hat, coat, purse, gloves.

Apartments To Let FURNISHED

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times, 54c.

Cathedral Plaza, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th St. and Columbus Av.—One, two, and three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; high-class elevator apartments; elegantly furnished; restaurant in building; monthly $30 up; open evenings. Telephone 3970 Riverside.

180th St., 611 West.—Nicely furnished 4 rooms and bath; telephone service; electric light; 1 block from 181st St. Subway; references. Apply Superintendent.

Bachelors' quarters, $25-$60 monthly; private baths; cleanliness. Telephone 5891 Columbus. 22 West 60th St.

114TH ST., 609 WEST.—Three rooms; bath, kitchenette; ninth floor; below rent. Apartment 96.

Furnished parlor, bedroom, bath; $35 monthly. Apt. 2, Hotel Calumet, 340 West 57th St.

Apartments To Let—Unfurnished.

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times, 54c.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Attractive modern elevator apartments, 308 West 97th, near Riverside; five spacious, light, airy rooms; living room, size 16x20; foyer halls; servant's toilet; $50, $60, $65; 287 Edgecombe Av., (145th,) facing Park; five, six rooms, $45 to $60; at West View, 342 West 71st St., eight, nine immense, beautiful rooms; bedroom, 16x18; foyer halls; two baths; $125; apply premises. Mrs. Fitton, telephone 1755 Columbus.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

636 5th Av., (corner 51st St.)—To sublet, corner apartment, eleven rooms, (including servants' rooms,) five baths; rent reduced. Inquire on premises.

Corner Apartment, 770 Lexington Av., Corner 60th St.—Seven rooms, bath; steam heat; hot water; $45. Seitz, Agent, 757 Lexington Av.

5th Av., 2,206.—Five rooms, bath; steam heat; hot water; $18 and $20.

Long Island.

Five-room apartments and bath in a new corner house; steam heat, hot water, janitor service; rent only $19 a month. 70 Wilson Av., corner 14th Av., Long Island City. Take Steinway or North Beach car from the 59th St. Bridge.

Country Houses to Let, Furnished

Per line—1 time, 25c.; 3 times a week, 63c.

Furnished cottage; improvements; steam heat; acre ground; 14 rooms; $50. Owner, 31 East 62d St.

Country Board

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times, 57c.

Long Island.

An elegant well-furnished (ocean) room in strictly private boarding house; running water, electric light; table and service the best; 3 blocks from ocean and Edgemere Station. Mrs. Spier, (Allvin Cottage,) Atlantic Av., Far Rockaway.

Douglaston.—Douglaston Manor Inn; convenient, comfortable Summer residence; on Little Neck Bay; thirty minutes. Telephone Flushing 290. Open the year round.

ROOMS to rent, with board, in fine neighborhood; from $10 up. Mrs. Breng, 186 Franklin Av., Far Rockaway.

ROCKAWAY PARK, 46 Second Av.—Cool rooms, with balconies overlooking ocean; excellent board; reasonable.

PRIVATE JEWISH FAMILY will accommodate few boarders. 8,733 Bay 24th St., Bensonhurst.

New York State.

FLORA CREEK FARM, Stony Point, N. Y.; 1 hour from New York City; best accommodations; beautiful scenery, healthful mountain air, spring water; comfortable rooms; excellent table; German, Hungarian cooking; reasonable prices. A. Megay.

FIRST-CLASS CONVENIENCES.—Large rooms, fresh vegetables, bathing, boating, fishing, near car and depot; reasonable. Phone 246W—New Rochelle, Mrs. H. Martin, 65 Lafayette St.

SYLVAN LAKE COTTAGE, Hopewell Junction, N. Y.—Homelike, cozy farmhouse, where rest and good cooking are supreme; all table products from farm; near lake; rates reasonable.

One large and two small rooms, with first-class board; three minutes from station; 30 minutes from Grand Central; country, exceptional locality. Taylor, 142 Nyack Av., Pelham, N. Y.

New Jersey.

COLUMBIA, Butler, N. J., (Erholungsheim.)—Ideal place for recuperation; refuge for nervousness; plain and vegetarian diet.

HILLSIDE HOUSE.—Elegant surroundings; homelike; excellent table; airy rooms. Mrs. Mary Jacobus, Caldwell, N. J.

CRANFORD, N. J.—Fairleigh Villa, 30 minutes from New York; canoeing, tennis, golf; large, sunny rooms; large grounds; terms reasonable.

Boarders Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times, 36c.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished parlor suite, with private bath; other rooms; Southerners accommodated.

16TH, 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; table boarders; telephone.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heat throughout; elevator service. Phone 793 Bryant.

48TH, 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private bath; house and table strictly first class; references.

53D, 57 WEST.—Very attractive rooms; Summer rates; table guests; telephone; reference.

54TH ST., 34 WEST.
Large and small rooms; first-class; moderate.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Table board; rooms with or without board; Summer rates; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; table guests. Telephone 1336 Columbus.

76TH, 120 WEST.—Desirable rooms; clean, well kept; superior cooking; telephone; table guests; reasonable.

76TH, 105 WEST.—Furnished rooms, cool, homelike; parlor, dining, special rates; Schuyler 7655; accommodations.

76TH, 237 WEST, Near Broadway.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; excellent table; Summer rates; telephone.

76TH ST., 238 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with good table; between Broadway and Riverside; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Suitable rooms; parlor, dining; table board; references.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—For gentlemen, desirable, medium; also small rooms; adjoining baths; private family.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Lady offers in her home large, handsome room, twin beds, private bath; one flight up; superior table.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Cool rooms, charmingly located; private baths; generous, seasonable table; special rates.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.
Atractive rooms for desirable people.
Schuyler 8397.

83D, 11 WEST.—Newly furnished, cool rooms, overlooking Park; Summer tourists solicited. 5320 Schuyler.

83D, 44 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large and small rooms; finest table; refined Jewish family.

84TH, 37 WEST.—First-class accommodations for adults appreciating homelike surroundings; superior table; Jewish family.

93D, 117 WEST.—Large, small, attractive rooms; abundant hot water; telephone; excellent table; reasonable.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room in well appointed house; good board; telephone; references.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Large and small room; excellent board; all home comforts; Jewish family.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; homelike. Telephone 7442 Riverside; reference.

95TH, 115 WEST.—Large front, southern exposed front rooms, with running water, suitable for couples; smaller room; private house; moderate prices.

102D ST., 243 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Elegant, large room; baths; liberal table; reasonable; refined parties.

103D ST., 870 West End Av.—Attractive corner room; lavatory; excellent cuisine; gentlemen; Summer rates.

113TH, 544 WEST (near Columbia.)—Double, second floor; table guests; home cooking; Summer rates.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Double, single corner rooms; Morningside Heights, overlooking park; glorious view; delightfully cool; celebrated restaurant; rooms, $3-$6; references.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; roof garden; large rooms; electricity; homelike; table guests.

144TH, 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptionally homelike, desirable accommodations; excellent table board; reasonable rates.

145TH, 613 WEST.—Large, airy room, overlooking Hudson; running water; good board; reference; telephone.

149TH ST., 540 to 548 WEST, ((near beautiful Riverside.)—Bright, cool rooms; electricity; private phone; bath; $7 to $12, one; $14 up, two, including delicious board; Southerners accommodated.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, Woodbury.—Overlooking Hudson; shady grounds; two blocks north 157th Subway. 4412 Audubon.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 888, (near Subway and L.)—Pleasant rooms; white porches; good table.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Convenient Borough Hall Subway; delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; near river. 'Phone 1159W Main.

Furnished Rooms

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times, 36c.

East Side.

11TH ST., 29 EAST.—Desirable rooms; running water; board optional; references; telephone.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms; private house; reasonable.

21ST ST., 55 EAST.—Large, front rooms with bath; Southerners accommodated; Summer rates; telephone.

22D ST., 34 EAST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; attractive rates; modern; all conveniences; 'phone.

29TH ST., 40 EAST, (Between Madison and 4th Avs.)—Large and small rooms; Summer prices.

31ST ST., 47 EAST.—Large, well-furnished rooms to let; all modern conveniences; telephone.

44TH ST., 136 EAST, near Lexington Av.—Large, attractive room; all conveniences; private house.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Attractive rooms, double, single; baths, running water; gentlemen; references; Summer rates.

48TH, 19 EAST.—Special inducements Summer; excellent large room, bath; smaller rooms; cuisine optional.

165 EAST 60TH ST.
Large and small rooms; first-class; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 55.—Newly furnished rooms; bath on each floor; steam heated; electric lights, telephone; $4 upward.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Beautiful large and small room; $3.50 up; telephone 1978 Gramercy; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness. Wolcott Building.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor, bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

Furnished Rooms

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times, 36c.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 175, (Near 33d St.)—Comfortable large room; hall room; bath; references.

MADISON AV., 160.—Airy room; scrupulously clean; running water; porcelain baths; private house; phone.

West Side.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Well-furnished, very superior rooms for refined persons; moderate prices.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Elegantly furnished parlor floor; single or en suite; also single rooms.

14TH ST., 355 WEST.—Lovely furnished room for gentleman; hot, cold water; convenient all cars.

16TH ST., 18 WEST.—Large, comfortable, cool rooms; private bath; also smaller rooms; private house.

20TH ST., 356 WEST.—Two rooms, private family, $8 per week. Phone 4554 Chelsea.

21ST, 158 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; airy; suitable gentlemen or married couple; separate rooms; reasonable.

29TH ST., 351 WEST.—Large front room, well furnished, private house; suitable for two; references.

37TH ST., 63 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; private entrance; August, $40; year, $70; mornings.

38TH ST., 51 WEST.—Large, $4 up; kitchenette; small, $2.50; continuous hot water; piano; telephone.

42D, 322 WEST.—Clean, cool rooms; bath; $2 weekly; gentlemen; also double rooms. Hughes.

44TH ST., 256 WEST.—Parlor floor; suitable doctor, dentist.

45TH ST., 36 WEST.—Handsomely furnished single or double rooms; private baths; running water in rooms; telephone; low rent.

46TH ST., 313 WEST.—Large and small rooms; telephone; all conveniences; block from Broadway.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—New management; renovated rooms, large, small; private baths; references. 4589 Bryant.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Large, newly furnished rooms; single or en suite; bachelors; breakfast if desired.

48TH, 107 WEST.—Desirable hall room in strictly first-class house; gentleman; references required.

48TH ST., 235 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, bath; hall room; modern house; refined family.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Large and small rooms; every convenience.

55TH ST., 364 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; running water; private house; telephone; Summer rates.

55TH, 344 WEST.—Large rooms; also 2 connecting; bath; running water; telephone; quiet house.

58TH ST., 40 WEST.—Several large, beautifully furnished rooms; doctor's house; private baths, electric lights, telephone; breakfast optional; references; Summer rates. Phone 298 Plaza.

58TH ST., 126 WEST.—Large, small rooms, parlor floor, suitable for doctor; private bath; running water, hot and cold. Telephone 3672 Columbus.

58TH ST., 148 WEST.—Handsome large rooms; private bath; select, quiet house; breakfast; phone; references.

59TH ST., 208 WEST, (facing Central Park.)—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric lights, telephone; $4 up, rooms suitable for studio; Southerners accommodated.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept, unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH, 103 WEST.—Large room; bath; also single room; private house; gentlemen; board optional.

69TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large, airy room; dressing room; 'phone; small room; meals optional.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Physician or dentist's office; reception room; electricity installed; hot water supply; references.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Cool bachelor apartments; private bath; single rooms; $4 up; Summer rates.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Well furnished large room; private house; for business couple; reference.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Nicely furnished, including piano; large front room; second floor, bath adjoining; scrupulously clean; homelike; 'phone.

72D, 131 WEST.—Very attractive large and medium rooms, private baths; meals optional; references.

73D ST., 168 WEST.—PARLOR FLOOR; dentist, doctor; modern improvements; two rooms, bath.

74TH, 167 WEST.—Two large, well-furnished rooms for gentlemen; no other roomers; references.

75TH ST., 58 WEST.—Boston lady; private house; large, first-floor room; furnished attractively; private bath; privileges spacious kitchen; moderate; references; telephone.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Cool, airy rooms in first class neighborhood; telephone; references; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 57 WEST—Large, desirable room; attractive neighborhood; all modern conveniences. Phone 8124 Schuyler.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Rooms near bath; running water; electricity; private house, owner; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 109 WEST.—Large rooms, with bath, first floor; exceptionally beautiful, comfortable; moderate; telephone.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelors; exceptional rooms, modern conveniences; select, private house; Park, Riverside; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Newly furnished large rooms, with or without bath; private house.

82D ST., 327 WEST.—Semi-detached house, overlooking Drive; continuous hot water; shower; telephone; moderate. Campbell.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Delightfully cool; parqueted; private baths; between Riverside and Park; Summer rates.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, light, well-furnished rooms; running water; adjoining bath; $4. Anderson.

87TH, 127 WEST.—Pleasant room; adjoining bath; all modern conveniences; strictly private; $20 monthly.

90TH, 104 WEST.—Best traffic connection, finest view; large, small rooms; quiet house. Moore.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private baths; refined, private house; convenient location; telephone; moderate.

91ST, 46 WEST.—Large rooms; private baths; medium-sized rooms; suitable two; telephone; moderate.

93D ST., 129 WEST.—Large, attractive room, suitable for two; bath; telephone; reference; private family.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; running water; L; telephone; reasonable.

93D, 46 WEST.—Attractive parlor suite, small bedrooms; telephone; L station. Sutton.

(95TH,) 710 West End Av.—Airy, comfortable rooms; running water; Subway; reasonable. Dick.

97TH ST., 143 WEST.—Attractive, comfortable rooms, suite or singly; dressing rooms; telephone; reasonable.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private Jewish family; room suitable two; high-class elevator apartment. Grossman.

98TH ST., 248 WEST.—Two handsomely furnished rooms, near Riverside Drive and Subway; every convenience.—Apt. 3B.

102D ST., 202 WEST.—Outside room for young, refined business lady or gentleman. Apt. 3.

104TH, 59 WEST.—Established 17 years; suites; private baths; other rooms; board optional.

105TH ST., 80 WEST.—Large front room; running water; telephone; private house; "L," Subway.

106TH, 38 WEST.—Large room, one flight; private house, near Park; telephone; gentlemen; reference.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—Large, bright room, newly furnished; first-class elevator apartment house; low rent to desirable party. Phelan.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Large front parlor; independent connecting room; private table; seen evenings. Cook.

113TH ST., 523 WEST.—Beautifully furnished parlor and other rooms; baths, electricity; private house; reasonable.

114TH ST., 528 WEST.—Large, airy rooms; healthful location; private house; all conveniences; Southern people desired.

115TH, 403 WEST.—High-class outside; newly furnished; exclusive; reasonable; locality unsurpassed. Apartment 4.

116TH, 404 WEST.—Summer location; overlooking Morningside Park; airy rooms; elevator; Broadway Subway. Morse.

118TH, 364 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms, single, double; suitable for couple; conveniences; $1.75 up.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.
Cool corner, four windows; all conveniences; telephone; $2-$4 Hungerford.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, cool rooms; elevator; home atmosphere; kitchen; corner apartment, (21.)

123D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Bachelor, housekeeping; two rooms, bath; $6-$7 week; elevator. Rose.

130TH, 156 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; running water; gentleman; $3.50; reference. Owners.

146TH ST., 600 WEST.—Large cool room; running water; homelike; elevator; Subway. Apartment 62.

147TH ST., 535 WEST.—Refined young men find good home and board; private family; references.

Furnished Rooms

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times, 36c.

West Side.

ARTISTIC HOME, Riverside Drive.—Have room overlooking the Hudson to rent to parties of refinement. Phone Morningside 1152.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished suites of one and two rooms, with attached kitchen if desired; elevator, telephone, and maid service all night; $3 to $12 weekly; special day rates. The Ludington, 205 West 101st, three doors from Broadway. Best transportation. Telephone, 1763—River.

BROADWAY, 2,848-2,850, (110th St. Subway Station.)—Apartment hotel, with home comforts; beautifully, newly furnished single room; also 2 and 3 room suites, kitchenette, with large window; private bath; telephone; maid service; weekly, monthly; Summer rates. Trianon. Telephone Morningside 4245.

FOR SUMMER.—Furnished rooms, with bathrooms, dressing rooms, elevator, electric light service, in a handsome private residence on Riverside Drive in the eighties; Summer rates. 'Phone 8911—Riverside.

Handsomely furnished parlor; private house; piano; accommodations for persons visiting city. Telephone 9153 Spring.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 16, (116th St.)—Private family; rent one or two sunny rooms; elevator. Price.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600, corner 137th (overlooking Hudson.)—Single, double; running water; hotel service. Pierson.

THE LELAND Board and Room Directory, 4 West 33d St., offers superior accommodations in exclusive house; special Summer rates; convenient location.

Brooklyn.

LEE AV., 65.—Desirable rooms with or without board. Park.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times, 36c.

Young business girl desires room with kitchen privileges in apartment on west side below 125th St.; reasonable. R 113 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times, 36c.

72D ST., 253 WEST.—Exceptionally large light room with kitchenette; private bath; large closets.

Situations Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 2 times, 25c.

Female.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; refined, intelligent, energetic; $6; satisfaction assured. Greenberg, 479 Vermont St., Brooklyn.

COLORED GRIL wishes day's work, also work to take home. Reed, 124 West 135th St.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER.—Makes ladies', children's dresses reasonable. Mme. Juliet, 126 East 12th St. 408 Stuyvesant.

COMPETENT dressmakers can be obtained at the Clara de Hirsch Home, 225 East 63d St. Phone Plaza 1768.

DRESSMAKER.—Competent dressmaker, $2.50 daily; lingerie dresses; alterations; stylish; obliging. Write Hensley, 179 West 97th.

SEAMSTRESS wants ladies' fine sewing at home; lingerie preferred. Telephone 5709 Lenox.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, capable; business college graduate; anxious to make connection with good firm. Miss Hafner, 605 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; $6; excellent references. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Tel. 660 E. N. Y.

TRAINED NURSE, graduated masseuse; highest references; capable, refined, neat, obliging; care of semi-invalid; useful companion or managing housekeeper. F 148 Times.

Male

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, and correspondent, last nine years in full charge office representative manufacturing concern, wants position; Yankee, age 30; exceptional references; moderate salary to start. V 154 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened systematized, disentangled; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 621 Broadway, Room 512. Tel. 6626 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time, reasonable. Rappaport, Flatiron Building. Telephone 5534 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time, reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized, $5 monthly up; trial balances, financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. 'Phone 4376 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT, long, varied experience all lines, desires additional work. P. O. Box 225, Madison Square.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, systematized, audited; kept part time; $5 up monthly. F 146 Times.

ADVERTISING MAN, 23 years old; four years' experience large local firm, at present sales manager Western concern, seeks responsible connections here offering opportunities to make good through productive work. J. W. Berwick, 36 West 112th St.

AM 22, AMBITIOUS WORKER, penman, mechanic, expert horseman, good education, accustomed to best society, capable of interviewing; highest credentials obtainable; accept position reasonable salary. M. J., 315 East 72d.

AN ACCOUNTANT, thorough, reliable, desires desk room in exchange for services. V 204 Times Downtown.

A TRAVELED BUSINESS EXECUTIVE, 37, unusually broad experience, needs at once position any capacity, domestic or foreign, at living wage; familiar accountancy, costs, credits, correspondence, purchasing, sales management, systems, efficiency, advertising, pharmacy, medicine, exploration, factory management; clear record; perfect habits, sound reasons, tactful disciplinarian; salary or salary and commission. Address "LOW TWELVE," V 166. Times.

BILL CLERK—Open for position with large house. B. C., Box 3, 153 Sixth Av.

BOOKKEEPER, 28, German, with several years' experience, intelligent, industrious, good appearance, and good references, wants position. Baruch, 543 East 181st St.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 17; capable; moderate salary; satisfaction assured. Harvitt, 548 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, expert accountant, writes up books regular intervals; moderate. Dixie, 114 East 28th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—22; long business experience; capable, conscientious. F., 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Five years' experience; trial balance; A1 references; $15. Capable, 1,418 5th Av.

BOY, 17, highly recommended, willing and hard working, desires a position in a mercantile house. H. Epstein, 498 11th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR.—30; 2 years' experience; sober, honest, obliging; handy with tools; careful driver; small wages start. A. G. Atwater, 202 East 28th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Machinist; wishes steady position, private or commercial; repair. Brokaw, 399 East 78th St.

CHAUFFEUR, married, desires position in country; ten years' experience; first-class references. V 157 Times.

COACHMAN.—Scotch; has knowledge of automobiles; wife housework, if required. Christie, 208 East 82d St.

CUTTER, experienced on shirtwaists, wishes position; long and short knife used; best references. Max Herbach, 325 East Houston St., City.

DO YOU REQUIRE ASSISTANCE?—Young man, bookkeeper, office assistant for prominent real estate concern, (hours 9 to 5, 12 Saturdays,) wishes to spend his evenings and Saturdays profitably. V 212 Times Downtown.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED by clerk evenings, Saturday afternoons and Sundays, or part. X 34 Times.

EXPERIENCED young man, 18, desires position in office with an opportunity for advancement; best references. Jesse Ginsburg, 814 East 167th St., Bronx.

FIRST-CLASS bartender or manager. George Michaels, 152 West 64th St.

GERMAN-AMERICAN, 10 years' New York experience; all around salesman or other capacity where three languages are of value; willing to go to Cuba or South America; fixed salary. V 163 Times.

IN URGENT NEED.

I am a university man, aged 30, and have had considerable experience in teaching; will undertake education of young folks or accept any other kind of work; I have accepted positions calling for tact, ability, and knowledge, and hold first-class references; utterly reduced in circumstances; my wife and self are actually in need of food; all our available property has been pawned, and we are on the verge of starvation. Address R 122 Times.

JAPANESE wishes to study and work in a private chemical laboratory, 61 West 38th St.

MAN, 38, with wooden leg, fair education, wishes position anything; good watchman; excellent record. Phone 6680 Main. Brooklyn Bureau of Charity.

SALESMAN.—Am not a brilliant salesman, but a hard-working, conscientious plugger. If you can use such a man, having 12 years' road experience, with splendid record and references, address R 124 Times.

SALESMAN.—Eight years' city and road experience, desires to connect with manufacturer of staple line for city or traveling; highest references. V 162 Times.

This Is The Times Service:

To protect you from imposition and fraud by closing The New York Times columns to misleading advertising.

Each advertisement must say what it means and mean what it says.

Call Bryant 1000 and say "Wants." An intelligent operator is waiting for your call until 10 o'clock in the evening and will tell you all about Times Service.

The type used for "Wants" is called agate. By counting seven words to the line in small type, or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost you by consulting the following table of

ADVERTISING RATES:

CLASSIFICATION.	PER AGATE LINE. One Time.	3 Times a Week.
Agents Wanted	$0.20	$0.54
Boarders & Board Wanted	.15	.36
Business Notices	.30	.84
Business Opportunities	.30	.84
Country Board	.20	.57
Dogs, Birds, Poultry	.25	.60
Employment Bureaus	.20	.54
For Sale	.30	.84
Help Wanted	.15	2t.a wk
Horses and Carriages	.25	.60
Lost, Found, Rewards	.30	.75
Pianos and Organs	.25	.69
Purchase and Exchange	.30	.84
Rooms To Let or Wanted	.15	.36
Situations Wanted	.15	2t.a wk
Yachts, Vessels	.25	.60

Situations Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 2 times, 25c.

Male.

SALESMAN—Traveling New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, wants established shirt or neckwear line. Address S. T., Box 4, 153 Sixth Av.

SALESMAN or PURCHASING AGENT.—Appearance; reliable; executive; practical; interview. Box 1, 247 East 123d St.

SALESMAN covering Middle West desires side line silk or woolen shawls, scarfs. V 160 Times.

SALES MANAGER.—High-class man seeks opportunity with large concern offering big future; thoroughly experienced and capable in sales development, handling salesmen, and exceptional correspondent; unusually dependable. V 165 Times.

YOUNG COLORED MAN wishes position on gentleman's place to do general work, such as care of gardens, lawn, hens, horse, if any; can operate automobiles; six years' experience driving latest cars; has wife and two small children; has had five years' experience as butler in best families in Back Bay, Boston; temperate, and can refer to past employers. Address G. A. R., 20 Hartford St., South Framingham, Mass.

YOUNG MAN, 19, educated, earnest worker, wishes position with chance for advancement, where knowledge of foreign languages is valuable; importing house preferred; will start from bottom; knows English, Italian, French. Henry Mascolo, 1,159 Belmont Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 18; good worker; willing work anything; learn trade; city or country. Flinn, anything; learn trade; city or country. Flyn, 156 East 79th St.

YOUNG MAN, 21, refined, seeking opportunity, will start at bottom; excellent references. T 320, Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wishes to travel as a private butler; also knows waiting. J. Friewold, 154 Hopkins St., Brooklyn, care of Broutt.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school graduate, excellent references, desires position with advancement. V 213 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, desirous of employment with progressive house; moderate salary; best references or bond. X 33 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27, wishes position, store salesman; knowledge automobile supplies. Brinkman, 527 East 32d.

YOUNG MAN (24) desires position anything; formerly traveling salesman. Ludwig Kahn, 108 East 116th.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires clerical or outside position with a commercial house. V 123 Times.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times, 54c.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS. High-Grade Office Helpers. BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency.) STENOGRAPHERS. 149 B'way. Tel. 3499 Cort.

Domestic.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside 1538.

COOKS, houseworkers, chambermaids, laundresses, elevator runners, porters. Porter's Employment Agency, 142 West 133d St.

COUPLES, cooks, general workers; city, country; colored. Instant Relief Agency. Telephone 7288 Morningside.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied, day, week, month; male, female. 507 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

Pianos and Organs

Per line—1 time, 25c.; 3 times a week, 69c.

Steinway mahogany upright piano, in excellent order, will sell for $100. 318 W. 42d St.

For Other Want Advertisements See Following Page.

SUMMONSES.

CITY COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—WILLIAM E. HANNA, plaintiff, against "ANTONIO" DE PAOLI, "Antonio" Luporini, and "Antonio" Landucci, (said name Antonio being in each instance fictitious, the real name being unknown to the plaintiff,) copartners trading as De Paoli, Luporini & Landucci, defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within ten days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated June 18th, 1912.

EVERETT, CLARKE & BENEDICT,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Post Office Address and Office, No. 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To "Antonio" De Paoli, "Antonio" Luporini, and "Antonio" Landucci, (said name Antonio being in each instance fictitious, the real name being unknown to the plaintiff,) copartners trading as De Paoli, Luporini & Landucci:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Richard T. Lynch, one of the Justices of the City Court of the City of New York, dated the 16th day of July, 1912, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the City Court of the City of New York, at the Brownstone Court House, 32 Chambers Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of July, 1912; the original summons and complaint having been filed in said office on the 18th day of June, 1912.

Dated New York, July 16th, 1912.

EVERETT, CLARKE & BENEDICT,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address, 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT OF NEW YORK, COUNTY of New York.—Edward Ormonde Power, as Trustee under the last will and testament of DOUGLAS GORDON, deceased, plaintiff, against FRANK C. COMMANDEUR, Paris J. Russell, Fredericka Hack, Margaret A. Kilcoyne, David H. Stein, sometimes known as Davis H. Stein, John J. O'Rourke, Jr., The Realty Syndicate, Westchester Avenue Realty Company, William H. Meserole, Charles Kaufman, Adolph Strauss and Bianca Lesser, defendants.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated April 16, 1912.

THEODORE HANSEN,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Office and Post Office Address, No. 35 Nassau Street, New York City.

To FRANK C. COMMANDEUR, Fredericka Hack, Margaret A. Kilcoyne, Charles Kaufman and Adolph Strauss:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Hon. Leonard A. Giegerich, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 24th day of June, 1912, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 24th day of June, 1912.

THEODORE HANSEN,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address, No. 35 Nassau Street, New York City.

HAWLEY TAX $166,682.

Estate Pays to State Inheritance Assessment on $5,283,287.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 30.—State Controller Sohmer received a check to-day for $166,682.23 in payment of the inheritance tax on the estate of the late Edwin Hawley. By paying the tax within six months after the death of Mr. Hawley, the estate gets a reduction of 5 per cent. of the tax assessed, amounting to $8,772.74.

The net estate of the financier was appraised at $5,283,287.93.

Help Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 2 times, 25c.

Female.

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN, over 30, possessing a pleasing personality, to travel and demonstrate a child's course to members of mothers' clubs, &c., to capable woman we will guarantee expenses and give an opportunity of making $40 per week in commissions. Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER—Young lady, about 23, thorough knowledge of bookkeeping and stenography; Remington; state experience, salary, references, &c., by letter only, to Morrison, 43 West 27th St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer: state previous experience and salary expected. V 214 Times Downtown.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
MILLINERS.
ONLY THOSE ACCUSTOMED TO THE FINEST WORK AND MATERIALS WILL BE CONSIDERED. SANITARY AND LIGHT WORKROOMS, TOILETS, AND LOCKERS; LUNCH AT COST; LONG SEASONS, HIGHEST SALARIES, AND PERMANENT POSITIONS.
APPLY IN PERSON AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 5TH FLOOR, 32D ST. SIDE.

GIMBEL BROTHERS, NEW YORK,
Require the services of
A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED WOMAN FOR THEIR CORSET ALTERATION SECTION; one who has had long experience in Department Stores preferred.
Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. Side.

SALESLADIES.—Two young ladies, between 25 and 35 years of age, to learn our business as salesladies; must be of good education and address; honest and energetic; commission. Mr. Ryan, 156 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE.—Young lady experienced in office work and dictation required from August 1st to October 15th at large vegetable canning plant of old established firm in Delaware. Party can board in good home very cheaply and trip should be pleasant work for some one desiring two months in quaint country town. Free transportation both ways. Apply Stetson & Ellison Co., 105 Hudson St., before 12.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in office of popular magazine; would be expected also to read proof and assist the editor; low salary to start, but good opportunity for intelligent girl. Box 98, Station D.

A.—WANTED for musical comedy, show girls of smart appearance; permanent position in New York. Apply 11 A. M. Riverside Theatre, Broadway and 96th St.

WANTED—Stenographer in publishing house; $8 per week to start, with advancement possible. Box 98, Station D.

WANTED—A good law stenographer. Apply, with references, R. Floyd Clarke, 37 Wall St., to-day.

WANTED—Refined girls as ushers in first-class theatre, downtown. Address F 147 Times.

Male

It is a certificate of good character to have your advertisement admitted to the columns of The New York Times, because an effort is made to exclude advertisements of a questionable character and those that decoy and deceive.

BOOKBINDERY
FOREMAN
wanted by an edition bindery in the eastern part of Massachusetts; first-class position to the right man; must have good executive ability; write, giving full particulars as to experience, &c. S. H., Box 2,872 Boston, Mass.

EXPERIENCED GENERAL OFFICE MAN in building material, sand, and crushed-stone business; married man preferred. State experience in detail in writing only. E. F. C., 659 West 50th St.

EXPERIENCED MAN WANTED TO COLLECT RENTS, MANAGE APARTMENT HOUSES AND BUSINESS PROPERTIES. STATE EXPERIENCE, REFERENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. F 145 TIMES.

ESPANOL!—Se desea caballero castellano o Sud-Americano para ensenar su idioma a distinguido caballero aleman. V 211 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED by prominent house dress and kimono house on W. 27th St., to be represented in the Western territory, as side line on commission only; no advance in the beginning, but big opportunity for the right man. Address Box F 117 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, to sell young men's and boys' overcoats to city trade on commission. Rosenberg & Son, 80 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, experienced, Southern territory, popular line silk, cotton waists as side line, commission basis; state references. Box 4, 352 6th Av.

SALESMAN for hand-made waists and children's dresses; man with established trade only. French & Co., 19 West 26th St.

SALESMAN, experienced, for popular-priced line of silk waists for office and city trade. Elite Silk Waist, 10 West 4th St.

SALESMAN, Southern or Western, to handle side line of waists. V 209 Times Downtown.

SEVERAL SALESMEN calling on hardware, sporting goods, leather, and department store trade to handle high-class line of dog furnishings as side line. Apply in writing to Medford Dog Furnishings Co., 75 Duane St., City.

STENOGRAPHER. — Young man; 25 years; thoroughly experienced; capable of assuming secretarial duties; give full particulars. V 164 Times.

WANTED—A high-grade accountant to assist chief accountant in large casualty insurance company. Give education, experience, and salary desired; excellent opportunity. V 201 Times Downtown.

WANTED—A high-grade accountant and statistician familiar with casualty insurance. Give education, experience, and salary desired; excellent opportunity. V 202 Times Downtown.

WANTED—SOLICITOR FOR STORAGE WAREHOUSE; EXPERIENCED ESTIMATOR; GOOD APPEARANCE. WRITE RUSSELL, 100, TIMES.

WANTED.—Young man in office; experience unnecessary, but willing to learn; references by letter only. J. W. Co., 1,035 3d Av.

WANTED—A high-grade bookkeeper; must be familiar with casualty insurance and be first-class penman. V 203 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Fox lathe hands and bench hands for brass factory. Write Kettler Brass Manufacturing Co., Houston, Texas.

Employment Bureaus.

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times, 54c.

Commercial.

Credential Employment Corporation—High grade office positions for men and women. 253 Broadway. (Agency.)

HIGH-GRADE OFFICE, sales, and technical positions open. Accountant and assistant auditor, $3,000; Superintendent, (machine shop,) $2,000; office manager and bookkeeper, $1,500; buyer, (upholstery, curtains,) $3,000; accident investigator, $15; college man, $12; stenographer, $20; other openings. Call Mighill, (Agency,) Flatiron Building.

WE AIM TO SUPPLY the individual need of those desiring services of competent stenographers, typists, or office help; we make no charge of any kind. Telephone Employment Department. Royal Typewriter Co., 366 B'way.

For Sale

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times, 84c.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, Neostyles, addressograph, wardrobes. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

At sacrifice, antique Byzantine driving saddle, beautifully engraved; museum piece. Zafor, 294 Columbus Av.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

Per line—1 time, 25c.; 3 times, 63c.

162D ST., 523 WEST.—Three-story and basement, eleven rooms and bath; three toilets; large rooms; fine location; $85 monthly. J. P. Lee, Jr., agent, 2,030 Amsterdam Av., (162d.)

Other Classified Advertisements on preceding page.

HOLIDAY CROWD IN A STEAMSHIP CRASH

Boston-Bound Excursion Liner Slices Off Bow in Collision with New York Collier.

THEN SINKS TO HER GUARDS

Lifeboat Crowded with Women Falls Into Sea—Little New York Girl Saves Grandmother.

BOSTON, July 30.—More than 300 vacationists returning from Maine resorts went through an ocean accident off the New Hampshire Coast amid fog and darkness early to-day, when the paddle wheel steamer City of Rockland, from the Kennebec River for Boston, crumpled her bow in a collision with the collier William Chisholm.

Stanch bulkheads kept the Rockland afloat, while a smooth sea and the fact that the Chisholm swung alongside immediately after the collision enabled the passengers to be transferred to the collier without loss of life.

At dawn the steamer Belfast came up, and, taking the City of Rockland's passengers off the Chisholm, landed them in Boston this afternoon. The City of Rockland, although sunk to her guards, remained afloat, and during the day was towed, stern first, to a dock yard at East Boston.

A few of the passengers suffered minor injuries from the collision. A score, mostly women and children, were dropped into the sea when the bow of a lifeboat fell from its davits, while another lifeboat, full of water, was swamped by the stream from the steamer's condenser. Six lifeboats were launched during the few minutes of excitement following the collision, but a majority of the passengers scrambled over the side of the collier from the deck of the Rockland.

Dorothy Lockett of 610 Riverside Drive, New York, saved her grandmother, Mrs. William H. Thompson, when they were thrown into the water by the clumsy lowering of the lifeboat. Miss Dorothy is 10 years old and has recently learned to swim. Her quickness of mind and action in a critical moment prevented Mrs. Thompson from sinking, and also enabled her to grasp with both hands the rail of the lifeboat.

The little girl then attempted to pull her grandmother, who was screaming and struggling, back into the boat. She exerted all her strength, but to no avail. Men in the boat who were bailing the water out at first paid no attention to her cries for help. They saw that Mrs. Thompson had a secure hold on the boat and were apparently willing to let her hang, while they tried to keep it afloat. Finally Dorothy snatched a pail out of the hands of one of the men and asked him to help Mrs. Thompson.

"You pull in grandmother and I'll take your place," she begged. The man did and Mrs. Thompson was saved.

There was some confusion and considerable shouting, while the din of the distress whistles of the Rockland and the Chisholm, neither having wireless equipment, added to te excitement of the few hours before dawn, until the Belfast came plunging out of the mists to the rescue.

The City of Rockland was laden to her full passenger capacity when she ran out of the mouth of the Kennebec about sunset last night and steamed directly into a big bank of fog off Seguin Island. The steamer's speed had been reduced when about midnight a whistle was heard directly ahead.

Capt. Blair of the Rockland and Capt. Calhoun of the Chisholm disagree somewhat regarding the position of their boats, but a few minutes later the two came together, the Rockland ramming the Chisholm on the starboard side near the bow. Both boats recoiled from the blow, the Chisholm with a big dent in her side, while the Rockland lost twenty-five feet of her bow as cleanly as if it had been sliced off by a knife.

It took about an hour to transfer the passengers to the collier. The officers and crew of the City of Rockland remained on board, while whistles were blown frequently for assistance. Dawn was breaking when the Belfast appeared, and in half an hour she had every one off the collier.

TAMMANY FOR BIGGER NAVY.

Primary Call Also Issued—Wilson and Marshall Indorsed.

At the first meeting of the Democratic County Committee since the Baltimore Convention, held at Tammany Hall last night, a resolution offered by Charles F. Murphy calling upon the New York Congressmen to take prompt action in passing legislation to call for the building of two additional battleships was adopted amid great applause.

The meeting was called for the purpose of issuing the usual primary call and fixing the time and place for the various committees to meet to designate candidates for Congress and Legislature, whose names are to go in the party column on the primary ballot. Other business transacted, in addition to the fixing of the time and place of these meetings, was the adoption of a resolution presented by State Senator Wagner, indorsing the nomination of Wilson and Marshall.

The meeting was well attended and enthusiastic. Although there was talk on all sides concerning the activities of the Empire State Democracy, which was permanently organized on Monday night at the Hotel Astor with the avowed purpose of taking the control of the State Democracy from Tammany Hall, no official mention of the new organization was made.

This schedule of meetings was adopted:

Aug. 21—Meetings of the Assembly District Committees for the purpose of designating an elector as a candidate for member of Assembly and also designating three electors as delegates and three as alternates to the Democratic State Convention to be held in Syracuse Oct. 1.

Aug. 22—Meeting of the Senatorial District Committee in each Senatorial district for the purpose of designating an elector as a candidate for Senator.

Aug. 23—Meetings of the Congressional District Committees in the various Congressional districts for the purpose of designating an elector as a candidate for member of Congress.

Aug. 24—Meeting of the Borough Committee of the Bronx for the purpose of designating a candidate for Coroner.

Aug. 26—Meeting of the Judiciary Committee of the County of New York at Tammany Hall for the purpose of designating two electors as candidates for Justices of the Supreme Court.

A copy of the primary call containing more detailed information regarding the various meetings will be mailed to each district leader within a few days.

TO NOTIFY TAFT TO-MORROW.

Will Make His Speech of Acceptance from White House Portico.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—President Taft will be officially notified to-morrow that he is the nominee of the Republican Party for the Presidency. Aside from a march of the Notification Committee from the executive office to the White House, the speeches of Senator Root, its Chairman, and of President Taft in accepting the nomination, the proceedings will be marked with unusual informality.

More than one thousand invitations to the notification have been sent out from the White House. If the weather is fair President Taft will stand to deliver the speech of acceptance on the rear portico of the White House, probably with Mrs. Taft and his younger son, Charles, by his side. The guests will stand on the lawn. Following the speaking there will be a reception and a buffet luncheon will be served either on the lawn or in the state dining room.

In addition to the guests there will be the aids to the President, probably in Summer uniforms of white.

EDITOR IN FOSTER'S SEAT.

BURLINGTON, Vt., July 30.—At a special election in the First Congressional District to-day Col. Frank L. Green, editor of The St. Albans Messenger, was chosen to fill out the unexpired term of the late Congressman David J. Foster, who died last March. Col. Green is a Republican. The Democrats had no candidate.

The only opposition was from the Socialists, whose candidate was John Sparge of Bennington. Sparge did not carry a single town. The vote was light.

THAW BACK IN MATTEAWAN.

Makes Journey from White Plains Jail in an Automobile.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 30.—Harry K. Thaw, the slayer of Stanford White, defeated in his attempt to gain his freedom from the Matteawan Asylum for the Criminal Insane when Supreme Court Justice Martin J. Keogh filed his decision here last week, after hearing the testimony of a large number of noted alienists declaring him insane, and that his release would be dangerous to the peace and safety of the public, was taken back to Matteawan at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon in an automobile by Sheriff William J. Doyle, Deputy Sheriff Nossittler, and Warden John Hill of the county jail here.

Thaw had been in the jail here in custody of Sheriff Doyle since June 8, when he was brought from Matteawan previous to his hearing. An order had been awaited by the Sheriff since the Justice announced his decision, but it was not until 12:40 o'clock this afternoon that the order was delivered to the Sheriff's office. The order said that, since the decision had been filed, Thaw should be delivered to either Supt. Russell or the acting Superintendent at Matteawan, and ordered that Sheriff Doyle return the prisoner to the asylum forthwith.

Thaw made the following statement before leaving the jail:

> Judge Keogh is a very fine man. We regret that he could not go further from the previous opinion and take the last step, but, as it is, his decision is a very big advance for us.
>
> In his opinion he speaks of an "improvement which eliminates any progressive mental disease."
>
> If my mother were younger, we might feel more satisfied, but it is unfair to her that, although I am acquitted, the imprisonment is many years longer as well as much more horrible than that of Capt. Haines, who was convicted.
>
> This is especially hard when one remembers that Harry Preusser, who was acquitted of premeditated murder on the same ground of insanity, was only kept in Matteawan for six weeks, and that John Hannigan was sent to the Hudson River State Hospital when acquitted in the same way.

Thaw had not received any visitors while in the jail here after the decision was handed down except when his sister, the former Countess of Yarmouth, and his brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. George Carnegie of Westbury, called. Mrs. Mary C. Thaw had expected to return here, for she thought Thaw might be confined here for several days, but when the orders of Justice Keogh were given to transfer Thaw she decided not to come here.

HOLD PUSHCART HEARING.

Opposition to Bridge Sites Answered Before Aldermen's Committee.

The special Aldermanic committee which is considering the question of segregating pushcarts in open markets and taking them off the streets held a hearing in the Aldermanic chamber yesterday. Many pushcart men or their representatives were present and prominent citizens favoring the segregation plan made speeches. These included Morris D. Waldman, Joseph Barondess, and Dr. Henry Markowitz. The garage men who have opposed the project heretofore sprang a surprise by declaring in favor of the market plan, only that they asked that permanent markets be established.

It was pointed out, however, that these garage men and store owners who make money by renting pushcarts or spaces in front of their stores were in favor of permanent markets only because they realized that the city would have to sanction the building of such permanent structures as well as to provide money therefor, and as it was unlikely that the city would do any such thing the scheme was simply one to delay proceedings. Most of the pushcart men present were in favor of having markets established under the downtown East River bridges. The garage keepers and store owners took the stand that the pushcart men would be exposed to inclement weather under the bridges and that, therefore, permanent structures were desirable.

In answer to this Mr. Waldman, who is fathering the project of pushcart markets, pointed out that the men would be better protected from the weather than they are at present in the streets. Mr. Waldman also pointed out that there was no reason why the markets once established under the bridges couldn't be permanent. Replying to the objection that if such markets were established housewives would not take the trouble to attend them, Mr. Waldman replied that a settlement worker had informed him that 72 mothers' associations, which included about 10,000 housewives on the east side, had stated that they preferred permanent markets, and would rather deal there than do their marketing from pushcarts in the streets. They even stated, he said, that they would gladly pay car fare if they could have a regular place to go each day.

Mr. Waldman suggested to Alderman Brush, Chairman of the committee, an ordinance putting all the pushcarts below Rivington Street under the bridges and allowing those above Rivington Street to continue as at present until the Legislature passed the necessary law allowing pushcart markets to be established in the public streets.

Discharged on "Loan-Shark" Charge.

Walter F. Duckworth, a real estate operator of 63 Park Row, who was arrested on Monday charged with violating the banking law, was honorably discharged yesterday by Magistrate Herrman in the Tombs Court. Duckworth was accused of conducting a "loan shark" establishment, but it appeared that the complainant, Fritz Blake of 81 Bowery, had offered real estate as security for a loan of $100. As the loan was not made on personal property and as Blake had signed papers which took the case out of the "personal loan" class, his discharge was recommended by the Assistant District Attorney, and he left the courtroom smiling.

WOUNDED TWICE IN FIGHT WITH THIEVES

Denker, Standard Oil Supervisor, Follows Burglars Into Yard to Aid His Brother.

MEN ESCAPE UNIDENTIFIED

After Firing Many Shots from Ambush and Stirring Up Staten Island Neighborhood.

The report of a revolver shot shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday morning aroused Michael Denker, who lives in Washington Avenue, Mariner's Harbor, S. I., with his brother Frederick and the latter's wife, and the young man jumped from bed and looked out of the window. There was a man in the yard, and Denker instantly ran out of the house and grappled with him.

They were rolling about on the turf, Denker in his pajamas, when another man slid down one of the pillars of the porch, and running to the shelter of some shrubbery began to fire his revolver toward Denker and the man with whom he was fighting. Frederick Denker and his wife ran from the house while Michael and the man were still rolling on the ground, and one of the bullets struck Frederick in the mouth. He fell to the ground with a scream, and Michael Denker instantly released the man with whom he had been fighting to run to the aid of his brother.

As Michael and Mrs. Denker leaned over the wounded man, Michael's opponent and the man who had fired from the shrubbery made off. Michael and his sister-in-law carried Frederick into the house, and then Michael ran to the home of Gustave Grant, a few hundred yards away. Grant had been aroused already by the reports of the shots, and over his telephone he called an ambulance from St. Vincent's Hospital, in West New Brighton. Then he and Michael returned to the Denker home.

There, while they awaited the arrival of the ambulance, Frederick Denker said that he had been aroused from sleep by the sound of some one in his bedroom, and he had sat up in bed and called out to ask who was there.

"If you make another sound I'll shoot you," came a voice out of the darkness, but instead of paying heed to the threat Denker began to climb out of bed. Instantly the intruder opened fire, and a bullet crashed through Denker's left shoulder, breaking the bone.

It was this shot which Michael heard, and, having fired it, the burglar jumped out of the window to the roof of the porch and slid down a pillar to the ground. Denker, though wounded, rushed downstairs after the man, his wife following him, and they reached the ground an instant after Michael had run out and grappled with the second man, who had been standing, apparently on guard, outside of the house.

Before Denker had finished his story the ambulance from St. Vincent's arrived, and he was hurried to the hospital. It was found that the second bullet had fractured his jawbone, but it was said last night that he would recover.

On the description which the Denkers gave of the men an alarm was sent out last night by the police for the burglars, but it was admitted that neither Frederick nor Michael Denker had got a good look at their assailants, and consequently had been able to give only a meagre description of them.

The burglars got nothing in the Denker home because they were frightened off too soon. Frederick Denker is well to do, however, and there were many valuables in his home. He operates a large farm, and in addition is the supervisor for the Standard Oil Company in the laying of new oil pipes between Bayway and Constable Hook, N. J., just across the water from his home.

The police tried last night to connect the attempt to burglarize Denker's home with the fact that his position was known to many laborers on the new pipe line and that it was known that he frequently had big sums of money in his home to pay off the hands under him. But the fact that an attempt was made to rob Mr. Grant's home made it appear that the burglars were professionals, who probably had no knowledge that Denker had large sums of money in his home at times. Mr. Grant said that before he heard the reports of the revolver shots he had been aroused by the ringing of his burglar alarm and had hurried down to his veranda. He believes now that the burglars also heard the alarm and made off to try their luck at the Denker home.

GOVERNOR DEGRADES CAPTAIN

Donaghey of Arkansas Also Reprimands Regiment for Negro Raid.

FORDYCE, Ark., July 30.—Gov. George W. Donaghey held an investigation yesterday into the raid made by four companies of the Arkansas National Guard upon the negro section of Fordyce on Saturday, and at the conclusion of the hearing ordered Capt. Hickey of the Jonesboro company stripped of his uniform and dishonorably discharged. The entire command was publicly reprimanded.

No negroes were killed in the affray, but fourteen were injured, two probably fatally. The evidence failed to show any reason for the action of the guardsmen.

ELECTRICITY FOR DEFECTIVES

Board of Education Will Be Asked to Try Experiments with Them.

The Board of Education, when the new school term begins, will be asked to permit a trial of the experiment of electrifying one of the school rooms in which a class of defective pupils is being taught. This experiment has been carried on in Stockholm, Sweden, with success. It is estimated that it will cost some $10,000 to make such a test here. The electrification of a class room, it is maintained, improves the mental and physical condition of the children.

Nikola Tesla, the inventor, it is said, favors the plan, and he may have charge of the experiment if the Board of Education should decide to try it. Defective children will be chosen, as they most need mental stimulation. It is asserted that the experiment can have only a beneficial effect, and that there is not the slightest danger to the teacher or pupils from it.

The experiment in Stockholm has been carried on under the supervision of Svante Arrhenius, a well-known physicist. The electrification consists of a series of wires in the walls of the class room. These wires will be charged with high frequency currents. The plan will be to have two class rooms, as nearly alike as possible, one electrified and the other not, each to have the same number of pupils. At the end of a certain period comparisons will be made between the pupils in the electrified room and those in the room not electrified.

While the Stockholm experiment has interested many scientists in this country, and possibly greatly impressed some of them, there are others who believe that much fuller experimenting will have to take place before the tests meet with their approval.

NO INTERVENTION IN KOREA.

Mission Board Satisfied That Rights of Americans Are Protected.

A statement issued yesterday on behalf of the representatives of the boards of foreign missions who visited Washington yesterday to discuss the Korean situation with Government officials and the Japanese Ambassador reiterates that no intervention on the part of the United States had been sought.

"We did not go to Washington to ask for the intervention of our Government," says the statement. "The trial of the accused Koreans is still in progress, and no proof has been furnished that the treaty rights of our missionaries as American citizens have been denied, although the mission work has been seriously embarrassed. Officially, therefore, the question at its present stage concerns the dealings of the Japanese Government with its own subjects, and, of course, our Government would not feel that this called for interference through the diplomatic channels.

"All the interviews were highly satisfactory. They indicated that the responsible officials of our Government had given a good deal of attention to the subject, that they had carefully read the documents that we had sent them in advance, and that they had received voluminous information from other sources which they had studied with care. We have every reason to be gratified by the sympathetic understanding which they manifested, and by the unqualified commendation which they gave to the policy which has been pursued by the mission boards."

ASSOCIATED PRESS CHANGES.

F. R. Martin Appointed Assistant General Manager—Several Transfers.

Frederick Roy Martin has been appointed Assistant General Manager of The Associated Press, effective Sept. 1. Mr. Martin leaves the position of editor of The Providence (R. I.) Journal and Providence Bulletin to take the place. He has had long training in journalism in connection with The Boston Journal and New York Tribune, as well as with the two Providence papers.

Paul Cowles is transferred from the Superintendency of the Southern Division to the Superintendency of the Central Division, effective Aug. 1, to take the place of John P. Gavit, who, greatly to the regret of the management, retires to take charge of the Washington correspondence of The New York Evening Post.

Robert T. Small, Assistant Chief of the Washington Bureau, is appointed Superintendent of the Southern Division.

Charles E. Klober is appointed Chief of the News Department, with jurisdiction throughout the service, effective Aug. 1.

Kent Cooper is appointed Chief of the Traffic Department, with jurisdiction throughout the service, effective Aug. 1.

CHESTER AN
ARROW
Notch COLLAR
Meets close in front and stays so 15¢ 2 for 25¢
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Troy, N. Y.

MRS. GRACE ACCUSED OF FORGING ALIBI

Letters Introduced for First Time Against Wife Charged with Shooting Husband.

POINTS WON FOR PRISONER

Mother of Injured Man on Stand Fails to Strengthen State's Case—Testimony Is Excluded.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 30.—Letters which are relied upon to furnish the real surprises of the Grace case were brought out for the first time at the trial to-day of Mrs. Daisy Grace, charged with shooting her husband, Eugene.

The prosecution, it is said, plans to show that these letters were written by Mrs. Grace to establish an alibi and to point suspicion toward a fictitious character she designated as a "bum." One of them is declared to be a forgery purporting to have been written by Eugene Grace, but according ot the State actually written by his wife.

Before this startling development came, Mrs. Grace had won important victories in the ruling out of evidence regarding her husband's insurance policies and regarding a conversation in which Grace was said to have accused her of the shooting. Unless the prosecution springs a surprise in the letters, it seems that the case against Mrs. Grace is about to collapse.

When the court ruled out all of Grace's accusations against his wife, lawyers asserted that the State's case was well nigh destroyed. So far not a shred of evidence has been introduced directly connecting Mrs. Grace with the crime. Grace's mother testified to-day, but her evidence did Mrs. Grace no harm.

Grace was brought into the courtroom on a stretcher, but collapsed this afternoon and was hurriedly removed to a hospital. While in court Grace alternated between glaring at his wife and coaching his lawyers. Mrs. Grace appeared to-day in a handsome black gown with long white gloves and a large white hat. She chatted gaily with friends during the trial.

Great stress was laid by the prosecution to-day upon the manner of Mrs. Grace's greeting when she saw the wounded man for the first time after he was found upon his bloodstained bed last March.

"What are the things these people are saying about me?" were the wife's first words, as quoted by Morris Priolieu, a State's witness, while the jury was excluded.

"Daisy, why did you shoot me?" was the husband's reply, quoted similarly by Priolieu, a close friend of Grace.

Just after the jury had been sent out, Solicitor General Dorsey had indicated the State's purpose of getting such testimony before the jury when he said: "We expect to show that Daisy Grace faced her husband and upbraided him for accusing her of the deed when not a living soul had intimated to her that she was suspected or accused of the crime."

For the remainder of the day, the second of the trial, the defense prevented every effort of the State to get the interview before the jury. Grace's mother, Mrs. Hill, and Priolieu both testified that Mrs. Grace had no opportunity to hear that she was suspected until after she had seen her husband. Through Mrs. Hill the State brought out the alleged motive, the collecting of the proceeds of $25,000 insurance which Mrs. Hill said Mrs. Grace told her she had requested Grace to take out.

Mrs. Grace arrived at the Hill home in Newnan, Ga., testified Mrs. Hill, and was informed that Grace had been shot in his home in Atlanta.

"After I had told of the shooting," testified Mrs. Hill, "Daisy said she did not believe it. I told Daisy that I was afraid Gene had accidentally shot himself."

"If any one shot Gene," she said Mrs. Grace declared, "it was J. C., [the negro butler.] Yesterday he nearly beat Martha to death and Gene told him if he touched her again he would wear his cane out on him."

Mrs. Hill said Daisy asked her where Eugene had been shot. "Through the lung," she replied. When later she told Daisy that Eugene was still alive and had been taken to the hospital, Mrs. Hill said Daisy inquired as to the proximity of the lungs and the heart, and remarked that she did not know anybody who had been shot through the heart could live.

Asked as to whether Mrs. Grace had ever spoken about insurance, the witness said Mrs. Grace remarked in November, 1911, that "she thought Gene should have his life insured for her protection." Next month, Mrs. Hill said, her daughter told her that Grace had had his life insured.

The witness was asked: "Why didn't you tell during your preliminary examination what you have just said about Mrs. Grace's remark concerning the proximity of the heart and lungs?"

"I was excited at the time and did not remember."

It is believed the case may get to the jury to-morrow night or Thursday. The defense has not intimated whether Mrs. Grace will take the stand.

NEW CLUBHOUSE FOR WOMEN

University Club Will Build at 106 East Fifty-second Street.

All the 1,000 members of the Women's University Club of 99 Madison Avenue are rejoicing to-day over the immediate prospects of a fine new clubhouse which will be large enough and commodious enough to house its constantly growing membership, and afford the extension of the various features which mark the up-to-date man's club.

The property at 106-108 East Fifty-second Street has been purchased as the site for the new clubhouse, and it is confidently hoped that work will be begun on it in the early Fall.

A recent caucus of sentiment among the members crystallized in the plan to raise a fund for a new clubhouse. The sum of $100,000 was set as the limit to launch the scheme, and stock was issued in blocks to suit the purchaser. While plans for the new building are not yet drawn, it is known there will be more accommodations for both the resident and the transient members.

The Woman's University Club was organized nearly twenty years ago by a group of well-known university women living in New York. It has been situated at 10 Gramercy Park, in East Twenty-fourth Street, Madison Square North, and at 99 Madison Avenue, its present quarters, which was at one time the home of Mrs. Clarence Mackay.

The President of the club is Mrs. William Franklin Eastman, formerly Miss Rebecca Lane Hooper, daughter of Prof. F. W. Hooper, Director of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, whose marriage took place Saturday.

PHANTOM ISLAND DOWN BAY.

Strange Mirage Off Long Island Coast Ended in Sudden Shower.

Folk who happened to sail on the lower bay at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, looking seaward toward a cloudy horion, saw what looked to be a stretch of sunlight from along the water just east of the Ambrose Channel.

This soon became a gleaming beach, with a listless surf running up on it, while at the north end a cluster of small buildings, one with an inclined runway extending to the water, could be plainly descried.

The island seemed to lie about a mile off Coney Island due south, and to be perhaps half a mile long.

The steamer Monmouth, passing up the Old Ship Channel, had a good view of the phenomenon, and several powerful glasses were leveled from her deck.

Suddenly a cloud between broke in a sudden brisk shower, and when it passed the strange land had disappeared and only an old three-masted schooner occupied the empty ocean.

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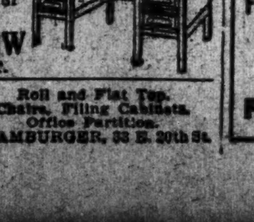

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